THE LEADER.
Among the newspapers of Lowell The Sun is unquestionably the leader. It leads in news, it leads in style, it leads in illustrations, it leads in circulation, it leads in enterprise, it leads in everything that goes to make a first-class newspaper.

THE LOWELL SUN

..THEY MADE IT..
The Sun is in every way the greatest newspaper in Lowell. It was not built up to its present proud eminence by any aristocracy of birth, wealth or corporate power. It was built up by the people, and to the cause of the people it is dedicated forever.

22ND YEAR. LOWELL, MASS. TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 5, 1899. 8 PAGES 1 CENT

LABOR'S GREAT DAY

The Grandest Celebration in Local History

JOHN J. MAHONEY Chief Marshal Parade.

Parade Replete With Entertaining Features Was Witnessed by a Multitude—Fine Sports and Labor Rally

No event in the history of local organized labor has ever approached the complete success of the celebration in which thousands joined yesterday, in honor of labor's great holiday.

To begin with, the weather was atmospheric perfection, a cool breeze tempering the heat of the bright sun to the supreme delight of the hosts of the marching toilers and their admiring friends. Early in the morning the crowds began to gather on the streets, each incoming electric car bringing a large contingent from the neighboring cities and towns. There were no celebrations in either Nashua or Lawrence but hundreds came here from those cities, as did two bands from up the river and a drum corps and a union from the lower city.

The general program was an excellent one and each detail was carried out to the letter, an enduring tribute to the efforts of Messrs. Mahoney, Convery, and the tireless toilers whose indefatigable efforts met with grand results.

Nothing marred the completeness of labor's celebration and the little matters of regret in connection with the affair, the non-appearance of the store clerks in the parade and the attempt of a so-called Workingmen's club to take advantage of the celebration for political purposes failed even to ruffle the smoothness with which the day passed into history.

There was a parade which has never been equalled in this city, a first class program of sports attended by a countless multitude and an evening celebration out-doors which was well attended and enthusiastically received.

The parade demonstrated conclusively that labor was never better organized than it is today. Heretofore in our local labor day parades, the textile crafts predominated in line. Yesterday they were there in the fulness of their numbers but they were only a fair sized part of the parade, for the other trades unions were there in variety and numbers, the grocers, carpenters, leather workers, iron moulders, horseshoers, shavers, electrical workers and others, all tastefully uniformed, contributing the major portion of the procession. Then there was music galore, six bands and a crackerjack drum corps furnishing most inviting music to the marchers. The floats were numerous, well conceived and finely executed and on the whole he who had formed the opinion that labor parades are nothing more than so many men marching the streets in their working clothes was most agreeably disappointed and deeply impressed by the spectacle presented by Lowell's toilers on their holiday.

THE PARADE.

The parade started shortly after 9 o'clock.

The first division was formed on South street, the right resting on Summer street, and the second division formed on Highland street, the right resting on South street.

The third division formed on Thorndike street, the right resting on Highland street. The merchants' floats formed in the rear of the third division.

The formation was as follows:

Platoon of police, Lieut. Webster in command.

Chief Marshal, John J. Mahoney, white sash, Typographical Union.

Chief of staff, Albert M. Ham, red sash, Shavers' Union.

Aids Blue sash, James P. Collins, Carders' and Pickers' Union; William J. Galvin, Carpenters' Union; Daniel F. Coughlan, Wool Spinners' Union; Michael P. Connelly, International Brotherhood of Stationary Firemen's Union; Daniel Moynihan, Building Laborers' Union; Timothy J. Reagan, Horseshoers' Union; D. J. Morrow, Loomfixers' Union; George Deallet, Loomfixers' Union; Michael Duggan, Mule Spinners' Union; John H. Griffin, Electrotype Finishers' Union; Owen McArdel, Iron Moulders' Union; John J. Linane, Boilermakers' Union; James Gilligan, Shavers' Union; William Lee, Leather Workers' Union; George J. Gray, Typographical Union; Peter Bernlec, Grocers' and Provision Clerks; Alex. George, Bricklayers' Union.

Carriage containing Aldermen Derby and McNulty, and Councilman Markham of the city council Labor Day committee and President Joseph F. Convery of the Trades and Labor Council.

FIRST DIVISION.

Marshal, James O'Loughlin.

Borjes' Military Band, E. J. Borjes, Leader, 25 pieces.

Trades and Labor Council, 50 men.

Marshal, Patrick Gormley.

Bricklayers' Union, 50 men.

Marshal, Robert M. Graham.

Provision and Grocery Clerks, 75 men.

Marshal, Andrew McDonald.

Electrical workers with float, 50 men.

SECOND DIVISION.

Marshal, Orrin M. Horton.

Aids, Frank Keppler, David Decelle.

Lowell Cadet Band, John Hanlon, leader, 25 pieces.

(Continued to Page Eight.)

KILLED BY A CAR

James F. Fallon of Lowell the Victim

WAS ASLEEP ON THE TRACKS

On a Dark Portion of the Road

HIS LEGS WERE BOTH CUT OFF

The Body Brought to Lowell for Burial

James F. Fallon, aged 36 years, single and living with his two sisters at 41 Bolt street, this city, met with a fatal accident between Hudson and Nashua Saturday night. He was run over by an electric car of the Nashua division of the Lowell and Suburban street railway company receiving injuries from which he died later at the Nashua Emergency hospital.

Fallon had worked Saturday up till noon in the Merrimack print works, and went to Nashua during the afternoon.

When the 9.55 p. m. car bound from Nashua to Lowell reached Nashua Junction Fallon got aboard but when the car reached the Hudson end of the red bridge, over the Merrimack river he got off.

Where he went or why he got off is not known but when the next Nashua bound car came along it ran over Fallon's legs which were stretched across one of the rails cutting them both off, one near the hip and the other below the knee.

The spot where the accident happened was about 80 rods from the place where he alighted from the car and was in a locality that was so dark that the motorman was unable to see the man on the track.

The ambulance was notified and the injured man removed to the hospital in Nashua, but it was found upon examination by the hospital physicians and surgeons that the injuries would prove fatal, and that the only thing that could be done would be to save the man from suffering any pain.

When the return to Nashua was made the ambulance was summoned and he was taken to the Emergency hospital, where after an hour's agony he passed away though not before he regained consciousness and requested that a Catholic priest be sent for. The latter arrived some time before the man breathed his last and the rites of his church having been administered, the man sank back in his cot with apparent satisfaction and died soon after.

The clergyman tried to obtain his name from him, but though struggle as he would he was too weak to reply and it was thus that no news of the accident reached the relatives in this city until Sunday afternoon.

The body was removed to the warerooms of Undertaker C. T. Lund where it was identified Sunday by Thomas Danahy, an employe at the city farm and Frank Quinn, an employe of the Hamilton Print works. They were well acquainted with the deceased and in Nashua Sunday from some unknown cause, as they expressed it, they became possessed of a desire to look upon the remains of the unknown.

The body was brought to Lowell Sunday night by Undertaker Rogers. Besides the two sisters with whom he lived, Fallon leaves three brothers.

FUNERALS.

FALLON—The funeral of James Fallon took place this morning at 9 o'clock from the Sacred Heart church, where a requiem high mass was celebrated by Rev. John P. Reynolds, O. M. I. The funeral was very largely attended by relatives and friends of the deceased. The pall bearers were Michael, Kiern, Charles, Patrick and Frank Fallon of Peabody. Interment was in the Catholic cemetery under the direction of Undertaker Rogers.

VINALL—The funeral of Mrs. Sarah Vinall took place yesterday afternoon at 2 o'clock from her late residence, 11 Simpson Place. Rev. Mr. Hewett officiated. The pall bearers were Henry Runels, George Farnin, Thomas Collins, George Poor. Interment was in the Edson cemetery under the direction of Undertaker Weinbeck.

HANSON—The funeral of Emma Hanson took place yesterday afternoon at 4 o'clock from her late residence, 20 New Fletcher street. Rev. J. Gullans officiated. There was singing by Miss Carlson, Miss Parson and Mr. Berulson. The pall bearers were A. Johnson, E. Anderson, W. Gillinson, S. Nelson, O. Bernston, J. Mattson. Interment was in the Edson cemetery under the direction of Undertaker J. A. Weinbeck.

MITCHELL—The funeral of W. J. Mitchell took place at 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon from his late home, 218 Lincoln street. Rev. J. N. Craig officiated and the bearers were friends of the deceased who were fellow employes with the Boston and Maine railroad.

LATHAM—The funeral of William Latham took place yesterday afternoon at 4 o'clock from his late home, 20 Fulton Place. Services were held at the grave in St. Patrick's cemetery. Rev. Richard E. Burke officiating. A delegation from the Iron Moulders' union of which he was a member were present, also friends from Boston, Fitchburg and Lawrence. The bearers were Frank Cunniff, John Iverson, William Murphy, Fred Moran, Lewis Bushey and James Everett. Undertaker Molloy had charge.

At South Framingham yesterday A. C. Dugdale won second place in the first trial heat of the one- mile novice.

WEIMAN HELD

Ordered in $600 to Superior Court

WAIVED EXAMINATION IN POLICE COURT

Two Liquor Cases Continued for Trial

FEW ARRESTS ON LABOR DAY

And Very Little Evidence of Drunkenness

Only five arrests were made for drunkenness Labor Day. The drunks were arraigned before Judge Hadley in the police court this morning. There were also five continued cases of drunkenness disposed of.

One simple drunk was released by the court.

Frank D. Green pleaded not guilty of drunkenness. He was found guilty by the court and fined $5 and besides was ordered to recognize in the sum of $100 to keep the peace for six months.

Samuel Sharo, for drunkenness, was sent three months to jail. It was the 17th time he has been before the court for drunkenness since 1894.

Of the other drunks, George A. Worthen, George W. McVickar, Ethelbert E. Joy, James Winn, James Farley and Elmer E. Chase were fined $5 each.

Arthur Decoteau for being drunk on Labor Day at Lakeview was fined $8.

The case of Herman Weiman, charged with breaking and entering and larceny, was called for trial. Weiman through his counsel, Lawyer Corbett, waived examination: the court thereupon ordered him held in $600 for superior court.

The case of John J. Hickey and Chas. H. Carr, the two Spanish war veterans who were arrested at Lakeview last night by Officer Donahue for disturbing the peace, was continued until Saturday for trial. The defendants were already under bail.

Charles Mitchel, charged with larceny, was also continued till Saturday for trial.

The case of Edward Duval, charged with illegal keeping of liquor, was put over until Sept. 13.

Clara Burke was charged with assault and battery upon an old man named Godfrey Hecteau. She pleaded not guilty and was defended by D. J. Donahue, Esq.

The assault occurred Monday afternoon in Middlesex street. The defendant lives with her sister, while Hecteau boards at a house next door. Hecteau claimed he was sitting on the front steps of his boarding house Monday afternoon, when for no cause, as he could see, the Burke woman rushed up to him and struck him over the head with a chair. She then knocked him down and proceeded to give him a good beating.

The defendant testified in her own behalf. She admitted she struck the old man over the head with the chair and then knocked him down and beat him. But she claimed that she had a good reason to do so. She claimed that Hecteau was fighting with her sister's little children and that provoked her, especially as her sister was sick and couldn't protect her children.

The court, however, found the defendant guilty and imposed a fine of $10. Lawyer Donahue said that her sister was sick and unable to do any work and that she had to depend upon the defendant to do the work. Mr. Donahue also said that the defendant could not pay the fine.

The court finally agreed to reduce the fine to $5 in view of the fact that she would have to go to jail. A $10 fine would mean 30 days in jail whereas a $5 fine would mean only 8 days' confinement. But the Burke woman didn't like the idea of going to jail at all and told the court she wanted to pay $10. She evidently thought that besides paying a $5 fine, she would have to go to jail anyway for eight days. She was finally made to understand, however, and the fine was $5.

A large number of drunks were before Judge Hadley Labor Day and were quickly disposed of, all being fined. John Sullivan, Frank H. Riley, Johanna A. Murphy, Alice Cyr, Daniel Ryan, James E. Platt, Michael Connors, Joseph F. Moore and James Lunny were assessed $5 each.

Lizzie F. Holland was fined $6. John Shugrue, James Dolan, Joseph Martin, and John Nolan were each taxed $10. Michael F. Sullivan was sentenced to ten days in jail. George A. Worthen Peter Heslin, George W. McVicker, Ethelbert E. Joy and Samuel Sharo received bail and were continued.

William J. Sears, charged with illegally keeping liquor and Edward Duval charged with the illegal sale of liquor had their cases continued until today.

POLICE MATTERS

Several Liquor Seizures Made Saturday

AN ALLEGED HOLD UP

In Which a Milkman Was Robbed

The liquor squad was quite active Saturday night and made four seizures.

The biggest haul was made by Officers Gregg and McCann at the place of Mary Fraser, 209 Charles street, very near the Training school where the officers say there were about 15 men and several women congregated.

Two half barrels of ale and a jug of whiskey were seized.

At the place of Edgar B. Simonds, 1369 Gorham street, the officers got a half barrel of ale and a quantity of whiskey.

Inspector Donaldson went into the Cosmopolitan Drug Store, Merrimack street and Edward Duval, a clerk there will have to answer to the charge of selling alcohol without compliance with the law.

Officers McCann and Duncan served a warrant on William J. Sears, a clerk at the American House, who was wanted at the time of the seizure at that place.

Seven of the fourteen Saturday night drunks that were scooped in by the police, procured their "loads" in Lawrence.

It is reported that Frank Riley, a milkman, was held up by two highway men on Lane street early this morning. Riley struck one of the highwaymen with a milk can in trying to defend himself. He was overpowered, however, and was relieved of about $6 in money. The highwaymen managed to make their escape and are still at large.

NINE CASES SEIZED.

Officer Hadley seized nine cases of beer in the North Chelmsford grove yesterday afternoon. He failed to find an owner for the beer after being led a wild goose chase through the North Chelmsford woods.

AWAITING OWNERS.

There are two wheels in the police station awaiting their owners to claim them. They were found on different streets and taken to the station. The owners can have them by going to the police station and proving their ownership to them.

DEATHS.

McCLUSKEY — Mary McCluskey, aged 45 years, died Sunday at her late home, 3 Mellen's yard, off Fayette street. Deceased is survived by a husband, Hugh Mellen. The funeral will take place this afternoon at 4 o'clock.

LEONARD—Mary, aged 1 year and 4 months, daughter of Michael and Mary Leonard, died last night at the home of her parents, 183 Concord street. The funeral will take place tomorrow afternoon.

KELLY—John Joseph, infant son of Arthur and Jennie Kelly, died yesterday at the home of her parents, 579 Market street.

HAYES—Mary Hayes, aged 65 years, an old resident of North Billerica, died Sunday at the home of her son-in-law, Patrick Mahoney on Talbot avenue. She is survived by several children.

LAROCHE—Reta, aged 8 months, child of Leon and Valeda Laroche, died yesterday at the home of her parents, 168 Fletcher street.

BURKE—Michael Burke, an old resident of this city, died Sunday night at the Corporation hospital. He is survived by a wife.

The funeral will take place this afternoon at 2:30 o'clock from J. F. O'Donnell's office.

ALBERT W. HAM Chief of Staff.

TOM DOLAN, DEAD

Former Lowell Sporting Man Passed Away

"Tom" Dolan, who for many years was one of Lowell's most popular residents and a local leader in sporting circles passed away at his home, Bandan street, New York city, Saturday night. He is survived by a widow and a host of friends.

"Tom" Dolan who was known to every one in Lowell of the past generation was a native of New York. In 1873 he came to this city, having completed an honorable army record in the civil war, in which he had the distinction of being the youngest drummer boy to enlist from his native state. He joined Post 42, G. A. R., and started up what was known as the Army and Navy Billiard Parlors, in a hall over A. G. Pollard's present store on Merrimack street, where he soon became famous as a sporting man. Next he opened the celebrated Pawtucket Fruit and Flower Gardens across the river in Pawtucketville. After a brief career there he purchased a saloon on Merrimack street near Tremont, and engaged in business there until 1876, when he went out to the Black Hills.

Returning from the Black Hills, he opened the "Big Six" saloon on Bridge street, and later established the present Hockingham saloon in Central street. In 1887 he went back to New York and engaged in the liquor business, but for several years had been the victim of paralysis.

He was the man who brought John L. Sullivan and Hanlon, the oarsman, to Lowell for the first time and had on exhibition for a time in his saloon the shell in which Hanlon won the world's championship on the Thames. He was the backer of Dan Driscoll, the oarsman of former years, when the latter was in his prime. He was a hale fellow well met and was one of the most popular men in town in his day.

When you want plumbing or piping done, call on Sweeney & Welch, 203 Middlesex street, or Telephone 538-5.

Putnam & Son

THERE ARE NOTABLE

Changes in Boys' Clothing this season and the new ideas make our exhibition of Boys' Suits particularly striking.

The new suits are here for the entire younger generation and the stock is thoroughly representative of the best that's to be had in Boys' Clothing.

Juvenile Suits, Narrow or Sailor Collars; single or double breast vests. Sizes 3 years to 9. $1.19 TO $7.95

Double Breast Suits, Jackets, plain or silk faced; short trousers. Sizes 8 years to 16, $1.19 TO $7.95

Single Breast Sack Suits, Plain or silk faced; single or double breast vests, short trousers. Sizes 10 to 16 years, $2.98 TO $8.98

Single Breast Sack Suits, Single or double breast vests, long trousers. Sizes 15 to 19 years. $3.75 TO $15.95

Double Breast Sack Suits, Plain or silk faced, single or double breast vests, long trousers. Sizes 15 years to 19 years. $5.75 TO $16.45

NEW GOLF CAPS, NEW GERMAN YACHT CAPS, NEW FALL TAMS, 12½c. TO 44c.

PUTNAM & SON,

166 Central Street.

Realizing That a Range

Is the most important article in furnishing a home, we have made of

RANGES A SPECIALTY

And not a side line.

REALIZING that a Range pleases every day or displeases every day, we have concentrated our best efforts, all the knowledge gained by years of experience, observation and study, in getting

THE BEST RANGE

And we honestly believe in and can clearly demonstrate to you that the

"CENTURY GRAND RANGE"

Is ahead of all others in quality, style, finish and improvements. Many have regretted not seeing it before buying. Don't make the same mistake. Come and see it before you buy.

The People's Favorite Furniture Store.

E. O'HEIR & CO., 14, 16 and 18 Merrimack St.

Near Electric Car Waiting Room.

The Beauty of it.

You can also for yourself the superiority of

KEYSTONE Silver White CELATINE

Examine it. Compare it with any other kind and you will understand why it's used by the leading cooks of the country.

If not grocer cannot supply you send us 25c. in stamps for a full size package, prepaid, with recipes by the most noted cooks. A full size box mailed for 15 cents.

Richards & Conlon Works, Detroit, Mich.

The largest makers of gelatine in the world.

D. W. KAKER & CO. 1 S

LATEST STYLES —IN— Fall and Winter Goods

Arrving daily ifor your inspection at

LOUIS ALEXANDER

IMPORTER & TAILOR

85 Central Street.

Paul O. Zable, Assistant.

J. F. O'DONNELL, UNDERTAKER.

WE DO NOT EXPECT

a rushing business for the next month, but you can never have a better time to look over our finely selected stock of goods and we can take better care of you now than when the busy season commences. Call at 23 Palmer street.

Gorman & Sullivan, Fashionable Tailors.

REMOVAL NOTICE.

To my customers and the general public: I have moved my wood and coal business from Congress street to Gorham street, about three minutes' walk above Davis square, where I shall be pleased to wait on you. Thanking you for your past patronage, I respectfully solicit a continuance of the same. Orders by mail, telephone or in person will receive prompt and careful attention. Yours,

JOHN P. QUINN.

A STRIKER KILLED

Fierce Battle Between Strikers and a Repair Gang

John Pollock Shot and Killed—Wm. Thayer Seriously Wounded and Eight Others Were Hurt—The Mind Guarded by Deputy Constables

By Associated Press to The Sun.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., Sept. 2.—John Pollock was shot and killed and William Thayer was seriously wounded, and about eight men hurt in a fight between the strikers at the colliery in West Pittston and a repair gang today. The strikers have been in an ugly mood for several days and yesterday they stoned several men. Warrants were issued for their arrest, but none were served.

Last night a lot of top rock fell in the mine and Night Watchman William Thayer this morning got five men together to make repairs. As they reached the mines the strikers blocked their way and threw stones. The workmen ran to the "head house" for shelter, whereupon the strikers opened fire on them. Thayer fell badly wounded. The others returned the fire, killing John Pollock, one of the strikers. The strikers then drew away and scattered in the woods, hiding from arrest.

About 500 men are involved in the strike, which has been in progress for nearly six weeks. They are striking against what they claim to be excessive dockage.

A large number of deputy constables are guarding the mine. The strikers, particularly the foreign element, are worked up to a high pitch of excitement and threaten vengeance. All of them are armed and it would not take much provocation to start a general riot. Sheriff Harvey has been notified.

SPECIAL SESSION

Of the Board of Aldermen Next Saturday

NO DECISION BETWEEN DEM. COMMITTEE

Opinion of City Solicitor to be Obtained

A special meeting of the board of aldermen was held at City Hall Saturday evening. The meeting was held in compliance with an order of the mayor.

Four members were absent when the roll was called. They were: Aldermen Miskella, Pierce, Dinan and McNulty. The latter made his appearance just as the meeting was about to adjourn.

The matter of the Humphrey and Willard street sewers was first taken up and in compliance with the mayor's order, the sewer committee submitted a report, which was favorable. In accordance with the custom it was laid over for seven days.

Mayor Crowley read the petitions of the two democratic city committees for polling stations for caucuses on the night of September 14. In the absence of Solicitor Gun, who was expected to be present to give an opinion upon the merits of the petitions, Mayor Crowley appointed a committee consisting of Aldermen Derby, Taylor and Libby to retire and after a conference, submit a report.

The committee left the room and listened to arguments by Chairman O'Connor and Donehue, representing respectively the committees of 1898 and 1899. The committee returned with a report submitted by Alderman Derby to the effect that it was a matter for Solicitor Gun to give an opinion upon.

The mayor read a communication from the Trades and Labor council requesting the city government to review the Labor day parade before city hall at 9.30 o'clock Monday morning. It was voted to comply.

The following jurors were drawn to serve in the September term of the superior court: John A. Faulkner, Wilford G. Bowen, Patrick F. Monahan, William L. Davis, Patrick McGilly, Warren Fox.

O. W. Mayberry was appointed surveyor of lumber by a unanimous vote after which the meeting adjourned.

TYPHOID CASES

REVEAL SOME AGENCY DIFFUSING INFECTION.

The board of health will investigate the cases of typhoid fever there are in the city and will discover, if it can, the source of the disease. There are ten cases in St. John's hospital and Dr. Stephen Johnson, who is the physician on duty there just now, thinks that it will not be very difficult to discover the source of the disease. One of the cases came from Lawrence and three, he thinks came from the vicinity of an infected well in East Merrimack street. All the teats responded immediately. One case he had in the Lowell General Hospital, of a young woman who died. She resided in Webster street and her father died of the disease some time ago. Her mother also had the disease so that it is very evident that infection is in that neighborhood. The doctor does not think, however, that there is any particular danger from the disease, the cases being isolated. Investigation will undoubtedly reveal a definite source of infection for the city is now free from danger in the excellence of the water supply it has.

Mr. William Blaisdell of Willow St. has gone to the Grand Army Encampment at Philadelphia and will visit Gettysburg before returning.

Headache

Biliousness, sour stomach, constipation and all liver ills are cured by

Hood's Pills

The non-irritating cathartic. Price 25 cents of all druggists or by mail of C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

ADMIRAL WATSON

Is Still a Very Sick Man

By Associated Press to The Sun.

BOSTON, Sept. 2.—A letter received here from an officer with Admiral Watson at Manila, dated July 26, says that Admiral Watson is still very ill, no improvement in his condition having shown itself since the 11th, the date of the accident which threatened to destroy his launch. The admiral has never been of strong physique, the letter says, but one who has always relied upon the strength of will and superb nerve force to carry him through, and now that the nerve power has given away there seems to be nothing to save him from a complete physical breakdown. It is understood that his successor has been chosen, and that orders permitting the return of Admiral Watson to the United States and designating another commander in chief for this station are daily expected.

Referring to the volunteers, the officer says:

"The Colorado regiment is aboard one of the transports, the Warren. There are not so many enthusiasts about staying out here as there were. Though two regiments are being raised here it is thought that they will have to get recruits from home to fill the quota."

WALTER ELDREDGE DEAD.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

NEWPORT, R. I., Sept. 2.—Mr. Walter N. Eldredge of New York, son-in-law of Col. Edward M. Neill, died very suddenly at his father-in-law's residence this morning, shortly after arriving from New York. Mr. Eldredge was the eldest son of Mrs. Julia H. Eldredge, who owns a cottage at Ochre Point, and a member of a prominent New York family.

SHACKLEFOR'S PLURALITY 3143

By Associated Press to The Sun.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Sept. 2—Full, but still unofficial returns of the recent special election in the Eighth or Bland Congressional district in this state, give the following vote:

Shackleford (dem) 19,272; Voshell (rep.) 15,829; Hale (pop.) 7,990; Shackleford's plurality 3,443; his majority 2,653. Bland's plurality in 1898 was 2843.

EXCITING RUNAWAY

ON CENTRAL STREET WITH A COLLISION OF TEAMS.

There was an exciting runaway on Central street late Saturday afternoon. The horse that ran away was owned by Nells Knutson of South Chelmsford. The animal which was attached to an old-fashioned wagon, was left standing in front of Hedge's grocery store on Central street, while Mr. Knutson went into the store to make some purchases.

The animal through some unknown cause became suddenly frightened and started to tear through Central street at a wild pace. The horse pulled the wagon along with him. A team owned by F. H. Parker, proprietor of the Centre Market of Billerica Centre, was standing in front of Brazer's store. The runaway struck Parker's team with a thud and the horse attached to the latter team started to run but didn't go far when stopped.

The other horse turned into Market street and near C. B. Coburn's store went on the sidewalk where he was stopped.

The only damage done as a result of the runaway was to Parker's team. The front axle was sprung and two wheels were slightly damaged. There was no damage done to Knutson's team. Nobody was injured.

MRS. BRIGHAM'S MEMORY.

The First Congregational church has adopted resolutions in respect to the memory of the late Mrs. Elizabeth S. T. Brigham.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

A STRONG PROTEST

Raised by the English People and the Press

Because Americans are Forging Ahead in Old England—Our Jockeys Win the Races and Our Factories Build Their Gondola Cars—Maybrick Case Recalled By One of the Papers

(Copyright, 1899, the Associated Press.)

LONDON, Sept. 2.—With so many material signs of the increase of American leaven in English life it is small wonder that the press and people are paying special and in some instances hysterical attention to this menace to insular habits and traditions. The height of this feeling is perhaps best illustrated by the remark of an English jockey, who, seeing last Thursday at Derby, the American jockeys securing all three places in one race, muttered: "Othello's occupation is gone."

Of the same order is the Globe's comment upon the purchasing from Pittsburg of gondola cars for the Soudan railroad., It says:

"No imperative question of time can be urged here, as in the case of Atlanta, and it is hoped a full inquiry will be made as to the facts."

In reply to an evening paper's query as to why the government has now promised to help the farmers by securing the best American instead of English machinery, an Anglo-Australian writes:

"Nobody in Australia would think of using anything but American machinery. It is all American, from the reaper and binder to the lawn mower and garden trowel. Many of the implements are unknown to the English farmer. J. Bull will stick to the old groove."

Another sign of the times is the announcement by one of the largest firms of brewers in the United Kingdom that they were going to make Lager beer, which has caused articles to appear bewailing the threatened popularity of the ancient national drink, etc.

THE SOCIETY FOLK.

Excepting the small incursion of society folk Thursday to see Mrs. Langtry's first night in "The Degenerates," London remains in the social doldrums. Partridge shooting commenced Friday, luring to the country the few who still remained in the metropolis. The birds are reported to be plentiful.

There is such a dearth of matters of internal interest that even the recent special election in the Eighth Missouri district for a successor to Congressman Richard P. Bland has been utilized as the topic of the day, lengthy editorials foreshadowing all kinds of possible political upheavals in the United States.

INCREASED DEATH RATE.

The arrival of rain during the week and the consequent banishment of hot weather afforded intense relief. The recent hot spell was apparently responsible for a considerable increase in the United Kingdom death rate, especially among children.

MAYBRICK CASE.

A weekly paper again brings up the Maybrick case, saying the injustice done to Dreyfus is nothing when compared to that done to Florence Maybrick, the American undergoing penal servitude for life after having been convicted of poisoning her husband, basing its remarks on the old theory that she ought to have been hanged or freed.

NOTES OF INTEREST.

Many stories are current about the Prince of Wales' recent visit to Marienbad, where he was most democratic. It is said that a Polish Jew, sitting on a park bench next to the Prince, knowing his identity, began questioning him about what he paid for his rooms, doctors, etc., ending with digging his royal highness in the ribs and telling him he looked too healthy to need the water cure.

An astonishing report is going the rounds about the new gun, made at Woolwich, which is said to be so powerful that no range is long enough to test it, so a new range is to be built. It is seriously stated that the first shot went out of sight and that, thus, it was impossible to get the exact range. But the range was conservatively estimated at fifteen miles.

The public interest in both the Dreyfus court-martial and the Transvaal crisis rather flagged during the week, and is not yet keen on the yacht race, though the papers give good accounts of the Shamrock's doings. Sandwiched in between these is the church question. Letters from the clergy and others are constantly appearing in the press. Lord Halifax, the most prominent law leader of the law ritualists, has issued a manifesto counseling grudging compliance with the archbishop's decision if it is insisted by the diocesan bishop and declaring the ritualists will fight to the bitter end to secure a repeal of the decision.

Eye-sight by Absorption. Dr. Taylor.

A SICK CHILD

Can be made healthy, happy and rosy by giving it True's Elixir. Worms cause ill health in thousands of children and their presence is not suspected. True's Elixir expels worms and cures all the complaints common to children, Feverishness, Constipation, Sour Stomach, etc. Made of pure, harmless, vegetable ingredients.

TRUE'S ELIXIR CURES

It has been a standard household remedy for 47 years. Restores health to adults, acts immediately on the blood, cures diseases of the mucous lining of the bowels and stomach, gives tone and vigor. Price 50 cents. Ask your druggist for it. Write for book "Children and their Diseases"—free.

DR. J. F. TRUE & CO., AUBURN, MAINE.

WARLIKE RUMORS

Critical Stage in the Transvaal Trouble Reached

A CHARGE OF HIGH TREASON

Brought Against Editor Pakeman

GERMAN CORPS READY TO FIGHT

On the Side of the Boers

By Associated Press to The Sun.

LONDON, Sept. 2.—The Standard and Diggers' News to-day received a cablegram from its Johannesburg office, dated yesterday, saying that a German corps, 900 strong, had been formed there to co-operate with the Boers in the event of war with Great Britain. The dispatch added that the Boers could mobilize 20,000 men in three days while the Orange Free State could muster 10,00 in the same period.

Continuing, the dispatch says:

"Mr. Chamberlain's reply upholding the suzerainty of Great Britain was received by the Rand with a demonstration which unmistakably indicated the intentions of the Transvaal to repudiate Great Britain's pretensions. The Rand, on hearing the five-year franchise proposal, gave every sign of strong dissent and of a determination not to go beyond the seven-year limit."

It must not be forgotten that these statements come from an excessively pro-Boer source.

A special dispatch received here today from Johannesburg says Editor Pakeman, of the Transvaal Leader has been arrested. It has been learned that the charge made against Pakeman was high treason.

It is generally believed that a critical stake in the negotiations has been reached and warlike rumors prevail.

REV. JOHN DUFFY

HAS BEEN ASSIGNED TO OBLATES' JUNIORATE.

Rev. John Duffy, O. M. I., a native of this city, who has been attached to Ottawa College for the past few years has been transferred to the Oblates juniorate at Buffalo, N. Y. Rev. Fr. Paquette, O. M. I., formerly pastor of St. Andrew's church, North Billerica, has been transferred to St. Joseph's church, this city.

PRINCIPAL HARRIS

ON THE MANUAL TRAINING SCHOOL HAS RESIGNED.

Principal Harris of the manual training school has resigned his position. He has accepted a position in the Polytechnic Institute in Worcester.

$100 Reward $100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers, that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

Address, F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Omega Oil

Old People

How I do wish that more old people would read the advertisements of Omega Oil, and then go to the drug store and buy a bottle! Of course a good many folks don't believe Omega Oil is any good, but they'd think different after trying it. It really does do an old fellow like me a lot of good. It cures rheumatism. It puts strength into weak backs, lame shoulders, and tired legs and arms. It takes stiffness out of the joints. It beats anything you ever saw for sore feet. I guess that little Swiss green herb that they put into Omega Oil is just about the greatest stuff in the world for pain.

The Omega Chemical Co., Boston, Mass.

(56)

$1000 LESS THAN COST

7 room cottage on Ludlam street, going out of city, very cheap—$1350.

Navy Yard, 7 room cottage on electrics, $1200. Small amount down will buy this place.

Near Navy Yard and Lakeview avenue, cottage, 7 rooms, gas and sewer, large back yard for garden; good place to keep hens; $1400, easy terms.

New cottage in Pawtuckeville, near electrics $1300.

Farm, 8 acres, 1 1-2 miles from Chelmsford Centre, with good new house and barn, $2600.

Farm, 8 acres, Tyngsborough, near electrics, $1000, very low price.

Lodging and Boarding houses for sale.

Milk Route for Sale, $975.

Fire Insurance in best companies.

A. J. & H. W. J. HOWE,

Real Estate.

Courier-Citizen Bld'g. Telephone 861-4.

LADIES Who Have Used Them Recommend as the BEST

DR. KING'S Star Crown Brand

PENNYROYAL PILLS.

Immediate relief, no danger, no pain. Used for years by leading specialists. Hundreds of testimonials. A trial will convince you of their intrinsic value in case of suppression. Send ten cents for sample and book. All Druggists or by mail $1.00 box.

KING MEDICINE CO., Box 1930, BOSTON, MASS.

DR. DONEHUE DENTIST

JOHN W. McEVOY, 237 Central St. Opposite American House. COUNSELLOR-AT-LAW.

LOTHROP & CUNNINGHAM, 182 Merrimack Street. PHOTOGRAPHERS

W. A. LEW, 49 John Street. CLOTHING CLEANSED DYED AND PRESSED.

J. M. KINGSBURY, No. 271 Bridge St. MEATS AND PROVISIONS

ELIZABETH WRIGHT SHAW

315 Pawtucket Street.

Violinist and Teacher of Vocal Music

Experience of 15 years. Italian method. Will receive pupils after September 1st. Also teacher of OBJECT DRAWING, Water color and Pastel Painting. Miniatures on Ivory. Photographs finished in Water Color or Crayon.

Boys' Russet Shoes

Regular $1.50 Line to Close Out,

$1.00 A Pair.

J. J. LONERCAN,

215 DUTTON ST.

USE THE **Telephone** AND SAVE

TIME TRAVEL TROUBLE AND **Money**

You can telephone 100 words in one minute easily.

TRY IT.

A message by telephone brings immediate answer.

NIGHT RATE one half the day rate, except where the day rate is 15 cents or less. Very convenient for social conversation.

NEW ENGLAND TELEPHONE & TELEGRAPH CO.

Chichester's English Diamond Brand.

PENNYROYAL PILLS

Original and Only Genuine. Safe, always reliable. Ladies ask Druggist for Chichester's English Diamond Brand in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with Blue Ribbon. Take no other. Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations. At Druggists, or send 4c. in stamps for particulars, testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Name Paper. Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Square, Sold by all Local Druggists. PHILADA., PA. Sold by Geo. C. Goodwin & Co., Boston, Mass. General Agents.

DAILY BARGAINS.

$100

UPRIGHT PIANO.

Seven and one-third octaves. Used but little. Condition fine.

GEORGE A. GARDNER

10 PRESCOTT STREET.

IF YOU WANT THE VERY BEST

Business and Shorthand education that money can buy, secure a limited (50) Graduating Scholarship to commence at once, day or evening, at the

N. E. BUSINESS UNIVERSITY,

Runels Building, Merrimack St., Lowell, Mass.

LAKEVIEW PARK

FAMILY DAY RESORT

Bowling, Dancing, Boating, Fishing, Carousel, Swings.

A Rare Collection of Birds, Beasts and reptiles at the

MOUNTAIN ROCK ZOO

Unsurpassed Accommodations for Private Dinners in the Pavilion, conducted by the D'Ale Fugo Co.

THE LAKEVIEW THEATRE

JAMES GILBERT, Manager for Grant & Flynn.

WEEK OF SEPT. 4.

IDA MARIE ROGERS

Lowell's Favorite

AS

KITTY STARLIGHT

IN

Grant & Flynn's Comedy

THE Dazzler

Orchestra (Reserved) ..... 20 cents
Parquet ..... 10 cents
Balcony ..... 5 cents

FARE 5 CENTS.

Star Theatre, 312-314 Middlesex Street. FRANK KNIGHT, Proprietor. This Week

Strongest Bill Yet.

The Shoehans Vocalists and Mimics.

Miss Kanlocki, Tony and Grace, Music, Mirth and Magic.

Widden, the Hobo Juggler.

Miss Certie Brown, Vocalist.

A Great Show.

Admission 5c. Reserved Seats 5c. extra.

GOING AWAY?

Hope you'll have a good time and we know you will, if you . . . . .

Take One of Our

CAMERAS!

We carry a full line of

Eastman's Kodaks,

and all kinds of supplies. Also all the leading makes of Cameras.

ONE OF OUR

Hammocks

will make things easy for you. Prices from

75c to $6.00.

The Thompson Hardware Co.

SOLE AGENTS.

Just Think

A handsomely decorated Toilet Set in three colors, blue, brown and pink at the extremely low price of

$1.98 a set

O'Brien Bros,

Tea Dealers,

FISKE BUILDING.

227 Central Street. Tel. Con.

CLOSING OUT SALE OF BUILDING LOTS. AT HALF PRICE,

Over New Moody Street Bridge

On the

EMERY LAND

Several new modern houses to be sold at sacrifice EASY TERMS.

A. J. RYAN, Agent.

3 HILDRETH BUILDING.

Grand Closing Out Sale

Of Summer Millinery.

Everything must go this month for just what it brings. We want the money and room, you want the goods. Come and get them.

HEAD & SHAW, "THE MILLINERS," 169 MERRIMACK ST.

AT BASKET BALL

The P. A. C. Club Defeated the Everetts

IN A ONE SIDED CONTEST

At Associate Hall Last Evening

The basket ball season in Lowell was opened last night with a game at Associate hall between the first team of the Pawtucketville Athletic club and the Everetts. It resulted in an easy victory for the local team, they winning by a score of 17 to 8.

The game was devoid of any remarkable plays such as usually characterize a big game. The P. A. C. secured a good lead in the first half and were never headed. The game was witnessed by a large and enthusiastic crowd. It was the first time that the Everetts have played together this season and were thus handicapped, inasmuch as the P. A. C. had been preparing for the game for fully a month and had all the tricks down to a science. However, had the Everetts been in proper trim, the result would in all likelihood have been different, as the playing of the local team was not very fast. The line-up and summary follow:

P. A. C.	Everetts
Hanlon, lf	rg, Temple
Dion ((capt.) rf	lg Parker
Allard, c	c, W. Knox (capt.)
McManmon, lg	rf, A. Knox
Halloran, rg	lf, Galbraith

Score—P. A. C., 17; Everetts 8.

Goals caged— By Allard, 2, Dion 3; Hanlon, 3; McManmon, Galbraith 3. Points on fouls—Hanlon, A. Knox, 2; Fouls called on W. Knox, Galbraith, Allard, Dion 2. Referees—Hugh Thomas, and Cloutler. Timekeepers—Joseph (Everetts). Time—20 minute halves.

After the game the floor was cleared and dancing began and was enjoyed until midnight, the Cadet orchestra furnishing music for the merry prancers.

The following had charge of the lemonade table: President, Roscoe W. Hodge; matron, Mrs. R. J. Lang, assisted by Agnes Tighe, Mary Brown, Nellie Halloran, Etta Tighe, Agnes Conners, Beatrice White, Mamie Finnegan, Alice Goyett, Florence Crotty, Mary Kelley, Rena Raymond, Kittie Flynn, May Lang, Lilla Welsh, Mamie Pevey, May Clancy, Maude Tierney, Mabel Halpin, Abbie Monahan, Mary F. Brown, Laura Clancy, Bertha Dempsey, Josie Condon, Lula Lavigne, Lizzie Mangan, Anna Horan and Minnie Winn.

The following was the committee who had charge of the affair: General manager, John Thomas; assistant general manager, James T. Brown; assistant floor director, Joseph A. Fitzgerald; chief aids, John D. O'Hearn, John J. Carroll, Charles Riley, James J. Brown, aids, John J. Cogger, Ernest Bailey, John Dion, William Marley, Hugh J. Thomas, Mose Russell, Roscoe W. Hodge, Leon Sullivan, Peter Donnelly, John J. Brown, Timothy O'Sullivan, Joseph Rogers, John J. Giblin, William Mitchell, Thomas Fitzgerald, John Bradley; chairman reception committee, Fred F. Welsh.

MORTALITY OF LOWELL

FOR THE WEEK ENDING SEPT. 2, 1899.

Population, 88,641; total deaths, 43; deaths under five, 23.

Death rate for the week ending Sept. 2, 1899, 25.32 against 20.58 and 16.43 for previous two weeks.

Infectious diseases reported for the week ending Sept. 2, 1899, Typhoid fever, 3; diphtheria 3.

BOARD OF HEALTH.

LOWELL MEN WON

SEVERAL PRIZES AT NASHUA YESTERDAY.

There was a large number of local riders who rode at Nashua yesterday and a good many of them succeeded in landing prizes.

In the mile novice race the local riders were Frank Lane, Cyrille Parent, John Morin, but they did not win anything.

In the two mile handicap Patrick Keegan of this city took first prize, time, 5 min. 1 -2ts and Charles Connors took third. In this race M. O'Brien also of this city, got a bad fall, when it looked as if he was to win a prize, but luck did not favor him and he tumbled.

In the one-mile open Patrick Keegan took first prize and M. O'Brien third. Time, 2.24 3-5.

Charles Connors took first prize in the five mile handicap with L. Dion second; George Gagnon third. Time; 12.13 3-5.

The P. A. C. tandem team did a mile in 2.05.

J. V. KEYES & CO.

Wednesday morning, Sept. 6, we will commence a great clearance sale of our entire stock to make room for our line of specialties Oct. 1.

The balance of September we will give some of the best values ever offered on dress goods, both black and colored. Every piece in stock will go in at nearly 50 cents on the dollar. All of our 12½c, 15c and 17c wash goods including ginghams and percales go at 6 1-4 cents per yard. This department will be entirely closed out. Dress linings will go at the same reduction. Our specialties after October 1 will include black dress goods, colored dress goods, (specially suitable for tailor-made), silks, silk poplins, linings, dress furnishings, table linens, petticoats and black dress skirts. We intend to have the finest lining department in the city. If you want a skirt or dress pattern, now is the time to get it at this special sale. Will commence Wednesday morning, Sept. 6. J. V. Keyes & Co.

The Black Goods House of Lowell.
J. V. Keyes. J. S. Hanford.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP

Has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic and is the best remedy for diarrhoea. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind. Twenty-five cents a bottle

KNIVES AND GUNS

Freely Used in New York Fight

CHINAMEN ENGAGE IN FIERCE BATTLE

Twenty-one of Them Were Arrested

By Associated Press to The Sun.

NEW YORK, Sept. 5.—Riots were numerous in New York city Sunday, the result of which will be several deaths. There were a number of suicides and attempts at suicides and altogether the ambulance surgeons had a busy day by reason of the numerous shooting and stabbing affrays that took place.

Policeman Patrick O'Keefe, attached to the East 126th street station, was shot through the head and chest by Michael Farrelll in Farrelll's saloon in Second avenue. O'Keefe will die. Farrelll was arrested after a long chase and a desperate fight in which he made further effort to do murder. A mob of several thousand people gathered after the shooting and made a determined effort to lynch the Italian.

A number of detectives and a police reserve of 20 men were ordered out. They beat back the mob and one of them sprang at Farrelll and kicked him senseless. The police then marched the prisoner to the station. The mob of wildly excited men, women and children surged all about the police escort. Twice the police had to draw their weapons and force them back and there were hand-to-hand fights all along the line. Later Farrelll was taken to the hospital.

The prisoner's wife, Mary Farelll was arrested for inciting the murder, she having given her husband a revolver and told him to fire upon the police when they attempted to arrest the place.

There was a riot in Chinatown Sunday night, the result of a feud of long standing between the Oriental Beneyolent society and the Chu Chung society. The streets in that vicinity were blocked with a mob of more than a thousand Chinese and others and a number of the Mongolians used revolvers and black-jacks. When the rioting was at its height, 40 policemen and a number of detectives put in an appearance and did a lot of clubbing before the mob was dispersed and the prisoners marched to the police station. Charley Lee, a Chinese, was stabbed in the abdomen and will die. Roundsman William McCluskey was shot through the thigh. Ching Lou was stabbed in the arm and taken to the hospital while two other Chinese who were shot were taken away by their friends.

Twenty-one Chinese were arrested.

Thomas J. Larkin, who served through the campaign with the Eighth regiment, U. S. V., was shot Sunday night by his brother, Richard Larkin, at their home in East Thirtieth street. The wounded man is now in Bellevue hospital with a chance of recovery. Larkin was intoxicated when he did the shooting which was the result of jealousy because of his brother's popularity.

There were several other affrays in which Gian Saule, an Italian, was stabbed fatally, and Bernard Rafferty had his skull broken.

SONS OF VETERANS

HELD A PICNIC AT DEWEY GROVE SATURDAY.

The Sons of Veterans held a successful picnic at Dewey Grove Saturday afternoon about 200 attending.

The sports included: ball game between teams made up of Andover and Lowell Sons of Veterans. The Lowell team won by a score of 8 to 6. Other sports followed and resulted as follows:

100 yards dash—J. Cunningham, prize silver drinking cup.

Broad jump—J. Cunningham, prize, silver napkin ring.

Three-legged race—Cunningham and Smith, prize, set of gold studs.

Tug-of-war—Married and single men from the Sons of Veterans, prize box of cigars, won by married men.

The guessing contest was won by Miss Dickerson, prize, dress suit case.

The nail-driving contest for ladies was won by Miss S. A. Pickering, prize; breast pin.

Egg race for ladies—Won by Mamie Vinal; second prize, Miss Boyle, sleeve buttons.

McElroy's orchestra furnished music during the afternoon and evening.

The committee in charge were: S. A. Pickering, chairman; Walter Atwood, William Cannon and A. H. Pickering.

A GREEK FUNERAL.

CHAGAROOLY—The funeral of Socratis G. Chagarooly, who died at the Corporation hospital Tuesday, Aug. 29, took place Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock from the rooms of Undertaker Molloy. The Cadet band was in attendance and the body was accompanied to the place of burial in the Edson cemetery by most of the male members of the local Greek colony, about 600 being in line as well as 30 carriages filled with relatives and friends from New Bedford, Boston and this city. Rev. Abbe Sideras officiated. The usual Greek service being observed at the grave. The active pall bearers were Lewis Papas, John Vasos, Mike Poolos, Lewis Sgourdas, Lewis Michalos and Evangelos Brosturis and the honorary bearers were: Harris Niarchus, Peter Limitakas, Peter Moudis, Nichles Letos, John Sanaros and Peter Priandasilakos. Among the floral tributes were a large wreath from the Economu sisters; six bouquets from Otto Foster; sprays of asters and ferns and forget-me-nots, E. F. Faulkner; crescent inscribed "Brother," from brothers; large piece emblematic of faith, hope and charity, inscribed "Couptryman," from friends; standing cross on base, inscribed "Neghew," from an uncle; standing anchor on base, inscribed "Friend," from George Vozelas. Deceased was 19 years old and came from New Bedford on a visit. He was here only a few days, when he became sick. He comes of a family well known among the Greeks and leaves three brothers residing in this city, all well-to-do.

LIVERITA

THE UP-TO-DATE LITTLE LIVER PILL

CURES Biliousness, Constipation, Dyspepsia, Sick-Headache and Liver Complaint.

SUGAR COATED.

100 PILLS 25 CTS.

Sold by all druggists or sent by mail. Nervita Medical Co., Chicago

For sale by Ellingwood & Co., Druggists, Lowell, Mass.

GUILD COMES UP

Entertains the Workingmen's Club at Supper

ALSO VISITED THE SOUTH COMMON

Was Not Allowed to Speak There

With the sun beating relentlessly upon his broad expanse of countenance until the perspiration that would not be stayed rose in huge drops upon his forehead; with his eyes upon a crowd of brawny athletes tugging like mad in the cleats but his thoughts upon a public office which was once thought to be a dignified one, unhappy Curtis Guild stretched himself on the greensward of the South common yesterday afternoon and for an hour or more tried his best to look pleasant, while several hard-working strikers rushed here and there amid the crowd crying "Come here, till I introduce you to Curtis Guild, candidate for lieutenant governor."

Guild appeared upon the common while the sports were at their height, accompanied by Agent Taft of the B. & M. and a few others of the "also there" class, while George W. Poore put in an appearance later.

His presence happily didn't break up the sports, for as on July 4 no one knew him. Curtis, with that affable way of his, however, was no stranger, for he appeared to know every one there and many were wondering if he was an ex-mule spinner or a weaver. He was in town to boom himself through a bluff labor club which tendered him a reception and banquet at his own expense, 'tis said. The reception, like Col. Guild's appearance in the common, was not a striking success, and even an attempt to have a speech on the common, a gorgeous scheme from the fertile brain of one Mr. Rafferty, didn't materialize, and Col. Guild left the common after about an hour, hot, tired and more or less happy.

Of course there was a fair-sized attendance at the banquet in Odd Fellows' hall; a free feed will ever attract a crowd, and after the spread there were speeches. Among those present were: Curtis Guild, Jr., Alexander Ray, president and chairman of the evening; George W. Poore, Edward White, Hon. Frederick Lawton, Daniel Lawler, ex-Mayor J. W. Bennett, James McCaffrey, Rev. N. W. Matthews, John Wood, Alderman Geo. H. Taylor, James McDowell, representing the Lincoln club; Councilman Hatch, Timothy Harrington, Councilman Saunders, Thomas Ferris, Representative George Varney, George McElroy, James P. Ramsay, candidate for senator; William Campbell, T. W. Adams, John Bassett, Charles H. Hanson, senatorial candidate; A. R. Boutillier, A. G. Thompson, Charles W. Bell.

THE CRICKETERS

Mohair Reserves and Buntings Both Defeated

The cricket results Saturday were as follows:

Billericas 29, Zions 24.

Mohairs 49, Andover, 43.

The St. John's cricket club defeated the reserve team of the Mohair's yesterday afternoon in a two-inning game on the Chelmsford street grounds.

Tillotson, Pye, Ankers and Taylor did the playing for the visitors, while Humphries, Harrison, Smith and Haslem did good work for the home team. The score was St. John's, 97; Mohair Reserves 94.

BUNTINGS LOSE.

The Lynns defeated the U. S. Buntings yesterday in a two-innings match on the Wigginville grounds. The score resulted 90 to 75 in favor of the Lynn team.

The Lowell team went to Sanford, Me., yesterday and succeeded in defeating the Sanfords of that place. The match was between past and present Sanford cricketers, as every member of the Lowell eleven had been residents of Sanford previous to their removal to this city a few years ago.

The game resulted in the score of 94 to 36 in favor of Lowell.

A Close Out ON OIL STOVES AS FOLLOWS:

A 50c. Oil Stove for 39c.

A $1 Oil Stove for 89c.

A $1.75 Oil Stove for $1.49.

A $7.00 blue flame, Oil Stove, for $5.95.

An $8.00 blue flame, wickless oil stove for $6.80.

This is an opportunity you should not miss. All these goods will be advanced next season, so remember this is the last chance you will have.

We have left 1 Refrigerator, 1 Baby carriage and 3 Go-Carts, going, almost gone. Do you want one? If you do say so quick.

GAYNOR & CO.

25 Prescott Street.

Telephone, 659-5.

Scottish Sovereign Remedies Cure

Dyspepsia Has No Terrors Any More.

Blacklock's Scottish Remedy Co.:

Gentlemen—It affords me great pleasure to report to you the great benefit I have received from your wonderful Dyspepsia Remedy. I have been a great sufferer from Dyspepsia, gastric and intestinal indigestion. At times I was on the verge of nervous prostration, and life seemed a burden. I was so depressed in spirits that a sharp word from a friends would cause me to shed tears. I was so weak and melancholy I often thought—am I a sufferer this way all the rest of my life? Meeting a friend one morning, he advised me to try the Scottish Remedies. After using for three days I noticed a change coming over me—nature seemed to be taking on new forces, and life was returning again. My tired and nervous system was so much better from the delightful sleep I commenced to have that I would awake in the morning feeling rested, and life no longer a burden. I cannot give you praise enough for your wonderful Indigestion Remedy, and allow me to thank you heartily and accept my gratitude for my renewed health. Yours with success,

JOHN D. MORGAN,
58 Hewitt street, Dorchester.
April, 1899.

A Special Remedy for Every Trouble.

Each Remedy 25c.

FOR SALE AT ALL DRUGGISTS

Or at the Office of the Company with Free Medical Treatment.

339 WASHINGTON ST., BOSTON.

My bill for linens and flannels is reduced about one-half since I used Marseilles White Soap.

W. E. Livingston receives shipments almost daily of the best grades of freshly mined coal. Place your orders with him today for the coming winter.

A LAST APPEAL

"Maw, if yer will make me go to church, take me around de back streets, will yer?"

DYSPEPTIC PEOPLE

should try Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. Don't expect one spoonful to cure you, but give it a chance to get at your over-worked stomach, lazy liver and impure blood. After a while you'll find your nerves strong and your digestion perfect. Use it faithfully, be you man or woman, and it will surely cure you. See that a private REVENUE STAMP covers the neck of the bottle.

DON'T EXPECT A SUBSTITUTE TO HELP YOU.

Hostetter's Stomach Bitters

COOK WANTED—Call at 96 Manson street between 7 and 8 o'clock in the evening.

TO LET—Some first-class tenements in all parts of the city. Apply to A. G. Beharrell, Room 8, Bon Marche Block.

THE OLD reliable Prudential Insurance Co., wants agents and collectors. Inquire at Room 31 Hildreth Building.

SEVEN SUTHERLAND SISTERS

Hair Grower and Scalp Cleaner

For Over 14 Years

these highly meritorious preparations have stood at the head of all hair restoratives. More than 3,000,000 bottles have been used by the American people, and thousands of testimonials bear witness to their excellence, while there were never any complaints when directions were followed.

Ask your druggist about it.

BI-METALLISTS

Outdoor Speaking Enjoyed by Immense Audiences

JUDGE JAMES P. TARVIN'S ADDRESS

Gov. Altgeld Says Croker is Shrewd

By Associated Press to The Sun.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Sept. 5.—The first of a series of meetings arranged by the New England Bi-Metallic league in the interest of bi-metallism was held at Crescent park Sunday afternoon. The speaking was done in the open air and was materially interrupted by the noisy money-making schemes which abound at that resort. Mayor George Greene of Woonsocket, called to order and Col. A. C. Drinkwater of Braintree, Mass., presided. The first speaker was Hon. Homer S. Cummings of Stamford Conn., who was followed by Judge James P. Tarvin of Kentucky, who said in part:

[redacted]

ALTGELD'S VIEWS.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Sept. 5—Hon. John P. Altgeld, ex-governor of Illinois, and one of the principal speakers at the bi-metallic league meeting here Sunday said last night in regard to the attitude of Richard Croker towards the Chicago platform: "Mr. Croker is a shrewd and wily politician. If he declared for Mr. Bryan, it was because he saw which way the tide was turning.' Mr. Altgeld denied his reported statement that Croker with Bryan would be an entangling alliance which would not be for the best interests of the democratic party. "If Mr. Croker wants to drop his political methods and come in company for a while,' said Mr. Altgeld, "we are ready to receive him. There is always room for penitents."

Mr. Altgeld referred to Mayor Carter Harrison as troubled with presidential aspirations for a period and carrying on flirtations with several states. "The leaders came together,' said he, "and decided there was no room for 'trimmers.' Notice was served on all Chicago platform democrats to stand no trifling. As a farmer attempts to drive his cattle through a gap in the fence, so we tried to lead all democrats on the Bryan side."

"Do you think you got Mr. Gorman of Maryland, through the gap?" was asked.

"We're not trying to," was the reply. "We don't need Mr. Gorman. He is a wise man and will look out for himself."

Following is a brief abstract of the speech delivered at the democratic silver meeting at Crescent Park, Narragansett Pier, Rhode Island, Saturday, Sept. 2, 1899, by James P. Tarvin, of Covington, Ky.:

"It is well settled that the Chicago platform of 1896 will not be mutilated; that the democratic national convention of 1900 will adopt that platform without any omission; and that independent bimetallism at 16 to 1 will continue to receive the support of the democratic organization of the country. It becomes every day better understood that the only democrats in this land are those who accept and believe in, and are ready to vote for the Chicago platform of 1896 as a whole. And it becomes every day better understood that those who have advocated the mutilation of that platform in 1900 are enemies of the democratic organization of the country and are the allies of those representing the interests of the organized wealth of the land. The efforts of the political bosses in New York City, in Chicago and elsewhere to obstruct and to defeat those who declare for the laborer and producer before the holders of capital and organizers of trusts, have failed and miserably failed; and there is nothing left for them but to choose between the pretense of party loyalty and an open transfer to republicanism.

We will go forth in 1900 declaring for free coinage of gold, for free coinage of silver; for the unlimited coinage of gold and the unlimited coinage of silver; and for the free and unlimited coinage of both, at the rate of 16 parts of silver to one part of gold; declaring for the money of nature and the money of centuries of usage in all lands, instead of the bastard and fraudulent coinage of legislation.

The history of coinage, the history of gold and of silver, and the relation of one to the other prior to 1873 will be well and fully discussed in this and every other state before the election of November, 1900.

In 1873 silver was demonetized; and half the money of the country was taken away by legislation; and that condition has practically and virtually continued from then until today. In that period of 26 years, we have seen a growth of wealth beyond all precedent; we have seen the multiplication of evidences of wealth on every hand; have seen the birth of inventions and of devices of comfort and luxury far beyond anything ever known before; we have seen the accumulation of fortunes equal or surpassing those of any age or any clime or any people; we have seen the growth of a government daily becoming stronger; we have seen the corporation take the place of the individual, and driving him from business and means of livelihood; we have seen the corporations grow into the trust; we have seen the riches of the land, the creation of the labor of the land, pass from the hands of the many to the hands of the few; we have seen the numbers of masters decrease and the number of servants increase; we have seen independence wane and servitude develop; we have see the birth, the growth and the degradation of the tramp; we have seen the growth of homes of scarlet, and have seen the wanton come to fill the streets; we have seen the suffering of men and the shame of women. We are presented today with the spectacle of a country of enormous wealth, produced and being produced by the labor of the millions and belonging to and enjoyed by the thousands; we have seen legislation concentrate wealth, make tramps and criminals of men, and suicides and prostitutes of women.

The demonetization of silver was a part only of this legislation, but it was an important and a vital part. The protective tariff laws, the laws making government bonds payable in coin, the general incorporation laws were also parts of this legislation, and all of it tended to concentrate labor, the fruit of labor, to enable the favored few to accumulate, and to monopolize the fruits of the land without labor of their own, and because of the labor of others.

The repeal of this legislation will relieve no man of labor. The repeal of this legislation cannot and ought not to alter the inflexible law that labor is the only source of the fruits of labor. But the repeal of this legislation will affect the distribution of the fruit of labor, after they have been earned. The believers in Independent Bimetallism at 16 to 1 contend and contend only, that the restoration of silver, and a return to the money of usage, will tend to insure to every man the fruit of his own labor and will tend to distribute the fruits of labor in proportion to the labor that is done.

Every man is entitled to the benefit of his own labor, and no man is entitled to the benefit of any other man's labor. That is the democracy of today, and that is the meaning of the Chicago platform of 1896.

In 1900 those of us who so believe will have that platform to stand upon. The voice of the people has been heard and the sentiment of the people cannot be misunderstood. If the democratic organization should depart from this the democratic party would come third on the count of the votes in November, 1900. But it will not depart. The hopeless and absurd failure of the attempts that have been made to lead the party away, are insignificant. We will have again the platform made by the people in 1896, and there will not be a dissenting voice when William J. Bryan is placed on the platform to again lead the common and obscure people of this land in a contest against the control of the government by those representing the money power of the union.

ALLAN LINE.

NEW YORK to GLASGOW
Via Londonderry.

From company's Pier, foot West 21st St., New York.

Numidian, Sept. 2, Oct. 7; State of Nebraska, Sept. 9, Oct. 14; Mongolian, Sept. 23, Oct. 28.

First Cabin, $45 to $65 single, $85 to $117 round trip. Second cabin, $30 single, $57 return. Steerage, $23.50; prepaid, $24.

Glasgow and Boston, via Londonderry and Galway; Second Cabin, $30 prepaid; Steerage, $21 prepaid.

For descriptive circulars, plans of steamers and other information, apply to H. & A. Allen, 22 State street, Boston, or

Dennis Murphy, 18 Appleton St.

SCHOOL SHOES!

FOR THE CHILDREN.

Now is the time to prepare them for school.

Our Boys' Misses' and Children's Shoes, we carry a complete stock in their line. Our clerks have all grown up in the shoe business, which is a guarantee to give your children the Shoe that nature intended for them. Bring your children to Lowell's Fitters of feet and save money.

High Grade Repairing.

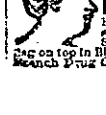
SUNLIGHT Shoe Store

100 CENTRAL ST.

W. S. CRADY

DR. MARTEL'S BOOK,

"Relief for Women"



Sent free in plain, sealed envelope. Write to-day for late Book, containing Particulars and Testimonials of DR. MARTEL'S

French Female Pills.

Prepared by thousands of certified ladies as safe, always reliable and without an equal. Sold by all druggists in metal box, French Tag on top in Blue, White and Red. Take no other. Branch Drug Co., 241 & 243 Pearl St., New York City.

"You see, madam, Ivory Soap is really the most economical. The cake is so large that it easily divides into two cakes of the ordinary size. There is twice as much soap as you get in the usual cake of toilet soap. Then it is very economical in use, for although it lathers quickly, it is always firm and hard, even in hot water. As it floats, you can not lose it or leave it to waste in the bowl. We sell it to all of our best trade for general use."

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MATRIMONIAL.

Miss Mary Walworth Edwardes, a member of the Kirk Street Congregational church choir, was married in New York on Aug. 3 to Jean Sears Millard. The groom is the son of a New York business man who when he died left to his son $200,000. He is a member of the 1901 class of Harvard.

Cramps, Colic, Colds, Croup, Coughs, Toothache,

DIARRHŒA, DYSENTERY, and all BOWEL COMPLAINTS.

A Sure, Safe, Quick Cure for these troubles is

Pain Killer.

(PERRY DAVIS')

Used Internally and Externally.

Two Sizes, 25c. and 50c. bottles.

Now Open,

HOTEL BELVIDERE

Large Sample Rooms FOR DRUMMERS.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

PROBATE COURT.

Middlesex, ss.

To the heirs at law, next of kin and all other persons interested in the estate of Margaret A. Morris, late of Lowell in said County, deceased.

Whereas a certain instrument purporting to be the last will and testament of said deceased has been presented to said Court, for probate, by Mary E. Wilcox, who prays that letters testamentary may be issued to her, the executrix therein named, without giving a surety on her official bond.

You are hereby cited to appear at a Probate Court, to be held at Lowell, in said County of Middlesex, on the nineteenth day of September, A. D. 1899, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any you have, why the same should not be granted.

And said petitioner is hereby directed to give public notice thereof, by publishing this citation once in each week, for three successive weeks, in the Lowell Sun, a newspaper published in Lowell, the last publication to be one day at least before said court.

Witness, Charles J. McIntire, Esquire, First Judge of said Court, this twenty-fifth day of August, in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety nine.

W. E. ROGERS, Assistant Register.

Music Hall

Elaborate and complete production of Joseph Arthur's Greatest Success,

BLUE JEANS.

Presented by an exceptionally strong company of twenty-five people headed by

Lester Wallack, Jr.

A CARLOAD OF SCENERY

Thursday, Friday and Saturday, Sept. 7, 8 and 9, Saturday matinee.

Prices: 10, 15, 20, 25, 35, 50c.

NASHUA, N. H.

FAIR

Sept. 19, 20, 21 and 22, 1899

A HOT TIME ASSURED.

Fine Horse Racing,
Vaudeville,
Tent Shows and the
Best Fakir's Row ever Seen
in this Section of
the Country,
Balloon Ascensions,
Parachute Jumps and
Concerts Daily.

Admission, - 50c

THE LOWELL SUN
JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Proprietor.
SUN BUILDING, LOWELL, MASS.
Member of the Associated Press.
$2.00 Per Year. 25c. Per Month

THEY ALL USE IT

All the prominent merchants in Lowell use The Sun as an advertising medium. They know that it is the cheapest medium in the city on the basis of circulation.

It leads all the other papers in Lowell in circulation.

What is more, it leads any two of them in circulation.

In fact the circulation of The Sun is almost as large as the combined circulation of all the other papers in Lowell put together.

This has been proven by expert examination of the books of all the local papers.

MAYOR CROWLEY TALKS.

"I am perfectly satisfied with the way the police department is enforcing the liquor law.—I have not received a single complaint from anyone regarding the lack of vigilance on the part of the police.—Mr. Harrington of the Sun is a very foolish man.—All of his articles are foolish.—He would rather publish the wrong than the right of anything.—The man is bereft of his senses, if he ever had any.—The ravings of this man Harrington amount to nothing in the eyes of the people."—*Mayor Crowley.*

The above expressions ought to secure the "rum vote" for His Honor, the mayor, without fail.

LABOR DAY CELEBRATION.

The celebration of Labor Day cast all former events of the kind in the shade. It was an ideal celebration on one of the grandest days that it is possible to imagine. The parade reflected great credit upon the various crafts and showed a very distinct improvement in appearance over the bodies of men who turned out on former occasions of this kind. The various features were well designed, timely and appropriate, the mottoes moderate and expressive of the demands of organized labor. A pleasing feature of the parade was the number of ladies and children who brought up the rear. It was right that all should be represented. But perhaps the most gratifying feature of all, the one that most of all indicates the rise of the toilers was the total absence of anything approaching intoxication, either in the line or on the street. Never in the history of Lowell was there such a celebraton with such a total absence of drunkenness. Upon this, as well as upon the general success of the observance, the committees in charge and Chief Marshal Mahoney are to be congratulated.

THE CITIZEN'S MANOEUVRES.

The Citizen without an iota of truth to sustain its contention, persists in trying to make it appear that the contest in the democratic city committee is directed against Mayor Crowley's nomination and that The Sun is a factor in the fight for the purpose of defeating Mayor Crowley. The Sun has taken no part in the controversy which is purely a question of law and not of who will be the next democratic nominee for mayor. But this is as near as the Citizen usually gets to the facts when it undertakes to discuss democratic politics. Just now it is throwing ponderous bouquets at Mayor Crowley but when he becomes again a candidate, it will be amusing to note with what dexterity the Citizen will show its non-partisanship by attacking Mayor Crowley's administration and by boosting the republican candidate. As for The Sun it has not expressed any preference as to a candidate for mayor and will leave the matter entirely to the voters, despite the Citizen's false statements to the contrary. But everybody knows just why the Citizen is at present paying such obsequious deference to Mayor Crowley.

EFFECT OF STATE POLICE SYSTEM IN FALL RIVER.

It will be remembered that a young girl driven to the point of death by ill-treatment in a Fall River hotel, together with the excitement of being brought into police court, told a pitiful story that caused the arrest of her betrayer. In commenting upon the case Judge McDonough spoke as follows of the hotel in which the girl was led to her ruin:

"For weeks there has been a continual string of moral lepers from that establishment into this court, adulterers, lewd and lascivious fornicators and the like. They use the black jack on the guests. The house is a moral death trap, an excrescence on the body politic of Fall River, and it ought to be wiped out as soon as possible, the sooner the better for the city."

That is a nice state of affairs in a city that has a board of police appointed by the governor. Fall River could not be entrusted with the management of its own police department. The state stepped in and appointed the police officials. The condition brought to light in the Fall River police court, and so severely commented upon by Judge McDonough is a result of this police regime. The citizens are powerless to remove the police board and they might almost as well appeal to the Shah of Persia as to ask the governor for their removal. It is further claimed that these brothels exist in Fall River with the knowledge and connivance of the police, which makes the matter still worse.

LIPTON'S RUSE.

Sir Thomas Lipton is endeavoring to make friends among the Irish residents here by a copious diffusion of Blarney. There are undoubtedly good reasons for this. The Englishmen cannot be persuaded that the Irish citizens in this country did not work some scheme on their challenging boats by which the victory for the cup defender was made certain. Sir Thomas may have a conjecture that by using the name "Shamrock" for his boat and the talisman "Erin" for his tug boat and by telling the Irish citizens that if he should win the cup, the first place he will exhibit it will be in "loyal Cork," he will win favor with Irish citizens. All this sounds strange from a man of thoroughly English sympathies but it certainly has some meaning. If he had such an admiration for things Irish, why did he exclude Irishmen from his crew. Irishmen should stand a unit in opposition to the Shamrock and in favor of the Columbia.

The Manchester Union asks this very pertinent question: "If it takes 40,000 men seven months and $100,000,000 to take possession of 3000 square miles of the Island of Luzon, how many men, how many months, and how much money will it require to take and hold the entire island consisting of 51,200 square miles, for all time? And after that calculation has been made there is a chance to figure as to the whole area of the Philippine Islands of about 115,000 square miles."

That is a simple mathematical problem, the answer to which will indicate the success of the administration in the expansion policy. It might be mentioned that the United States troops have been beaten back and that the taking of more territory does not imply its permanent possession.

Lawrence is to stop dumping its garbage in piles in the outskirts of the city. It is to have a crematory and is even now investigating prices and qualities. Lowell has had a crematory but somehow it did not last long nor give much satisfaction while in use. Now we are back where we started. We must get a new crematory or a new method of disposing of the garbage.

The only kind of a war of conquest that would be endorsed by the Irish residents would be one waged to wrest Ireland from England.

OYSTER SEASON

DEALERS LOOKING FOR AN UNUSUALLY GOOD YIELD THE COMING MONTHS.

The embargo on oysters was lifted on Sept. 1, and for eight months thereafter the oyster season will be one of the busiest in every coast city from Maine to Texas.

This season has been an unusually propitious one. There appears to have been no disturbances either by the elements or by predatory enemies, and oyster dealers look forward, not only to a large supply, but to fat and luscious bivalves. The oyster spawns in July and August, and one oyster will yield 16,000,000. These first rise to the surface, but later sink and attach themselves to any hard substance they meet. A very small percentage ever reach maturity.

There was a time, and that not long ago, when to most of the people living away from the coast fresh oysters were unknown. Prior to the improved methods of packing and the introduction of the artificial refrigeration, only that partly cooked variety known as "cove oysters" was obtainable in places remote from the seaboard. But nowadays tub oysters are to be had in almost every hamlet and as far west as Denver one may eat from the shell oysters as fresh and palatable as those put on the table within sight of the waters whence they were taken.

BLEW OUT GAS

MAN NARROWLY ESCAPES DEATH AT WASHINGTON HOUSE.

Joseph Desto came from a place where modern methods of lighting are not used, and as a result nearly lost his life at the Washington House Sunday morning. Desto was found in his room unconscious and the gas turned on almost full force. The ambulance was called and the man was removed to St. John's hospital. After persistent efforts on the part of the doctors there, Desto was restored to consciousness. He blew out the gas, although he was shown how to turn it off by one of the clerks. He belonged in Presque Isle.

HALF-HEARTED STRIKE.

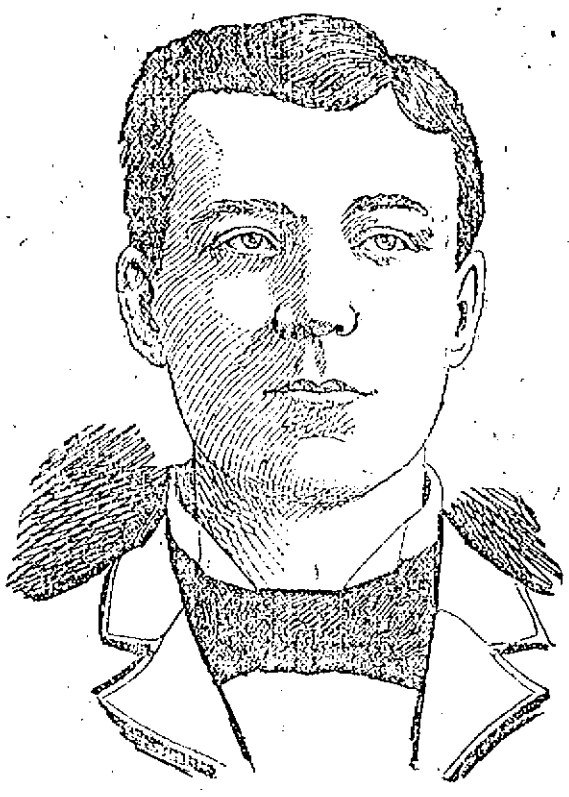
London, Sept. 5.—The strike of the tailors and firemen, which was begun yesterday in a half-hearted fashion, will apparently have only the slightest effect in dislocating the shipping industry. Already The Daily Chronicle, which is the principal labor organ, is urging the ship owners to be generous because "sailors are admittedly unable to organize like other workmen, and their lot is not rosy."

VICTIM OF LEPROSY.

Baltimore, Sept. 5.—Mrs. Mary Sansom died at the Johns Hopkins hospital yesterday of leprosy. Since April 26, 1896, Mrs. Sansom has been in an isolated charity ward of the Johns Hopkins hospital. The body will be cremated.

If you want coal that will burn with the best results, order it of W. E. Livingston, 15 Thorndike street.

The Easy Food
Easy to Buy,
Easy to Cook,
Easy to Eat,
Easy to Digest
Quaker Oats
At all grocers
in 2-lb. pkgs. only



THOMAS F. CONNOLLY, Who Spoke on the Common Last Evening.

BIG LABOR RALLY

Closed the Celebration on South Common

ORGANIZER MALONEY PRINCIPAL SPEAKER

Delivered a Stirring and Timely Address

THOMAS F. CONNOLLY ALSO SPOKE

Persident Convery Acted as Chairman of Meeting

Labor day's celebration closed in the evening with a band concert and a grand labor rally at which thousands were present.

President Joseph F. Convery of the Trades and Labor council presided and the speakers were Thomas F. Connolly of Lowell, J. F. Maloney of Lynn, organizer of the Socialist Labor party, and Daniel A. White of Boston, a member of the Iron Moulders' International union. All three made vigorous speeches and they were frequently interrupted with applause.

In calling the rally to order, Mr. Convery alluded to the fact that while all the unions in Lowell have large memberships they are not as large as they should be and he hoped more people who work at the various crafts will join the branches before the next Labor Day. He announced with regret that Mayor Crowley would not be able to be present and speak on account of a meeting of the board of aldermen. In closing he referred to a statement of the mayor that the labor unions of Lowell ought to be proud of the fine showing they had made.

MR. CONNOLLY'S ADDRESS.

Then Mr. Thomas F. Connolly was introduced and he spoke in part as follows: "I wish to say that the holding of such a rally as this on Labor Day is a new departure from which we expect grand results in the future. Meetings of this kind are not difficult to arrange and it is possible to reach many more people than by hall meetings. That means that we shall have many more such gatherings as this in the future. We have been told that Lowell is behind in the organized labor movement, but after such meetings as this I feel that we shall be able to remove such an impression. Today the laboring men have owned the city of Lowell and throughout the nation the workingman has been king. This is his holiday and all labor has ceased. If the workingman has the power to rule one day, why cannot he rule every day of the year? It is because during the rest of the year he pays little attention to the movement of organization. There is no man or woman who will not admit that organized labor is a benefit to all. All measures by which you are benefited originally in organized labor. There are many questions which now take up the time of the labor unions and one of them is shortening the working day. In closing, Mr. Connolly referred to the effect upon the workingmen of the introduction of various machines and also to the efforts being put forward in favor of an eight hour law by amendment of the constitution.

MR. MALONEY'S ADDRESS.

The speech of the evening was that of Organizer Maloney of Lynn who was next introduced. Mr. Maloney is a forceful speaker and throughout his remarks had his hearers spellbound. He received great applause at frequent intervals and retired amid great cheering.

Mr. Maloney in opening expressed the hope that the laboring people will be mindful of their interests not only on Labor Day in the future but on every other day of the year. When we consider the labor question, we cannot commence one or two years back. It continued, or we cannot go back to the time when the blacks were freed or the time that Washington commanded the army. The question of wealth producing and oppression dates back to the beginning of history. When your schoolboy reads in his book of the slave and the aristocrat of olden times we find that the slaves in those days produced all the wealth. They fought all the battles and were sneered at and despised by the aristocrats, not because of the color of their skin, but because they belonged to a class which had always done the work and carried the others on their backs. It was because they belonged in the same class that you do, the wealth producers. That was their only indictment and they were uncultured, uneducated and mentally undeveloped. We find that the slave of that period got just enough one day to keep him until the next.

There is another class of serfdom which belonged to the middle ages and which was not owned by the individuals, but belonged to the land. They worked three days and were obliged to give the next three days to their employers. They were thus obliged to support a bloodsucking class of society. Consequently all the serf got was just enough to maintain him and to bring up his children so that they might take his place when he was obliged to give up. He was obliged to fight battles from the cradle to the grave. Another branch of serfdom is that caused by capitalism or wage slavery. The slave of olden times produced by his hands and had no machine to aid him. Under the present system of capitalism, where you are not owned body and soul, your master owns the land and building and machinery and owns you for ten or twelve hours every day. Your wages are regulated by the competition among the wage earners. The more men there are idle, the lower your wages go and vice versa. With the machines of the present day, you do more in a day than the serf did in a month and you get just enough for yourself to bring up your children. Your work makes multi-millionaires of your employers.

The average wealth that a man produces according to the census of 1890 is $10 a day and the average wage that he receives is less than $1.25 a day. We learn from the city directory that the Amoskeag mills of Manchester, N. H., have 8000 men and women on their pay roll. The money spent for wages each month is given at $150,000. The result is that the average pay earned by each employe is 72 cents a day or $18.75 a month.

These are your American capitalists who are going to pass laws for your benefit. Not on your life. In that same factory, while some men may get $5 a day, there are children working for 10, 20, and 30 cents a day. These are the children of the class that you belong to. Those capitalists are the men who go to Europe and get titled foreigners for their daughters to marry. You don't get wages enough to buy back what you produce. When overproduction comes there is sure to follow a panic and the great parties blame each other. The capitalist does not care whether you die or not or whether your children are educated or not. The capitalist uses the wage-earners no better than they were used on the other side of the water. Your labor power is sold to them.

Go to Quality Hill and see the fine houses that the capitalists live in and then go to Little Canada and Winter street and William street, and see the difference. The capitalists are the people that live on your back. The speaker made a passing reference to Col. Guild and the interests that he represents and touched upon the Philippine question. He criticized Henry Cabot Lodge for inconsistency. In closing he said that the capitalist belongs to a class that is of no use to the wage-earners outside of stealing the results of their labors, no more necessary than a flea is to a dog's happiness. He predicted the triumphant victory of organized labor in the years to come.

Mr. White was then introduced and after praising Mr. Maloney's address, he explained in an interesting manner how the iron moulders' union of Boston had by organization increased since 1895, the minimum wages of members of the craft from $9 a week to $16.50. In the beginning there was but a small union on account of the preceding hard times. Then men were obliged to work as many hours as the bosses saw fit to have them. If anyone protested he was sure to receive his discharge and another man who was waiting would quickly take his place. In September, 1895, almost every iron moulder in Boston was in the union and then began a gradual improvement in our condition. We gradually got up to $2.50 a day and then to $2.75.

I, as a moulder, have been able to participate in all those good things and have been able to carry home to my family the increased wages brought about by the organization of the union. Every union can do the same thing if you will all work together. The moulders of various cities are better off than ever before. The bricklayers in Boston were working for $1.75 a day in 1881 and 1882 and through organization they have got up to 45 cents an hour for every hour they work. In closing, the speaker enlarged upon the benefits that are sure to come from organization.

Mr. Convery brought the meeting to a close by thanking the crowd for their attention and also thanking the mayor and city government for the appropriation made.

Do You Know Uneeda Biscuit ?

Get acquainted to-day. Don't wait until to-morrow. Ask your grocer for a package. Taste them. Never sold in bulk. Put up in 5 cent packages. Take no imitations.

BOXING GOSSIP.

Mike Sears may be matched to box Joe Bernstein before one of the big New York clubs this month. Billy Roche may join Mike with his stable of boxers, in which event the little Lynn feather would get a chance to meet some of the good ones in his class the winter over in Gotham. "Nothing would suit me better than to box Bernstein, or Dave Sullivan, for that matter, for a suitable purse and neither of them will have anything on me when the battle is over," says the Shoe City boxer. The Hawthorne A. C. made Sears an offer to meet Sullivan the latter part of this month, but if the match with Bernstein is arranged it will be boxed about Sept. 28 in Brooklyn or New York. Sears leaves for Montreal for a short barnstorming trip this week, where he will spar lads in his class.

California seems to be sending out all the great pugilists nowadays. There is Jim Corbett, Jim Jeffries, the champion, Tom Sharkey, Jim Kennedy and the latest prize ring star from the Golden state is Jim Jeffords. Jeffords, from all appearances, is a coming world beater. Only last week he met and defeated the once famous Peter Jackson, who in his prime was considered one of the greatest heavyweight fighters the world has ever seen, and Monday night he knocked out Nick Burley of California in two minutes. Burley is well known in the east having fought several battles here a few years ago. A man who has never been heard of, who defeats two men of Jackson and Burley's calibre in such a short time certainly will bear watching.

Joe Flaherty, the well-known local lightweight, wants to meet Joe Mullen of Boston, who is said to be matched with Tim Kearns. Flaherty has already defeated Mullen twice, but he don't mind doing the trick again, he says, if Mullen is willing to meet him. Joe may go to Worcester soon and open a boxing school there. He is said to be a great favorite in that city.

George Dixon will in all likelihood be matched to meet Will Curley, the English featherweight, who is coming to this country shortly. Curley is under contract to Billy Brady to box before the Coney Island Sporting club, in which Brady is interested. Dixon and Curley will meet at this club some time this month.

The victor in the coming Flaherty-Gardner fight will be matched to meet Ben Jordan, the English featherweight champion, and the winner of this contest will then be matched to meet the victor of the Dixon-Curley bout for the featherweight championship of the world. In this event Flaherty stands more than an equal chance of yet being the world's champion, which is the goal of his ambition.

Tommy Ryan, the Syracuse welterweight, and Kid McCoy, who aspired one time to be a heavyweight, do not speak as they pass by. This state of affairs has lasted for some time, according to those who say they know. Some go so far as to say that the feeling between them is almost as bitter as that between Corbett and Fitzsimmons. Rumor has it that Corbett will be in Jack Moffatt's corner when the latter goes against Ryan at Dubuque to-night. When Ryan saw McCoy go down and out at Chicago the other night and while the seconds were being counted, he remarked: "I told you so." There is nothing so aggravating to McCoy as to have his rival utter that time-worn gag, but on top of that Ryan let go the following interview, which will make the kid happier still: "McCoy is romping around the country meeting stiffs that a healthful featherweight would scoff at. He ducks this one and takes on that one, but when a man with an earnest desire and ample backing comes along he begins to impose impossible weights and other conditions. He once got a decision over me when I had a kneecap upon which I could hardly stand. If I am fortunate enough to win the decision over Moffatt, any reputable club offering a suitable purse can consider me signed, if the Hoosier accepts."

Certainly a match between McCoy and Ryan would be interesting. Manager Wilson of the Hawthorne A. C. of Buffalo has been striving for some time to have them meet before his organization and settle their long-standing argument. Perhaps he may be successful, though some people maintain that Ryan and McCoy are averse to facing each other in the same ring.

Beecham's pills for constipation 10¢ and 25¢. Get the book at your druggist's and go by it.

Annual sales more than 6,000,000 boxes.

JAS. MORAN WON

Two Firsts and One Second Prize

INGRAHAM GETS TWO FIRSTS

Moran Establishes Track Record of 2.16

The Spindle City Wheelmen held their ninth race meet at the Fair Grounds Saturday, which proved to be a successful one despite the bad condition of the weather. The attendance was unusually large for such a dreary and wet day. The track was in poor condition, some of the places on the back stretch being all mud. The home stretch was the best part of the track, and that was not in a decent condition, it being very heavy.

James Moran of Chelsea, the champion amateur rider of the world, and J. F. Ingraham, of Lynnfield, took the cream of the prizes. Everything seemed to come their way and they found no difficulty in winning their events. Moran won the half mile open, one-mile handicap and got second in the five mile handicap. Ingraham won his match race with Moran and the five mile handicap.

Ingraham's trainer did not think there woud be any races on account of the rain, and therefore he did not come to Lowell. Upon Ingraham's arrival on the track he found no trainer or wheel.

On the whole Ingraham made a very good showing, he having to ride on four different wheels during the meet.

In the competition races with the out of town riders, the local men failed to get a first prize. Horace Lefebvre did some good riding; he won a second and a fourth.

There were but eight starters in the novice race and it was run off in one heat. It was a regular drag from the beginning, Morin winning, with McLaughlin, about three wheellengths behind. Just as the bunch was crossing the tape, W. T. Shore swerved his wheel and took a tumble he was not hurt, however.

In the first heat of the one-mile handicap Moran and Ingraham were on scratch, with Keegan on the 60-yard mark next. The scratch men paced each other and at the end of the first lap, they caught the limit men and after that the race belonged to them; Moran finishing first with Ingraham a close second.

Hargraves was the only scratch man in the second heat, and the limit men made it hot for him, but he succeeded in catching them. He finished fifth in the heat. He appeared to ride easy when he knew he would get a place.

In the final heat of the mile handicap there were three scratch men. Coming down the home stretch Hargraves and Ingraham got shut out, Moran winning first.

The one-half mile open was the next event run off. It was scheduled to be run off in two heats, but on account of there being only seven starters it was decided to run it off in one heat. This race was pretty hot from beginning to end.

Ingraham dropped out on the back stretch on account of the strange wheel he was riding, and Moran and Hargraves had it neck and neck down the home stretch, Moran winning out by some inches.

There were five tandem teams entered in the Australian tandem pursuit race, but only three rode. The Haverhill team were not there and Keegan and O'Brien, who were going to ride the other tandem, did not feel like riding on the heavy track. The P. A. C.'s, S. C. W. and the Vixen tandem were the three starters. The S. C. W. team was passed by the P. A. C.'s at 2 1-4 miles and the P. A. C. 's overtook the Vixens at the end of five miles.

The five mile handicap was the most exciting race of the day. Moran, Ingraham and Hargraves rode from scratch and the next man was 200 yards ahead of them. They kept plugging all the time, changing pace now and then. On the beginning of the third mile Ingraham made one of his long sprints and caught the limit men. He rode around the bunch and held them back until Moran and Hargraves caught up. On the three quarters pole the sprint was started, Ingraham, Moran and Hargraves crossing the tape in the order named, with H. Lefebvre in fourth place.

In the final heat of the one-mile handicap Moran lowered the one-mile competition record of the track to 2.16.

The summary:

One mile novice, won by J. Morin, Lowell; J. McLaughlin, Lowell, second; time 2.42 3-5.

One mile handicap—First trial heat won by J. Moran, Chelsea, scratch; J. F. Ingraham, Lynnfield, scratch, second; P. Keegan, Lowell, 60 yards, third; E. A. Lynde, Lowell, 120 yards, fourth; T. S. Murphy, Lowell, 90 yards, fifth; time 2.20. Second trial heat won by P. Dion, West Chelmsford, 120 yards, M. F. O'Brien, Lowell, 65 yards, second; . Lefebvre, Lowell, 120 yards, third; W. A. Mitchell, Lowell, 110 yards, fourth; C. N. Hargraves, Saxonville, scratch, fifth; time 2.21 2-5. Final heat won by J. Moran, scratch; . Lefebvre, 130 yards, second; W. A. Mitchell, 110 yards, third; time, 2.16.

One-half mile open won by J. Moran, Chelsea; C. N. Hargraves, Saxonville, second; M. O'Brien, Lowell, third; time 1.10 1-5.

One-mile scratch race between James Moran and J. F. Ingraham. Best two heats out of three. First heat won by J. F. Ingraham, time 2.20. Second and final heat won by J. F. Ingraham, time 2.35 3-5.

Australian tandem pursuit race, won by P. A. C. tandem, McIntosh and Hoyle, distance 5 miles, time 11.47 2-5.

Five-mile handicap, won by J. F. Ingraham, Lynfield, scratch; James Moran, Chelsea, scratch, second; C. N. Hargraves, Saxonville, scratch, third; H. Lefebvre, Lowell, 275 yards, fourth; time 13.13.

Twelfth School Year

Isaac Pitman School of Shorthand.

F. BLANCHE BARD, Principal.

We open the fall term at REDUCED RATES. Call or send for catalogue for 1900. Hundreds of graduates placed in business houses by this school. Both Miss Hall and her instructors members of the Eastern Commercial Teachers Association. The high standard of this association assures graduates of good positions. Typewriting, up-to-date methods, all-day session. Fall term Tuesday, September 6. Day and evening.

31 Hildreth Building.

OLD COMMITTEE

Is the Legal One Says Solicitor Qua

OPINION RENDERED TO BOARD OF ALDERMEN

On Democratic City Committee Dispute

At last night's special meeting of the board of aldermen, City Solicitor Qua gave a verbal opinion to the board that the democratic city committee, known as the committee of 1898, is the present legal organization and is entitled to the use of the polling stations on the night of Sept. 11.

The meeting was the second of the day, Solicitor Qua failing to appear at the first and when requested by Mayor Crowley to give an opinion on the question, was loath to do so, saying: "Let them fight it out themselves."

But finally he rendered the decision as above and spoke in part as follows:

"In the first place, I fail to see why it is necessary for this board to determine which is the legal committee. It is for the board to decide where caucuses will be held, not to debate upon the legality of either committee. Suppose the board thinks one of the committees is entitled legally to the polling stations, there is nothing to stop the other committee from also taking possession.

"There is another reason which makes me hesitate. In a situation of this kind, a man cannot very well give an opinion without being accused of partiality.

"I assume that there was a committee organized under the law of 1898. This committee should have called caucuses to elect their successors in December of the same year. As it was, their successors were not elected until the spring of the present year. It may have been a wrong and wicked thing to do, but I cannot find that because of their neglect they are now out of office. According to the law they remain in office until the first of the year, when the committee elected in the past spring assumes the right of office. No matter how dishonest it may have been this failure in December of 1898 to call caucuses for the election of their successors, the law points to but one conclusion."

Alderman Derby moved that the superintendent of lands and buildings be instructed to prepare the polling stations. Voted. It was said that ward five is without a polling place. Supt. Gillow will be authorized to look up a place. Aldermen Derby, Taylor and Miskella were appointed a committee to designate polling stations for state and city elections. Adjourned.

CO. C'S SHOOT.

Several members of Co. C went to the rifle range in Dracut Saturday and held a practice shooting match. The following is the score of the men who attended: Gannon, 200 yards, 45-48; McQuesten, 200 yards, 38; Chandler, 20 yards, 43; Chandler, 500 yards, 40; McQuesten, 500 yards, 41.

it's neglect of throat and bronchial troubles that leads to death-dealing disease.

HALE'S HONEY OF HOREHOUND AND TAR

No wonder Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar is praised by its users. Its curative effects are like magic. Sold by druggists.

Pike's Toothache Drops cure in one minute.

DIAMOND DUTY.

Is so small now that it really doesn't pay to smuggle in stones.

We have just received a consignment of diamonds, set and unset.

Every one of them is of fine quality, clear, lustrous, and of splendid color. All sizes. The prices range from $12 to $350, according to size and brilliancy, but all are remarkably good value.

HARRIS'S

10 APPLETON STREET.

TIPS FROM TILLMAN

For the People of New England to Consider

Must Not Think They Have a Monopoly of Brains—Race Problem Should be Settled Before We Tackle Another at the Antipodes

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Providence, R. I., Sept. 5.—The second meeting of the New England Bimetallic league at Crescent Park was a much greater success than that of Sunday in point of attendance, weather and surroundings. Representative Democrats from all the New England states occupied the platform beside the announced speakers.

It was a representative labor audience, as the holiday and the other attractions of Crescent Park drew the laboring men of the district to the spot, and their attention to the arguments was evinced by the frequent applause which greeted salient ponts.

Mayor Greene of Woonsocket opened the session and introduced as presiding officer John E. Conley of Providence. H. O. Kent of Lancaster, N. H., General Warner of Marietta, O., and Rev. Robert E. Bisbee of East Pepperell, Mass., argued in favor of the remonetization of silver, after which resolutions declaring for free silver, against militarism and urging the nomination of W. J. Bryan for president, were unanimously adopted.

There was a burst of enthusiasm when Senator Tillman of South Carolina was introduced, and his address was punctuated with cheers throughout. He alluded to his southern home, and stated that the Spanish war was worth all it cost if it has proved nothing else than the south will fight for the Stars and Stripes as eagerly as will the north. He argued that unless the policy of the government is shanged soon, the republic is doomed, and it will become a government of \oppression of the many by the few. He praised New England highly for what it had done for the country, but called attention to the fact that there were people enough south and west of the Potomac and the Mississippi to elect a president without the aid of New England.

He claimed that the people of New England were greatly fooled by the newspapers. He said he represented the "man with the hoe," so he could not be blamed for presenting the opinions of the farmers.

New England now has no agriculture so its people cannot realize how matters look to the farmers who have to till the soil for a living. He claimed the farmer is discriminated against in Washington and robbed of his rights. That New England was driven to manufactures instead of agriculture was to its credit, because it realized that in the latter industry it could not compete with the west and south.

Mr. Tillman said that he did not blame New England for the policy of wanting America for Americans, but he claimed that the people of the south and west wanted all of the Americans to have a finger in the pie. The price of the western products is regulated by the volume of money, said he, and these people have been legislated against in the interest of the English and the eastern bondholders. The west and south is hedged in by the east and compelled to sell their products at the market prices of Europe, which are lower than those of the east.

He explained the methods of forming trusts, and said that the day when the wages in America fall to the level of Europe is not far distant if the present policy of combinations is continued. If the protective tariff which protects trusts, but not the people, is continued, the result will be that the western farmers will become so poor that they cannot buy the products of the east and the goose that laid the golden egg will be killed. He argued that in this event the people of New England will have only their own blind greed and desire to get a dishonest dollar to blame for it.

The senator alluded to the attitude of the present administration toward the colored people of the country and reviewed the result of the civil war, stating that there were a half million graves in this country dedicated to the cause of freedom and equality for every man, and half of them were those of southerners. He referrred, amid cheering, to the oppression of the Filipinos, who are fighting for the same principles as did the American people in 1776. In reference to Hawaii he claimed that the sugar stock and contract labor stock there was owned in New England, and the New England senators who voted for annexation did nothing toward freeing the contract slaves and poor negroes there from their bondage.

He said that while he believed, and always will, that the negro is not the equal of the white man, still he believed in giving him his legal rights, barring the political side. He said the negro did not know enough to vote, and in South Carolina the white people had succeeded in disenfranchising them until they can read and write.

In reference to the Philippine question Mr. Tillman asked if it was right to free Cuba because Spain was shooting Cubans to death, how it was to be reconciled with the fact that the United States, who now owned the Philippines, was now shooting the Filipinos to death. He said that the arguments now used by the administration are the same as those used by George III. in the last century. He said that he believed the president is honest in his belief that he is doing his duty, but claimed that he only looked at the one fact that the United States bought the islands from Spain. He asked where the honor was in the Philippines war, and, as the New England people had been accused of having a love for the almighty dollar, he asked where the money was in it for them.

He argued that until the American nation had settled one race problem here, it had no right to tackle another across the Pacific. He claimed that in New England the negro was hedged in by certain rules, but in the south he has full swing. If the people of New England object to the way those in the south treat the negro in the manner of lynching him for ravishing women, they can do nothing about it, and he claimed that if New England would not do the same under similar conditions he would blush to own a relationship. He stated that the negro in the south never was and never would be capable of voting. He said that although the south had been outlawed by legislation since the war, yet it had paid its own proportionate share of the pensions to the soldiers who had shot the confederates to death.

He said New England had need to wake up to the fact that it was not the whole United States, and had not a monopoly of brains. He said his lesson learned from the Spanish war was that he will not in the future allow any New Englander to step on his toes and patronize him. The south and South Carolina did its full duty then and will at any time send as many men in proportion to its population as any state to any war of decency and honor, but it will not send a regiment to the Philippines.

MISS ATKINSON IS CHAMPION.

Chicago, Sept. 5.—By defeating Miss Myrtle McAleer of Pittsburg in the championship round of the woman's western championship tennis tournament at Kenwood Country club, Miss Juliette P. Atkinson of Brooklyn retained her title of champion of the west in singles. The play throughout was exciting and brilliant.

PLEADED NOT GUILTY.

Wakefield, R. I., Sept. 5.—Andrew Weeden, who is charged with murdering his wife, Mary Weeden, at Narragansett Pier, Aug. 26 last, was brought before the district court here yesterday. He pleaded not guilty. The case was continued until Sept. 11.

WORK FOR HIGH COURT.

Paris, Sept. 5.—President Loubet has issued a decree assembling the senate on Sept. 18 as a high court. It is understood that the trials will include charges both of conspiracy and attempts against the internal safety of the state.

CREW PROBABLY LOST.

Goderich, Ont., Sept. 5.—Schooner Lisgar of Toronto has been lost about 60 miles from here. She went down under stress of weather. It is feared the crew are all lost.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

The Chinese foreign office has offered the Italians mining rights in the Ning-Hai district, but the grant is entirely unsatisfactory to Italy and is likely to cause complications.

The British foreign office denies the statement cabled to a New York newspaper that concessions on the Alaskan boundary question have been decided upon.

Prominent tobacco merchants at Havana say the enormous decrease of $7,000,000 in the tobacco output of Cuba for 1898 was due principally to the war. The constant tendency to decrease, however, is due, according to the tobacco merchants, to increased taxes placed by foreign governments upon Havana cigars.

The navy department has no apprehension as to the safety of the training ship Monongahela, which is said to be overdue at Annapolis.

The duel between the editors of El Porvenir and Cubano Libre, which was to have taken place at Santiago, did not occur, both parties having been arrested. The pugnacious journalists were liberated after a short detention.

The Dublin corporation has granted a site near the rotunda in Upper Sackville street for the proposed statue of Charles Stewart Parnell.

The war department has given instructions for the removal of the United States troops garrisoning Fort St. Phillip and Jackson barracks near New Orleans. This action is purely precautionary and results from the difficulty experienced in getting the troops out of Key West.

Dr. Bosse, Prussian minnister of public instruction, and Baron Von Der Recke Von Der Horst, minister of the interior, have been relieved of their portfolios at their own request.

Patrick Moran, aged 37, was knocked down by a railroad shifter at Nashua, N. H. Both legs were later amputated at the hospital. He will die.

WAITING FOR AN ANSWER.

Pretoria, Sept. 5.—In the course of an interview yesterday State Secretary Reitz said the Transvaal government was waiting until Saturday's dispatch reached the imperial authorities before making its contents public. Without entering into details, he could say that in his judgment, the proposals of the government offered Mr. Chamberlain an opportunity of coming to a settlement regarding the franchise and other outstanding questions. He could also say that the Transvaal would take part in the suggested conference and was now awaiting the imperial government's reply in order to arrange the details as to a place of meeting.

AGED WOMAN KILLED.

Bangor, Me., Sept. 5.—Mrs. Mary E. Morrill of Brewer, aged 82, was killed last evening by a Maine Central train. She leaves a husband, son and one sister.

SPRUNG A SURPRISE

Prosecution in Dreyfus Case Produces New Witness

Testimony Viewed With Suspicion—The Military Clique Getting Some Hard Knocks

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Rennes, Sept. 5.—Monday's session of the Dreyfus court martial opened rather badly for Captain Dreyfus, as a surprise was sprung upon the defence in the advent of an Austrian political refugee, Eugene Cernuschi, who came out with a flatfooted denunciation of the accused, which, even though it may eventually prove a pure fairy tale, is bound for the moment to exercise a malignant influence upon the French people, who have not seen Cernuschi, and are thus unable to form a personal opinion of the man who launched these direct accusations against Captain Dreyfus.

against him. Nobody even suspects that he is what he claims to be, a scion of the royal Servian house. On the contrary, one would take him to be a groom dressed in his best Sunday suit.

Cernuschi's testimony, which was in the form of a letter to the president of the court-martial, Colonel Jouaust, was most unequivocal. He claimed that, on three distinct occasions, twice in France and once at Geneva, he was told by a high placed foreign officer that Dreyfus had communicated treasonable documents to a foreign power. In the third instance Cernuschi said that the officer showed him documents emanating from Dreyfus, and that this officer left France hurriedly two days prior to the arrest of Captain Dreyfus. The allusion was evidently to Colonel Schwartzkoppen, the military attache of the German embassy in Paris in 1894, whose movements were coincident with those described as the movements of the officer of Cernuschi's deposition.

Now this evidence is of transcendent importance to the prosecution, and it is incredible, unless Cernuschi is proved to be a humbug, that the government commissary, Major Carriere, should have admitted that he had received a letter from him offering important testimony and thrown it aside on the ground of its coming from a political refugee. The deposition evoked expressions of incredulity. One suspicious feature was the fact that, although the witness said he could not speak French fluently, his letter to Colonel Jouaust, asking an opportunity to testify, was drawn up in perfect French. He explained that he had been assisted by his wife in writing the letter.

This introduction of a foreigner as a witness for the prosecution gave Maitre Labori an opportunity to submit the most important request he has made throughout the trial, a request which, if granted by Colonel Jouaust, though this is extremely doubtful, would certainly have momentous consequences. Maitre Labori announced his intention, in view of the step taken by the prosecution in calling foreign evidence, to ask that inquiry should be made through the regular diplomatic channels as to whether the documents mentioned in the bordereau were actually communicated, and if so by whom. This involves an application to the German government, which the court-martial is scarcely likely to approve. In any case the application means the lengthening of the trial for several weeks.

Cernuschi will be heard today behind closed doors. At the same time there will probably be an examination of the secret dossier to which Captain Guignet referred yesterday, and which Maitre Labori immediately asked to have produced in court. This dossier consists of 12 or 14 documents, and it is difficult to see why, if they had any value, the etat major have not had them produced earlier. The etat major are not in the habit of holding back documents calculated to prove of the slightest service to their cause, as is shown in the case of the note concerning M. Hadamard's doubts of the innocence of his cousin, which was incorrect, but was nevertheless included in the secret dossier; while the important document stating on the authority of the French minister in Rome that an Italian military attache paid Esterhazy 200,000 francs was studiously omitted from the secret dossier. It is perfectly evident that the Italian attache did not pay Esterhazy such a sum on account of, as the French say, his beautiful eyes; and the document was the best evidence that Esterhazy is the traitor. Nevertheless, the etat major carefully kept it out of view.

M. Painleve, the distinguished mathematician, cornered General Gonse on the latter's falsified version of M. Hadamard's remarks concerning Captain Dreyfus, and the manner in which Gonse squirmed and his woe-begone appearance almost aroused pity for him.

General Roget also appeared to begin to feel at last the cruel strokes the etat major have been receiving of late. He showed naught of his cruel, brazen front yesterday. On the contrary, his face was quite livid when he left the stage after a very poor display, and he quitted the courtroom as soon as the proceedings were over, excusing himself to his brother generals, Mercier and others of a higher grade, on the ground of feeling unwell.

The session ended with an exposure by M. Hennion, chief of the Paris detectives, of the disgraceful tactics of the etat major in suppressing his report in favor of Captain Dreyfus and inserting a document more or less unfavorable to him.

BOSTONS WON

By Sharp Fielding in Yesterday's Game

THE SCORE 7 TO 4 WITH BALTIMORE

Other Games in Which Surprises Appear

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Boston, Sept. 5.—Boston won by heady work on the bases. Willis was wild and was hit hard, especially in the ninth, but sharp fielding by the Bostons kept their opponent's score down. Crisham was presented with a diamond ring in the second inning and responded by striking out. Smith was put out of the game in the fifth for striking Umpire McGarr. Attendance, 8700.

Boston.	AB	R	BH	PO	A	E
Hamilton, c. f.	2	0	1	1	0	0
Tenney, 1 b.	4	0	0	8	0	0
Long, s. s.	2	0	1	3	2	0
Stahl, r. f.	4	0	0	2	0	0
Collins, 3 b.	4	0	1	1	0	0
Duffy, l. f.	3	1	0	3	0	0
Lowe, 2 b.	4	1	2	0	5	0
Bergen, c.	4	2	1	9	1	0
Willis, p.	3	0	1	0	5	0
Totals	30	4	7	27	13	0

Baltimore.	AB	R	BH	PO	A	E
Fultz, 3 b.	5	0	2	0	3	1
Holmes, l. f.	4	0	3	1	0	0
Demont, 2 b.	4	0	1	4	1	0
Brodie, c. f.	4	0	1	4	0	0
Kelster, s. s.	4	1	0	2	2	1
Sheckard, r. f.	4	0	2	1	0	0
Crisham, 1 b.	4	0	1	6	0	0
Smith, c.	2	0	0	2	1	0
Robinson, c.	2	0	1	3	1	1
Howell, p.	3	0	0	1	3	0
*Harris	0	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	35	1	11	24	11	3

*Batted for Howell in the fourth.

Boston ....0 0 1 2 0 0 1 0 —4
Baltimore ....0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—1

Earned runs—Boston, 2. Two-base hit—Holmes. Three-base hits—Sheckard, Lowe. Stolen bases—Long, Kelster, Hamilton. Double plays—Keister, Demont and Crisham. First on balls—By Willis, 1; by Howell, 5. Struck out—By Willis, 6; by Howell, 3. Umpires—Snyder and McGarr.

At St. Louis— r bh e
Louisville ....1 4 0 1 5 1 2 0 0—14 18 3
St. Louis ....0 0 0 0 0 0 2 0 0— 2 7 5

Batteries — Philippi and Zimmer; Young, McBride and Schreck.

r bh e
St. Louis ....0 0 0 2 0 0 0 0—2 6 3
Louisville ....0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0—1 3 2

Batteries—Powell and Schreck; Woods and Zimmer. Called on account of darkness.

At Cincinnati— r bh e
Cincinnati ....1 0 2 2 0 0 1 0 —6 10 1
Cleveland ....0 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0—3 12 1

Batteries—Hawley and Peitz; Hughey and McAllister.

r bh e
Cincinnati ....1 0 0 4 2 0 1 0 —8 9 2
Cleveland ....0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0—1 4 6

Batteries—Taylor and Wood; Schmidt and Duncan.

At Chicago— r bh e
Pittsburg ....0 0 0 0 0 2 3 0 2—7 13 3
Chicago ....0 1 0 0 0 0 1 0 0—2 9 1

Batteries—Tannehill and Schriver; Griffith and Chance.

r bh e
Chicago ....0 1 0 1 0 0 2 0 0—4 12 6
Pittsburg ....1 1 0 0 2 0 0 0 0—4 9 3

Batteries — Taylor, Donahue and Chance; Chesbro and Bowerman. Called on account of darkness.

At New York— r bh e
Brooklyn ....0 0 0 0 1 0 0 4 0—5 6 5
New York ....0 2 2 0 0 0 0 0 0—4 10 5

Batteries—Hughes and Farrell; Seymour and Wilson.

At Brooklyn— r bh e
Brooklyn ....0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 2—3 7 2
New York ....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 2 0—2 7 0

Batteries—Kennedy and McGuire; Gettig and Wilson.

At Philadelphia— r bh e
Philadelphia ..0 0 0 0 0 1 1 0 0 1—3 5 2
Washington ..0 2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—2 9 4

Batteries—Platt and McFarland; McFarland and Roach.

r bh e
Philadelphia ..0 3 0 0 7 3 0 4 —17 18 2
Washington ...0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0— 0 5 5

Batteries—Fraser and McFarland; Weyhing and Roach.

WHO GETS THE PENNANT?

Newport, R. I., Sept. 5.—This city claims the New England championship pennant in the second series, which ended yesterday, on the ground that Manchester did not have any postponed games to play with Portland, and that the two games between Manchester and Portland yesterday finished the schedule of the Manchester team. It is also claimed that four games played in Manchester yesterday afternoon were outside the schedule and could not be figured in the final standings and relative positions of the club when their schedules were finished. The pennant is claimed by the management of the Newport team by the following table:

	Won.	Lost.	Per C.
Newport	17	8	.680
Manchester	16	9	.640
Portland	12	14	.461
Taunton	5	19	.283

Manchester, N. H., Sept. 5.—Manchester's claim to the pennant is based on the following standing:

	Won.	Lost.	Per C.
Manchester	20	9	.690
Newport	17	8	.680
Portland	12	18	.400
Taunton	5	19	.288

N. Y. DEMOCRATS

Endorsed the Chicago Platform in Mass Meeting

New York, Sept. 5.—The Chicago platform Democrats held a meeting last night in Cooper Union. John P. Altgeld, Former Judge Tarvin and Congressman Lentz were the speakers. Each one declared for the nomination of William J. Bryan and against the policy of President McKinley in the Philippines. Resolutions were read fully endorsing the Chicago platform; pledging the earnest efforts of those present to the nomination and election of William J. Bryan to the presidency in 1900; declaring that the war against the Philippines is a grossly immoral assault on American principles of government and a brutal attempt to crush a weak people, who are bravely contending for the exercise of God-given rights of self-government; condemning the action of President McKinley in relation to the Philippines; holding that all trusts are destructive of industrial and individual liberty; favoring the abolition of all special privileges and governmental ownership and operation of all monopolies; recognizing that the liberty of the American people is being destroyed.

BOAT UPSET.

Torrington, Conn., Sept. 5.—Michael Lynch, a farmhand, and Arthur Ahern, who resided with his parents here, were drowned in Battam lake yesterday by the upsetting of a boat. The drowned men were each about 25 years of age.

ANOTHER POLAR EXPEDITION.

London, Sept. 5.—A dispatch to The Daily Chronicle from Christiana says that Baron Von Toll, a Russian, has purchased a sealing vessel and will undertake an expedition into the north polar regions next spring.

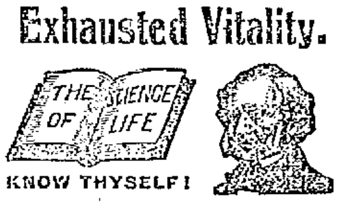
DO IT YOURSELF.

It is easy to tell whether your Kidneys are diseased. Take a bottle or glass tumbler and fill it with urine. If there is a sediment—a powder-like substance—after standing a day and night, there is something wrong with the Kidneys. Other sure signs of disease are a desire to urinate often, pain in the back, or if your urine stains linen.

There is no question that Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy is the best and surest medicine in the world for diseases of the Kidneys, Liver, Bladder and Blood, Rheumatism, Dyspepsia and Chronic Constipation. It quickly relieves and cures inability to hold urine and the necessity of getting up a number of times during the night. It puts an end to that scalding pain when passing urine and corrects the bad effects of whiskey and beer. It is sold for one dollar a bottle at all drug stores.

Send your full post office address to the DR. DAVID KENNEDY CORPORATION, Rondout, N. Y., and mention this paper. They will then mail you a trial bottle of Favorite Remedy and a valuable medical pamphlet free, giving full directions for its use. Every reader of this paper can depend upon the genuineness of this liberal offer, and all sufferers from the diseases mentioned above should take advantage of it at once.

Exhausted Vitality.



KNOW THYSELF!

Nervous and Physical Debility,

Premature Decline, Impotency, Atrophy, (wasting), Varicocele, Stricture, the Errors of Youth, the Excesses of Mature Years, and all DISEASES and WEAKNESSES of MEN, from Whatever Cause Arising, scientifically treated, quickly and radically cured at the old reliable

PEABODY MEDICAL INSTITUTE,

No. 4 Bulfinch St., (opposite Revere House), Boston, Mass. Established in 1860. This renowned Institution publishes the staunch and far-famed, popular and unequaled Medical Treatise entitled

THE SCIENCE OF LIFE; or SELF PRESERVATION,

a Book For Every Man, married or single, young, middle aged or old. It is a private Treasure Casket on the above named and kindred subjects. It contains 370 pages, 12 mo., 125 invaluable prescriptions for Acute and Chronic diseases, each one of which is worth more than five times the price of the book and should be in the possession of every sensible prudent man for ready reference. It is the Grand Prize Essay, for which was awarded the Gold Medal by the National Medical Association. Price, only $1, by mail, double sealed and strictly private, guaranteed as represented in every instance. The distinguished author and Chief Consulting Physician to the Peabody Institute graduated from the Harvard Medical College, class 1864, and was Surgeon to the 5th Regt. Mass. Volunteers during the war of the Rebellion. The first assistant Physician to the Institute graduated from the old College of Physicians and Surgeons, class 1896. These Physicians Cure Where Others Fail. After many years of careful study and extensive research they guarantee a positive cure in every case of Rheumatism treated. Consultation in person or by mail, 9 to 6. Sundays, 10 to 1. The Diagnostician or Know Thyself Manual, a Vade Mecum of Medical Science for All; price 50 cents, but sent free sealed, to every male reader of this paper of this date, mentioning this paper, enclosing 6c. for postage.

"The Peabody Medical Institute has many imitators, but no equals."—Boston Herald.

After a

Bath

Dr. H. C. Bullock, of Hartford, says: You will find Comfort Powder the best in the world. It makes a delicate covering over the sensitive skin, cures heat eruptions, chafing, and roughness.

Comfort Powder

renders the flesh sweet, smooth, and healthy. It should be in every house for every mother, father, and babe. Please try it.

Toilet Stores. 25c. and 50c. Sample free.
COMFORT POWDER CO., HARTFORD, CT.

Boston & Maine Railroad

Corrected to June 26, 1898. Trains leave Merrimack Street Depot, Lowell, as follows:

For Boston, 6.43, 6.25, §6.42, *7.45, *8.04, *9.15, *9.40, 11 a m; 1.40, *3.00, 4.35, *5.41 p m. SUNDAYS, 8.45 a m.

Trains leave Middlesex Street Station Lowell as follows:

For Boston, 5.45, 6.23, §6.45, w6.50, 7.01, *7.20, *7.25, 7.31, *7.45, *7.50, w*8.03, *8.07, *8.19, w9.05, *9.50, w10.50, 11.00, *11.14 a m; w12.05, 12.15, w12.16, 1.45, w2.51, w3.10, *3.18, *3.47, w3.53, *4.04, 4.28, w4.15, 6.22, *5.19, w6.16, *6.22, 7.00, *7.40, 8.41, w9.03 p m. SUNDAYS, 7.00, 7.28, 8.16, 8.43, 9.19, a m; 12.05, 1.05, 4.25, 6.58, 9.45 p m.

For Lawrence, and Haverhill, 6.24, w6.50, z7.34, w8.50, w9.25, 10.05, w10.60 a m; w12.05, w2.50, 3.55, 4.18, w5.15, w6.15, w7.00, w9.25, w11.25 p m. SUNDAYS 8.15 a m, 12.15, 5.30, 8.45 p m.

For stations between Reading and Boston, western division, 6.50, 9.25, 10.50 a m; 12.00, 12.45, 2.50, 3.55, 5.15, 7.00, 9.25 p m. SUNDAYS, 8.15 a m; 12.05, 1.05, 5.25, 8.45 p m.

For Salem, Mass., w6.83, 7.31 a m; w12.05, 1.29, w5.15, 5.53 p m.

For Newburyport, Amesbury and Portsmouth, 6.23 a m; 12.05, 2.00, 2.51, 3.55, 6.15 p m.

For Haverhill, 6.35, 6.50, z7.33, 8.35, 9.23, 10.60 a m; 12.05, 2.51, 3.10, 4.05, 5.10, 6.15, 7.00, 9.25, †11.25 p m. SUNDAYS, 8.15 a m; 12.05, 5.30, 7.25 p m.

For Haverhill, Newburyport, Hampton, North Hampton, Portsmouth and stations on York Beach, R. R., 2.50 p m., July 3 to Sept. 8 inclusive.

For Exeter and Dover 6.24, 6.50, z7.32, 8.30 a m; 12.05, 3.55, 5.15 p m. SUNDAYS, x8.15, 5.30 p m.

For Rochester and Alton Bay, 8.30 a m; 12.05, 3.56 p m.

For Somersworth, N. H., Saco, Old Orchard, and Portland, 6.23, 6.50, z7.34, 8.30 a m; 12.05, 3.55, 5.15 p m. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p m.

For Lewiston, Augusta, Bath, Waterville, 6.50, 9.30 a m, 12.05, 5.15 p m. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p m.

For Bangor, Belfast Skowhegan and Rockland, 8.30 a m; 5.15 p m. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p m.

For St John's, N B, Halifax, N S, Montreal and Quebec, 6.50 a m.; 5.15 p m. (5.15 does not run Saturdays.) SUNDAYS, 5.30 p m.

For Eastport and St John, (via steamer from Portland) on Mondays, and Friday at 12.05 p m.

For Castine, Deer Isle, Sedgewick, Bar Harbor, Jonesport and Machiasport, (via steamer Frank Jones from Portland,) Tuesday and Friday at 5.15 p. m.

For Woburn, 6.28, 7.00, 7.31, *7.45, 11.01 a m; 1.41, 4.28, 8.11, p m. SUNDAYS, 8.45 a m; 4.25, 6.53 p m.

For stations between Winchester and Boston, Southern Division; 6.16, 6.28, 7.31, 7.48, 9.56, 11.03 a. m.; 1.40, 4.28, 6.22, 8.44 p. m. SUNDAYS, 7.20, 8.45, 9.19 a. m.; 4.25, 6.53 p. m.

For Ayer Junction and Way-Stations—7.19 a m; 12.00, 6.01 and 5.42 p m. SUNDAYS, 8.15 p. m.

For Amherst, Milford and Wilton—9.19 a m; 1.00, 3.41, 5.40 p m. SUNDAYS, 2 p m.

For Greenfield, Peterboro, Bennington, Hillsboro and Keene—9.19 a m and 3.41 p m. SUNDAYS to Hillsboro, 2 p m.

For Nashua, Manchester and Concord—7.40, 9.19, *9.30, *11.09 a m; *12.12, 1.00, *1.40, *1.52, 3.41, *5.10, 6.27, *8.10, *8.11 p m. SUNDAYS, 10.02 a m (to Nashua only), 5.08 a m; 2.00, 6.02, 8.10, 8.40 p m.

For Franklin, Lebanon and White River Junction—9.32, *9.40 a m; *12.12, *1.40, 5.40, †*8.11 p m.

For Warner, Bradford, Sunapee, Newport, (N H) Claremont and Claremont Junction—7.40, 9.12 a m; 1.40 p m; 3.41 p m Saturday only till August 27th inclusive.

For St Johnsbury, and Lyndenville, via Wells River—*9.40 a m, *1.40, †*8.40 p m.

For Montpelier, Essex Junction, Burlington, St Albans, St Johns and Montreal via the Central Vermont Line, *9.40 a m; *12.12, *†8.10 p m.

For Montreal and Quebec, via Montreal and Boston Air Line—*9.40 a m; †*8.40 p m.

QUEBEC EXPRESS, via Plymouth and Sherbrooke—*1.40, †*8.40 p m.

References: *Express; †Daily. w Via Western Division. (Wednesdays and Saturdays only. § Via Bedford. z Via Wilmington Junction.

x To Exeter only.

D. J. FLANDERS, General Passenger and Ticket Agent. H. C. TAFT, Gen Agt., Lowell.

BLOOD POISON

Primary, Secondary and Tertiary BLOOD POISON permanently cured in 15 to 35 days. You can be treated at home for same price under same guarantee. If you prefer to come here we will contract to pay railroad fare and hotel bills, and no charge if we fail to cure. If you have taken mercury, iodide, potash, and still have aches and pains, Mucous patches in mouth, sore throat, pimples, copper colored spots, ulcers on any part of the body, hair or eyebrows falling out, it is this secondary BLOOD POISON we guarantee to cure. We solicit the most obstinate cases and challenge the world for a case we cannot cure. This disease has always baffled the skill of the most eminent physicians; $500,000 capital behind our unconditional guarantee. Absolute proofs sent sealed on application. Address COOK REMEDY CO., 1886 Masonic Temple, Chicago, Ill.

CLEARANCE SALE OF

Ladies' and Gents' Clothing

At 25c on the Dollar.

Same prices also, if you don't have all the money to pay down. We give you easy weekly terms, while you can be dressed stylish.

LOWELL CO-OPP. SUPPLY CO.

26 Central Street,

Up One Flight Open Evenings

FOR SALE.

A fine, well built double house, modern improvements, fine garden, lots of fruit trees, 11,500 square feet of land, excellent opportunities for more buildings, a first class investment. For sale on account of owner going away. Inquire at

96 South Whipple Street.

Lanterns

50c.

W. T. S. Bartlett

The Up-Town Hardware Store,

653 MERRIMACK STREET.

J. F. ROGERS,

UNDERTAKER.

OFFICE—516 Central Street.
RESIDENCE—29 Cedar Street.
Telephone connection. Hacks furnished for all occasions.

Everybody Has a Desire to Dress Neat and Clean.

And no matter how careful we are sometimes get our clothing soiled and that makes us look shabby. It is not necessary to purchase a new suit of clothes on that account. Bring your suit to the

BAY STATE

Dye Works

On Prescott Street,

and they will cleanse them for you, removing all stains and for a small cost will make them look as good as new. Remember the place

54 Prescott Street.

BAY STATE DYE WORKS.

Hammocks

All sizes and styles, 50c. to $6.00 each. Hammocks, hooks, ropes, etc.

Ice Cream Freezers

The White Mountain; in all sizes. 1 to 25 quarts.

Ice Cracks, Picks, Lemon Squeezers.

BARTLETT & DOW

216 CENTRAL STREET.

"GLORIA"

IS NOT A MEDICINE.

As we understand Nature's laws,
Nothing can happen without a cause.
If you are slow, almost a dunce,
Then begin to drink GLORIA at once.
Does this seem funny, it may to you,
But little things change our lives all through.
Drink the GLORIA, it quickens the brain
And brings back wandering thoughts again.
No doubt, if normal conditions rule,
You're no occasion to feel like a fool.
If GLORIA gives vigor and life to man
Hasn't it done about all it can.

5 Cents a Glass.

S. Bartlett, Agt., 160 Middlesex St.

Peter J. Brady, Grocer.

NEW STORE:
Cor. Gorham and South Highland Streets

Choice Teas, Coffees, and Spices

Try our New Brands of Flour, the Best in the City, "The King Arthur," "Crown of Gold," and "Banquet."

We have just received Samples of Suitings for the Fall and Winter Trade, and in our judgment, they are the finest looking goods that have ever come to the city.

Call at A. M. BERTRAND,

The Fashionable Tailor,
24 MIDDLE STREET.
No trouble to show goods.

THE LOWELL

Gas Light Company

Office, 22 Shattuck St. Cor. Middle

SEWELL G. MACK, President; JACOB ROGERS, Treasurer; E. E. RAYMOND, Clerk.

DIRECTORS—Sewall G. Mack, Levi Sprague, Jacob Rogers, A. G. Cumnock, George S. Motley, Edward M. Tucke, Edward N. Burke.

Price of Gas with the discount off for prompt payment, is

$1.00 ONE THOUSAND FEET.

First class Cooking Stoves set up and rented at a low rate per year, piping included. Coke broken, screened and delivered at $4.50 per chaldron, $2.25 per half chaldron, cash. No charge made for the use of meters. No charge made for running supply pipes from street mains to consumer's cellar. Orders when left at office promptly attended to.

PETER H. SAVAGE.

Undertaker and Funeral Director

109 WORTHEN STREET.

Telephone connection 464-4. Calls night or day promptly attended to. Carriages furnished for weddings and christenings.

PETER WATSON

BAKERS,

Are working night and day to supply the demand for their celebrated Cream Bread and Cake. It is admitted by everybody that has used it, to be the best on the market. Watson's bakery supplies can be had at almost any well regulated grocery store. Call for Watson's and take no other.

PETER WATSON'S Home Made Bakeries

52 to 60 Charles St.,
46 Lawrence St.

THE

STANDARD BOTTLING CO.

is doing the largest business that they have ever done since they have been in business. There is one good reason for this, and that is that their

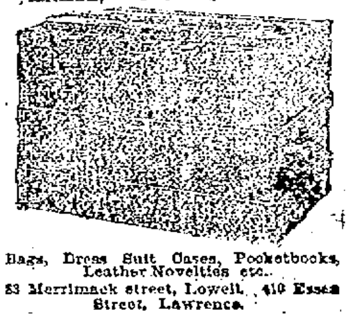
Carbonated Drinks

AND

Moxie Nerve Food

are the correct thing to have in the house when the weather is so warm. Just order a case, and see if you will not say that it is the best investment you have made this summer. The Standard Botling goods are the best on the market. You can order by telephone.

BUY OF THE MAKER, P. F. Devine



Bags, Dress Suit Cases, Pocketbooks, Leather Novelties etc.

53 Merrimack street, Lowell. 410 Essex Street, Lawrence.

FIGURED TAFFETAS ARE TO BE VERY FASHIONABLE FOR THE FIRST FALL WEAR, AND ONE OF THE NEWEST FEMININE STYLES SHOWS A LIGHT GOWN OVER A PETTICOAT OF DARK SILK, MAKING A DECIDED CONTRAST; THE PETTICOAT MATCHES THE PARASOL, WHICH IS BORDERED WITH DARK SILK FOR FALL.

MY LADY DRESSES HER NURSEMAID IN NORMANDY CAP AND APRON, AND HER CHILDREN IN FRENCH SUN-BONNETS AND SHADE HATS, THUS MAKING A QUAINT GROUP FOR LAWN OR STREET.

MOST GENEROUS WOMAN IN FRANCE.

English Newspapers Tell of her Contribution to the Royalist Party and call the Duchess D'Uzes "The Mrs. Potter Palmer of France."

During the past week the newspapers of England have commented freely upon the alleged donation of 500,000 francs by the Duchess d'Uzes to the Royalist party of France. This act on the part of Mme. la Duchess is all the more noteworthy from the fact that it is only a short time since her name was in print for kissing. It is said, a leader of the Royalists after an eloquent speech which he made denouncing the Republicans and entreating his comrades to adhere to their plans of establishing a monarchy in France.

The ancestry of the Duchess d'Uzes can be traced back for three and a half centuries. She is the daughter of M. le Comte de Montemart, and a great-granddaughter, on her mother's side, of Mme. Cliquot, founder of the famous champagne house of that name. Born into a family whose name is synonymous with millions, she was tutored by the finest professors in France and trained from childhood after the ways of a thorough aristocrat.

It was during Boulanger's time that the Duchess d'Uzes first appeared as a factor in the political life of France. People gossiped then as they gossip now, and it was rumored that the Duchess spent 3,000,000 francs for the purpose of having the Bourbon family re-established on the throne of France by assisting Boulanger in his efforts to overthrow the Republican government and establish himself as dictator.

A POLITICIAN.

Those who hated the Duchess called her "Boulanger's Diana," but with all her enemies nothing was ever said against this wonderful woman's character more than that she contributed funds for the support of those who conspired against her country and its government.

Yet, with all her political work, the Duchess d'Uzes found time to go upon missions of charity, missions which brought her in contact with strange people in strange places. One day she happened into a miserable little home in the lowest quarter of Paris, to find a poor sick woman dying from sheer want of attention. The invalid had a sweet, childish face, with large blue eyes that were full of sadness.

Something about their expression struck the Duchess very forcibly, and she took more than a passing interest in the unfortunate creature. She visited her every morning for five days, when happening at the little house earlier than usual on the sixth morning, she met another visitor at the bedside of her patient. The visitor was poorly clad, but of somewhat commanding bearing and very reticent. The Duchess d'Uzes judged her silence to be the result of worry over her straitened circumstances, and, throwing aside formality, insisted upon entering into a conversation with the stranger. It was not until they had met several times, however, that the identity of the stranger was revealed, and she was found to be no other person than Louise Michel, the anarchist leader.

But this was not the only discovery to be made in that insignificant little house in the lowest part of Paris. The kindness of the Duchess had touched the heart of the stern anarchist, and she admitted to her grace that in that very house a web was being woven which would result in the assassination of General Boulanger. "If it had not been for your kindness to my poor friend," Louise Michel said to the astonished Duchess, "General Boulanger would certainly be a dead man within three days. But I will protect him. Rely upon it, no danger shall come to him." Then, laughing, she added: "Charity, as well as politics, makes strange bed fellows."

A TALENTED WOMAN.

Before the Duchess had time to recover her composure Louise Michel had gone, and it was the last she ever saw of the famous anarchist leader.

But the social life of the Duchess d'Uzes is equally interesting. An acknowledged leader of fashions, a sculptor of talent, a first-rate game shot, an excellent driver and an author of prominence, she well deserves the title, "the Mrs. Potter-Palmer of France." The Uzes family estate is on the heights of Ardeche in Dauphine. The house was destroyed by fire during the Revolution and the present structure is built upon a magnificent ruin covered with growing ivy and different varieties of running vines which bear fragrant flowers. The furniture is of elegantly carved oak and mahogany, and is thoroughly in keeping with the antiquated structure of the mansion, though very magnificent. The library is one of the finest in France.

The Uzes colors are scarlet and blue and are generously carried out on all of her grace's appointments.

The Duchess herself is a woman of marvelous beauty, and in spite of the fact that she is the mother of grown children, is quite youthful in appearance. Next to Mme. Maintenon, a descendent of the famous "Uncrowned Queen of France," the Duchess d'Uzes is said to have the most beautiful complexion of any woman in France.

The greatest sorrow of her life came in 1892, when her eldest son, Jacques de Crussol Duc d'Uzes, died in Africa of the African fever, while exploring the country in the interest of the French Geographical Society.

The Duchess was prostrated by the loss of her favorite child, and her grief was commonly shared by all of her friends and acquaintances. Notes and telegrams of sympathy were sent to her from all over the world by the most distinguished persons. Probably the most touching letter of condolence came from the ex-Empress Eugenie, who wrote:

"I share your immense grief, though a stranger. As mothers we have endured the same affliction. It is on African soil that our hopes have been blighted. I desire to pay homage to the young duke who left a life of luxury and pleasure to pursue a task worthy of his name. May God support you. Comtesse de Pierrefonds. Farnborough Hill."

M. GRIFFIN.

THE WOMAN LEADER OF VOLUNTEERS.

Maude Ballington Booth is Pretty, Capable and Good, and Through her the Society Women of New York Have Become Army Workers.

The recent announcement that a millionaire woman of New York, a leader of the old 400, had resolved to donate all her money to the Volunteers and to devote the remainder of her life to the cause, and that she had been persuaded to do so through the preaching of Mrs. Maude Ballington Booth, calls attention again to this remarkable woman and the beautiful life of self-sacrifice which she is leading.

It is more than ten years since Ballington Booth came to this country with a commission from his father to command the Salvation Army. He brought with him a great deal of determination and a very pretty young wife, who had a way of appearing with him wherever he went.

People said then that Mrs. Ballington Booth was too young and too pretty to do rescue work. They asked who she was, and when they were told that she was an English girl of wealth and fine family who had cast all aside for a life of hardship with the young Commander, they shook their heads and said: "Too bad." They foresaw a life of uselessness in the midst of great working demands.

VERY VERSATILE.

But Maude Booth soon showed what she could do. She addressed meetings and when they wanted music she sang. She organized parlor revivals, and rich women asked her to come and teach them how to be less worldly. She told them that there was trouble enough in the world without novel reading, and she advised them to suffer no more from the woes of the heroines on the stage.

Many other things she advised, and then she taught them to sing new and strange words to the old, familiar tunes, with her. The new words were written by herself, and were prayers in song. Women sang them with tears streaming down their cheeks, and their husbands listened and quietly gave their money to the cause.

Then came the historic split. The tale, as 'tis now told, is that Mr. and Mrs. Ballington Booth were ordered to quit this country and go back to England, and that they declined to do so. Their American friends would not give them up. Many went so far as to say that it would be a breach of faith if they were to leave after liberal donations had been given to their cause.

And so it came about, in one way and another, that the Volunteers of America formed themselves into a body, and, headed by Ballington Booth, began the work all over again which the Salvationists had begun years ago in England.

THE BOOTH HOME.

No one must forget, at this time, the two children, Willie and Myrtle Theodora, who came to cheer the Booth household. When they were four and two years Mrs. Booth wrote to a friend: "I love my work, and I like to work all day, but in the evening when I go home to the children—oh; then, how happy we are"——

The Booth family during this time lived in a small town in New Jersey, inhabiting a small house in an unfashionable part of the place. They had, as Mrs. Booth said, "no expensive carpets, no fine furniture, but everything for comfort and love."

While working so hard Mrs. Booth had many drawbacks. More than once she found herself in the hospital from overwork, but even though inactive physically, she was busy mentally, and whenever able she dictated her letters and conducted the women's business of the Volunteers, leaving the men's branches for her husband.

This remarkable woman studied surgery. She haunted the operating rooms of the biggest hospital in New York, and more than once she assisted in the severest cases. She studied medicine, that she might help the poor, and she studied surgery for the same reason. Her advice to-day is as good as that of many a physician.

Mrs. Booth's daily routine is a hard one. Nine o'clock finds her at her office, the headquarters of the Volunteers. Here she answers the mail, makes dates for her lectures, sees callers and gives orders for the conduct of the women's corps. She also assists in editing the Volunteer organ. All day she works until afternoon, when she starts out to lecture somewhere. Then comes a supper and often a lecture afterward. It is said that she has left the children for weeks at a time, but Mrs. Booth herself once denied this and declared that, no matter how hard the journey, she had always come back home after a few days' absence.

"Mother Booth," the wife of the old General who founded the Salvation Army, so endeared herself to that organization that she is all but worshiped. Indeed, in certain parts of darkest London they think her a saint now. But it is doubtful if she will ever be held in greater esteem than the beautiful young woman, Maude Ballington Booth, who is working every day for you and me that we may be made more comfortable if we are very poor, and less selfish if we are among the rich.

HER GRACE IS IMMENSELY WEALTHY, OWNS A FINE CASTLE, AND IS A SPLENDID REPRESENTATIVE OF THE TYPE OF SOCIETY LEADER, WHO DEVOTES HER SPARE TIME AND MONEY TO GOOD DEEDS.

THE DUCHESS D'UZES, BY HER BENEFACTIONS, HAS EARNED THE TITLE OF "THE MOST PHILANTHROPIC WOMAN OF FRANCE."

FINAL WEAR OF SUMMER DRESSES.

Ways to Freshen Them for the Still Hot Month of September.

A SMART NEW RUCHING.

Giving the Parasol a new Lease of Life and Smartening up the Waist.

EMBROIDERING TAFFETA DRESSES

New York, Sept. 1.—She still sweetly sings of summer, for birds chirp in the branches and the leaves still cling to the boughs. Summer begins to die in mid-August, but it lingers, yet, until September in the North, and until October south of the Mason and Dixon line. So gradually does the change in climate take place, as you journey from Maine to Florida, and from Oregon to Texas, that you scarcely note it except by looking a long way back.

And, so, it comes to pass that the same gowns are worn all along the whole line of summer places, whether they be western and breezy or southeastern and hot!

Just now the season is designated as mid-summer; and as "mid-summer" it is classified, when the wardrobe is selected.

It is only when the first crispness is gone out of one's dresses that one resorts to make-shifts. The crisp lawn is now soft and limp and you are glad to dress it up with a bolero of lace and a vest of soft mull. The front of the skirt, which has a way of looking weather-beaten, is treated to an Italian flounce, one of these square pieces of lace which begins nowhere upon the skirt and ends nowhere. Two yards of lace a yard wide will make an Italian flounce. Gather the lace along the upper edge, sew it upon the front breadth of your skirt, fasten it at each side with a delicate passementerie of beaded lace and you have an Italian flounce.

RIBBON TRIMMINGS.

The mull which was so smooth and soft in June is now reduced to a state, characterized as "slinky," and very draggled it looks, dispirited to the point of self-destruction. You want, of course, to make it smart; and you can do it with the application of numerous narrow bands of ribbon sewed on one above the other, an inch apart, regular and flat. The narrow ribbon trimming is a wonderful renovator for mull. It is so stiffening and body-giving.

The smartest ruching of ribbon was worn by a Saratoga girl the other day at a lawn party given at an hour when day fades into dark. The ruching was made of that shade of white ribbon known as pearl white. It is almost a cream, but not quite. The ribbon was of taffeta, as wide as your finger is long. Two pieces of the ribbon were laid together and "run" down the middle in a way to make a shirring after the thread has been pulled taut.

This can be picked out with the fingers into a very smart ruching which, when fastened, can be swung around the neck like a boa. Fastened to the left shoulder and brought down under the belt, and so carried down to the hem of the skirt, it is effective and becoming. Such a ruching has a genius for wandering over the soiled parts of the gown covering them as with a mantle.

Little odds and ends of all sorts are now much sought. The parasol that is torn is now covered with rows and rows of lace alternated with ruffles of taffeta, obtained from a torn taffeta skirt. Never throw away a particle of silk, no matter how ill-used, for at the last of the season it will come in good for something.

EMBROIDERED SILKS.

Are you embroidering a taffeta? No, then so much the pity, for you could not be in the Newport swim. At the City-by-the-Sea everyother woman you see is holding a strip of silk of some sort, taffeta, India, China or gros grain, and is drawing her fancy threads through it. And such fanciful designs! Great bunches of flowers of all colors are boldly brought out by the needle, which drags its thread after it. It is whispered that, in off hours, the ladies' maid is called into service to work upon the bouquet, for the needle drags much too slowly to accomplish much. But the point is that the work is becoming and the embroidered silk is fashionable, so with this duo of facts there can be no let or hindrance to the daily task.

The question of silk linings is up again. This time to be downed, for the silk lining is disappearing. In its place there is the lining of fine cashmere, which is used very discreetly inside the skirt for the entire depth from the waist line. The cashmere gives the necessary cling to the limbs and makes the skirt willowy and even draggy.

To quote the old-fashioned woman again, these skirts are too "clingy" to suit all; and for such there is the light, neat silk-lined skirt; but the woman who is both very fashionable and very fat will choose the cashmere lining; so also the girl who is aesthetic to a degree and who would emphasize her long leanness to an inquiring world.

One is always interested in the new colors for fall; some of them may be familiar to you now, for, in spite of the edict that they should be kept dark until September, they have come out gradually. One is sky-blue, just the color of the curious small dog, after whose hair the color is named. Sky blue is a changeable color and is seen mostly in melton cloth; it looks blue in one light—drab in another.

NEW COLORS.

The new grey is ocean grey, just the color of the ocean on a cloudy day when you wonder if there was ever any blue in it, and suddenly discover the blue lurking in its depths. The new white, for there is a white ladies' cloth offered for fall wear, is dove-white, and doves you know shade toward cream. Then there is a turquoise white, so very blue that you are tempted to call it blue but for the lack of a name for a blue pale enough.

If you doubt the existence in the differences of these shades of a color, just try to match your strings of pearl beads with a pearl passementerie of white, and you will see how widely whites differ. Dealers say it is almost as impossible to match white beads as to match the blacks in a black cloth dress and you know how hard that is; how one will look red in spite of your efforts to keep it dead; and how another will look grey, though you hide it from the sunlight.

Hats are still tipped—"giddy" you are tempted to call them. The tough and ready straws are now being trimmed with ribbon and plumes; and the flowers are ripped off and laid aside for next June, the month of roses, real and artificial. You can scarcely use too much ribbon upon your millinery. Ribbon is draped at one side in a big, loose bow, without loops or ends apparently, just a shirring from the center; and silk is caught in a great swirl which, planted upon one side of the hat, serves to trim it. Don't be bashful with your bows. Stand them boldly on top, pull out the ends and edges and remember that ribbon is the thing.

Mrs. Potter Palmer has a hat trimmed with the new rosewood red silk; Miss Grant has a parasol, hat and gloves of pastel blue; Mrs. John Jacob Astor has a gown of saffron taffeta, trimmed with black; and there are dresses of turquoise, emerald, amethyst and emerald, to match apparently the lovely sets of jewelry that are worn with them. With opals go one turquoise always, a touch of the true blue to take away the evil which was once supposed to linger around the opal. It looks odd, this great turquoise, set generally in the lace at the left side, yet charming when you understand it.

HELEN WARD.

MASTER BOOTH AND HIS SISTER, MYRTLE THEODORA, WITH THEIR MOTHER, THE FAMOUS VOLUNTEER LEADER.

THE BOOTH FAMILY, TAKEN IN ONE OF THOSE MOMENTS OF LEISURE WHICH MRS. BALLINGTON BOOTH CHARACTERIZES AS "MY HAPPIEST TIME."

ONE OF THE FALL NOVELTIES IS A VERY HEAVY RIBBON RUCHING, WHICH IS CARRIED DIAGONALLY FROM THE SHOULDER DOWN TO THE HEM OF THE SKIRT, AND IS FASTENED UNDER THE BELT, AND AGAIN UPON THE FRONT OF THE SKIRT BY A LARGE WINDMILL BOW.

THE COLUMBIA

Gave Proof of Superior Speed

IN THE LAST OF TRIAL RACES

All Doubts Have Been Removed

THE RIGGING AND MASTS ALL RIGHT

Yesterday's Race Was Almost a Procession

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Newport, R. I., Sept. 5.—In Monday's race, the second and last of the official trial races for the settlement of a defender of the America's cup, Columbia again demonstrated that she is the peer of Defender, the 1895 champion, by defeating her 10 minutes and seven seconds over a triangular course in an eight-knot breeze and a smooth sea.

The contest was a procession throughout, with the Columbia leading at the start by 13 seconds, and gaining on every leg of the course. The first leg was a distance of 10 miles, and from the moment Columbia crossed the line she steadily sailed away from her rival, going round the first mark three minutes and 36 seconds ahead.

The second leg was also a reach, a little broader than the first, but even if Defender did set her spinnaker a mile from the turn she dropped two minutes and 19 seconds more in the run to the second mark.

The third leg of the triangle was almost dead beat to the finish, the two boats making a long hitch clear up to the Narragansett shore. Columbia made two other short tacks before she fetched the line, but Defender, by holding longer in-shore, managed to reach the lightship without another tack. Still Columbia gained, showing that with sheets close hauled she is the fastest American sailing yacht afloat. On this last leg she added four minutes and 22 seconds to her lead, making a total for the entire course of 10 minutes and seven seconds.

There will be no more official races, that of Monday settling conclusively in the minds of the committee which of the two boats is best fitted to meet Shamrock.

In Saturday's race Columbia made a good gain on Defender, running down the wind, with spinnakers and ballooners set, despite the fact that Defender held the breeze longer than her rival, while on the windward work that day, the new boat also made many minutes over her rival. Yesterday the two boats were tested with sheets lifted, and at this kind of sailing Columbia proved that she is a wonder. So, having satisfied every one that she is the better boat at all points of sailing in moderate breezes, the committee did not deem it advisable to hold any more races.

What all the yachtsmen would like to see is a contest between the boats when they could carry only their lower sails. On the run of the New York Yacht club from this port to Vineyard Haven during the recent cruise in a half a gale, Defender practically defeated Columbia on time allowance, and there are many who think that the old boat is the fastest in a stiff breeze with lifted sheets. On the run to the Vineyard Columbia had a pine mast, which no doubt handicapped her to some extent, and what remains to be seen is whether she is improved in heavy weather by the steel mast as much as she is in moderate breezes.

Columbia's mainsail fitted a little better yesterday than it did on Saturday, due no doubt to the stretching it received in the first trial race and subsequent hauling out on the boom and gaff. Still there is an opportunity for much improvement, as there is a curl to the leach that some of the yachtsmen do not like. Columbia's clubtopsail was a bit better than in the previous race, but there was a fluttering at the head. All doubts as to the strength of the rigging and the steel mast must have been dispelled by the thorough tests which they received, both before and during the race. Fifteen minutes before the start, while jockeying for position, the Columbia was swung round with sheets flattened, so that she held down to an angle of nearly 45 degrees; still everything stood the strain.

There was little opportunity for shifting sails, although at one time the crew of Defender were kept pretty busy setting and taking in spinnaker. On the first leg both boats dropped their balloon staysails which they hoisted at the start, and substituted working staysails. As the shift was made simultaneously on both boats it gave the erroneous impression that something had gone wrong with those sails. Aside from changing jibtopsails two or three times Columbia's crew had little to do but lie out to windward.

Iselin expressed himself as being perfectly satisfied with the Columbia. He said that the new boat had more than come up to his expectations. Everyone who was on the Columbia were delighted with her work. It was said that they had got the Columbia about right now, and that there would be but few changes made before the cup races in October.

A BOY'S BRAVERY.

Fall River, Mass., Sept. 5.—John Gastare attempted to shoot Margaret Judge at her home at North Tiverton when her son, aged 15, jumped in front of his mother, and received the bullet in his right thigh. Gastare is still at large. The boy is not dangerously wounded.

PROBABLY A TOTAL LOSS.

Haverhill, Mass., Sept. 5.—Steamer Merrimack, which struck in the river Sunday night, will probably be a total loss. She lies on the rocks with about two feet of water on her lower deck at high tide. It is thought her back is broken.

Eye-sight by Absorption. Dr. Taylor.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

THE CROPS GOOD

Benefited by the Recent Moisture

WHAT THE RESULT WILL BE

Climatic Conditions Unfavorable in Some Places

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Boston, Sept. 5.—The New England section, climate and crop service, of the weather bureau, issues the following bulletin for the week ending Aug. 4:

The weather remamined fair in about all sections of the district. There was, however, much cloudiness, especially in coast sections, and fog prevailed to a large extent. The unsettled weather culminated in showers on the afternoon or night of the 1st and morning of the 2d. These were wide spread, falling in parts of all the New England states. In many instances the amounts of rainfall were plenteous, thoroughly wetting the surface of the ground. A few sections reported no rain of account. The fair weather has been favorable to harvesting, and, where the ground was not too dry, to plowing and fall seeding. The weather was seasonably warm, and, in this respect was most favorable to vegetable growth and to maturing crops.

The temperature was practically a continuation of the conditions of the preceding week. The average for the week was 66 degrees, which is but one degree lower than for the preceding seven days. It was well distributed through the days and nights; except in sections where fog prevailed there was complaint of cool nights. No frosts occurred, so far as indicated by the reports at hand.

The average precipitation for the week was 1.01 inches, which was more than double that of the preceding week. It was, however, unevenly distributed. In some sections it was in the form of copious showers to heavy downpours in others light sprinkles to seasonable showers, while in a few localities no rain fell. In sections favored with large amounts the drought was effectually broken, but for nearly the whole of the district rain is much needed. It would be of great benefit to late crops, grass, pastures, and to operate in connection with fall farming.

Considering the crop conditions of the district as a whole, they have materially improved during the past week. Showers occurred over nearly the whole of the district during Thursday or Friday, and, while in many sections the amounts were light, the small amount of water, combined with the moist, cloudy or foggy weather, proved of great benefit to growing crops. In a few localities, small areas, mostly on highlands, where the drought was unusually severe, crops, mostly late corn, were past help. But, in general, crops were revived and improved. In sections where the rainfall was heavy, parts of Massachusetts, New Hampshire and Vermont, the ground was well filled, and grass has made rapid growth and is reported as looking greener than at any time since last spring. In portions of the territory where no rain has fallen corn is drying up, without maturing, berries and fruits generally are small and damaged, and pastures have entirely failed as a source of feed for stock. The dry weather is also greatly delaying fall plowing and seeding. The scarcity of stock water in many sections continues as a matter of great inconvenience as well as resulting in a marked shrinkage in the milk supply. In the forests of Maine great and destructive fires are reported as raging, due to the long continued dry weather. Hay, corn and fruit are the crops that have suffered the most from the dry weather of the season.

TREASON CHARGED

Hurled Back in the Face of President

AT A MEETING AT BOSTON

By Hon. P. A. Collins and Others

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Boston, Sept. 5.—The Irish Nationalists of Boston and vicinity held a Labor day picnic in Brighton yesterday, a feature of which was the attack upon the president and the government's policy in the Philippines, by Patrick A. Collins and Gamaliel Bradford, the orators of the day. Mr. Bradford scored the imperialistic policy, saying in the course of his address: "If there is treason to the flag anywhere, I say that the name of the traitor is William McKinley. He has done more than haul down the flag. He has trailed it in the dirt. He has sunk it so low that it seems almost doubtful it can rise again to its former level."

A THREE-CORNERED CONTEST.

Philadelphia, Sept. 5.—The campaign for G. A. R. commander-in-chief is waxing warm. It is one of the fiercest contests that the G. A. R. has been engaged in for a long time. There are three candidates in the field—Acting Commander-in-chief T. C. Johnson of Cincinnati; Comrade Leo Rassieur of St. Louis, and Colonel Albert D. Shaw of Watertown, N. Y. The friends of each claim that their favorite is already a winner. A careful canvass, however, indicates that Colonel Shaw has a little the better of the contest.

M'KANE IS DYING.

New York, Sept. 5.—John Y. McKane, at one time the "King of Coney Island," who was discharged from Sing Sing a year ago after serving 4½ years for election frauds, is lying at the point of death at his home at Sheepshead Bay. It is stated that an attack of vertigo a few weeks ago left McKane in a very weak condition, and that the trouble finally developed into paralysis.

COURT DECISIONS

Many Recent Rulings For Publication

BOTH IMPORTANT AND INTERESTING

They Embrace Many Points of Law

Following are a number of court decisions of general interest, touching the interests of every class in the community:

After a judicial separation though the marriage is not dissolved, it is held in People e rel. Commissioners of Public Charities vs. Cullen (N. Y.) 44 L. R. A. 420, that the marriage relation is so far terminated or suspended that the husband cannot be guilty of the statutory offense of abandonment or desertion.

The benefit of a contract by a town with the street railway company is held in Adams vs. Union Railroad Co. (R. I.) 44 L. R. A. 273, to be available to a passenger in an action of trespass for being ejected for non-payment of fare after tendering the amount allowed by the contract.

An action of replevin for a corpse is held in Keyes vs. Konkel, (Mich.) 44 L. R. A. 242, to be not maintainable under the statutes providing for the replevin of goods and chattels and providing that judgment for defendant shall be for return of the property or its value.

A broker is held to be the procuring clause of a sale in Hoadley vs. Savings bank of Danbury (Conn.) 44 L. R. A. 321, when he called a person's attention to the property and gave him information as to how to obtain admission thereto, although without his knowledge, the owner subsequently took up the negotiation and completed the sale. An extensive collection of the authorities on the question when a real estat brokr may be considered the procuring cause of a sale is furnished in a note to this case.

A deposit in a savings bank in trust for the owner of the money and another person as joint owners subject to the order of either and the balance at the death of either to belong to the survivor, is held in Milholland vs. Whalen (Md.) 44 L. R. A. 205, to constitute a valid declaration of trust in favor of the survivor as to the balance of the fund remaining on the death of either, although the settler retains possession of the bank book.

Breaking and entering a dwelling house for the purpose of serving a writ of replevin, after admittance has been demanded and refused, is held in Kelley vs. Schuyler (R. I.) 44 L. R. A. 435, to constitute the officer a trespasser. The fact that a foreign insurance company had authorized service of process to be made on the secretary of state is held in Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Co. vs. Spratley (Tenn.) 44 L. R. A. 442, insufficient to prevent valid service from being made on an agent of the company, who has come into the state on business relating to the settlement of the loss.

The failure to furnish automatic car couplers in common use for freight cars is held in Traxler vs. Southern R. Co., (N. C.) 44 L. R. A., 313, reaffirming the decision in Greenlee vs. Southern R. Co. 41 L. R. A., 399 to constitute negligence per se, for which a railroad company is liable to an employe who is injured in attempting to couple cars having skeleton drawheads of unequal height.

The tortious act of a brakemen in throwing coal at a boy on the tender of an engine by which he knocks him off or frightens him so that he jumps off, causing him to be run over and killed by the engine is held in Pierce vs. North Carolina R. Co. (N. C.) 44 L. R. A. 316, to render the railroad company liable.

A deposit of money in a savings bank in the name of the depositor and a donee, making it payable to the order of either of the survivors and having the words, "Joint owners" stamped on the pass books is held in Whalen vs. Milholland (Md.) 44 L. R. A. 208, insufficient to make a perfect gift, where the donor keeps possession of the passbook and retains dominion over the funds, with the right to withdraw them at any time.

One who draws another person in front of him to serve as a shield to an impending explosion is held in Laidlaw V. Sage (N. Y.) 44 L. R. A. 216 not to be liable for injuries received by the latter from the explosion, unless it is shown that the injuries were caused or increased by such act.

The dissent or sealed verdict by one juror when the jury is polled, after sealing a verdict and separating, made on the ground that he did not agree to the verdict except because he though he was obliged to, is held, in Kramer V. Kister (Pa) 44 L. R. A. 432, to make a discharge of the jury necessary and prevent the rendition in the case on that trial.

A vote of a city board over which the mayor presides, on a motion which he has declared out of order and declined to put, but which is thereafter put by a member of the board and declared by him to be carried, without the mayor's request or any appeal from his decision, or any request by him to put the motion, is held, in state, ex rel. Southey V. Lashar (Conn.) L. R. A. 197 to be wholly void, although a majority of the members voted in the affirmative.

SORE FEET

Caused by corns, bunions, or callouses, quickly cured by using WAKEFIELD'S FIR BALSAM SALVE. Price, 25c.

Goodale's Drug Store, cor. Central and Jackson Streets

Butterine.

Send us $1.50 and we will deliver 10 pounds Butterine, at your house, express paid.

T. E. INGHAM, Nashua, N. H

PHILIP LAKE

SENTENCED TO THE REFORMATORY IN LAWRENCE

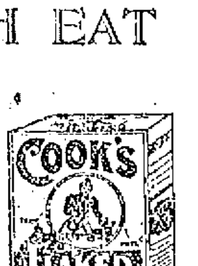
The Lawrence American has the following of young Lake of this city:

The continued case of Philip Lake, the Lowell youth who, went to one of the rooms in the Essex house one evening recently and took articles of clothing valued at nearly $100, came up in police court last Friday for disposition. By suggestion of counsel the young man retracted his former plea of not guilty and pleaded guilty to the two counts against him. Lawyer Carmichael of Lowell appeared for the young man. He said the father of the young man was unable to be present on account of an accident which befell him yesterday. Mr. Carmichael said that Lake was 20 years old and had been working steadily of late. At the time he took the articles from the Essex House he was intoxicated and did not know what he was doing. The court was informed that Lake was arrested in Lowell four years ago for breaking into a store with some other boys. The case was placed on file. Mr. Carmichael asked that this case be placed on file or that Lake be placed on probation for a long term. He thought this would be better than to send him away. Judge Dow believed it his duty to send the young man to the Concord reformatory and this he did. An appeal was taken so that Mr. Carmichael could have a talk with the young man's father. Bail was fixed at $100.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

FOR HEALTH EAT

Flaked Rice



NEEDS NO COOKING

A. G. POLLARD & CO.

MERRIMACK, PALMER AND MIDDLE STREETS.

OUR NEW

Outing Flannels

JUST OPENED.

Remnants Direct From the Mills

One Lot at 5c. Yard.

Consisting of an excellent quality of Flannel in stripes and checks, light and medium colors, long remnants from 5 yards to 15 yards, and worth at regular price 8c.

One Lot at 6¼c. Yard.

Embracing The "Swiss" Flannels in light grounds, stripes and checks, also a line of dark colorings, same grade, and the plain pink and blue baby outing; and then we have the remnants of the famous "Empire" Flannels in an elegant assortment of plaids and stripes of the handsomest designs ever shown in Lowell, and very qest qualities put on the market, worth on the piece 10 and 12 1-2c. all for 6 1-4c. per yard.

BASEMENT.

A. G. Pollard & Co.

TRADE MARK Palmo Tablets

HEALTH, POWER, ENERGY.

stop forever all weakening drains, feed the brain, replace wasted tissues, and send rich, flesh-building blood bounding through every part of the system, making every organ act, and causing you to glow and tingle with newly found strength. You're a new man, and can feel it! The greatest NERVE TONIC ever discovered. Palmo Tablets cure quickly and forever Nervous Debility, Varicocele, Atrophy, Loss of Memory, Sleeplessness, Dyspepsia, Kidney Diseases, 50c. a box; 12 boxes (with guarantee, good as gold), $5.00. Sent anywhere. HALSID DRUG CO., Cleveland, O.

Sold at Goodale's Drug Store, the best and cheapest place in Lowell for drugs and medicines. 217 CENTRAL STREET.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Extra high grade canopy top democrats, elegant trap, used four times; fine Oakland; new and second-hand Concords, democrats, square wagons, phaetons, etc., low prices. Libby, 69 Robbins street.

BARBER SHOP on Bridge street must be sold, regardless of cost, terms easy. Apply to Joseph A. Legare, 61 Central st., room 5.

COTTAGES FOR SALE—Cottage of seven rooms, $1400; Cottage of seven rooms, $1500. Cottage of seven rooms, set tubs, bath room and furnace, 8000 feet of land, $2400. Cottage of nine rooms, $1800. If you want a house lot within fifteen minutes' walk from Central bridge for $50, come and see me at 1129 Bridge street. Telephone 895-3.

FOR SALE—Pool room and cigar store for sale at 159 Middlesex street.

FOR SALE—Best fitted and cleanest restaurant in Lawrence; first class; location beats all others, and is paying good money. Price reasonable. Anyone that wants a good business and make money this is the one. Address or apply to C. W. Howard, 531 Essex street.

FOR SALE—The entire outfit for preparing fried fish and chipped potatoes; We are going out of the business for good reasons and offer the outfit at a bargain. For full particulars apply to J. W. Robinson, 119 Tenney street, Methuen, Mass.

FOR SALE—A first-class cobbler's shop, including all kinds of tools, lasts, machines, etc. Apply at 114 Pleasant street.

MUST SELL my upright piano, stool, scarf, and 150 sheets of music; would prefer cash, but will sell on instalments. Address P. O. Box 497.

FOR SALE—Lot of land on Highland avenue 5000 feet, by Lewis D. Gumb, 614 Gorham street.

FOR SALE—Ten R.I.P.A.N.S for 5 cents at druggists. One gives relief.

FOR SALE—On Jewett street, 6-room house and pantry; small lot of land. Price $1000. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

FOR SALE—On July street, 7-room cottage house, all modern improvements, large lot of land. Price $2500. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

FOR SALE—Near Courthouse, 6-room house, good size lot of land. Price $1100. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

FOR SALE—Near Central street, 2-tenement house, 6 rooms to each tenement. Price $1500. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

FOR SALE—One of the best boarding and lodging houses in Lowell; must be sold on account of sickness. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

FOR SALE—Near Chelmsford street, cottage house of 7 rooms, large barn. Price $1750. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

MISCELLANEOUS.

GENERAL AGENCY—A good position is open for an experienced life insurance man in a well known company. Address, "Insurance," P. O. Box 3109, Boston, Mass.

A WONDERFUL WOMAN.

Madam Oler, the Clairvoyant. She differs from all other Mediums and Palmists as widely as the mid-day sun differs from the moon, her readings are wonderful. Her ability to aid you comes from a powerful and lofty source. Advice on business, love and marriage. Call and you will not be disappointed, at the Bon Marche, Rooms 69-70. Take the elevator from 9 to 9.

WAGONS—Inspection invited to my select stock of Concords, democrats, square wagons, panel side wagons, and an assortment of second hand phaetons, Stanhope buggies, wagons in good condition, all of which I will sell at bargains. J. F. Libby, 69 Robbins street

PROF. DOUGLAS, Astrologer, reads the nativity and gives advice on all business affairs, by mail or in person. Parties corresponding should state age in full. 193 Merrimack street, Bascom Block, Room 19.

HIGH PRICE paid for second hand Furniture, Pianos, Organs and any other second-hand articles. Write for particulars to Abrahams & Quinn, 85 Haverhill street, Lawrence, Mass. Will call quick and pay cash.

WE WILL EITHER buy or store second-hand furniture at No. 60 Charles street. When we buy we pay the highest price and make a specialty of antique pieces. Will be on premises every day from 2 to 6 p. m. E. O'Neil, attorney.

RUBBER STAMPS—At wholesale prices. 1 inch one line stamps 10c.; 1 1-2 inch 15c.; 25c. ink pads 25c.; 25c. ink pads 15c.; 50c. linen markers 25c.; business stamps 15c. per line. J. M. Fellows, 152 Merrimack street.

CALL at 102 Merrimack street to buy or sell second-hand furniture. Telephone 608-1.

WATER CLOSETS and bath tubs from $5.00 up. All first class plumbing at Lowest prices. J. H. Barry, 478 Market street.

MADAME ALVARDE

The popular card reader of Boston, has removed to 49 Gorham st., 2nd flight, opposite P.O., where she can be consulted on business affairs, love, etc., lost articles found, names called. The Madame, born in a veil, has since earliest recollections, been gifted with power to reveal the past, present and future. Call and be convinced. Fees, Ladies, 25c.; gents, 50c. Hours, 10 a. m. to 9 p. m.

We Are Making Room for Our New

FALL STOCK

For that reason we sell our Watches, Jewelry, Spectacles, At 15 per cent. discount.

Don't loose that opportunity to save few dollars.

LECAULT & CO., RELIABLE JEWELERS. 70 Central St., cor Prescott.

HARRISON'S Anti-Rust Paint

Is specially adapted for use on tin roofs.

C. B. COBURN & CO. 63 Market St.

DO NOT WAIT

Untill your eyes smart and burn, but come now and have the right glasses fitted so as to preserve your sight to good age. "A stitch in time."

GEO. C. ROGERS, OPTICIAN. 138 Merrimack St.

WANTED.

WANTED—A middle aged woman as housekeeper, apply at 791 Broadway.

WANTED—Reliable domestic help of every nation, white or colored. Thos. Don, 158 Merrimack street, opposite Bon Marche.

ASTROLOGY tell future, love, trouble, success and birthdates; only 20c. Prof. MacArthur, Danby, N. Y.

CALL AT GONZALES, the Cutler, 118 Gorham street, if you want a first-class razor or strop. He has the new Xavier razor which excels all others. Razors concaved and honed.

WANTED—Girl for folding and finishing; experienced. Greenwood & Payton Hosiery.

WANTED—Lady agents for medicine company. Salary and expenses at the start. No experience necessary. Call in person at once at 38 First street.

WANTED—Names of ruptured people. We cure rupture free to introduce our method. Dr. Speirs, 51 Main street, Westbrook, Me.

STENOGRAPHER and typewriter—A young man, competent stenographer and typewriter desires employment. Best of references. Address X, Sun office.

WANTED—Room with power for light manufacturing, about 20x30. Address P. O. Box 768, city.

WANTED—A second hand refrigerator or ice chest. Address R, Sun office.

WANTED—First class paper hangers and painters. 370 Gorham street.

LADIES—Chichester English Pennyroyal Pills (Diamond Brand) are the best, safe, reliable. Take no other. Send 4c. in stamps for particulars, "Relief for Ladies," in letter by return mail. At druggists. Chichester Chemical Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—Fox terrier, Saturday afternoon near Western ave., with two spots on right side, half brown head with brown diamond in centre. Collar with M. J. Graney, 255 First st., No. 2315.

LOST—A sum of money, either in Flynn's market on Concord street, or between there and Sherman street. Reward at Miss Herndon's, corner Sherman and Pleasant streets.

LOST—Black and tan hound pup, 8 months old. Owner's name on collar. Return to John Southworth, 100 South street and receive reward.

LOST OR STOLEN—A dog, with a white breast and a few bits of white hair on tip of his tail; cross between a bull and hound; answers to the name of Skip. Reward at L. L. Notini's Tobacco Store, 7 Thorndike street.

LOST—A sum of money between First Nat. Bank and Old Washington Tavern. The finder will be suitably rewarded at Sun office.

LOST—A pocketbook containing a sum of money, between Moore street and the Fair Grounds Saturday night. Reward at 49 Fay street.

LOST—A gold Greek letter pin, with name on back. Reward at 233 Pawtucket street.

FOUND—The best place in Lowell for ladies to buy hats, bonnets, sailors, etc. at moderate prices is at No. 616 Merrimack street, Mde. Maxime Lepine, formerly 337 Moody street. Call in and ask prices.

LOST—A valuable diamond shirt stud this forenoon, either on the electrics or on the street. Finder will be rewarded by returning same to owner, J. P. Duguid, 43 Marlboro street.

TO LET.

TO LET—A pleasant tenement, conveniently located, in Belvidere. Rent low. Apply at 11 Willow street.

TO LET—Nice tenement of 5 rooms, convenient to mills and centre of city. Call at 223 Gr...ce street.

TO LET—First floor, 25x50, with basement, very central location; good place for carriage or repair shop, plumber, hay and grain. Also a large basement on Dutton street, near freight depot. Apply at 468 Central street.

TO LET—A convenient 4-room tenement. Inquire at 79 Chestnut street.

TO LET—Rooms with or without board, one large front room on first floor with gas, furnished or unfurnished. Price low. 109 Fayette street.

$19.60

TAX RATE FOR 1899.

Our rates same as usual on all Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry of all description, Silver and Silver plated ware, Gold and Gold filled Spectacles, etc., etc.

J. D. Grant

64 Merrimack Street.

STOCKS AND BONDS

E. C. Stanwood & Co.

BANKERS,

121 Devonshire St.

BOSTON, MASS.

Investment Bonds.

LISTS SENT ON APPLICATION.

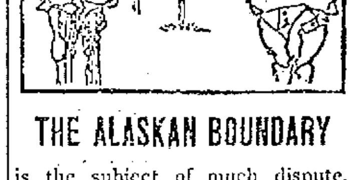
For Women.

Dr. Tolman's Monthly Regulator has brought happiness to hundreds of anxious women; have never had a single failure; longest cases relieved in 2 to 5 days without fail; no other remedy will do this; no pain, no danger, no interference with work; by mail or at office $2. Write for further particulars. All letters truthfully answered. Dr. E. M. TOLMAN CO., 170 Tremont St., Boston.

FITS CURED

(From U. S. Journal of Medicine.)

Prof. W. H. Peeke, who makes a specialty of Epilepsy, has without doubt treated and cured more cases than any living Physician; his success is astonishing. We have heard of cases of 20 years' standing cured by him. He publishes a valuable work on this disease which he sends with a large bottle of his absolute cure, free to any sufferer who may send their P.O. and Express address. We advise anyone wishing a cure to address, Prof. W. H. PEEKE, F. D., 4 Cedar St., New York.



THE ALASKAN BOUNDARY

is the subject of much dispute. There is no dispute as to the superiority of our COAL. Give us a trial and be convinced.

D. T. SULLIVAN,

Coal, Wood, Lime, Etc.

984 Gorham St.

Branch Office, 237 Central street.

Telephone 713-2.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

THE SUN ON SALE IN BOSTON.

The five o'clock edition of The Sun is on sale at the news stand in the Union Station, Boston.

AT SUGAR AGAIN.

You may not think that we are selling sugar cheap because we are not advertising it. [illegible] a little trouble and find out. Dickson Bros., The Big Tea Dealers, 68 Merrimack street.

V. A. MAREY,
Merchant-Tailor, Dyeing, Cleansing, Repairing, Pressing, etc. Goods called for and returned. 49 Cheever street, Lowell.

REDUCED RATES TO NOVA SCOTIA.

Autumn excursions to Nova Scotia and New Brunswick, via new Yarmouth Line. Beginning today, continuing for 30 days, round tickets to all points in the provinces $1.00 more than the way limited rate. For further information and tickets apply at Murpay's steamship agency, 13 Appleton street.

LOCAL NEWS.

Try Horne's coal.

BURN WILSON'S COAL.

Pelham. Pelham. Pelham.

Hot advertising—Stanley's coal.

F. A. M. Tobin, Printery. 'Phone, 8-43-2.

Elegant rubber tired hacks at O'Donnell's. Telephone, 394-4.

The Lowell school of shorthand and typewriting opens Tuesday, Sept. 5. Competent assistants in attendance. Everything new and up-to-date. For terms etc, apply to the principal, 51 Merrimack street.

$125.00 IN GOLD.

To the Editor:

On the 16th of September, the directors of the Traders' National bank will be ready to tell the ladies of Lowell and vicinity through the columns of the daily newspapers all about the new "Ladies' Department" of the bank, now being fitted up, which will be open for public inspection on the evening of Wednesday, September 20th and for business the following day.

The advantages of the National, Savings, Foreign Exchange and Deposit Box Departments, together with a description of the elegant banking and reception rooms can probably be told in a 300 word reading notice.

For the best written article sent in by any lady residing in Lowell or Middlesex county the bank will pay $50.00 in gold.

Second best, $25.00 in gold.
Third best, $25.00 in gold.
Fourth best, $15 in gold.

The writers of the articles must agree to cheerfully abide by the decision of a committee to be selected by the board of directors to pass upon the articles submitted.

The articles must be in possession of the bank before the close of business, Sept. 9.

Address Advertising Department, Trader's National bank, Lowell, Mass."

The name and address of the writer must be given on a slip of paper, attached to the article. The envelopes will be opened in the presence of the directors, Sept. 11th, each article and name numbered and the names placed in a sealed envelope. The articles will be handed to the committee without being read and the names of the writers will be unknown.

The four best articles selected by the committee will be published with the names of the writers; if no objections are offered.

Very truly yours,
William F. Hills, Cashier.
Lowell, Mass., Sept. 1st, 1899.

REPORT OF DEATHS

FOR THE WEEK ENDING SEPT 2, 1899.

AUGUST.

24—Frederick G. Mitchell, 47, cardiac paralysis.
25—Zoa Paquette, 63, gen. debility.
Thomas McCaffrey, 21, R. R. acci.
Marie A. Poulin, 4 mos, chol. in.
George L. Cleary, 2 mos., chol. in.
Francis Conlin, 12 h., debility.
26—John Logue, 69, carcinoma of stom.
William Kirk, 45, drowning.
Ovila Paquette, 10 mos., chol. infan.
Alfred Toy, 1, entero colitis.
Gedeon Lefebvre, 4 mos., chol. inft.
——Brady, 0, prem. birth.
27—Frank Munroe, 64, cystitis.
William A. Luneas, 54, uraemia.
Michael Tracey, 40, heart disease.
Alice Plante, 1, chol. inft.
Florence M. Hackett, 10 mos, eclam
Helene Girard, 8 mos., chol. inft.
Norah McCutcheon, 1 mo., enteritis.
Charles A. Belanger, 4 days, prem. birth.
Hannah Downey, 57, cer. hem.
28—Thomas Irvine, 39, consumption.
Joseph Boisvert, 34, mitral in.
Thomas Wagner, 6 mos., chol. inft.
Mary Viera, 2 mos., inanition.
29—Socrates G. Chagorooly, 19, con.
Nathaniel D. Brown, 11 mos., enter.
Bridget Tighe, 61, cer. hemmorhage.
Philomene Chaput, 59, consumption.
William C. Bradley, 49, pleurisy.
30—Douglass Legatt, 4, an. stom.
Rosaire Paquin, 8 mos., chol inft.
Joseph O'Hagen, 7 mos. meningitis.
Walter Kane, 4 mos., chol. inft.
Charles McNichol, 1 mo., enteritis.
31—Catherine O'Loughlin, 75, apoplexy.
Marguerite Lacombe, 73, cancer.
Amelia Fretus, 6 mos., enteritis.
James Bowles, 5 mos., enteritis.

SEPTEMBER.

1—Fanny Senior, 29, b. nephritis.
Melida Coutu, 1, chol. inft.
Edward McCann, 7 mos. chol. inft.
Cady Brunet, 4 mos. chol. inft.
Joseph A. Arneault, 1 mo. chol. inft.
GIRARD P. DADMAN, City Clerk.

REV. MR. EATON

FORMER LOWELL PASTOR DEAD AT CAMBRIDGE.

Rev. George Franklin Eaton, presiding elder of the Cambridge district, of the New England Methodist conference, died Sunday afternoon at his late home 115 Oxford street, Cambridge. He had been ill since last Wednesday and his death was caused by complications of a diabetic nature. He was 62 years of age.

He was born at Hillsboro Bridge, N. H., and was admitted to the New Hampshire conference in 1860, his service having been extended over a period of thirty-nine years.

The district over which he has presided for several years is known among Methodists as the North district and included Charlestown, Cambridge, Somerville, Waltham and Woburn.

Don't let the little ones suffer from eczema or other torturing skin diseases. No need for it. Doan's Ointment cures. Can't harm the most delicate skin. At any drug store, 50 cents.

JOSEPH P. CONVERY, president Trades and Labor Council.

LABOR'S GREAT DAY

(Continued.)

Carpenters' union with float, 100 men.
Marshal, O. M. Horton.
Building Laborers' union with carriage, 60 men.
Marshal, Terrence Gormley.
Second Regiment Band, Anda Drumm, leader, 25 pieces.
Leather Workers' union, 150 men.
Marshal, John Whalen.
Leather Shavers' union, 75 men.
Marshal, Henry J. Walsh.
Marshal, Joseph A. Toney.
Loomfixers' union with float, 100 men.
Marshal, Joseph Jemmery.
Cotton Weavers' union, 25 men.
Marshal, William L. Kinsella.
Carriages with ladies from Carders' and Pickers' union.
Carriages with Ladies from Cotton Weavers' union.
Cummings' Band, W. A. Cummings, leader, 25 pieces.
Mule Spinners' union, 160 men.
Marshal, Dennis Harrington.
Independent Drum Corps of Lawrence.

JAMES O'LAUGHLIN Marshal Trades and Labor Council.

National Band, R. A. Griffiths, leader, 25 pieces.
Horseshoers' union, with float, 50 men.
Marshal, Thomas Saunders.
Iron Moulders' union, 125 men.
Marshal, George H. Keating.
Aids, William Donohoe, John Willman, William Willman and John Ward.
Boilermakers' union, with float, 50 men.
Marshal, Frank Currier.
Ald. John Cassidy.
15 pieces.
Delegation of 75 Lawrence Mule Spinners.
Marshal, Patrick Daly.
Merchants' Floats.

P. Watson, baker; Duclo's studio, Lowell Co-operative Painting and Decorating company, Diamond Starch company.

The route of procession was as follows:

South, Middlesex, Thorndike, Fletcher, Adams, Cabot, Merrimack, Bridge, Sixth, countermarch, Bridge, Central Charles, Summer to the South common to be reviewed by the chief marshal and dismissed.

O. W. HORTON, Marshal Carpenters' Division.

Stationary Firemen, 50 men.
Marshal, John B. Barrett.

THIRD DIVISION.

Marshal, Joseph A. Toney.
Talbot Mills band, George H. Halstead, leader, 25 pieces.
Woolen Spinners union, 75 men.

THE MOTTOES.

One of the features of the parade was the excellent array of banners. The principal ones were inscribed as follows:

With the Trades and Labor Council:
"Trades and Labor council—this is our motto, 'High wages and love of country.'"
"The offspring of high wages is high civilization in every land."
"The voice of the people is the voice of God."
"A bold peasantry, their country's pride."
"Once destroyed can ne'er be supplied,
"We stand for a just cause."
"All wealth should belong to the producers."
"Workingmen of the world, unite! you have naught to lose but your chains and a world to gain."

With the Carpenters' union:
"Nobody can help one where one cannot help many."
"In union there is strength."
"We've got nine hours; this saw cuts for eight."
"We try to elevate our craft, also our pay; a good day's work for a fair day's pay."

With the Bricklayers' union:
"A man's a man for a' that."
"Man's inhumanity to man makes countless thousands mourn."

With the Wool Spinners' union:—
"We toil and spin, keep cool we must,
Our cause will win in spite of trust,
With Labor's host let all unite,
Defend your post, stand up for right;
We'll right the wrong through righteous laws,
Our union's strong and just our cause.
Then stand united, firm and true,
Each Labor Day your pledge renew."

With the Cotton Weavers' union:
"Welcome prosperity."
"Good treatment and fair wages."

PARADE NOTES.

One of the musical features was the gaily bedecked drum corps from South Lawrence which played inspiring music for the Lawrence mule spinners.

The parade went through its long line of march without a hitch or break, and the men walked like soldiers.

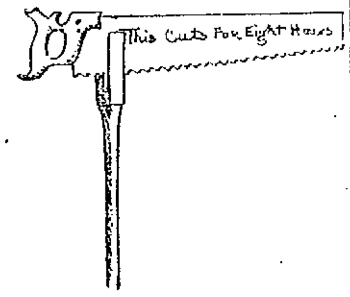
Many there are who think that the store clerks made a big mistake in failing to turn out.

Con. Desmond's blacksmithing forge float was one of the best things in line. That immense cabinet of nickel-plated horse shoes which appeared in the float was one prepared by Mr. Desmond while horseshoer at the Thorndale Stock Farm. It took the premium at the World's Fair.

The electrical workers had a float upon which was arranged an abundance of the various articles used in connection with their craft. In the middle was an electric light and gathered about it were electric fans, electric bells, electric wires and in fact everything that an electrician is called upon to handle. A number of men were on the float as well as marching behind it and each man wore a small electric bell attached to his coat.

One of the most attractive features was the Loomfixers' union float. It was an allegorical feature and called forth praise all along the route. Standing in the centre of the float was the goddess of liberty, impersonated by Mrs. Brown, and on the driver's seat was Uncle Sam impersonated by William Brick. The remaining parts were as follows: Sailors, George Shields and Philip Cinqmars; soldiers, John J. Lapoint and J. B. Walker; Cuban, George Lemond; drummer boy, John J. Shields. Mrs. Brown made an ideal goddess and her associates were similarly well adapted to their parts.

The Carpenters' union was engaged in the construction of a small latticed summer house on their float and it was stated on a placard that the building would be sold at auction on the common after the parade. A big crowd attended the auction and the house brought $80.



A feature was the fine turnout of John J. Donnelly, in which rode his son, William Donnelly. It was in line with the blacksmiths and Mr. Donnelly's high-stepping horse wore a blanket on which was the motto "None but union men shoe me."

THE SPORTS.

The sports were started on the South common at 2 o'clock. There was a place about 300 feet long and 40 feet wide roped off and with the aid of a dozen policemen they succeeded in keeping it clear for a while but towards the end of the sports nearly everyone was inside of the ropes. There was about ten thousand people in all viewing the sports, the hill on Summer street being perfectly lined with people.

Most of these events were both exciting and interesting. The most interest was centered in the tug-of-war contest. The first heat brought out the Loomfixers and the Stationary Firemen and resulted in a victory for the Loomfixers. The second heat was between the Iron Moulders and the Stationary Firemen and this heat scored a second defeat for the Firemen. In the final heat the Iron Moulders and Loomfixers had it hot and heavy. The Loomfixers defeated their opponents by about two inches. The Loomfixers' team was composed of the following: Alphonse Dalphond, anchor; Arthur Lessier, Joseph Lafarriere, Joseph Lefebvre, Louis Boisonneau and Norbet Lessier.

The summary:

Puting 16-pound shot (open)—Won by Simon Dean, 36 feet, 2 1-2 inches; Charles Riley, 35 feet, 11 inches, second. First prize, $3; second, $2.

Throwing 56-pound weight (open).—Won by Simon Dean, 16 feet, 8 inches. Michael J. Roughan, 14 feet, 11 inches, second. First prize, $3; second, $2.

100 yards dash, professional—Won by Charles Hamilton, Edward McNally second. First prize, $5; second $3.

Hop, step and jump (open)—Won by A. Rourke, 39 feet, 11 inches; George Landers, second, 39 feet, 7 inches; J. Kane, third, 39 feet, 3 inches. First prize, $5; second, $3; third, $2.

100 yards' dash, amateur (union men only)—Won by Frank Charlton, George Landers, second. First prize $3, second, $2.

Three standing jumps (open)—Won by Charles Riley, 32 feet, 9 inches; George Landers, 32 feet, 5 inches. First prize, $3; second $2.

Standing broad jump (union men only)—Won by Charles Riley, 10 feet, 6 inches; Robert Hartley, 10 feet, 3 inches. First prize, $5; second $3.

100 yards' dash (union men over 225 pounds)—Won by Thomas Gray, Patrick Kane, second. First prize, briar pipe.

Boys' race (under 16 years)—Won by William Maloney, John McCarthy, second. First prize $3, second prize $2.

Tug-of-war (union men only) teams composed of six men—Won by Loomfixers' union, Iron Moulders, second; First prize, $15; second $10.

The committee on sports were as follows: Starter, John J. Mahoney; referee, James T. Murphy; committee, John Barrett, Daniel Moynihan, Albert W. Ham, H. J. McCarthy, Joseph Hibbard, Timothy J. Regan, William Fitzpatrick, James Coughlin, D. J. Morrow, William Kinsella and James Holleran.

THE BALL GAME.

The ball game between the Shamrocks and Silent club for a purse of $25 was won by the Shamrocks by a score of 24 to 23.

There were two bad accidents. Bill Leslie, who was catching for the Silent men, had his right hand split early in the game by a thrown ball and had to retire and in the eighth inning Umpire Gorman who was standing behind the bat, was hit on the point of the jaw by a foul tip, which knocked him completely off his feet and he was rendered unconscious for a time. He revived, however and the ambulance was sent for and he was taken to his home. Up to the time of the accident he was umpiring a fine game and deserves praise for his fair treatment. William Brunette finished the game as umpire.

Niland started in to twirl for the Shamrocks and did well up to the fifth inning when the heavy hitters of the Silent club got after him and scored 14 runs by good, clean hitting. He was taken out of the box and "Jigger" Murray went in and did fine work. Grimes pitched six innings for the Silent club and was relieved by J. J. Murray who finished the game and did good work but the poor playing of his team "queered" him.

The features of the game were the batting of Jordan and O'Connell for the Shamrocks and the fine fielding of O'Connell and Fahey. For the Silent club J. Murray and Hood did some terrific batting, while Lipsey and McCarthy played the best fielding game.

The batting order of both teams and the score by innings follows:

Shamrocks—O'Connell 1, Jordan 3, F. Murray (Capt.) 2, McCue 1, Fahey, ss, Jig. Murray, r, p, Kenney m, Hickey c, Niland, p, r.

Silent club—Leslie c, Scully c, J. Murray r, Reagan 1, Sullivan 2, McCarthy 3, Hood m, Lipsey, ss, J. J. Murray 1, p, Grimes, p [illegible].

Shamrocks	4	0	7	2	3	1	2	3	2	—24
Silent Club	0	0	2	2	14	3	1	1	0	—23

See Page Four.

HENRY J. WALSH, Secretary Labor Day Committee.

DANIEL J. COSGROVE, Organizer of the Provision and Grocery Clerks.

STEAMER MERRIMACK

STRUCK A ROCK ON TRIP UP THE RIVER.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

HAVERHILL, Sept. 5.—Senator Samuel W. George's steamboat Merrimack which plies between this city and Black Rock at the mouth of the Merrimack river, struck a rock about one and a half miles below Groveland bridge, on her trip up Sunday evening. She still lies on the rock and is rapidly filling with water. The extent of the damage to the boat is not known.

Senator George was on board at the time and Captain Styckny was in command. There were 250 passengers, largely women and children and there was some excitement. They were taken to the Haverhill shore in boats and later brought to this city in barges without accident. The water in the channel has been low for sometime and last night the boat struck lightly at the same point.

As I am about to sail for Europe on Sept 20th, I will sell at public auction on Thursday, Sept. 7th, my beautiful residence at No. 18 Bowers street; also all my household furniture including one Upright Sterling Piano, one imported Cathedral Gong Hall Clock, etc., In this lot is some very fine furniture.
J. D. GRANT.

CAR OFF TRACK.

One of the Lowell, Lawrence and Haverhill cars jumped the track on the Lawrence road near Dowding's Landing about 2.30 o'clock Saturday afternoon. As a result traffic on the road was delayed about three hours. The car was imbedded in about two feet of sand. Although many of the passengers received a severe shaking up, nobody was badly injured.

BILIOUS-NESS

Do you get up with a headache?
Is there a bad taste in your mouth?
Then you have a poor appetite and a weak digestion. You are frequently dizzy, always feel dull and drowsy. You have cold hands and feet. You get but little benefit from your food. You have no ambition to work and the sharp pains of neuralgia dart through your body.
What is the cause of all this trouble?
Constipated bowels.

Ayer's PILLS

will give you prompt relief and certain cure.

Keep Your Blood Pure.

If you have neglected your case a long time, you had better take

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

also. It will remove all impurities that have been accumulating in your blood and will greatly strengthen your nerves.

Write the Doctor.

There may be something about your case you do not quite understand. Write the doctor freely: tell him how you are suffering. You will promptly receive the best medical advice. Address, Dr. J. C. Ayer, Lowell, Mass.

IVORINE WASHING POWDER

A Cake of Fine Toilet Soap in Every Package.

Great Inducements

Will be offered to cash customers for a Piano, SEPT. 1st and 2nd.

JACOB DOLL, 216 Merrimack St., Lowell, Mass.

COOK, TAYLOR & CO.

CENTRAL STREET.

Ready-Made Garment of All Kinds a Specialty.
Many of our Fall Styles are Ready.

Friday and Saturday

We Offer the Following Lot to Close Out:

SHIRT WAISTS 59c, down from $1 and $1.50. Some of the New Woolen and Velvet Waists are in. Ask to see them.

WASH SKIRTS 98c, reduced from $2 and $2.50. We are showing some handsome All Wool Wash Skirts at $4.49.

GOLF HATS, A regular $1.50 Hat to be closed out at 98c., pearl shades only.

New Fall Styles in Velvet Hats, buy one early only $4.49.
New Tailor-made Suits at $10, $10.98, $12.50 and $16.00.

COOK, TAYLOR & CO., Central St.

THE LEADER.

Among the newspapers of Lowell The Sun is unquestionably the leader. It leads in news, it leads in style, it leads in illustrations, it leads in circulation, it leads in enterprise, it leads in everything that goes to make a first-class newspaper.

THE LOWELL SUN

„ THEY MADE IT „

The Sun is in every way the greatest newspaper in Lowell. It was not built up to its present proud eminence by any aristocracy of birth, wealth or corporate power. It was built up by the people, and to the cause of the people it is dedicated forever.

22ND YEAR. LOWELL, MASS. TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 5, 1899. 8 PAGES 1 CENT

SUN LATEST FIVE O'CLOCK.

LABOR'S GREAT DAY

The Grandest Celebration in Local History

JOHN J. MAHONEY Chief Marshal Parade.

Parade Replete With Entertaining Features Was Witnessed by a Multitude—Fine Sports and Labor Rally

No event in the history of local organized labor has ever approached the complete success of the celebration in which thousands joined yesterday, in honor of labor's great holiday.

To begin with, the weather was atmospheric perfection, a cool breeze tempering the heat of the bright sun to the supreme delight of the hosts of the marching toilers and their admiring friends. Early in the morning the crowds began to gather on the streets, each incoming electric car bringing a large contingent from the neighboring cities and town. There were no celebrations in either Nashua or Lawrence but hundreds came here from those cities, as did two bands from up the river and a drum corps and a union from the lower city.

The general program was an excellent one and each detail was carried out to the letter, an enduring tribute to the efforts of Messrs. Mahoney, Convery, and the tireless toilers whose indefatigable efforts met with grand results.

Nothing marred the completeness of labor's celebration and the little matters of regret in connection with the affair, the non-appearance of the store clerks in the parade and the attempt of a so-called Workingmen's club to take advantage of the celebration for political purposes failed even to ruffle the smoothness with which the day passed into history.

There was a parade which has never been equalled in this city, a first class program of sports attended by a countless multitude and an evening celebration out-doors which was well attended and enthusiastically received.

The parade demonstrated conclusively that labor was never better organized than it is today. Heretofore in our local labor day parades, the textile crafts predominated in line. Yesterday they were there in the fulness of their numbers but they were only a fair sized part of the parade, for the other trades unions were there in variety and numbers, the grocers, carpenters, leather workers, iron moulders, horseshoers, shavers, electrical workers and others, all tastefully uniformed, contributing the major portion of the procession. Then there was music galore, six bands and a crackerjack drum corps furnishing most inviting music to the marchers. The floats were numerous, well conceived and finely executed and on the whole he who had formed the opinion that labor parades are nothing more than so many men marching the streets in their working clothes was most agreeably disappointed and deeply impressed by the spectacle presented by Lowell's toilers on their holiday.

THE PARADE.

The parade started shortly after 9 o'clock.

The first division was formed on South street, the right resting on Summer street, and the second division formed on Highland street, the right resting on South street.

The third division formed on Thorndike street, the right resting on Highland street. The merchants' floats formed in the rear of the third division.

The formation was as follows:

Platoon of police, Lieut. Webster in command.

Chief Marshal, John J. Mahoney, white sash, Typographical Union.

Chief of staff, Albert M. Ham, red sash, Shavers' Union.

Aids—Blue sash, James P. Collins, Carders' and Pickers' Union; William J. Galvin, Carpenters' Union; Daniel F. Coughlan, Wool Spinners' Union; Michael F. Connelly, International Brotherhood of Stationary Firemen's Union; Daniel Moynihan, Building Laborers' Union; Timothy J. Reagan, Horseshoers' Union; D. J. Morrow, Loomfixers' Union; George Desliet, Loomfixers' Union; Michael Duggan, Mule Spinners' Union; John H. Griffin, Electrotype Finishers' Union; Owen McArdel, Iron Moulders' Union; John J. Linane, Boilermakers' Union; James Gilligan, Shavers' Union; William Lee, Leather Workers' Union; George J. Gray, Typographical Union; Peter Bernlec, Grocers' and Provision Clerks; Alex. George, Bricklayers' Union.

Carriage containing Aldermen Derby and McNulty, and Councilman Markham of the city council Labor Day committee and President Joseph F. Convery of the Trades and Labor Council.

FIRST DIVISION.

Marshal, James O'Loughlin.

Borjes' Military Band, E. J. Borjes, Leader, 35 pieces.

Trades and Labor Council, 50 men.

Marshal, Patrick Gormley.

Bricklayers' Union, 50 men.

Marshal, Robert M. Graham.

Provision and Grocery Clerks, 75 men.

Marshal, Andrew McDonald.

Electrical workers with float, 50 men.

SECOND DIVISION.

Marshal, Orrin M. Horton.

Aids, Frank Keppler, David Decelle.

Lowell Cadet Band, John Hanlon, leader, 25 pieces.

(Continued to Page Eight.)

Miss Etta B. Gilman has returned after a vacation of three weeks.

Sidney M. Whitman of the Bon Marche is enjoying his vacation on a trip to New York and up the Hudson river.

Mr. W. R. Myers and wife of Eighteenth street will sail for Liverpool Wednesday on the steamship Canada, Dominion line. They will visit London, Manchester, Bedford and other places of interest.

TRARIEUX'S SPEECH

Leading Feature of Dreyfus Trial Today

The Former Minister of Justice Declares His Belief in Dreyfus' Innocence and Begs That an Innocent Man be Not Punished—He Cites the Case of Admiral Byng as a Warning

By Associated Press to The Sun.

RENNES, Sept. 5.—M. Cernuschi, the political refugee and reputed scion of the Servian royalty who appeared yesterday before the Dreyfus court martial as a witness for the prosecution, was not examined by the court during the time it sat behind closed doors on this, the second day of the fifth week of Captain Alfred Dreyfus' trial on the charge of treason in communicating army secrets to a foreign government.

When the open session of the court martial began, M. Labori presented a formal application to the court for an order upon Major Carriere, the government commissary, to request that interested foreign governments, through diplomatic channels, communicate to the court various documents relating to the bordereau. M. Labori explained the purpose of the application by citing the fact that the court was now in an extremely delicate situation and added that he had pointed out to Major Carriere, Col. Schwartzkoppen and Signor Panizzardi as witnesses he deemed necessary to summon. M. Labori said he thought this step would worry nobody and that it was in conformity with precedents.

Major Carriere replied that he did not think the government could ask another government for the restoration of documents. He suggested that the defense should obtain and submit the papers semi-officially to the court. He saw no objection to hearing Col. Schwartzkoppen and Signor Panizzardi if they consented to come.

M. Pameologue said that while M. Labori's request appeared quite logical and just, there were diplomatic considerations which made it inadmissible for the government to take such initiative as was proposed by counsel for the defense. Col. Jouaust said they could decide the matter later and meanwhile proceeded with the taking of evidence.

The first witness who was called to the bar today was the reporter, Bassett, whom the Matin sent to London to interview Major Count Ferdinand Walsin Esterhazy. He deposed that Esterhazy confessed to him that he wrote the bordereau under orders from Col. Sandherr, who was then chief of the secret intelligence bureau. The order, Esterhazy said, was to catch the traitor at the headquarters of the general staff, whom Esterhazy afterwards said was Captain Dreyfus.

Major Carriere here burst out with an extraordinary protest against Major Esterhazy's insinuations against Col. Sandherr. "I protest," he cried, "in the name and memory of Col. Sandherr against the insinuations introduced against him."

M. Labori, however, ignored this protest, which he styled a "ridiculous pretension."

M. Labori then called upon General Roget to testify regarding letters he had received from Maj. Esterhazy since the opening of this hearing.

General Roget today looked the ghost of his former aggressive self. His face was careworn and showed little of that fighting spirit which first characterized his appearance upon the stage. He replied that he only opened one letter from Major Esterhazy, which he had forwarded to Col. Jouaust. General Roget added that he had declined to receive other letters.

M. Labori then asked Col. Jouaust to have the letters read.

Col. Jouaust declined, but M. Labori insisted so firmly that Col. Jouaust, after wrangling a while, gave way and consented that the letters should be read later. Col. Jouaust explained that he opposed the reading of the letters because they only contained personal attacks upon various parties and would only lead to a prolongation of the trial.

General Roget then read the one Esterhazy letter which he admitted having opened. In this letter Major Esterhazy said he could not prove the existence of the alleged syndicate organized in the interest of Dreyfus and he complained that the general staff had refused to give him a full hearing.

M. Labori then put a series of questions intended to bring out the fact that the general staff had made use of Major Esterhazy even after he was known to be unreliable. General Roget said that he had not considered Major Esterhazy's avowals to be of any value.

M. Labori sought to question General Roget more closely on his statement that none of the generals of the general staff had any relations with Major Esterhazy, but Col. Jouaust declined to allow further discussion. This led to another scene between the president of the court martial and counsel for the defense. M. Labori declared that General Roget, who came here more as a public prosecutor than as a witness, refused to reply to probing questions.

A little later, M. Labori pushed the question on General Billot on what is known as the liberating document.

General Zurlinden then came upon the platform dressed in the uniform of his rank. He spoke a few words respecting the general staff's belief in Major Esterhazy.

M. Demange asked General Roget his opinion of Major Esterhazy.

"I have an absolute conviction," replied General Roget amid cries of "Oh" from the audience, "that Major Esterhazy is a stranger to treason."

General Roget then delivered a short discourse in reply to the statement of M. des Fonds Lamothe on Saturday that the phrase in the bordereau, "I am going to the manoeuvres," showed that Dreyfus could not be the author of the bordereau. General Roget maintained that M. Lamothe was wrong.

Captain Dreyfus arose and in a clear voice emphatically insisted that the circular of May 17, 1894, anouncing that the probationers would not go to the manoeuvres, was written in the clearest language, which the court would see if it were read. He reiterated that he had never asked to go the manoeuvres, for he was absoutely convinced that such a request would not be granted.

M. Dufes, a reporter for the Temps, testified that he saw Major Esterhazy in London and that the latter confessed that he was the author of the bordereau. The witness added that he raised the question of the letters of Madame Boulanc and brought away the impression that Esterhazy wrote the "Uhlan" letter.

M. Trarieux, formerly minister of justice, was the next witness called. He made a long deposition in favor of Dreyfus, reviewing the history of the case and his own part in connection therewith.

Mr. and Mrs. D. A. Parthenias and Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Hoole leave today via Portland for Sabago Lakes where they will enjoy the next fortnight.

Realizing That a Range

Is the most important article in furnishing a home, we have made of

RANGES A SPECIALTY

And not a side line.

REALIZING that a Range pleases every day or displeases every day, we have concentrated our best efforts, all the knowledge gained by years of experience, observation and study, in getting

THE BEST RANGE

And we honestly believe in and can clearly demonstrate to you that the

"CENTURY GRAND RANGE"

Is ahead of all others in quality, style, finish and improvements. Many have regretted not seeing it before buying. Don't make the same mistake. Come and see it before you buy.

The People's Favorite Furniture Store.

A. E. O'HEIR & CO., 14, 16 and 18 Merrimack St.

Near Electric Car Waiting Room.

TOM DOLAN DEAD

Former Lowell Sporting Man Passed Away

"Tom" Dolan, who for many years was one of Lowell's most popular residents and a local leader in sporting circles passed away at his home, Bandan street, New York city, Saturday night. He is survived by a widow and a host of friends.

"Tom" Dolan who was known to every one in Lowell of the past generation was a native of New York. In 1873 he came to this city, having completed an honorable army record in the civil war, in which he had the distinction of being the youngest drummer boy to enlist from his native state. He joined Post 42, G. A. R., and started up what was known as the Army and Navy Billiard Parlors, in a hall over A. G. Pollard's present store on Merrimack street, where he soon became famous as a sporting man. Next he opened the celebrated Pawtucket Fruit and Flower Gardens across the river in Pawtucketville. After a brief career there he purchased a saloon on Merrimack street near Tremont, and engaged in business there until 1876, when he went out to the Black Hills.

Returning from the Black Hills, he opened the "Big Six" saloon on Bridge street, and later established the present Rockingham saloon in Central street. In 1887 he went back to New York and engaged in the liquor business, but for several years had been the victim of paralysis.

He was the man who brought John L. Sullivan and Hanlon, the oarsman, to Lowell for the first time and had on exhibition for a time in his saloon the shell in which Hanlon won the world's championship on the Thames. He was the backer of Dan Driscoll, the oarsman of former years, when the latter was in his prime. He was a hale fellow well met and was one of the most popular men in town in his day.

FUNERALS.

FALLON—The funeral of James Fallon took place this morning at 9 o'clock from the Sacred Heart church, where a requiem high mass was celebrated by Rev. John P. Reynolds, O. M. I. The funeral was very largely attended by relatives and friends of the deceased. The pall bearers were Michael, Stern, Charles, Patrick and Frank Fallon of this city and Thomas Fallon of Peabody. Interment was in the Catholic cemetery under the direction of Undertaker Rogers.

VINALL—The funeral of Mrs. Sarah Vinall took place yesterday afternoon at 2 o'clock from her late residence, 11 Simpson Place. Rev. Mr. Hewett officiated. The pall bearers were Henry Runels, George Farnin, Thomas Collins, George Poor. Interment was in the Edson cemetery under the direction of Undertaker Weinbeck.

HANSON—The funeral of Emma Hanson took place yesterday afternoon at 4 o'clock from her late residence, 80 New Fletcher street. Rev. J. Gullana officiated. There was singing by Miss Carlson, Miss Parson and Mr. Bernison. The pall bearers were A. Johnson, E. Anderson, W. Gillinson, S. Nelson, O. Hernston, J. Mattson. Interment was in the Edson cemetery under the direction of Undertaker J. A. Weinbeck.

MITCHELL—The funeral of W. J. Mitchell took place at 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon from his late home, 218 Lincoln street. Rev. J. N. Craig officiated and the bearers were friends of the deceased who were fellow employes with the Boston and Maine railroad.

LATHAM—The funeral of William Latham took place yesterday afternoon at 4 o'clock from his late home, 20 Fulton Place. Services were held at the grave in St. Patrick's cemetery, Rev. Richard S. Burke officiating. A delegation from the Iron Moulders' union of which he was a member were present, also friends from Boston, Fitchburg and Lawrence. The bearers were Frank Connaiff, John Iverson, William Murphy, Fred Moran, Lewis Bushey and James Everett. Undertaker Molloy had charge.

DEXTER—The funeral of John S. Dexter took place from his late residence in Tewksbury Saturday afternoon at 1 o'clock with prayers at the house and services at the Talbot chapel, Lowell cemetery at 2 o'clock. Rev. J. H. Yeoman of Tewksbury officiated and the pall bearers were Henry Dexter, Edwin Dexter, Joel Phelps and D. N. Lathrop. The interment was in the Lowell cemetery under the direction of J. A. Weinbeck.

GIBSON—The funeral of Mrs. Isora D. Gibson took place from her late residence, 648 Westford street, Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Rev. Mr. Hewett officiated and the pall bearers were George King, Frank Hill, Miles G. Gardner, S. S. Mayberry. The interment was in the Edson cemetery under the direction of J. A. Weinbeck.

ROARK—The funeral of Joseph H. Roark took place yesterday from teh home of his parents, Daniel and Mary A., 134 Lakeview avenue. Burial was in the Catholic cemetery. Undertaker Molloy in charge.

JOHNSON IN CHARGE

By Associated Press to The Sun.

CHICAGO, Sept. 5—The Chronicle says: J. G. Johnson of Kansas is to be the active manager of the work of the national democratic committee in all of its branches. Mr. Johnson is slated to assume charge of permanent headquarters that will be opened in Chicago immediately after the conference to be held at the Auditorium a week from Monday next.

Putnam & Son

THERE ARE NOTABLE

Changes in Boys' Clothing this season and the new ideas make our exhibition of Boys' Suits particularly striking.

The new suits are here for the entire younger generation and the stock is thoroughly representative of the best that's to be had in Boys' Clothing.

Juvenile Suits, Narrow or Sailor Collars; single or double breast vests. Sizes 3 years to 9. $1.19 TO $7.95

Double Breast Suits, Jackets, plain or silk faced; short trousers. Sizes 8 years to 16, $1.19 TO $7.95

Single Breast Sack Suits, Plain or silk faced; single or double breast vests, short trousers. Sizes 10 to 16 years, $2.98 TO $8.98

Single Breast Sack Suits, Single or double breast vests, long trousers. Sizes 15 to 19 years. $3.75 TO $15.95

Double Breast Sack Suits, Plain or silk faced, single or double breast vests, long trousers. Sizes 15 years to 19 years. $5.75 TO $16.45

NEW GOLF CAPS, NEW GERMAN YACHT CAPS, NEW FALL TAMS, 12½c. TO 44c.

PUTNAM & SON,

166 Central Street.

THE SUN EXTRA

A MOB'S THREAT

Compelled Mormon Elder to Withdraw a Charge

OF MURDEROUS ASSAULT ON A FARMER

Who Had Kicked and Beaten Him

By Associated Press to The Sun.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., Sept. 5.—A mounted armed mob of some 200 men took charge of a court, sheriff and litigants yesterday at Johnson Springs, Va., and by main force put a stop to the proceedings. For a time a wholesale lynching appeared inevitable.

Elder Joseph E. Wullin, a Mormon, was murderously assaulted some nights ago from ambush, brutally beaten with clubs and kicked while unconscious on the ground. Fleming Ridley, a white farmer, was arrested as a leader in the attack on the charge of assault with attempt to murder. He was arraigned for trial yesterday and soon after his men surrounded the court house and detailed a committee to notify the court that the proceedings must stop. A second committee of determined regulators took charge of Elder Wullin and threatened to lynch him unless he withdrew the prosecution and agreed to leave the country. Fearing they would carry their threats into execution, he withdrew the case. The prisoner had been liberated by the mob. Wullin remarked that there was no justice in Virginia whereupon members of the mob replied: "No law for Mormons except to kill them."

SPANISH OFFICERS ACQUITTED

By Associated Press to The Sun.

MADRID, Sept. 5—The trial of Captain Diaz Moreau, who commanded the Spanish cruiser Cristobal Colon at the battle of Santiago de Cuba and General Pareze, who was on board the Colon on charges arising from the destruction of the Spanish fleet off Santiago on July 3 last year, was concluded yesterday. Both the accused officers were acquitted.

DEATHS.

McCLUSKEY — Mary McCluskey, aged 45 years, died Sunday at her late home, 3 Mellen's yard, off Fayette street. Deceased is survived by a husband, Hugh Mellen. The funeral will take place this afternoon at 4 o'clock.

LEONARD—Mary, aged 1 year and 4 months, daughter of Michael and Mary Leonard, died last night at the home of her parents, 183 Concord street. The funeral will take place tomorrow afternoon.

KELLY—John Joseph, infant son of Arthur and Jennie Kelly, died yesterday at the home of her parents, 579 Market street.

HAYES—Mary Hayes, aged 65 years, an old resident of North Billerica, died Sunday at the home of her son-in-law, Patrick Mahoney on Talbot avenue. She is survived by several children.

LAROCHE—Rena, aged 8 months, child of Leon and Valeda Laroche, died yesterday at the home of her parents, 168 Fletcher street.

BURKE—Michael Burke, an old resident of this city, died Sunday night at the Corporation hospital. He is survived by a wife.

The funeral will take place this afternoon at 2:30 o'clock from J. F. O'Donnell's office.

LATEST STYLES

—IN—

Fall and Winter Goods

Arrving daily ifor your inspection at

LOUIS ALEXANDER

IMPORTER TAILOR

55 CENTRAL STREET

Tam O. Hable, Assistant.

J. F. O'DONNELL,

UNDERTAKER.

WE DO NOT EXPECT

a rushing business for the next month, but you can never have a better time to look over our finely selected stock of goods and we can take better care of you now than when the busy season commences. Call at 23 Palmer street.

Gorman & Sullivan, Fashionable Tailors.

REMOVAL NOTICE.

To my customers and the general public: I have moved my wood and coal business from Congress street to Burnam street, about three minutes' walk above Davis square, where I shall be pleased to wait on you. Thanking you for your past patronage, I respectfully solicit a continuance of the same. Orders by mail, telephone or in person will receive prompt and careful attention. Yours,

JOHN P QUINN.

THE SUN LATEST!

5 O'CLOCK

KILLED BY A CAR

James F. Fallon of Lowell the Victim

WAS ASLEEP ON THE TRACKS

On a Dark Portion of the Road

HIS LEGS WERE BOTH CUT OFF

The Body Brought to Lowell for Burial

James F. Fallon, aged 36 years, single and living with his two sisters at 41 Bolt street, this city, met with a fatal accident between Hudson and Nashua Saturday night. He was run over by an electric car of the Nashua division of the Lowell and Suburban street railway company receiving injuries from which he died later at the Nashua Emergency hospital.

Fallon had worked Saturday up till noon in the Merrimack print works, and went to Nashua during the afternoon.

When the 9.55 p. m. car bound from Nashua to Lowell reached Nashua Junction Fallon got aboard but when the car cached the Hudson end of the red bridge, over the Merrimack river he got off.

Where he went or why he got off is not known but when the next Nashua bound car came along it ran over Fallon's legs which were stretched across one of the rails cutting them both off, one near the hip and the other below the knee.

The spot where the accident happened was about 80 rods from the place where he alighted from the car and was in a locality that was so dark that the motorman was unable to see the man on the track.

The ambulance was notified and the injured man removed to the hospital in Nashua, but it was found upon examination by the hospital physicians and surgeons that the injuries would prove fatal, and that the only thing that could be done would be to save the man from suffering any pain.

When the return to Nashua was made the ambulance was summoned and he was taken to the Emergency hospital, where after an hour's agony he passed away though not before he regained consciousness and requested that a Catholic priest be sent for. The latter arrived some time before the man breathed his last and the rites of his church having been administered, the man sank back in his cot with apparent satisfaction and died soon after.

The clergyman tried to obtain his name from him, but though struggling as he would he was too weak to reply and it was thus that no news of the accident reached the relatives in this city until Sunday afternoon.

The body was removed to the warerooms of Undertaker C. T. Lund where it was identified Sunday by Thomas Danahy, an employe at the city farm and Frank Quinn, an employe of the Hamilton Print works. They were well acquainted with the deceased and in Nashua Sunday from some unknown cause, as they expressed it, they became possessed of a desire to look upon the remains of the unknown.

The body was brought to Lowell Sunday night by Undertaker Rogers: Besides the two sisters with whom he lived, Fallon leaves three brothers.

TYPHOID CASES

REVEAL SOME AGENCY DIFFUSING INFECTION.

The board of health will investigate the cases of typhoid fever there are in the city and will discover, if it can, the source of the disease. There are ten cases in St. John's hospital and Dr. Stephen Johnson, who is the physician on duty there just now, thinks that it will not be very difficult to discover the source of the disease. One of the cases came from Lawrence and three, he thinks came from the vicinity of an infected well in East Merrimack street. All the teats responded immediately. One case he had in the Lowell General Hospital, of a young woman who died. She resided in Webster street and her father died of the disease some time ago. Her mother also had the disease so that it is very evident that infection is in that neighborhood. The doctor does not think, however, that there is any particular danger from the disease, the cases being isolated. Investigation will undoubtedly reveal a definite source of infection for the city is now free from danger in the excellence of the water supply it has.

BLACK HAWK

THE GREAT INDIAN CHIEF IS DEAD.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Sept. 5—A special from Black River Falls, Wis., says:

Black Hawk, the most noted of the chiefs of the Wisconsin Winnebago Indians is dead in the town of Brockway, aged 90 years. Black Hawk was always a friend of the whites and on several occasions prevented the Winnebagos from taking the warpath.

Headache

Biliousness, sour stomach, constipation and all liver ills are cured by

Hood's Pills

The non-irritating cathartic. Price 25 cents of all druggists or by mail of C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

WEIMAN HELD

Ordered in $600 to Superior Court

WAIVED EXAMINATION IN POLICE COURT

Two Liquor Cases Continued for Trial

FEW ARRESTS ON LABOR DAY

And Very Little Evidence of Drunkenness

Only five arrests were made for drunkenness Labor Day. The drunks were arraigned before Judge Hadley in the police court this morning. There were also five continued cases of drunkenness disposed of.

One simple drunk was released by the court.

Frank D. Green pleaded not guilty of drunkenness. He was found guilty by the court and fined $5 and besides was ordered to recognize in the sum of $100 to keep the peace for six months.

Samuel Sharo, for drunkenness, was sent three months to jail. It was the 17th time he has been before the court for drunkenness since 1881.

Of the other drunks, George A. Worthen, George W. McVicker, Ethelbert H. Joy, James Winn, James Farley and Elmer E. Chase were fined $6 each.

Arthur Decoteau for being drunk on Labor Day at Lakeview was fined $8.

The case of Herman Weiman, charged with breaking and entering and larceny, was called for trial. Weiman through his counsel, Lawyer Corbett, waived examination; the court thereupon ordered him held in $600 for superior court.

The case of John J. Hickey and Chas. H. Carr, the two Spanish war veterans who were arrested at Lakeview last night by Officer Donahue for disturbing the peace, was continued until Saturday for trial. The defendants were already under bail.

Charles Mitchel, charged with larceny, was also continued till Saturday for trial.

The case of Edward Duval, charged with illegal keeping of liquor, was put over until Sept. 13.

Clara Burke was charged with assault and battery upon an old man named Godfrey Hecteau. She pleaded not guilty and was defended by D. J. Donahue, Esq.

The assault occurred Monday afternoon in Middlesex street. The defendant lives with her sister, while Hecteau boards at a house next door. Hecteau claimed he was sitting on the front steps of his boarding house Monday afternoon, when for no cause, as he could see, the Burke woman rushed up to him and struck him over the head with a chair. She then knocked him down and proceeded to give him a good beating.

The defendant testified in her own behalf. She admitted she struck the old man over the head with the chair and then knocked him down and beat him. But she claimed that she had a good reason to do so. She claimed that Hecteau was fighting with her sister's little children and that provoked her, especially as her sister was sick and couldn't protect her children.

The court, however, found the defendant guilty and imposed a fine of $10. Lawyer Donahue said that her sister was sick and unable to do any work and that she had to depend upon the defendant to do the work. Mr. Donahue also said that the defendant could not pay the fine.

The court finally agreed to reduce the fine to $5 in view of the fact that she would have to go to jail. A $10 fine would mean 30 days in jail whereas a $5 fine would mean only 8 days' confinement. But the Burke woman didn't like the idea of going to jail at all and told the court she wanted to pay $10. She evidently thought that besides paying a $5 fine, she would have to go to jail anyway for eight days. She was finally made to understand, however, and the fine was $5.

A large number of drunks were before Judge Hadley Labor Day and were quickly disposed of, all being fined. John Sullivan, Frank H. Riley, Johanna A. Murphy, Alice Cyr, Daniel Ryan, James E. Platt, Michael Connors, Joseph F. Moore and James Lanny were assessed $5 each.

Lizzie F. Holland was fined $6. John Shugrue, James Dolan, Joseph Martin, and John Nolan were each taxed $10. Michael F. Sullivan was sentenced to ten days in jail. George A. Worthen, George W. McVicker, Ethelbert E. Joy and Samuel Sharo received bail and were continued.

William J. Sears, charged with illegally keeping liquor and Edward Duval charged with the illegal sale of liquor had their cases continued until today.

JAMES McCRACKEN

CHARGED WITH THE MURDER OF HIS WIFE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

TRENTON, Mo., Sept. 5—James McCracken, a druggist, of Galt, is under arrest charged with murder of his wife. Mrs. McCracken died very suddenly last week and the coroner after holding an inquest, placed the stomach and internal organs in the hands of a Kansas City chemist to discover if any poisonous substances were used. McCracken is a son of Judge McCracken and his arrest has created great excitement. His father furnished bond for his release.

ALBERT W. HAM, Chief of Staff of Labor Day Parade.

POLICE MATTERS

Several Liquor Seizures Made Saturday

AN ALLEGED HOLD UP

In Which a Milkman Was Robbed

The liquor squad was quite active Saturday night and made four seizures.

The biggest haul was made by Officers Gregg and McCann at the place of Mary Fraser, 209 Charles street, very near the Training school where the officers say there were about 15 men and several women congregated.

Two half barrels of ale and a jug of whiskey were seized.

At the place of Edgar B. Simonds, 1369 Gorham street, the officers got a half barrel of ale and a quantity of whiskey.

Inspector Donaldson went into the Cosmopolitan Drug Store, Merrimack street and Edward Duval, a clerk there will have to answer to the charge of selling alcohol without compliance with the law.

Officers McCann and Duncan served a warrant on William J. Sears, a clerk at the American House, who was wanted at the time of the seizure at that place.

Seven of the fourteen Saturday night drunks that were scooped in by the police, procured their "loads" in Lawrence.

It is reported that Frank Riley, a milkman, was held up by two highway men on Lane street early this morning. Riley struck one of the highwaymen with a milk can in trying to defend himself. He was overpowered, however, and was relieved of about $6 in money. The highwaymen managed to make their escape and are still at large.

NINE CASES SEIZED.

Officer Hadley seized nine cases of beer in the North Chelmsford grove yesterday afternoon. He failed to find an owner for the beer after being led a wild goose chase through the North Chelmsford woods.

AWAITING OWNERS.

There are two wheels in the police station awaiting their owners to claim them. They were found on different streets and taken to the station. The owners can have them by going to the police station and proving their ownership to them.

Mr. William Blaisdell of Willow St. has gone to the Grand Army Encampment at Philadelphia and will visit Gettysburg before returning.

The Beauty of it.

You can see for yourself the superiority of

KEYSTONE Silver White GELATINE

Examine it. Compare it with any other kind and you will understand why it's used by the leading cooks of the country.

If your grocer cannot supply you send 2c in stamps and we will mail you a sample package free, with recipes by the most noted cooks. A 7c size for mailed for 10 cents.

Eddington Corkins Works, Detroit, Mich.

The largest makers of gelatine in the world.

DR. WALKER, DENTIST

SPECIAL SESSION

Of the Board of Aldermen Next Saturday

NO DECISION BETWEEN DEM. COMMITTEE

Opinion of City Solicitor to be Obtained

A special meeting of the board of aldermen was held at City Hall Saturday evening. The meeting was held in compliance with an order of the mayor.

Four members were absent when the roll was called. They were: Aldermen Miskella, Pierce, Dimon and McNulty. The latter made his appearance just as the meeting was about to adjourn.

The matter of the Humphrey and Willard street sewers was first taken up and in compliance with the mayor's order, the sewer committee submitted a report, which was favorable. In accordance with the custom it was laid over for seven days.

Mayor Crowley read the petitions of the two democratic city committees for polling stations for caucuses on the night of September 14. In the absence of Solicitor Quin, who was expected to be present to give an opinion upon the merits of the petitions, Mayor Crowley appointed a committee consisting of Aldermen Derby, Taylor and Libby to retire and after a conference, submit a report.

The committee left the room and listened to arguments by Chairman O'Connor and Donehue, representing respectively the committees of 1898 and 1899. The committee returned with a report submitted by Alderman Deryb to the effect that it was a matter for Solicitor Quin to give an opinion upon.

The mayor read a communication from the Trades and Labor council requesting the city government to review the Labor day parade before city hall at 9.30 o'clock Monday morning. It was voted to comply.

The following jurors were drawn to serve in the September term of the superior court: John A. Faulkner, Wilford G. Bowen, Patrick P. Monahan, William L. Davis, Patrick McGilly, Warren Fox.

O. W. Mayberry was appointed surveyor of lumber by a unanimous vote after which the meeting adjourned.

When you want plumbing or piping done, call on Sweeney & Welch, 202 Middlesex street, or Telephone 539-5.

At South Framingham yesterday A. C. Dugdale won second place in the first trial heat of the one- mile novice.

Eye-sight by Absorption. Dr. Taylor.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

$100 Reward $100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers, that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

Address, F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of The Kind You Have Always Bought Chas. H. Fletcher.

$1000 LESS THAN COST

7 room cottage on Ludlam street, going out of city, very cheap—$1000.

Navy Yard, 7 room cottage on electrics, $1200. Small amount down will buy this place.

Near Navy Yard and Lakeview avenue, cottage, 7 rooms, gas and sewer, large back yard for garden; good place to keep hens; $1100, easy terms.

New cottage in Pawtucketville, near electrics $1350.

Farm, 8 acres, 1 1-2 miles from Chelmsford Centre, with good new house and barn, $3000.

Farm, 8 acres, Tyngsborough, near electrics, $1000, very low price.

Lodging and boarding houses for sale.

Milk Route for Sale, $275.

Fire insurance in best companies.

A. J. & H. W. J. HOWE, Real Estate.

Courier-Citizen Bld'g. Telephone 811-4.

LADIES Who Have Used Them Recommend as the BEST DR. KING'S Star Crown Brand PENNYROYAL PILLS.

Immediate relief, no danger, no pain. Used for years by ladies' specialists. Hundreds of testimonials. A trial will convince you of their intrinsic value in case of suppression. Send ten cents for sample and book. All druggists or by mail $1.00 box.

KING MEDICINE CO., Box 1930, BOSTON, MASS.

DR. DONEHUE DENTIST

JOHN W. McEVOY, 127 Central St. Opposite American House, COUNSELLOR-AT-LAW.

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Original and Only Genuine. Safe, always reliable. Ladies ask Druggist for Chichester's English Diamond Brand in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with Blue Ribbon. Take no other. Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations. At Druggists, or send 4c. in stamps for particulars, testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Name Paper. Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Square, PHILADA., PA. Sold by Geo. C. Goodwin & Co., Boston, Mass. General Agents.

DAILY BARGAINS.

$100

UPRIGHT PIANO.

Seven and one-third octaves. Used but little. Condition fine.

GEORGE A. GARDNER

30 PRESCOTT STREET.

IF YOU WANT THE VERY BEST

Business and Shorthand education that money can buy, secure a limited (56) Graduating Scholarship to commence at once, day or evening, at the

N. E. BUSINESS UNIVERSITY,

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FAMILY DAY RESORT

Bowling, Dancing, Boating, Fishing, Carousel, Swings!

A Rare Collection of Birds, Beasts and reptiles at the

MOUNTAIN ROCK ZOO

Unsurpassed Accommodations for Private Diners in the Pavilion, conducted by the J. H. Page Co.

THE LAKEVIEW THEATRE

JAMES GILBERT, Manager for Grant & Flynn.

WEEK OF SEPT. 4.

IDA MARIE ROGERS

Lowell's Favorite

AS

KITTY STARLIGHT

IN

Grant & Flynn's Comedy

THE Dazzler

Orchestra (Reserved) ..... 20 cents
Parquet ..... 10 cents
Balcony ..... 5 cents

FARE 5 CENTS.

Star Theatre, 312-314 Middlesex Street. FRANK KNIGHT, Proprietor.—This Week.

Strongest Bill Yet.

The Sheehans Vocalists and Mimics.

Miss Kaniocki, Tony and Grace, Music, Mirth and Magic.

Widden, the Hobo Juggler.

Miss Gertie Brown, Vocalist.

A Great Show.

Admission 5c. Reserved Seats 5c extra.

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Hope you'll have a good time and we know you will, if you . . . . .

Take One of Our

CAMERAS!

We carry a full line of

Eastman's Kodaks,

and all kinds of supplies. Also all the leading makes of Cameras.

ONE OF OUR

Hammocks

will make things easy for you. Prices from

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The Thompson Hardware Co.

SOLE AGENTS.

Just Think

A handsomely decorated Toilet Set in three colors, blue, brown and pink at the extremely low price of

$1.98 a set

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Tea Dealers,

FISKE BUILDING,

227 Central Street. Tel. Con.

CLOSING OUT SALE OF BUILDING LOTS. AT HALF PRICE,

Over New Moody Street Bridge On the EMERY LAND

Several new modern houses to be sold at a sacrifice. EASY TERMS.

A. J. RYAN, Agent.

3 HILDRETH BUILDING.

Omega Oil

Old People

How I do wish that more old people would read the advertisements of Omega Oil, and then go to the drug store and buy a bottle! Of course a good many folks don't believe Omega Oil is any good, but they'd think different after trying it. It really does do an old fellow like me a lot of good. It cures rheumatism. It puts strength into weak backs, lame shoulders, and tired legs and arms. It takes stiffness out of the joints. It beats anything you ever saw for sore feet. I guess that little Swiss green herb that they put into Omega Oil is just about the greatest stuff in the world for pain.

The Omega Chemical Co., Boston, Mass.

(56)

Grand Closing Out Sale

Of Summer Millinery.

Everything must go this month for just what it brings. We want the money and room, you want the goods. Come and get them.

HEAD & SHAW, "THE MILLINERS," 169 MERRIMACK ST.

AT BASKET BALL

The P. A. C. Club Defeated the Everetts

IN A ONE SIDED CONTEST

At Associate Hall Last Evening

The basket ball season in Lowell was opened last night with a game at Associate hall between the first team of the Pawtucketville Athletic club and the Everetts. It resulted in an easy victory for the local team, they winning by a score of 17 to 8.

The game was devoid of any remarkable plays such as usually characterize a big game. The P. A. C. secured a good lead in the first half and were never headed. The game was witnessed by a large and enthusiastic crowd. It was the first time that the Everetts have played together this season and were thus handicapped, inasmuch as the P. A. C., had been preparing for the game for fully a month and had all the tricks down to a science. However, had the Everetts been in proper trim, the result would in all likelihood have been different, as the playing of the local team was not very fast. The line-up and summary follow:

P. A. C.	Everetts
Hanlon, lf	rg, Temple
Dion ((capt.) rf	lg Parker
Allard, c	c, W. Knox (capt.)
McMannon, lg	rf, A. Knox
Halloran, rg	lf, Galbraith

Score—P. A. C., 17; Everetts 8.

Goals caged— By Allard, 2, Dion 3; Hanlon, 3; McMannon, Galbraith 3. Points on fouls– Hanlon, A. Knox, 2; Fouls called on W. Knox. Galbraith, Allard, Dion 2. Referees—Hugh Thomas, and Cloutier. Timekeepers Joseph (Everetts). Time—20 minute halves.

After the game the floor was cleared and dancing began and was enjoyed until midnight, the Cadet orchestra furnishing music for the merry prancers.

The following had charge of the lemonade table: President, Roscoe W. Hodge; matron, Mrs. R. J. Lang, assisted by Agnes Tighe, Mary Brown, Nellie Halloran, Etta Tighe, Agnes Conners, Beatrice White, Mamie Finnegan, Alice Goyett, Florence Crotty, Mary Kelley, Rena Raymond, Kittie Flynn, May Lang, Lilla Welsh, Mamie Pevey, May Clancy, Maude Tierney, Mabel Halpin, Abbie Monahan, Mary F. Brown, Laura Clancy, Bertha Dempsey, Josie Condon, Lulu Lavigne, Lizzie Mangan, Anna Horan and Minnie Winn.

The following was the committee who had charge of the affair: General manager, John Thomas; assistant general manager, James T. Brown; assistant floor director, Joseph A. Fitzgerald; chief aids, John D. O'Hearn, John J. Carroll, Charles Riley, James J. Brown, aids, John J. Cogger, Ernest Bailey, John Dion, William Marley, Hugh J. Thomas, Mose Russell, Roscoe W. Hodge, Leon Sullivan, Peter Donnelly, John J. Brown, Timothy O'Sullivan, Joseph Rogers, John J. Giblin, William Mitchell, Thomas Fitzgerald, John Bradley; chairman reception committee, Fred F. Welsh.

MORTALITY OF LOWELL

FOR THE WEEK ENDING SEPT. 2, 1899.

Population, 88,641; total deaths, 43; deaths under five, 23.

Death rate for the week ending Sept. 2, 1899, 25.32 against 20.58 and 16.43 for previous two weeks.

Infectious diseases reported for the week ending Sept. 2, 1899, Typhoid fever, 3; diphtheria 3.

BOARD OF HEALTH.

LOWELL MEN WON

SEVERAL PRIZES AT NASHUA YESTERDAY.

There was a large number of local riders who rode at Nashua yesterday and a good many of them succeeded in landing prizes.

In the mile novice race the local riders were Frank Lane, Cyrille Parent, John Morin, but they did not win anything.

In the two mile handicap Patrick Keegan of this city took first prize, time. 5 min. 1-25s and Charles Connors took third. In this race M. O'Brien also of this city, got a bad fall, when it looked as if he was to win a prize, but luck did not favor him and he tumbled.

In the one-mile open Patrick Keegan took first prize and M. O'Brien third. Time, 2.24 3-5.

Charles Connors took first prize in the five mile handicap with L. Dion second; George Gagnon third. Time, 12.13 3-5.

The P. A. C. tandem team did a mile in 2.05.

J. V. KEYES & CO.

Wednesday morning, Sept. 6, we will commence a great clearance sale of our entire stock to make room for our line of specialties Oct. 1.

The balance of September we will give some of the best values ever offered on dress goods, both black and colored. Every piece in stock will go in at nearly 50 cents on the dollar. All of our 12½c. 15c and 17c wash goods including ginghams and percales go at 6 1-4 cents per yard. This department will be entirely closed out. Dress linings will go at the same reduction. Our specialties after October 1 will include black dress goods, colored dress goods, (specially suitable for tailor-made), silks, silk poplins, linings, dress furnishings, table linens, petticoats and black dress skirts. We intend to have the finest lining department in the city. If you want a skirt or dress pattern, now is the time to get it at this special sale. Will commence Wednesday morning, Sept. 6. J. V. Keyes & Co.

The Black Goods House of Lowell.

J. V. Keyes. J. S. Banford.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP

Has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic and is the best remedy for diarrhoea. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind. Twenty-five cents a bottle

KNIVES AND GUNS

Freely Used in New York Fight

CHINAMEN ENGAGE IN FIERCE BATTLE

Twenty-one of Them Were Arrested

By Associated Press to The Sun.

NEW YORK, Sept. 5.—Riots were numerous in New York city Sunday, the result of which will be several deaths. There were a number of suicides and attempts at suicides and altogether the ambulance surgeons had a busy day by reason of the numerous shooting and stabbing affrays that took place.

Policeman Patrick O'Keefe, attached to the East 126th street station, was shot through the head and chest by Michael Farrelli in Farrelli's saloon in Second avenue. O'Keefe will die. Farrelli was arrested after a long chase and a desperate fight in which he made further effort to do murder. A mob of several thousand people gathered after the shooting and made a determined effort to lynch the Italian.

A number of detectives and a police reserve of 20 men were ordered out. They beat back the mob and one of them sprang at Farrelli and kicked him senseless. The police then marched the prisoner to the station. The mob of wildly excited men, women and children surged all about the police escort. Twice the police had to draw their weapons and force them back and there were hand-to-hand fights all along the line. Later Farrelli was taken to the hospital.

The prisoner's wife, Mary Farelli was arrested for inciting the murder, she having given her husband a revolver and told him to fire upon the police when they attempted to raid the place.

There was a riot in Chinatown Sunday night, the result of a feud of long standing between the Oriental Benevolent society and the Chu Chung society. The streets in that vicinity were blocked with a mob of more than a thousand Chinese and others and a number of the Mongolians used revolvers and black-jacks. When the rioting was at its height, 40 policemen and a number of detectives put in an appearance and did a lot of clubbing before the mob was dispersed and the prisoners marched to the police station. Charley Lee, a Chinese, was stabbed in the abdomen and will die. Roundsman William McCluskey was shot through the thigh. Ching Lou was stabbed in the arm and taken to the hospital while two other Chinese who were shot were taken away by their friends.

Twenty-one Chinese were arrested.

Thomas J. Larkin, who served through the campaign with the Eighth regiment, U. S. V., was shot Sunday night by his brother, Richard Larkin, at their home in East Thirtieth street. The wounded man is now in Bellevue hospital with a chance of recovery. Larkin was intoxicated when he did the shooting which was the result of jealousy because of his brother's popularity.

There were several other affrays in which Gian Saule, an Italian, was stabbed fatally, and Bernard Rafferty had his skull broken.

SONS OF VETERANS

HELD A PICNIC AT DEWEY GROVE SATURDAY.

The Sons of Veterans held a successful picnic at Dewey Grove Saturday afternoon about 200 attending.

The sports included: ball game between teams made up of Andover and Lowell Sons of Veterans. The Lowell team won by a score of 8 to 6. Other sports followed and resulted as follows:

100 yards dash—J. Cunningham, prize silver drinking cup.

Broad jump—J. Cunningham, prize, silver napkin ring.

Three-legged race—Cunningham and Smith, prize, set of gold studs.

Tug-of-war—Married and single men from the Sons of Veterans, prize box of cigars, won by married men.

The guessing contest was won by Miss Dickerson, prize dress suit case.

The nail-driving contest for ladies was won by Miss S. A. Pickering, prize, breast pin.

Egg race for ladies—Won by Mamie Vinal; second prize, Miss Boyle, sleeve buttons.

McElroy's orchestra furnished music during the afternoon and evening.

The committee in charge were: S. A. Pickering, chairman; Walter Atwood, William Cannon and A. R. Pickering.

A GREEK FUNERAL.

CHAGAROOLY—The funeral of Socratis G. Chagarooly, who died at the Corporation hospital Tuesday, Aug. 29, took place Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock from the rooms of Undertaker Molloy. The Cadet band was in attendance and the body was accompanied to the place of burial in the Edson cemetery by most of the male members of the local Greek colony, about 600 being in line as well as 30 carriages filled with relatives and friends from New Bedford, Boston and this city. Rev. Abbe Sideras officiated, the usual Greek service being observed at the grave. The active pall bearers were Lewis Papas, John Vasos, Mike Poolos, Lewis Sgourdas, Lewis Michalos and Evangelos Brosturis and the honorary bearers were: Harris Niarchos, Peter Liuliakas, Peter Moudis, Nichles Letos, John Sanaros and Peter Priandasilakos. Among the floral tributes were a large wreath from the Economu sisters; six bouquets from Otto Foster; sprays of asters and ferns and forget-me-nots, E. F. Faulkner; crescent inscribed "Brother," from brothers; large piece emblematic of faith, hope and charity, inscribed "Countryman," from friends; standing cross on base, inscribed "Nephew," from an uncle; standing anchor on base, inscribed "Friend," from George Vozelas. Deceased was 19 years old and came from New Bedford on a visit. He was here only a few days, when he became sick. He comes of a family well known among the Greeks and leaves three brothers residing in this city, all well-to-do.

LIVERITA

THE UP-TO-DATE

LITTLE LIVER PILL

40 PILLS LIVERITA 10 CENTS

CURES Biliousness, Constipation, Dyspepsia, Sick-Headache and Liver Complaint.

SUGAR COATED.

100 PILLS 25 CTS.

Sold by all druggists or sent by mail.

Nervita Medical Co., Chicago

For sale by Ellingwood & Co., Druggists, Lowell, Mass.

GUILD COMES UP

Entertains the Workingmen's Club at Supper

ALSO VISITED THE SOUTH COMMON

Was Not Allowed to Speak There

With the sun beating relentlessly upon his broad expanse of countenance until the perspiration that would not be stayed rose in huge drops upon his forehead; with his eyes upon a crowd of brawny athletes tugging like mad in the cleats but his thoughts upon a public office which was once thought to be a dignified one, unhappy Curtis Guild stretched himself on the greensward of the South common yesterday afternoon and for an hour or more tried his best to look pleasant, while several hard-working strikers rushed here and there amid the crowd crying "Come here, till I introduce you to Curtis Guild, candidate for lieutenant governor."

Guild appeared upon the common while the sports were at their height, accompanied by Agent Taft of the B. & M. and a few others of the "also there" class, while George W. Poore put in an appearance later.

His presence happily didn't break up the sports, for as on July 4 no one knew him. Curtis, with that affable way of his, however, was no stranger, for he appeared to know every one there and many were wondering if he was an ex-mule spinner or a weaver. He was in town to boom himself through a bluff labor club which tendered him a reception and banquet at his own expense, 'tis said. The reception, like Col. Guild's appearance in the common, was not a striking success, and even an attempt to have a speech on the common, a gorgeous scheme from the fertile brain of one Mr. Rafferty, didn't materialize, and Col. Guild left the common after about an hour, hot, tired and more or less happy.

Of course there was a fair-sized attendance at the banquet in Odd Fellows' hall; a free feed will ever attract a crowd, and after the spread there were speeches. Among those present were: Curtis Guild, Jr., Alexander Ray, president and chairman of the evening; George W. Poore, Edward White, Hon. Frederick Lawton, Daniel Lawler, ex-Mayor J. W. Bennett, James McCaffrey, Rev. N. W. Matthews, John Wood, Alderman Geo. H. Taylor, James McDowell, representing the Lincoln club; Councilman Hatch, Timothy Harrington, Councilman Saunders, Thomas Ferris, Representative George Varney, George McElroy, James P. Ramsay, candidate for senator; William Campbell, T. W. Adams, John Bassett, Charles H. Hanson, senatorial candidate; A. R. Boutillier, A. G. Thompson, Charles W. Bell.

THE CRICKETERS

Mohair Reserves and Buntings Both Defeated

The cricket results Saturday were as follows:

Billericas 29, Zions 24.

Mohairs 49, Andover, 48.

The St. John's cricket club defeated the reserve team of the Mohair's yesterday afternoon in a two-inning game on the Chelmsford street grounds.

Tillotson, Pye, Ankers and Taylor did the playing for the visitors, while Humphries, Harrison, Smith and Haslein did good work for the home team.

The score was St. John's, 97; Mohair Reserves 94.

BUNTINGS LOSE.

The Lynns defeated the U. S. Buntings yesterday in a two-innings match on the Wigginville grounds. The score resulted 90 to 75 in favor of the Lynn team.

The Lowell team went to Sanford, Me., yesterday and succeeded in defeating the Sanfords of that place. The match was between past and present Sanford cricketers, as every member of the Lowell eleven had been residents of Sanford previous to their removal to this city a few years ago.

The game resulted in the score of 94 to 36 in favor of Lowell.

A Close Out ON OIL STOVES AS FOLLOWS:

A 50c. Oil Stove for 39c.

A $1 Oil Stove for 69c.

A $1.75 Oil Stove for $1.49.

A $7.00 blue flame, Oil Stove, for $5.95.

An $8.00 blue flame, wickless oil stove for $6.80.

This is an opportunity you should not miss. All these goods will be advanced next season, so remember this is the last chance you will have.

We have left 1 Refrigerator, 1 Baby carriage and 3 Go-Carts, going, almost gone. Do you want one? If you do say so quick.

GAYNOR & CO.

15 Prescott Street.

Telephone, 659-5.

Scottish Sovereign Remedies Cure

Dyspepsia Has No Terrors Any More.

Mackintosh Scottish Remedy Co.:

Gentlemen—It affords me great pleasure to report to you the great benefit I have received from your wonderful Dyspepsia Remedy. I have been a great sufferer from Dyspepsia, gastric and intestinal indigestion. At times I was on the verge of nervous prostration, and life seemed a burden. I was so depressed in spirits that a sharp word from a friend would cause me to shed tears. I was so weak and melancholy I often thought—am I a sufferer this way all the rest of my life? Meeting a friend one morning, he advised me to try the Scottish Remedies. After using for three days I noticed a change coming over me—nature seemed to be taking on new forces, and life was returning again. My tired and nervous system was so much better from the delightful sleep I commenced to have that I would awake in the morning feeling rested, and life no longer a burden. I cannot give you praise enough for your wonderful Indigestion Remedy, and allow me to thank you heartily and accept my gratitude for my renewed health. Yours with success,

JOHN D. MORGAN,
58 Rossiter street, Dorchester.

April, 1899.

A Special Remedy for Every Trouble.

Each Remedy 25c.

FOR SALE AT ALL DRUGGISTS

Or at the Office of the Company with Free Medical Treatment.

339 WASHINGTON ST., BOSTON.

My bill for linens and flannels is reduced about one-half since I used Marseilles White Soap.

W. E. Livingston receives shipments almost daily of the best grades of freshly mined coal. Place your orders with him today for the coming winter.

A LAST APPEAL.

"Maw, if yer will make me go to church, take me around de back streets, will yer?"

DYSPEPTIC PEOPLE

should try Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. Don't expect one spoonful to cure you, but give it a chance to get at your overworked stomach, lazy liver and impure blood. After a while you'll find your nerves strong and your digestion perfect. Use it faithfully, be you man or woman, and it will surely cure you. See that a private REVENUE STAMP covers the neck of the bottle.

DON'T EXPECT A SUBSTITUTE TO HELP YOU.

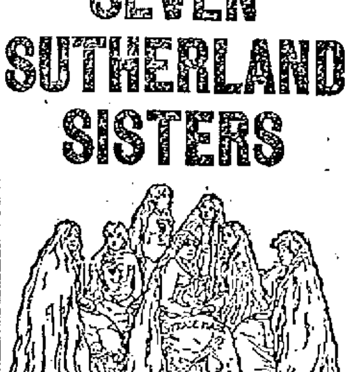
Hostetter's Stomach Bitters

COOK WANTED—Call at 20 Manson street between 7 and 8 o'clock in the evening.

TO LET—Some first-class tenements in all parts of the city. Apply to A. G. Behrrell, Room 8, Bon Marche Block.

THE OLD reliable Prudential Insurance Co., wants agents and collectors. Inquire at Room 31 Hildreth Building.

SEVEN SUTHERLAND SISTERS



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For Over 14 Years

these highly meritorious preparations have stood at the head of all hair restoratives. More than 3,000,000 bottles have been used by the American people, and thousands of testimonials bear witness to their excellence, while there were never any complaints when directions were followed.

Ask your druggist about it

BI-METALLISTS

Outdoor Speaking Enjoyed by Immense Audiences

JUDGE JAMES P. TARVIN'S ADDRESS

Gov. Altgeld Says Croker Is Shrewd

By Associated Press to The Sun.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Sept. 5.—The first of a series of meetings arranged by the New England Bi-Metallic league in the interest of bi-metallism was held at Crescent park Sunday afternoon. The speaking was done in the open air and was materially interrupted by the noisy money-making schemes which abound at that resort. Mayor George Greene of Woonsocket, called to order and Col. A. C. Drinkwater of Braintree, Mass., presided. The first speaker was Hon. Homer S. Cummings of Stamford Conn., who was followed by Judge James P. Tarvin of Kentucky, who said in part:

ALTGELD'S VIEWS.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Sept. 5—Hon. John P. Altgeld, ex-governor of Illinois, and one of the principal speakers at the bi-metallic league meeting here Sunday said last night in regard to the attitude of Richard Croker towards the Chicago platform: "Mr. Croker is a shrewd and wily politician. ' If he declared for Mr. Bryan, it was because he saw which way the tide was turning.' Mr. Altgeld denied his reported statement that Croker with Bryan would be an entangling alliance which would not be for the best interests of the democratic party. "If Mr. Croker wants to drop his political methods and come in company for a while,' said Mr. Altgeld, "we are ready to receive him. There is always room for penitents."

Mr. Altgeld referred to Mayor Carter Harrison as troubled with presidential aspirations for a period and carrying on flirtations with several states. "The leaders came together,' said he, "and decided there was no room for 'trimmers.' Notice was served on all Chicago platform democrats to stand no trifling. As a farmer attempts to drive his cattle through a gap in the fence, so we tried to lead all democrats on the Bryan side."

"Do you think you got Mr. Gorman of Maryland, through the gap?" was asked.

"We're not trying to," was the reply. "We don't need Mr. Gorman. He is a wise man and will look out for himself."

Following is a brief abstract of the speech delivered at the democratic silver meeting at Crescent Park, Narragansett Pier, Rhode Island, Saturday, Sept. 2, 1899, by James P. Tarvin, of Covington, Ky.:

"It is well settled that the Chicago platform of 1896 will not be mutilated; that the democratic national convention of 1900 will adopt that platform without any omission; and that independent bimetallism at 16 to 1 will continue to receive the support of the democratic organization of the country. It becomes every day better understood that the only democrats in this land are those who accept and believe in, and are ready to vote for the Chicago platform of 1896 as a whole. And it becomes every day better understood that those who have advocated the mutilation of that platform in 1900 are enemies of the democratic organization of the country and are the allies of those representing the interests of the organized wealth of the land. The efforts of the political bosses in New York City, in Chicago and elsewhere to obstruct and to defeat those who declare for the laborer and producer before the holders of capital and organizers of trusts, have failed and miserably failed; and there is nothing left for them but to choose between the pretense of party loyalty and an open transfer to republicanism.

We will go forth in 1900 declaring for free coinage of gold, for free coinage of silver; for the unlimited coinage of gold and the unlimited coinage of silver; and for the free and unlimited coinage of both, at the rate of 16 parts of silver to one part of gold; declaring for the money of nature and the money of centuries of usage in all lands, instead of the bastard and fraudulent coinage of legislation.

The history of coinage, the history of gold and of silver, and the relation of one to the other prior to 1873 will be well and fully discussed in this and every other state before the election of November, 1900.

In 1873 silver was demonetized; and half the money of the country was taken away by legislation; and that condition has practically and virtually continued from then until today. In that period of 26 years, we have seen a growth of wealth beyond all precedent: we have seen the multiplication of evidences of wealth on every hand; have seen the birth of inventions and of devices of comfort and luxury far beyond anything ever known before; we have seen the accumulation of fortunes equal or surpassing those of any age or any clime or any people; we have seen the growth of a government daily becoming stronger; we have seen the corporation take the place of the individual, and driving him from business and means of livelihood; we have seen the corporations grow into the trust; we have seen the riches of the land, the creation of the labor of the land, pass from the hands of the many to the hands of the few; we have seen the numbers of masters decrease and the number of servants increase; we have seen independence wane and servitude develop; we have see the birth, the growth and the degradation of the tramp; we have seen the growth of homes of scarlet, and have seen the wanton come to fill the streets; we have seen the suffering of men and the shame of women. We are presented today with the spectacle of a country of enormous wealth, produced and being produced by the labor of the millions and belonging to and enjoyed by the thousands; we have seen legislation concentrate wealth, make tramps and criminals of men, and suicides and prostitutes of women.

The demonetization of silver was a part only of this legislation, but it was an important and a vital part. The protective tariff laws, the laws making government bonds payable in coin, the general incorporation laws were also parts of this legislation, and all of it tended to concentrate labor, the fruit of labor, to enable the favored few to accumulate, and to monopolize the fruits of the land without labor of their own, and because of the labor of others.

The repeal of this legislation will relieve no man of labor. The repeal of this legislation cannot and ought not to alter the inflexible law that labor is the only source of the fruits of labor. But the repeal of this legislation will affect the distribution of the fruit of labor, after they have been earned. The believers in independent Bimetallism at 16 to 1 contend and contend only, that the restoration of silver, and a return to the money of usage, will tend to insure to every man the fruit of his own labor and will tend to distribute the fruits of labor in proportion to the labor that is done.

Every man is entitled to the benefit of his own labor, and no man is entitled to the benefit of any other man's labor. That is the democracy of today, and that is the meaning of the Chicago platform of 1896

In 1900 those of us who so believe will have that platform to stand upon. The voice of the people has been heard and the sentiment of the people cannot be misunderstood. If the democratic organization should depart from this the democratic party would come third on the count of the votes in November, 1900. But it will not depart. The hopeless and absurd failure of the attempts that have been made to lead the party away, are insignificant. We will have again the platform made by the people in 1896, and there will not be a dissenting voice when William J. Bryan is placed on the platform to again lead the common and obscure people of this land in a contest against the control of the government by those representing the money power of the union.

"You see, madam, Ivory Soap is really the most economical. The cake is so large that it easily divides into two cakes of the ordinary size. There is twice as much soap as you get in the usual cake of toilet soap. Then it is very economical in use, for although it lathers quickly, it is always firm and hard, even in hot water. As it floats, you can not lose it or leave it to waste in the bowl. We sell it to all of our best trade for general use."

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From company's Pier, foot West 21st St., New York.

Numidian, Sept. 2, Oct. 7; State of Nebraska, Sept. 9, Oct. 14; Mongolian, Sept. 23, Oct. 28.

First Cabin, $47 to $65 single. $85 to $117 round trip. Second cabin, $30 single, $57 return. Steerage, $23.50; prepaid, $24.

Glasgow and Boston, via Londonderry and Galway; Second Cabin, $30 prepaid; Steerage, $24 prepaid.

For descriptive circulars, plans of steamers and other information, apply to H. & A. Allen, 22 State street, Boston, or

Dennis Murphy, 18 Appleton St.

SCHOOL SHOES! FOR THE CHILDREN.

Now is the time to prepare them for school.

Our Boys' Misses' and Children's Shoes, we carry a complete stock in their line. Our clerks have all grown up in the shoe business, which is a guarantee to give your children the Shoe that nature intended for them. Bring your children to Lowell's Fitters of feet and save money.

High Grade Repairing.

SUNLIGHT Shoe Store

100 CENTRAL ST.

W. S. GRADY

DR. HARTEL'S BOOK,

"Relief for Women"

Sent free, in plain, sealed envelope. Write to-day for this Book, containing Particulars and Testimonials of DR. HARTEL'S French Female Pills.

Praised by thousands of satisfied ladies as safe, always reliable and without an equal. Sold by all druggists in metal box, French flag on top in Blue, White and Red. Take no other. French Drug Co., 381 & 383 Pearl St., New York City

MATRIMONIAL.

Miss Mary Walworth Edwardes, a member of the Kirk Street Congregational church choir, was married in New York on Aug. 3 to Jean Sears Millard. The groom is the son of a New York business man who when he died left to his son $200,000. He is a member of the 1901 class of Harvard.

Cramps, Colic, Colds. Croup, Coughs, Toothache,

DIARRHŒA, DYSENTERY, and all BOWEL COMPLAINTS.

A Sure, Safe, Quick Cure for these troubles is

Pain Killer. (PERRY DAVIS'.)

Used Internally and Externally.

Two Sizes, 25c. and 50c. bottles.

Now Open,

HOTEL BELVIDERE

Large Sample Rooms

FOR DRUMMERS.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts,

PROBATE COURT.

Middlesex, ss.

To the heirs at law, next of kin and all other persons interested in the estate of Margaret A. Morris, late of Lowell in said County, deceased.

Whereas a certain instrument purporting to be the last will and testament of said deceased has been presented to said Court, for probate, by Mary E. Wilcox, who prays that letters testamentary may be issued to her, the executrix therein named, without giving a surety on her official bond.

You are hereby cited to appear at a Probate Court, to be held at Lowell, in said County of Middlesex, on the nineteenth day of September, A. D. 1899, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any you have, why the same should not be granted.

And said petitioner is hereby directed to give public notice thereof, by publishing this citation once in each week, for three successive weeks, in the Lowell Sun, a newspaper published in Lowell, the last publication to be one day at least before said court.

Witness, Charles J. McIntire, Esquire, First Judge of said Court, this twenty-fifth day of August, in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety nine.

W. E. ROGERS, Assistant Register.

Music Hall

Elaborate and complete production of Joseph Arthur's Greatest Success,

BLUE JEANS.

Presented by an exceptionally strong company of twenty-five people headed by

Lester Wallack, Jr.

A CARLOAD OF SCENERY

Thursday, Friday and Saturday, Sept. 7, 8 and 9, Saturday matinee.

Prices: 10, 15, 20, 25, 35, 50c.

NASHUA, N. H.

FAIR

Sept. 19, 20, 21 and 22, 1899

A HOT TIME ASSURED.

Fine Horse Racing, Vaudeville, Tent Shows and the Best Fakir's Row ever Seen in this Section of the Country, Balloon Ascensions, Parachute Jumps and Concerts Daily.

Admission, - 50c

THE LOWELL SUN
JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Proprietor.
SUN BUILDING, LOWELL, MASS.
Member of the Associated Press.
$2.00 Per Year. 25c. Per Month

THEY ALL USE IT

All the prominent merchants in Lowell use The Sun as an advertising medium. They know that it is the cheapest medium in the city on the basis of circulation.

It leads all the other papers in Lowell in circulation.

What is more, it leads any two of them in circulation.

In fact the circulation of The Sun is almost as large as the combined circulation of all the other papers in Lowell put together.

This has been proven by expert examination of the books of all the local papers.

MAYOR CROWLEY TALKS.

"I am perfectly satisfied with the way the police department is enforcing the liquor law.—I have not received a single complaint from anyone regarding the lack of vigilance on the part of the police.—Mr. Harrington of The Sun is a very foolish man.—All of his articles are foolish.—He would rather publish the wrong than the right of anything.—The man is bereft of his senses, if he ever had any.—The ravings of this man Harrington amount to nothing in the eyes of the people."—*Mayor Crowley.*

The above expressions ought to secure the "rum vote" for His Honor, the mayor, without fail.

LABOR DAY CELEBRATION.

The celebration of Labor Day cast all former events of the kind in the shade. It was an ideal celebration on one of the grandest days that it is possible to imagine. The parade reflected great credit upon the various crafts and showed a very distinct improvement in appearance over the bodies of men who turned out on former occasions of this kind. The various features were well designed, timely and appropriate, the mottoes moderate and expressive of the demands of organized labor. A pleasing feature of the parade was the number of ladies and children who brought up the rear. It was right that all should be represented. But perhaps the most gratifying feature of all, the one that most of all indicates the rise of the toilers was the total absence of anything approaching intoxication, either in the line or on the street. Never in the history of Lowell was there such a celebration with such a total absence of drunkenness. Upon this, as well as upon the general success of the observance, the committees in charge and Chief Marshal Mahoney are to be congratulated.

THE CITIZEN'S MANOEUVRES.

The Citizen without an iota of truth to sustain its contention, persists in trying to make it appear that the contest in the democratic city committee is directed against Mayor Crowley's nomination and that The Sun is a factor in the fight for the purpose of defeating Mayor Crowley. The Sun has taken no part in the controversy which is purely a question of law and not of who will be the next democratic nominee for mayor. But this is as near as the Citizen usually gets to the facts when it undertakes to discuss democratic politics. Just now it is throwing ponderous bouquets at Mayor Crowley but when he becomes again a candidate, it will be amusing to note with what dexterity the Citizen will shew its non-partisanship by attacking Mayor Crowley's administration and by booming the republican candidate. As for The Sun it has not expressed any preference as to a candidate for mayor and will leave the matter entirely to the voters, despite the Citizen's false statements to the contrary. But everybody knows just why the Citizen is at present paying such obsequious deference to Mayor Crowley.

EFFECT OF STATE POLICE SYSTEM IN FALL RIVER.

It will be remembered that a young girl driven to the point of death by ill-treatment in a Fall River hotel, together with the excitement of being brought into police court, told a pitiful story that caused the arrest of her betrayer. In commenting upon the case Judge McDonough spoke as follows of the hotel in which the girl was led to her ruin:

"For weeks there has been a continual string of moral lepers from that establishment into this court, adulterers, lewd and lascivious fornicators and the like. They use the black jack on the guests. The house is a moral death trap, an excrescence on the body politic of Fall River, and it ought to be wiped out as soon as possible, the sooner the better for the city."

That is a nice state of affairs in a city that has a board of police appointed by the governor. Fall River could not be entrusted with the management of its own police department. The state stepped in and appointed the police officials. The condition brought to light in the Fall River police court and so severely commented upon by Judge McDonough is a result of this police regime. The citizens are powerless to remove the police board and they might almost as well appeal to the Shah of Persia as to ask the governor for their removal. It is further claimed that these brothels exist in Fall River with the knowledge and connivance of the police, which makes the matter still worse.

LIPTON'S RUSE.

Sir Thomas Lipton is endeavoring to make friends among the Irish residents here by a copious diffusion of Blarney. There are undoubtedly good reasons for this. The Englishmen cannot be persuaded that the Irish citizens in this country did not work some scheme on their challenging boats by which the victory for the cup defender was made certain. Sir Thomas may have a conjecture that by using the name "Shamrock" for his boat and the talisman "Erin" for his tug boat and by telling the Irish citizens that if he should win the cup, the first place he will exhibit it will be in "Royal Cork," he will win favor with Irish citizens. All this sounds strange from a man of thoroughly English sympathies but it certainly has some meaning. If he had such an admiration for things Irish, why did he exclude Irishmen from his crew. Irishmen should stand a suit in opposition to the Shamrock and in favor of the Columbia.

The Manchester Union asks this very pertinent question: "If it takes 40,000 men seven months and $100,000,000 to take possession of 300 square miles of the island of Luzon, how many men, how many months, and how much money will it require to take and hold the entire island consisting of 51,200 square miles, for all time? And after that calculation has been made there is a chance to figure as to the whole area of the Philippine Islands of about 115,000 square miles."

That is a simple mathematical problem, the answer to which will indicate the success of the administration in the expansion policy. It might be mentioned that the United States troops have been beaten back and that the taking of more territory does not imply its permanent possession.

Lawrence is to stop dumping its garbage in piles in the outskirts of the city. It is to have a crematory and is even now investigating prices and qualities. Lowell has had a crematory but somehow it did not last long nor give much satisfaction while in use. Now we are back where we started. We must get a new crematory or a new method of disposing of the garbage.

The only kind of a war of conquest that would be endorsed by the Irish residents would be one waged to wrest Ireland from England.

OYSTER SEASON

DEALERS LOOKING FOR AN UNUSUALLY GOOD YIELD THE COMING MONTHS.

The embargo on oysters was lifted on Sept. 1, and for eight months thereafter the oyster season will be one of the busiest in every coast city from Maine to Texas.

This season has been an unusually propitious one. There appears to have been no disturbances either by the elements or by predatory enemies, and oyster dealers look forward, not only to a large supply, but to fat and luscious bivalves. The oyster spawns in July and August, and one oyster will yield 15,000,000. These first rise to the surface, but later sink and attach themselves to any hard substance they meet. A very small percentage ever reach maturity.

There was a time, and that not long ago, when to most of the people living away from the coast fresh oysters were unknown. Prior to the improved methods of packing and the introduction of the artificial refrigeration, only that partly cooked variety known as "cove oysters" was obtainable in places remote from the seaboard. But nowadays tub oysters are to be had in almost every hamlet and as far west as Denver one may eat from the shell oysters as fresh and palatable as those put on the table within sight of the waters whence they were taken.

BLEW OUT GAS

MAN NARROWLY ESCAPES DEATH AT WASHINGTON HOUSE.

Joseph Desto came from a place where modern methods of lighting are not used, and as a result nearly lost his life at the Washington House Sunday morning. Desto was found in his room unconscious and the gas turned on almost full force. The ambulance was called and the man was removed to St. John's hospital. After persistent efforts on the part of the doctors there, Desto was restored to consciousness. He blew out the gas, although he was shown how to turn it off by one of the clerks. He belonged in Presque Isle.

HALF-HEARTED STRIKE.

London, Sept. 5.—The strike of the sailors and firemen, which was begun yesterday in a half-hearted fashion, will apparently have only the slightest effect in dislocating the shipping industry. Already The Daily Chronicle, which is the principal labor organ, is urging the ship owners to be generous because "sailors are admittedly unable to organize like other workmen, and their lot is not rosy."

VICTIM OF LEPROSY.

Baltimore, Sept. 5.—Mrs. Mary Sansoni died at the Johns Hopkins hospital yesterday of leprosy. Since April 27, 1897, Mrs. Sansoni has been in an isolated charity ward of the Johns Hopkins hospital. The body will be cremated.

If you want coal that will burn with the best results, order it of W. E. Livingston, 15 Thorndike street.

The Easy Food
Easy to Buy,
Easy to Cook,
Easy to Eat,
Easy to Digest
Quaker Oats
At all grocers
in 2-lb. pkgs. only

THOMAS F. CONNOLLY, Who Spoke on the Common Last Evening.

BIG LABOR RALLY

Closed the Celebration on South Common

ORGANIZER MALONEY PRINCIPAL SPEAKER

Delivered a Stirring and Timely Address

THOMAS F. CONNOLLY ALSO SPOKE

Persident Convery Acted as Chairman of Meeting

Labor day's celebration closed in the evening with a band concert and a grand labor rally at which thousands were present.

President Joseph F. Convery of the Trades and Labor council presided and the speakers were Thomas F. Connolly of Lowell, J. F. Maloney of Lynn, organizer of the Socialist Labor party, and Daniel A. White of Boston, a member of the Iron Moulders' International union. All three made vigorous speeches and they were frequently interrupted with applause.

In calling the rally to order, Mr. Convery alluded to the fact that while all the unions in Lowell have large memberships they are not as large as they should be and he hoped more people who work at the various crafts will join the branches before the next Labor Day. He announced with regret that Mayor Crowley would not be able to be present and speak on account of a meeting of the board of aldermen. In closing he referred to a statement of the mayor that the labor unions of Lowell ought to be proud of the fine showing they had made.

MR. CONNOLLY'S ADDRESS.

Then Mr. Thomas F. Connolly was introduced and he spoke in part as follows: "I wish to say that the holding of such a rally as this on Labor Day is a new departure from which we expect grand results in the future. Meetings of this kind are not difficult to arrange and it is possible to reach many more people than by hall meetings. That means that we shall have many more such gatherings as this in the future. We have been told that Lowell is behind in the organized labor movement, but after such meetings as this I feel that we shall be able to remove such an impression. Today the laboring men have owned the city of Lowell and throughout the nation the workingmen has been king. This is his holiday and all labor has ceased. If the workingman has the power to rule one day, why cannot he rule every day of the year? It is because during the rest of the year he pays little attention to the movement of organization. There is no man or woman who will not admit that organized labor is a benefit to all. All measures by which you are benefited originally in organized labor. There are many questions which now take up the time of the labor unions and one of them is shortening the working day. In closing, Mr. Connolly referred to the effect upon the workingmen of the introduction of various machines and also to the efforts being put forward in favor of an eight hour law by amendment of the constitution.

MR. MALONEY'S ADDRESS.

The speech of the evening was that of Organizer Maloney of Lynn who was next introduced. Mr. Maloney is a forceful speaker and throughout his remarks had his hearers spellbound. He received great applause at frequent intervals and retired amid great cheering.

Mr. Maloney in opening expressed the hope that the laboring people will be mindful of their interests not only on Labor Day in the future but on every other day of the year. When we consider the labor question, we cannot commence one or two years back, be continued, or we cannot go back to the time when the blacks were freed or the time that Washington commanded the army. The question of wealth producing and oppression dates back to the beginning of history. When your schoolboy reads in his book of the slave and the aristocrat of olden times we find that the slaves in those days produced all the wealth. They fought all the battles and were sneered at and despised by the aristocrats, not because of the color of their skin, but because they belonged to a class which had always done the work and carried the others on their backs. It was because they belonged in the same class that you do, the wealth producers. That was their only indictment and they were uncultured, uneducated and mentally undeveloped. We find that the slave of that period got just enough one day to keep him until the next.

There is another class of serfdom which belonged to the middle ages and which was not owned by the individuals, but belonged to the land. They worked three days and were obliged to give the next three days to their employers. They were thus obliged to support a bloodsucking class of society. Consequently all the serf got was just enough to maintain him and to bring up his children so that they might take his place when he was obliged to give up. He was obliged to fight battles from the cradle to the grave. Another branch of serfdom is that caused by capitalism or wage slavery. The slave of olden times produced by his hands and had no machine to aid him. Under the present system of capitalism, where you are not owned body and soul, your master owns the land and building and machinery and owns you for ten or twelve hours every day. Your wages are regulated by the competition among the wage earners. The more men there are idle, the lower your wages go and vice versa. With the machines of the present day, you do more in a day than the serf did in a month and you get just enough for yourself to bring up your children. Your work makes multi-millionaires of your employers.

The average wealth that a man produces according to the census of 1890 is $10 a day and the average wage that he receives is less than $1.25 a day. We learn from the city directory that the Amoskeag mills of Manchester, N. H., have 8000 men and women on their pay roll. The money spent for wages each month is given at $150,000. The result is that the average pay earned by each employe is 72 cents a day or $18.75 a month.

These are your American capitalists who are going to pass laws for your benefit. Not on your life. In that same factory, while some men may get $5 a day, there are children working for 10, 20, and 30 cents a day. These are the children of the class that you belong to. Those capitalists are the men who go to Europe and get titled foreigners for their daughters to marry. You don't get wages enough to buy back what you produce. When overproduction comes there is sure to follow a panic and the great parties blame each other. The capitalist does not care whether you die or not or whether your children are educated or not. The capitalist uses the wage-earners no better than they were used on the other side of the water if your labor power is sold to them.

Go to Quality Hill and see the fine houses that the capitalists live in, and then go to Little Canada and Winter street and William street, and see the difference. The capitalists are the people that live on your back. The speaker made a passing reference to Col. Guild and the interests that he represents and touched upon the Philippine question. He criticized Henry Cabot Lodge for inconsistency. In closing he said that the capitalist belongs to a class that is of no use to the wage-earners outside of stealing the results of their labors, no more necessary than a flea is to a dog's happiness. He predicted the triumphant victory of organized labor in the years to come.

Mr. White was then introduced and after praising Mr. Maloney's address, he explained in an interesting manner how the Iron moulders' union of Boston had by organization increased since 1895, the minimum wages of members of the craft from $9 a week to $16.50. In the beginning there was but a small union on account of the preceding hard times. Then men were obliged to work as many hours as the bosses saw fit to have them. If anyone protested he was sure to receive his discharge and another man who was waiting would quickly take his place. In September, 1895, almost every iron moulder in Boston was in the union and then began a gradual improvement in our condition. We gradually got up to $2.50 a day and then to $2.75.

I, as a moulder, have been able to participate in all those good things and have been able to carry home to my family the increased wages brought about by the organization of the union. Every union can do the same thing if you will all work together. The moulders of various cities are better off than ever before. The bricklayers in Boston were working for $1.75 a day in 1881 and 1882 and through organization they have got up to 45 cents an hour for every hour they work. In closing, the speaker enlarged upon the benefits that are sure to come from organization.

Mr. Convery brought the meeting to a close by thanking the crowd for their attention and also thanking the mayor and city government for the appropriation made.

BOXING GOSSIP.

Mike Sears may be matched to box Joe Bernstein before one of the big New York clubs this month. Billy Roche may join Mike with his stable of boxers, in which event the little Lynn feather would get a chance to meet some of the good ones in his class the winter over in Gotham. "Nothing would suit me better than to box Bernstein, or Dave Sullivan, for that matter, for a suitable purse and neither of them will have anything on me when the battle is over," says the Shoe City boxer. The Hawthorne A. C. made Sears an offer to meet Sullivan the latter part of this month, but if the match with Bernstein is arranged it will be boxed about Sept. 28 in Brooklyn or New York. Sears leaves for Montreal, for a short barnstorming trip this week, where he will spar lads in his class.

California seems to be sending out all the great pugilists nowadays. There is Jim Corbett, Jim Jeffries, the champion, Tom Sharkey, Jim Kennedy and the latest prize ring star from the Golden state is Jim Jeffords. Jeffords, from all appearances, is a coming world beater. Only last week he met and defeated the once famous Peter Jackson, who in his prime was considered one of the greatest heavyweight fighters the world has ever seen, and Monday night he knocked out Nick Burley of California in two minutes. Burley is well known in the east having fought several battles here a few years ago. A man who has never been heard of, who defeats two men of Jackson and Burley's calibre in such a short time certainly will bear watching.

Joe Flaherty, the well-known local lightweight, wants to meet Joe Mullen of Boston, who is said to be matched with Tim Kearns. Flaherty has already defeated Mullen twice, but he don't mind doing the trick again, he says, if Mullen is willing to meet him. Joe may go to Worcester, soon and open a boxing school there. He is said to be a great favorite in that city.

George Dixon will in all likelihood be matched to meet Will Curley, the English featherweight, who is coming to this country shortly. Curley is under contract to Billy Brady to box before the Coney Island Sporting club, in which Brady is interested. Dixon and Curley will meet at this club some time this month.

The victor in the coming Flaherty-Gardner fight will be matched to meet Ben Jordan, the English featherweight champion, and the winner of this contest will then be matched to meet the victor of the Dixon-Curley bout for the featherweight championship of the world. In this event Flaherty stands more than an equal chance of yet being the world's champion, which is the goal of his ambition.

Tommy Ryan, the Syracuse welterweight, and Kid McCoy, who aspired one time to be a heavyweight, do not speak as they pass by. This state of affairs has lasted for some time, according to those who say they know. Some go so far as to say that the feeling between them is almost as bitter as that between Corbett and Fitzsimmons. Rumor has it that Corbett will be in Jack Moffatt's corner when the latter goes against Ryan at Dubuque to-night. When Ryan saw McCoy go down and out at Chicago the other night and while the seconds were being counted, he remarked: "I told you so." There is nothing so aggravating to McCoy as to have his rival utter that time-worn gag, but on top of that Ryan let go the following interview, which will make the kid happier still: "McCoy is romping around the country meeting stiffs that a healthful featherweight would scoff at. He ducks this one and takes on that one, but when a man with an earnest desire and ample backing comes along he begins to impose impossible weights and other conditions. He once got a decision over me when I had a knee-cap upon which I could hardly stand. If I am fortunate enough to win the decision over Moffatt, any reputable club offering a suitable purse can consider me signed, if the Hoosier accepts."

Certainly a match between McCoy and Ryan would be interesting. Manager Wilson of the Hawthorne A. C. of Buffalo has been striving for some time to have them meet before his organization and settle their long-standing argument. Perhaps he may be successful, though some people maintain that Ryan and McCoy are averse to facing each other in the same ring.

Do You Know Uneeda Biscuit ?

Get acquainted to-day. Don't wait until to-morrow. Ask your grocer for a package. Taste them. Never sold in bulk. Put up in 5 cent packages. Take no imitations.

Beecham's pills for constipation 10¢ and 25¢. Get the book at your druggist's and go by it.

Annual sales more than 6,000,000 boxes.

JAS. MORAN WON

Two Firsts and One Second Prize

INGRAHAM GETS TWO FIRSTS

Moran Establishes Track Record of 2.16

The Spindle City Wheelmen held their ninth race meet at the Fair Grounds Saturday, which proved to be a successful one despite the bad condition of the weather. The attendance was unusually large for such a dreary and wet day. The track was in poor condition, some of the places on the back stretch being all mud. The home stretch was the best part of the track, and that was not in a decent condition, it being very heavy.

James Moran of Chelsea, the champion amateur rider of the world, and J. B. Ingraham, of Lynnfield, took the cream of the prizes. Everything seemed to come their way and they found no difficulty in winning their events. Moran won the half mile open, one-mile handicap and got second in the five mile handicap. Ingraham won his match race with Moran and the five mile handicap.

Ingraham's trainer did not think there would be any races on account of the rain, and therefore he did not come to Lowell. Upon Ingraham's arrival on the track he found no trainer or wheel.

On the whole Ingraham made a very good showing, he having to ride on four different wheels during the meet.

In the competition races with the out of town riders, the local men failed to get a first prize. Horace Lefebvre did some good riding; he won a second and a fourth.

There were but eight starters in the novice race and it was run off in one heat. It was a regular drag from the beginning, Morin winning, with McLaughlin, about three wheellengths behind. Just as the bunch was crossing the tape, W. T. Shore swerved his wheel and took a tumble he was not hurt, however.

In the first heat of the one-mile handicap Moran and Ingraham were on scratch, with Keegan on the 60-yard mark next. The scratch men paced each other and at the end of the first lap, they caught the limit men and after that the race belonged to them; Moran finishing first with Ingraham a close second.

Hargraves was the only scratch man in the second heat, and the limit men made it hot for him, but he succeeded in catching them. He finished fifth in the heat. He appeared to ride easy when he knew he would get a place.

In the final heat of the mile handicap there were three scratch men. Coming down the home stretch Hargraves and Ingraham got shut out, Moran winning first.

The one-half mile open was the next event run off. It was scheduled to be run off in two heats, but on account of there being only seven starters it was decided to run it off in one heat. This race was pretty hot from beginning to end.

Ingraham dropped out on the back stretch on account of the strange wheel he was riding, and Moran and Hargraves had it neck and neck down the home stretch, Moran winning out by some inches.

There were five tandem teams entered in the Australian tandem pursuit race, but only three rode. The Haverhill team were not there and Keegan and O'Brien, who were going to ride the other tandem, did not feel like riding on the heavy track. The P. A. C's, S. C. W. and the Vixen tandem were the three starters. The S. C. W. team was passed by the P. A. C's at 2 1-4 miles and the P. A. C. 's overtook the Vixens at the end of five miles.

The five mile handicap was the most exciting race of the day. Moran, Ingraham and Hargraves rode from scratch and the next man was 200 yards ahead of them. They kept plugging all the time, changing pace now and then. On the beginning of the third mile Ingraham made one of his long sprints and caught the limit men. He rode around the bunch and held them back until Moran and Hargraves caught up. On the three quarters pole the sprint was started, Ingraham, Moran and Hargraves crossing the tape in the order named, with H. Lefebvre in fourth place.

In the final heat of the one-mile handicap Moran lowered the one-mile competition record of the track to 2.16.

The summary:

One mile novice won by J. Morin, Lowell; J. McLaughlin, Lowell, second; time 2.42 3-5.

One mile handicap.—First trial heat won by J. Moran, Chelsea, scratch; J. F. Ingraham, Lynnfield, scratch, second; P. Keegan, Lowell, 60 yards, third; E. A. Lynde, Lowell, 120 yards, fourth; T. S. Murphy, Lowell, 90 yards, fifth; time 2.20. Second trial heat won by P. Dion, West Chelmsford, 120 yards, M. F. O'Brien, Lowell, 65 yards, second; H. Lefebvre, Lowell, 130 yards, third; W. A. Mitchell, Lowell, 110 yards, fourth; C. N. Hargraves, Saxonville, scratch, fifth; time 2.24 2-5. Final heat won by J. Moran, scratch; H. Lefebvre, 130 yards, second; W. A. Mitchell, 110 yards, third; time, 2.16.

One-half mile open won by J. Moran, Chelsea; C. N. Hargraves, Saxonville, second; M. O'Brien, Lowell, third; time 1.10 1-5.

One-mile scratch race between James Moran and J. F. Ingraham. Best two heats out of three. First heat won by J. F. Ingraham, time 2.20. Second and final heat won by J. F. Ingraham, time 2.35 3-5.

Australian tandem pursuit race, won by P. A. C. tandem. McIntosh and Hoyle, distance 5 miles, time 11.47 2-5.

Five-mile handicap, won by J. F. Ingraham, Lynfield, scratch; James Moran, Chelsea, scratch, second; C. N. Hargraves, Saxonville, scratch, third; H. Lefebvre, Lowell, 275 yards, fourth; time 13.13.

Twelfth School Year

Isaac Pitman School of Shorthand.

F. BLANCHE HARD, Principal.

We open the fall term at REDUCED RATES. Call or send for catalogue for 1899. Hundreds of graduates placed in business houses by this school. Both Miss Hard and her instructors members of the Eastern Commercial Teachers Association. The high standard of this association assures graduates of good positions. Typewriting, up-to-date methods, all day and evening. Fall term Tuesday, September 6. Day and evening.

31 Hildreth Building.

OLD COMMITTEE

Is the Legal One Says Solicitor Qua

OPINION RENDERED TO BOARD OF ALDERMEN

On Democratic City Committee Dispute

At last night's special meeting of the board of aldermen, City Solicitor Qua gave a verbal opinion to the board that the democratic city committee, known as the committee of 1898, is the present legal organization and is entitled to the use of the polling stations on the night of Sept. 11.

The meeting was the second of the day, Solicitor Qua failing to appear at the first and when requested by Mayor Crowley to give an opinion on the question, was loath to do so, saying: "Let them fight it out themselves."

But finally he rendered the decision as above and spoke in part as follows:

"In the first place, I fail to see why it is necessary for this board to determine which is the legal committee. It is for the board to decide where caucuses will be held, not to debate upon the legality of either committee. Suppose the board thinks one of the committees is entitled legally to the polling stations, there is nothing to stop the other committee from also taking possession.

"There is another reason which makes me hesitate. In a situation of this kind, a man cannot very well give an opinion without being accused of partiality.

"I assume that there was a committee organized under the law of 1898. This committee should have called caucuses to elect their successors in December of the same year. As it was, their successors were not elected until the spring of the present year. It may have been a wrong and wicked thing to do, but I cannot find that because of their neglect they are now out of office. According to the law they remain in office until the first of the year, when the committee elected in the past spring assumes the right of office. No matter how dishonest it may have been this failure in December of 1898 to call caucuses for the election of their successors, the law points to but one conclusion."

Alderman Derby moved that the superintendent of lands and buildings be instructed to prepare the polling stations. Voted. It was said that ward five is without a polling place. Supt. Gillow will be authorized to look up a place. Aldermen Derby, Taylor and Miskella were appointed a committee to designate polling stations for state and city elections. Adjourned.

CO. C'S SHOOT.

Several members of Co. C went to the rifle range in Dracut Saturday and held a practice shooting match. The following is the score of the men who attended: Gannon, 200 yards, 46-48; McQuesten, 500 yards, 38; Chandler, 20 yards, 43; Chandler, 500 yards, 40; McQuesten, 500 yards, 41.

it's neglect of throat and bronchial troubles that leads to death-dealing disease.

HALE'S HONEY OF HOREHOUND AND TAR

No wonder Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar is praised by its users. Its curative effects are like magic. Sold by druggists.

Pike's Toothache Drops cure in one minute.

DIAMOND DUTY.

Is so small now that it really doesn't pay to smuggle in stones.

We have just received a consignment of diamonds, set and unset.

Every one of them is of fine quality, clear, lustrous, and of splendid color. All sizes. The prices range from $12 to $350, according to size and brilliancy, but all are remarkably good value.

HARRIS'S

10 APPLETON STREET.

TIPS FROM TILLMAN

For the People of New England to Consider

Must Not Think They Have a Monopoly of Brains—Race Problem Should be Settled Before We Tackle Another at the Antipodes

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Providence, R. I., Sept. 5.—The second meeting of the New England Bimetallic league at Crescent Park was a much greater success than that of Sunday in point of attendance, weather and surroundings. Representative Democrats from all the New England states occupied the platform beside the announced speakers.

It was a representative labor audience, as the holiday and the other attractions of Crescent Park drew the laboring men of the district to the spot, and their attention to the arguments was evinced by the frequent applause which greeted salient ponts.

Mayor Greene of Woonsocket opened the session and introduced as presiding officer John E. Conley of Providence. H. O. Kent of Lancaster, N. H., General Warner of Marietta, O., and Rev. Robert E. Bisbee of East Pepperell, Mass., argued in favor of the remonetization of silver, after which resolutions declaring for free silver, against militarism and urging the nomination of W. J. Bryan for president, were unanimously adopted.

There was a burst of enthusiasm when Senator Tillman of South Carolina was introduced, and his address was punctuated with cheers throughout. He alluded to his southern home, and stated that the Spanish war was worth all it cost if it has proved nothing else than the south will fight for the Stars and Stripes as eagerly as will the north. He argued that unless the policy of the government is changed soon, the republic is doomed, and it will become a government of oppression of the many by the few. He praised New England highly for what it had done for the country, but called attention to the fact that there were people enough south and west of the Potomac and the Mississippi to elect a president without the aid of New England.

He claimed that the people of New England were greatly fooled by the newspapers. He said he represented the "man with the hoe," so he could not be blamed for presenting the opinions of the farmers.

New England now has no agriculture so its people cannot realize how matters look to the farmers who have to till the soil for a living. He claimed the farmer is discriminated against in Washington and robbed of his rights. That New England was driven to manufactures instead of agriculture was to its credit, because it realized that in the latter industry it could not compete with the west and south.

Mr. Tillman said that he did not blame New England for the policy of wanting America for Americans, but he claimed that the people of the south and west wanted all of the Americans to have a finger in the pie. The price of the western products is regulated by the volume of money, said he, and these people have been legislated against in the interest of the English and the eastern bondholders. The west and south is hedged in by the east and compelled to sell their products at the market prices of Europe, which are lower than those of the east.

He explained the methods of forming trusts, and said that the day when the wages in America fall to the level of Europe is not far distant if the present policy of combinations is continued. If the protective tariff which protects trusts, but not the people, is continued, the result will be that the western farmers will become so poor that they cannot buy the products of the east and the goose that laid the golden egg will be killed. He argued that in this event the people of New England will have only their own blind greed and desire to get a dishonest dollar to blame for it.

The senator alluded to the attitude of the present administration toward the colored people of the country and reviewed the result of the civil war, stating that there were a half million graves in this country dedicated to the cause of freedom and equality for every man, and half of them were those of southerners. He referred, amid cheering, to the oppression of the Filipinos, who are fighting for the same principles as did the American people in 1776. In reference to Hawaii he claimed that the sugar stock and contract labor stock there was owned in New England, and the New England senators who voted for annexation did nothing toward freeing the contract slaves and poor negroes there from their bondage.

He said that while he believed, and always will, that the negro is not the equal of the white man, still he believed in giving him his legal rights, barring the political side. He said the negro did not know enough to vote, and in South Carolina the white people had succeeded in disenfranchising them until they can read and write.

In reference to the Philippine question Mr. Tillman asked if it was right to free Cuba because Spain was shooting Cubans to death, how it was to be reconciled with the fact that the United States, who now owned the Philippines, was now shooting the Filipinos to death. He said that the arguments now used by the administration are the same as those used by George III. in the last century. He said that he believed the president is honest in his belief that he is doing his duty, but claimed that he only looked at the one fact that the United States bought the islands from Spain. He asked where the honor was in the Philippines war, and, as the New England people had been accused of having a love for the almighty dollar, he asked where the money was in it for them.

He argued that until the American nation had settled one race problem here, it had no right to tackle another across the Pacific. He claimed that in New England the negro was hedged in by certain rules, but in the south he has full swing. If the people of New England object to the way those in the south treat the negro in the manner of lynching him for ravishing women, they can do nothing about it, and he claimed that if New England would not do the same under similar conditions he would blush to own a relationship. He stated that the negro in the south never was and never would be capable of voting. He said that although the south had been outlawed by legislation since the war, yet it had paid its own proportionate share of the pensions to the soldiers who had shot the confederates to death.

He said New England had need to wake up to the fact that it was not the whole United States, and had not a monopoly of brains. He said his lesson learned from the Spanish war was that he will not in the future allow any New Englander to step on his toes and patronize him. The south and South Carolina did its full duty then and will at any time send as many men in proportion to its population as any state to any war of decency and honor, but it will not send a regiment to the Philippines.

MISS ATKINSON IS CHAMPION.

Chicago, Sept. 5.—By defeating Miss Myrtle McAteer of Pittsburg in the championship round of the woman's western championship tennis tournament at Kenwood Country club, Miss Juliette P. Atkinson of Brooklyn retained her title of champion of the west in singles. The play throughout was exciting and brilliant.

PLEADED NOT GUILTY.

Wakefield, R. I., Sept. 5.—Andrew Weeden, who is charged with murdering his wife, Mary Weeden, at Narragansett Pier, Aug. 26 last, was brought before the district court here yesterday. He pleaded not guilty. The case was continued until Sept. 11.

WORK FOR HIGH COURT.

Paris, Sept. 5.—President Loubet has issued a decree assembling the senate on Sept. 18 as a high court. It is understood that the trials will include charges both of conspiracy and attempts against the internal safety of the state.

CREW PROBABLY LOST.

Goderich, Ont., Sept. 5.—Schooner Lisgar of Toronto has been lost about 60 miles from here. She went down under stress of weather. It is feared the crew are all lost.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

The Chinese foreign office has offered the Italians mining rights in the Ning-Hai district, but the grant is entirely unsatisfactory to Italy and is likely to cause complications.

The British foreign office denies the statement cabled to a New York newspaper that concessions on the Alaskan boundary question have been decided upon.

Prominent tobacco merchants at Havana say the enormous decrease of $7,000,000 in the tobacco output of Cuba for 1898 was due principally to the war. The constant tendency to decrease, however, is due, according to the tobacco merchants, to increased taxes placed by foreign governments upon Havana cigars.

The navy department has no apprehension as to the safety of the training ship Monongahela, which is said to be overdue at Annapolis.

The duel between the editors of El Porvenir and Cubano Libre, which was to have taken place at Santiago, did not occur, both parties having been arrested. The pugnacious journalists were liberated after a short detention.

The Dublin corporation has granted a site near the rotunda in Upper Sackville street for the proposed statue of Charles Stewart Parnell.

The war department has given instructions for the removal of the United States troops garrisoning Fort St. Phillip and Jackson barracks near New Orleans. This action is purely precautionary and results from the difficulty experienced in getting the troops out of Key West.

Dr. Bosse, Prussian minister of public instruction, and Baron Von Der Recke Von Der Horst, minister of the interior, have been relieved of their portfolios at their own request.

Patrick Moran, aged 37, was knocked down by a railroad shifter at Nashua, N. H. Both legs were later amputated at the hospital. *He will die.*

WAITING FOR AN ANSWER.

Pretoria, Sept. 5.—In the course of an interview yesterday State Secretary Reitz said the Transvaal government was waiting until Saturday's dispatch reached the imperial authorities before making its contents public. Without entering into details, he could say that in his judgment, the proposals of the government offered Mr. Chamberlain an opportunity of coming to a settlement regarding the franchise and other outstanding questions. He could also say that the Transvaal would take part in the suggested conference and was now awaiting the imperial government's reply in order to arrange the details as to a place of meeting.

AGED WOMAN KILLED.

Bangor, Me., Sept. 5.—Mrs. Mary E. Morrill of Brewer, aged 82, was killed last evening by a Maine Central train. She leaves a husband, son and one sister.

SPRUNG A SURPRISE

Prosecution in Dreyfus Case Produces New Witness

Testimony Viewed With Suspicion—The Military Clique Getting Some Hard Knocks

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Rennes, Sept. 5.—Monday's session of the Dreyfus court martial opened rather badly for Captain Dreyfus, as a surprise was sprung upon the defence in the advent of an Austrian political refugee, Eugene Cernuschi, who came out with a flatfooted denunciation of the accused, which, even though it may eventually prove a pure fairy tale, is bound for the moment to exercise a malignant influence upon the French people, who have not seen Cernuschi, and are thus unable to form a personal opinion of the man who launched these direct accusations against Captain Dreyfus.

against him. Nobody even suspects that he is what he claims to be, a scion of the royal Servian house. On the contrary, one would take him to be a groom dressed in his best Sunday suit.

Cernuschi's testimony, which was in the form of a letter to the president of the court-martial, Colonel Jouaust, was most unequivocal. He claimed that, on three distinct occasions, twice in France and once at Geneva, he was told by a high placed foreign officer that Dreyfus had communicated treasonable documents to a foreign power. In the third instance Cernuschi said that the officer showed him documents emanating from Dreyfus, and that this officer left France hurriedly two days prior to the arrest of Captain Dreyfus. The allusion was evidently to Colonel Schwartzkoppen, the military attache of the German embassy in Paris in 1894, whose movements were coincident with those described as the movements of the officer of Cernuschi's deposition.

Now this evidence is of transcendent importance to the prosecution, and it is incredible, unless Cernuschi is proved to be a humbug, that the government commissary, Major Carriere, should have admitted that he had received a letter from him offering important testimony and thrown it aside on the ground of its coming from a political refugee. The deposition evoked expressions of incredulity. One suspicious feature was the fact that, although the witness said he could not speak French fluently, his letter to Colonel Jouaust, asking an opportunity to testify, was drawn up in perfect French. He explained that he had been assisted by his wife in writing the letter.

This introduction of a foreigner as a witness for the prosecution gave Maitre Labori an opportunity to submit the most important request he has made throughout the trial, a request which, if granted by Colonel Jouaust, though this is extremely doubtful, would certainly have momentous consequences. Maitre Labori announced his intention, in view of the step taken by the prosecution in calling foreign evidence, to ask that inquiry should be made through the regular diplomatic channels as to whether the documents mentioned in the bordereau were actually communicated, and if so by whom. This involves an application to the German government, which the court-martial is scarcely likely to approve. In any case the application means the lengthening of the trial for several weeks.

Cernuschi will be heard today behind closed doors. At the same time there will probably be an examination of the secret dossier to which Captain Cuignet referred yesterday, and which Maitre Labori immediately asked to have produced in court. This dossier consists of 12 or 14 documents, and it is difficult to see why, if they had any value, the etat major have not had them produced earlier. The etat major are not in the habit of holding back documents calculated to prove of the slightest service to their cause, as is shown in the case of the note concerning M. Hadamard's doubts of the innocence of his cousin, which was incorrect, but was nevertheless included in the secret dossier; while the important document stating on the authority of the French minister in Rome that an Italian military attache paid Esterhazy 200,000 francs was studiously omitted from the secret dossier. It is perfectly evident that the Italian attache did not pay Esterhazy such a sum on account of, as the French say, his beautiful eyes; and the document was the best evidence that Esterhazy is the traitor. Nevertheless, the etat major carefully kept it out of view.

M. Painleve, the distinguished mathematician, cornered General Gonse on the latter's falsified version of M. Hadamard's remarks concerning Captain Dreyfus, and the manner in which Gonse squirmed and his woe-begone appearance almost aroused pity for him.

General Roget also appeared to begin to feel at last the cruel strokes the etat major have been receiving of late. He showed naught of his cruel, brazen front yesterday. On the contrary, his face was quite livid when he left the stage after a very poor display, and he quitted the courtroom as soon as the proceedings were over, excusing himself to his brother generals, Mercier and others of a higher grade, on the ground of feeling unwell.

The session ended with an exposure by M. Hennion, chief of the Paris detectives, of the disgraceful tactics of the etat major in suppressing his report in favor of Captain Dreyfus and inserting a document more or less unfavorable to him.

BOSTONS WON

By Sharp Fielding in Yesterday's Game

THE SCORE 7 TO 4 WITH BALTIMORE

Other Games in Which Surprises Appear

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Boston, Sept. 5.—Boston won by heady work on the bases. Willis was wild and was hit hard, especially in the ninth, but sharp fielding by the Bostons kept their opponent's score down. Crisham was presented with a diamond ring in the second inning and responded by striking out. Smith was put out of the game in the fifth for striking Umpire McGarr. Attendance, 5700.

Boston.	AB	R	BH	PO	A	E
Hamilton, c. f.	2	0	1	1	0	0
Tenney, 1 b.	4	0	0	8	0	0
Long, s. s.	2	0	1	3	2	0
Stahl, r. f.	4	0	0	2	0	0
Collins, 3 b.	4	0	1	1	0	0
Duffy, l. f.	3	1	0	3	0	0
Lowe, 2 b.	4	1	2	0	5	0
Bergen, c.	4	2	1	9	1	0
Willis, p.	3	0	1	0	5	0
Totals	29	4	7	27	13	0

Baltimore.	AB	R	BH	PO	A	E
Fultz, 3 b.	5	0	2	0	3	1
Holmes, l. f.	4	0	3	1	0	0
Demont, 2 b.	4	0	1	4	1	0
Brodie, c. f.	4	0	1	4	0	0
Kelsten, s. s.	4	1	0	2	2	1
Sheckard, r. f.	4	0	2	1	0	0
Crisham, 1 b.	4	0	1	6	0	0
Smith, c.	2	0	0	2	1	0
Robinson, c.	2	0	1	3	1	1
Howell, p.	3	0	0	1	3	0
*Harris	0	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	36	1	11	21	11	3

*Batted for Howell in the fourth.

Boston ....0 0 1 2 0 0 1 0 —4
Baltimore ....0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—1

Earned runs—Boston, 2. Two-base hit—Holmes. Three-base hits—Sheckard, Lowe. Stolen bases—Long, Keister, Hamilton. Double plays—Keister, Demont and Crisham. First on balls—By Willis, 1; by Howell, 5. Struck out—By Willis, 6; by Howell, 3. Umpires—Snyder and McGarr.

At St. Louis— r bh e
Louisville ......1 4 0 7 5 1 2 0 0—14 18 3
St. Louis ......0 0 0 0 0 0 2 0 0— 2 7 5

Batteries—Phillippi and Zimmer; Young, McBride and Schreck.

r bh e
St. Louis ....0 0 0 2 0 0 0 0—2 6 3
Louisville ....0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0—1 3 2

Batteries—Powell and Schreck; Woods and Zimmer. Called on account of darkness.

At Cincinnati— r bh e
Cincinnati ......1 0 2 2 0 0 1 0 —6 10 1
Cleveland ......0 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0—3 12 1

Batteries—Hawley and Peitz; Hughey and McAllister.

r bh e
Cincinnati ......1 0 0 4 2 0 1 0 —8 9 2
Cleveland ......0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0—1 4 6

Batteries—Taylor and Wood; Schmidt and Duncan.

At Chicago— r bh e
Pittsburg ......0 0 0 0 0 2 3 0 2—7 13 3
Chicago ....0 1 0 0 0 0 1 0 0—2 9 1

Batteries—Tannehill and Schriver; Griffith and Chance.

r bh e
Chicago ....0 1 0 1 0 0 2 0 0—4 13 6
Pittsburg ......1 1 0 0 2 0 0 0 0—4 9 3

Batteries—Taylor, Donahue and Chance; Chesbro and Bowerman. Called on account of darkness.

At New York— r bh e
Brooklyn ....0 0 0 0 1 0 0 4 0—5 6 5
New York ......0 2 2 0 0 0 0 0 0—4 10 5

Batteries—Hughes and Farrell; Seymour and Wilson.

At Brooklyn— r bh e
Brooklyn ....0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 2—3 7 2
New York ......0 0 0 0 0 0 0 2 0—2 7 0

Batteries—Kennedy and McGuire; Gettig and Wilson.

At Philadelphia— r bh e
Philadelphia ..0 0 0 0 0 1 1 0 0 1—3 5 2
Washington ..0 2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—2 9 4

Batteries—Platt and McFarland; McFarland and Roach.

r bh e
Philadelphia ..0 3 0 0 7 3 0 4 —17 18 2
Washington ...0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0— 0 5 5

Batteries—Fraser and McFarland; Weyhing and Roach.

WHO GETS THE PENNANT?

Newport, R. I., Sept. 5.—This city claims the New England championship pennant in the second series, which ended yesterday, on the ground that Manchester did not have any postponed games to play with Portland, and that the two games between Manchester and Portland yesterday finished the schedule of the Manchester team. It is also claimed that four games played in Manchester yesterday afternoon were outside the schedule and could not be figured in the final standings and relative positions of the club when their schedules were finished. The pennant is claimed by the management of the Newport team by the following table:

	Won.	Lost.	Per C.
Newport	17	8	.680
Manchester	16	9	.640
Portland	12	14	.461
Taunton	5	19	.208

Manchester, N. H., Sept. 5.—Manchester's claim to the pennant is based on the following standing:

	Won.	Lost.	Per C.
Manchester	20	9	.690
Newport	17	8	.680
Portland	12	18	.400
Taunton	6	19	.252

N. Y. DEMOCRATS

Endorsed the Chicago Platform in Mass Meeting

New York, Sept. 5.—The Chicago platform Democrats held a meeting last night in Cooper Union. John P. Altgeld, Former Judge Tarvin and Congressman Lentz were the speakers. Each one declared for the nomination of William J. Bryan and against the policy of President McKinley in the Philippines. Resolutions were read fully endorsing the Chicago platform; pledging the earnest efforts of those present to the nomination and election of William J. Bryan to the presidency in 1900; declaring that the war against the Philippines is a grossly immoral assault on American principles of government and a brutal attempt to crush a weak people, who are bravely contending for the exercise of God-given rights of self-government; condemning the action of President McKinley in relation to the Philippines; holding that all trusts are destructive of industrial and individual liberty; favoring the abolition of all special privileges and governmental ownership and operation of all monopolies; recognizing that the liberty of the American people is being destroyed.

BOAT UPSET.

Torrington, Conn., Sept. 5.—Michael Lynch, a farmhand, and Arthur Ahern, who resided with his parents here, were drowned in Battam lake yesterday by the upsetting of a boat. The drowned men were each about 25 years of age.

ANOTHER POLAR EXPEDITION.

London, Sept. 5.—A dispatch to The Daily Chronicle from Christiania says that Baron Von Toll, a Russian, has purchased a sealing vessel and will undertake an expedition into the north polar regions next spring.

DO IT YOURSELF.

It is easy to tell whether your Kidneys are diseased. Take a bottle or glass tumbler and fill it with urine. If there is a sediment—a powder-like substance—after standing a day and night, there is something wrong with the Kidneys. Other sure signs of disease are a desire to urinate often, pain in the back, or if your urine stains linen.

There is no question that Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy is the best and surest medicine in the world for diseases of the Kidneys, Liver, Bladder and Blood, Rheumatism, Dyspepsia and Chronic Constipation. It quickly relieves and cures inability to hold urine and the necessity of getting up a number of times during the night. It puts an end to that scalding pain when passing urine and corrects the bad effects of whiskey and beer. It is sold for one dollar a bottle at all drug stores.

Send your full post office address to the DR. DAVID KENNEDY CORPORATION, Rondout, N. Y., and mention this paper. They will then mail you a trial bottle of Favorite Remedy and a valuable medical pamphlet free, giving full directions for its use. Every reader of this paper can depend upon the genuineness of this liberal offer, and all sufferers from the diseases mentioned above should take advantage of it at once.

Exhausted Vitality.

KNOW THYSELF!

Nervous and Physical Debility,

Premature Decline, Impotency, Atrophy, (wasting), Varicocele, Stricture, the Errors of Youth, the Excesses of Mature Years, and all DISEASES and WEAKNESSES of MEN, from Whatever Cause Arising, scientifically treated, quickly and radically cured at the old reliable

PEABODY MEDICAL INSTITUTE,

No. 4 Bulfinch St., (opposite Revere House), Boston, Mass. Established in 1860. This renowned Institution publishes the staunch and far famed, popular and unequaled Medical Treatise entitled

THE SCIENCE OF LIFE; or SELF PRESERVATION,

a Book For Every Man, married or single, young, middle aged or old. It is a private Treasure Casket on the above-named and kindred subjects. It contains 370 pages, 12 mo., 125 invaluable prescriptions for Acute and Chronic diseases, each one of which is worth more than five times the price of the book and should be in the possession of every sensible prudent man for ready reference. It is the *Grand Prize Essay*, for which was awarded the Gold Medal by the National Medical Association. Price, only $1, by mail, double sealed and strictly private, guaranteed as represented in every instance. The distinguished author and Chief Consulting Physician to the Peabody Institute graduated from the Harvard Medical College, class 1864, and was Surgeon to the 5th Regt. Mass. Volunteers during the war of the Rebellion. The first assistant Physician to the Institute graduated from the old College of Physicians and Surgeons, class 1806. These Physicians Cure Where Others Fail. After many years of careful study and extensive research they guarantee a positive cure in every case of Rheumatism treated. Consultation in person or by mail, 9 to 6, Sundays, 10 to 1. The Diagnostician or Know Thyself Manual, a Vade Mecum of Medical Science for All; price 50 cents, but sent free sealed, to every male reader of this paper of this date, mentioning this paper, enclosing 6c. for postage.

"The Peabody Medical Institute has many imitators, but no equals."—Boston Herald.

After a

Bath

Dr. H. C. Bullock, of Hartford, says: You will find Comfort Powder the best in the world. It makes a delicate covering over the sensitive skin, cures heat eruptions, chafing, and roughness.

Comfort Powder

renders the flesh sweet, smooth, and healthy. It should be in every house for every mother, father, and babe. Please try it.

Toilet Stores. 25c. and 50c. Sample free.
COMFORT POWDER CO., HARTFORD, CT.

Boston & Maine Railroad

Corrected to June 26, 1899. Trains leave Merrimack Street Depot, Lowell, as follows:

For Boston, 5.43, 6.25, *6.25, *7.45, *8.50, *9.15, *10.40, 11 a m; 1.10, *3.00, 4.25, *5.44 p m. SUNDAYS, 8.15 a m.

Trains leave Middlesex Street Station Lowell as follows:

For Boston, 5.45, 6.28, *6.45, w6.50, 7.01, *7.20, *7.23, 7.34, *7.48, *7.53, w*8.01, *8.07, *9.12, w9.25, *9.50, w10.50, 11.03, *11.42 a m; w12.03, 12.13, w12.45, 1.18, w2.31, w3.10, *3.43, *3.47, w3.57, *4.01, 4.28, w5.15, 5.32, *5.45, w6.15, *6.22, 7.00, *7.58, 8.41, w9.25 p m. SUNDAYS, 7.01, 7.24, 8.16, 8.45, 9.16, a m; 12.05, 4.16, 4.35, 5.58, 9.45 p m.

For Lawrence and Haverhill, 6.28, w6.50, z7.31, w8.30, a9.25, 10.05, w10.50 a m; w12.05, w2.30, 3.55, 4.18, w5.15, w6.15, w7.00, w9.25, w11.25 p m. SUNDAYS 8.15 a m, 12.05, 6.30, 8.45 p m.

For stations between Reading and Boston, western division, 6.50, 9.25, 10.50 a m; 12.05, 12.25, 2.30, 3.55, 5.15, 7.00, 9.25 p m. SUNDAYS, 8.15 a m; 12.05, 4.05, 6.30, 8.45 p m.

For Salem, Mass., w6.50, 7.31 a m; w12.05, 1.38, w3.15, 6.30 p m.

For Newburyport, Amesbury and Portsmouth, 6.24 a m; 12.05, 2.30, 2.50, 3.55, 6.15 p m.

For Haverhill, 6.24 6.50, z7.31, 8.30, 9.25, 10.50 a m; 12.05, 2.30, 3.10, 4.15, 5.10, 6.15, 7.00, 9.25, †11.25 p m. SUNDAYS, 8.15 a m; 12.05, 6.30, 7.25 p m.

For Haverhill, Newburyport, Hampton, North Hampton, Portsmouth and stations on York Beach, R. R., 2.30 p m., July 3 to Sept. 8 inclusive.

For Exeter and Dover 6.28, 6.50, z7.31, 8.30 a m; 12.05, 3.55, 6.15 p m. SUNDAYS, x8.15, 6.30 p m.

For Rochester and Alton Bay, 8.30 a m; 12.05, 3.55 p m.

For Somersworth, N. H., Saco, Old Orchard, and Portland, 6.28, 6.50, z7.31, 8.30 a m; 12.05, 3.55, 6.15 p m. SUNDAYS, 6.30 p m.

For Lewiston, Augusta, Bath, Waterville, 6.50, 8.30 a m; 12.05, 6.15 p m. SUNDAYS, 6.30 p m.

For Bangor, Belfast, Skowhegan and Rockland, 8.30 a m; 6.15 p m. SUNDAYS, 6.30 p m.

For St John's, N B, Halifax, N S., Montreal and Quebec, 6.50 a m.; 3.15 p m. (3.15 does not run Saturdays.) SUNDAYS, 6.30 p m.

For Eastport and St. John, (via steamer from Portland) on Mondays, and Friday at 12.05 p m.

For Castine, Deer Isle, Sedgwick, Bar Harbor, Jonesport and Machiasport, (via steamer Frank Jones from Portland,) Tuesday and Friday at 3.15 p m.

For Woburn, 6.28, 7.01, 7.31, *7.48, 11.03 a m; 1.10, 4.28, 6.10, p m. SUNDAYS, 6.45 a m; 4.35, 5.55 p m.

For stations between Winchester and Boston, Southern Division; 5.10, 6.28, 7.31, 7.48, 9.56, 11.03 a m; 1.10, 4.28, 5.20, 8.41 p m. SUNDAYS, 7.24, 8.16, 9.19 a m; 1.25, 5.58 p m.

For Ayer Junction and Way-Stations—7.10 a m; 12.04, 5.40 and 6.40 p m. SUNDAYS, 2.15 p m.

For Amherst, Milford and Wilton—9.12 a m; 1.00, 3.41, 5.40 p m. SUNDAYS, 2 p m.

For Greenfield, Peterboro, Bennington, Hillsboro and Keene—9.12 a m and 3.41 p m. SUNDAYS to Hillsboro, 2 p m.

For Nashua, Manchester and Concord—7.40, 9.12, *9.40, *10.00 a m; *12.12, 1.00, *1.40, *4.04, 3.41, *5.40, 6.37, *8.19, *8.10 p m. SUNDAYS, 10.05 a m (to Nashua only), 9.05 a m; 2.00, 6.02, 8.10, 10.40 p m.

For Franklin, Lebanon and White River Junction—7.40, *9.40 a m; *12.12, *1.40, 5.40, †8.10 p m.

For Warner, Bradford, Sunapee, Newport, (N H) Claremont and Claremont Junction—7.40, 9.12 a m; 1.40 p m; 3.41 p m Saturday only till August 26th inclusive.

For St Johnsbury, and Lyndonville, via Wells River—*9.40 a m, *1.40, *†8.40 p m.

For Montpelier, Essex Junction, Burlington, St Albans, St Johns and Montreal via the Central Vermont Line, *9.40 a m; *12.12, *†8.40 p m.

For Montreal and Quebec, via Montreal and Boston Air Line—*9.40 a m; †8.40 p m.

QUEBEC EXPRESS, via Plymouth and Sherbrook—*1.40, †*8.40 p m.

References: *Express; †Daily. w Via Western Division. ‡Wednesdays and Saturdays only. ¶ Via Bedford. z Via Wilmington Junction.

x To Exeter only.

D. J. FLANDERS, General Passenger and Ticket Agent. H. C. TAFT, Gen Agt., Lowell.

BLOOD POISON

Primary, Secondary and Tertiary BLOOD POISON permanently cured in 15 to 35 days. You can be treated at home for same price under same guarantee. If you prefer to come here we will contract to pay railroad fare and hotel bills, and no charge if we fail to cure. If you have taken mercury, iodide, potash, and still have aches and pains, Mucous patches in mouth, sore throat, pimples, copper colored spots, ulcer on any part of the body, hair or eyebrows falling out, it is this secondary BLOOD POISON we guarantee to cure. We solicit the most obstinate cases and challenge the world for a case we cannot cure. This disease has always baffled the skill of the most eminent physicians; $500,000 capital behind our unconditional guarantee. Absolute proofs sent sealed on application. Address COOK REMEDY CO., 1883 Masonic Temple, Chicago, Ill.

CLEARANCE SALE OF

Ladies' and Gents' Clothing

At 25c on the Dollar.

Same prices also, if you don't have all the money to pay down. We give you easy weekly terms, while you can be dressed stylish.

LOWELL CO-OPP. SUPPLY CO.

26 Central Street,

Up One Flight Open Evenings

FOR SALE.

A fine, well built double house, modern improvements, fine garden, lots of fruit trees, 11,270 square feet of land, excellent opportunities for more buildings, a first class investment. For sale on account of owner going away. Inquire at

96 South Whipple Street.

Lanterns

50c.

W. T. S. Bartlett

The Up-Town Hardware Store,
653 MERRIMACK STREET.

J. F. ROGERS, UNDERTAKER,

OFFICE—616 Central Street.
RESIDENCE—29 Cedar Street.
Telephone connection. Hacks furnished for all occasions.

Everybody Has a Desire to Dress Neat and Clean.

And no matter how careful we are sometimes get our clothing soiled and that makes us look shabby. It is not necessary to purchase a new suit of clothes on that account. Bring your suit to the

BAY STATE Dye Works

On Prescott Street,

and they will cleanse them for you, removing all stains and for a small cost will make them look as good as new. Remember the place

54 Prescott Street.

BAY STATE DYE WORKS.

Hammocks

All sizes and styles. 50c. to $6.00 each. Hammocks, hooks, ropes, etc.

Ice Cream Freezers

The White Mountain; in all sizes. 1 to 25 quarts.

Ice Cracks, Picks, Lemon Squeezers.

BARTLETT & DOW

216 CENTRAL STREET.

"GLORIA"

IS NOT A MEDICINE.

As we understand Nature's laws.
Nothing can happen without a cause.
If you are slow, almost a dunce,
Then begin to drink GLORIA at once.
Does this seem funny, it may to you,
But little things change our lives all through.
Drink the GLORIA, it quickens the brain
And brings back wandering thoughts again.
No doubt, if normal conditions rule,
You've no occasion to feel like a fool.
If GLORIA gives vigor and life to man
Hasn't it done about all it can.

5 Cents a Glass.

S. Bartlett, Agt., 160 Middlesex St.

Peter J. Brady, Grocer.

NEW STORE:
Cor. Gorham and South Highland Streets.

Choice Teas, Coffees, and Spices

Try our New Brands of Flour, the Best in the City, "The King Arthur," "Crown of Gold," and Banquet."

We have just received Samples of Suitings for the Fall and Winter Trade, and in our judgment, they are the finest looking goods that have ever come to the city.

Call at A. M. BERTRAND,

The Fashionable Tailor,
24 MIDDLE STREET.
No trouble to show goods.

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Price of Gas with the discount off for prompt payment, is

$1.00 ONE THOUSAND FEET.

First class Cooking Stoves set up and rented at a low rate per year, piping included. Coke broken, screened and delivered at $4.50 per chaldron, $2.25 per half chaldron, cash. No charge made for the use of meters. No charge made for running supply pipes from street mains to consumer's cellar. Orders when left at office promptly attended to.

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Telephone connection 404-4. Calls night or day promptly attended to. Carriages furnished for weddings and christenings.

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BAKERS,

Are working night and day to supply the demand for their celebrated Cream Bread and Cake. It is admitted by everybody that has used it, to be the best on the market. Watson's bakery supplies can be had at almost any well regulated grocery store. Call for Watson's and take no other.

PETER WATSON'S Home Made Bakeries

52 to 60 Charles St.,
46 Lawrence St.

THE

STANDARD BOTTLING CO.

is doing the largest business that they have ever done since they have been in business. There is one good reason for this, and that is that their

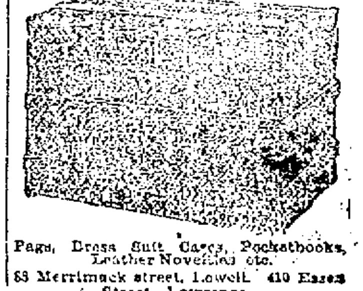
Carbonated Drinks

AND

Moxie Nerve Food

are the correct thing to have in the house when the weather is so warm. Just order a case, and see if you will not say that it is the best investment you have made this summer. The Standard Bottling goods are the best on the market. You can order by telephone.

BUY OF THE MAKER, P. F. Devine



Bags, Dress Suit Cases, Pocketbooks, Leather Novelties etc.

53 Merrimack street, Lowell. 410 Essex Street, Lawrence.

FIGURED TAFFETAS ARE TO BE VERY FASHIONABLE FOR THE FIRST FALL WEAR, AND ONE OF THE NEWEST FEMININE STYLES SHOWS A LIGHT GOWN OVER A PETTICOAT OF DARK SILK, MAKING A DECIDED CONTRAST; THE PETTICOAT MATCHES THE PARASOL, WHICH IS BORDERED WITH DARK SILK FOR FALL.

MY LADY DRESSES HER NURSEMAID IN NORMANDY CAP AND APRON, AND HER CHILDREN IN FRENCH SUN-BONNETS AND SHADE HATS, THUS MAKING A QUAINT GROUP FOR LAWN OR STREET.

MOST GENEROUS WOMAN IN FRANCE.

English Newspapers Tell of her Contribution to the Royalist Party and call the Duchess D'Uzes "The Mrs. Potter Palmer of France."

During the past week the newspapers of England have commented freely upon the alleged donation of 500,000 francs by the Duchess d'Uzes to the Royalist party of France. This act on the part of Mme. la Duchess is all the more noteworthy from the fact that it is only a short time since her name was in print for kissing, it is said, a leader of the Royalists after an eloquent speech which he made denouncing the Republicans and entreating his comrades to adhere to their plans of establishing a monarchy in France.

The ancestry of the Duchess d'Uzes can be traced back for three and a half centuries. She is the daughter of M. Le Comte de Montemart, and a great-granddaughter, on her mother's side, of Mme. Cliquot, founder of the famous champagne house of that name. Born into a family whose name is synonomous with millions, she was tutored by the finest professors in France and trained from childhood after the ways of a thorough aristocrat.

It was during Boulanger's time that the Duchess d'Uzes first appeared as a factor in the political life of France. People gossiped then as they gossip now, and it was rumored that the Duchess spent 3,000,000 francs for the purpose of having the Bourbon family re-established on the throne of France by assisting Boulanger in his efforts to overthrow the Republican government and establish himself as dictator.

A POLITICIAN.

Those who hated the Duchess called her "Boulanger's Diana," but with all her enemies nothing was ever said against this wonderful woman's character more than that she contributed funds for the support of those who conspired against her country and its government.

Yet, with all her political work, the Duchess d'Uzes found time to go upon missions of charity, missions which brought her in contact with strange people in strange places. One day she happened into a miserable little home in the lowest quarter of Paris, to find a poor sick woman dying from sheer want of attention. The invalid had a sweet, childish face, with large blue eyes that were full of sadness.

Something about their expression struck the Duchess very forcibly, and she took more than a passing interest in the unfortunate creature. She visited her every morning for five days, when happening at the little house earlier than usual on the sixth morning, she met another visitor at the bedside of her patient. The visitor was poorly clad, but of somewhat commanding bearing and very reticent. The Duchess d'Uzes judged her silence to be the result of worry over her straitened circumstances, and, throwing aside formality, insisted upon entering into a conversation with the stranger. It was not until they had met several times, however, that the identity of the stranger was revealed, and she was found to be no other person than Louise Michel, the anarchist leader.

But this was not the only discovery to be made in that insignificant little house in the lowest part of Paris. The kindness of the Duchess had touched the heart of the stern anarchist, and she admitted to her grace that in that very house a web was being woven which would result in the assassination of General Boulanger. "If it had not been for your kindness to my poor friend," Louise Michel said to the astonished Duchess, "General Boulanger would certainly be a dead man within three days. But I will protect him. Rely upon it, no danger shall come to him." Then, laughing, she added: "Charity, as well as politics, makes strange bed fellows."

A TALENTED WOMAN.

Before the Duchess had time to recover her composure Louise Michel had gone, and it was the last she ever saw of the famous anarchist leader.

But the social life of the Duchess d'Uzes is equally interesting. An acknowledged leader of fashions, a sculptor of talent, a first-rate game shot, an excellent driver and an author of prominence, she well deserves the title, "the Mrs. Potter-Palmer of France." The Uzes family estate is on the heights of Ardeche in Dauphine. The house was destroyed by fire during the Revolution and the present structure is built upon a magnificent ruin covered with growing ivy and different varieties of running vines which bear fragrant flowers. The furniture is of elegantly carved oak and mahogany, and is thoroughly in keeping with the antiquated structure of the mansion, though very magnificent. The library is one of the finest in France.

The Uzes colors are scarlet and blue and are generously carried out on all of her grace's appointments.

The Duchess herself is a woman of marvelous beauty, and in spite of the fact that she is the mother of grown children, is quite youthful in appearance. Next to Mme. Maintenon, a descendent of the famous "Uncrowned Queen of France," the Duchess d'Uzes is said to have the most beautiful complexion of any woman in France.

The greatest sorrow of her life came in 1892, when her eldest son, Jacques de Crussol Duc d'Uzes, died in Africa of the African fever, while exploring the country in the interest of the French Geographical Society.

The Duchess was prostrated by the loss of her favorite child, and her grief was commonly shared by all of her friends and acquaintances. Notes and telegrams of sympathy were sent to her from all over the world by the most distinguished persons. Probably the most touching letter of condolence came from the ex-Empress Eugenie, who wrote:

"I share your immense grief, though a stranger. As mothers we have endured the same affliction. It is on African soil that our hopes have been blighted. I desire to pay homage to the young duke who left a life of luxury and pleasure to pursue a task worthy of his name. May God support you. Comtesse de Pierrefonds, Farnborough Hill."

M. GRIFFIN.

HER GRACE IS IMMENSELY WEALTHY, OWNS A FINE CASTLE, AND IS A SPLENDID REPRESENTATIVE OF THE TYPE OF SOCIETY LEADER, WHO DEVOTES HER SPARE TIME AND MONEY TO GOOD DEEDS.

THE DUCHESS D'UZES, BY HER BENEFACTIONS, HAS EARNED THE TITLE OF "THE MOST PHILANTHROPIC WOMAN OF FRANCE."

THE WOMAN LEADER OF VOLUNTEERS.

Maude Ballington Booth is Pretty, Capable and Good, and Through her the Society Women of New York Have Become Army Workers.

The recent announcement that a millionaire woman of New York, a leader of the old 400, had resolved to donate all her money to the Volunteers and to devote the remainder of her life to the cause, and that she had been persuaded to do so through the preaching of Mrs. Maude Ballington Booth, calls attention again to this remarkable woman and the beautiful life of self-sacrifice which she is leading.

It is more than ten years since Ballington Booth came to this country with a commission from his father to command the Salvation Army. He brought with him a great deal of determination and a very pretty young wife, who had a way of appearing with him wherever he went.

People said then that Mrs. Ballington Booth was too young and too pretty to do rescue work. They asked who she was, and when they were told that she was an English girl of wealth and fine family who had cast all aside for a life of hardship with the young Commander, they shook their heads and said: "Too bad." They foresaw a life of uselessness in the midst of great working demands.

VERY VERSATILE.

But Maude Booth soon showed what she could do. She addressed meetings and when they wanted music she sang. She organized parlor revivals, and rich women asked her to come and teach them how to be less worldly. She told them that there was trouble enough in the world without novel reading, and she advised them to suffer no more from the woes of the heroines on the stage.

Many other things she advised, and then she taught them to sing new and strange words to the old, familiar tunes, with her. The new words were written by herself, and were prayers in song. Women sang them with tears streaming down their cheeks, and their husbands listened and quietly gave their money to the cause.

Then came the historic split. The tale, as 'tis now told, is that Mr. and Mrs. Ballington Booth were ordered to quit this country and go back to England, and that they declined to do so. Their American friends would not give them up. Many went so far as to say that it would be a breach of faith if they were to leave after liberal donations had been given to their cause.

And so it came about, in one way and another, that the Volunteers of America formed themselves into a body, and, headed by Ballington Booth, began the work all over again which the Salvationists had begun years ago in England.

THE BOOTH HOME.

No one must forget, all this time, the two children, Willie and Myrtle Theodora, who came to cheer the Booth household. When they were four and two years Mrs. Booth wrote to a friend: "I love my work, and I like to work all day, but in the evening when I go home to the children—oh; then, how happy we are"——

The Booth family during this time lived in a small town in New Jersey, inhabiting a small house in an unfashionable part of the place. They had, as Mrs. Booth said, "no expensive carpets, no fine furniture, but everything for comfort and love."

While working so hard Mrs. Booth had many drawbacks. More than once she found herself in the hospital from overwork, but even though inactive physically, she was busy mentally, and whenever able she dictated her letters and conducted the women's business of the Volunteers, leaving the men's branches for her husband.

This remarkable woman studied surgery. She haunted the operating rooms of the biggest hospital in New York, and more than once she assisted in the severest cases. She studied medicine, that she might help the poor, and she studied surgery for the same reason. Her advice to-day is as good as that of many a physician.

Mrs. Booth's daily routine is a hard one. Nine o'clock finds her at her office the headquarters of the Volunteers. Here she answers the mail, makes dates for her lectures, sees callers and gives orders for the conduct of the women's corps. She also assists in editing the Volunteer organ. All day she works until afternoon, when she starts out to lecture somewhere. Then comes a supper and often a lecture afterward. It is said that she has left the children for weeks at a time, but Mrs. Booth herself once denied this and declared that, no matter how hard the journey, she had always come back home after a few days' absence.

"Mother Booth," the wife of the old General who founded the Salvation Army, so endeared herself to that organization that she is all but worshiped. Indeed, in certain parts of darkest London they think her a saint now. But it is doubtful if she will ever be held in greater esteem than the beautiful young woman, Maude Ballington Booth, who is working every day for you and me that we may be made more comfortable if we are very poor, and less selfish if we are among the rich.

FINAL WEAR OF SUMMER DRESSES.

Ways to Freshen Them for the Still Hot Month of September.

A SMART NEW RUCHING.

Giving the Parasol a new Lease of Life and Smartening up the Waist.

EMBROIDERING TAFFETA DRESSES

New York, Sept. 1.—She still sweetly sings of summer, for birds chirp in the branches and the leaves still cling to the boughs. Summer begins to die in mid-August, but it lingers, yet, until September in the North, and until October south of the Mason and Dixon line. So gradually does the change in climate take place, as you journey from Maine to Florida, and from Oregon to Texas, that you scarcely note it except by looking a long way back.

And, so, it comes to pass that the same gowns are worn all along the whole line of summer places, whether they be western and breezy or southeastern and hot!

Just now the season is designated as mid-summer; and as "mid-summer" it is classified, when the wardrobe is selected.

It is only when the first crispness is gone out of one's dresses that one resorts to make-shifts. The crisp lawn is now soft and limp and you are glad to dress it up with a bolero of lace and a vest of soft mull. The front of the skirt, which has a way of looking weather-beaten, is treated to an Italian flounce, one of those square pieces of lace which begins nowhere upon the skirt and ends nowhere. Two yards of lace a yard wide will make an Italian flounce. Gather the lace along the upper edge, sew it upon the front breadth of your skirt, fasten it at each side with a delicate passementerie of beaded lace and you have an Italian flounce.

RIBBON TRIMMINGS.

The mull which was so smooth and soft in June is now reduced to a state, characterized as "slinky," and very draggled it looks, dispirited to the point of self-destruction. You want, of course, to make it smart; and you can do it with the application of numerous narrow bands of ribbon sewed on one above the other, an inch apart, regular and flat. The narrow ribbon trimming is a wonderful renovator for mull. It is so stiffening and body-giving.

The smartest ruching of ribbon was worn by a Saratoga girl the other day at a lawn party given at an hour when day fades into dark. The ruching was made of that shade of white ribbon known as pearl white. It is almost a cream, but not quite. The ribbon was of taffeta, as wide as your finger is long. Two pieces of the ribbon were laid together and "run" down the middle in a way to make a shirring after the thread has been pulled taut.

This can be picked out with the fingers into a very smart ruching which, when fastened, can be swung around the neck like a boa. Fastened to the left shoulder and brought down under the belt, and so carried down to the hem of the skirt, it is effective and becoming. Such a ruching has a genius for wandering over the soiled parts of the gown covering them as with a mantle.

Little odds and ends of all sorts are now much sought. The parasol that is torn is now covered with rows and rows of lace alternated with ruffles of taffeta, obtained from a torn taffeta skirt. Never throw away a particle of silk, no matter how ill-used, for at the last of the season it will come in good for something.

EMBROIDERED SILKS.

Are you embroidering a taffeta? No, then so much the pity, for you could not be in the Newport swim. At the City-by-the-Sea every other woman you see is holding a strip of silk of some sort, taffeta, India, China or gros grain, and is drawing her fancy threads through it. And such fanciful designs! Great bunches of flowers of all colors are boldly brought out by the needle, which drags its thread after it. It is whispered that, in off hours, the ladies' maid is called into service to work upon the bouquet, for the needle drags much too slowly to accomplish much. But the point is that the work is becoming and the embroidered silk is fashionable, so with this duo of facts there can be no let or hindrance to the daily task.

The question of silk linings is up again. This time to be downed, for the silk lining is disappearing. In its place there is the lining of blue cashmere, which is used very discreetly inside the skirt for the entire depth from the waist line. The cashmere gives the necessary cling to the limbs and makes the skirt willowy and even draggy.

To quote the old-fashioned woman again, these skirts are too "clingy" to suit all; and for such there is the light, neat silk-lined skirt; but the woman who is both very fashionable and very fat will choose the cashmere lining; so also the girl who is aesthetic to a degree and who would emphasize her long leanness to an inquiring world.

One is always interested in the new colors for fall; some of them may be familiar to you now, for, in spite of the edict that they should be kept dark until September, they have come out gradually. One is sky-blue, just the color of the curious small dog, after whose hair the color is named. Sky blue is a changeable color and is seen mostly in melton cloth; it looks blue in one light—drab in another.

NEW COLORS.

The new grey is ocean grey, just the color of the ocean on a cloudy day when you wonder if there was ever any blue in it, and suddenly discover the blue lurking in its depths. The new white, for there is a white ladies' cloth offered for fall wear, is dove-white, and doves you know shade toward cream. Then there is a turquoise white, so very blue that you are tempted to call it blue but for the lack of a name for a blue pale enough.

If you doubt the existence in the differences of these shades of a color, just try to match your strings of pearl beads with a pearl passementerie of white, and you will see how widely whites differ. Dealers say it is almost as impossible to match white beads as to match the blacks in a black cloth dress and you know how hard that is; how one will look red in spite of your efforts to keep it dead; and how another will look grey, though you hide it from the sunlight.

Hats are still tipped—"giddy" you are tempted to call them. The rough and ready straws are now being trimmed with ribbon and plumes; and the flowers are ripped off and laid aside for next June, the month of roses, real and artificial. You can scarcely use too much ribbon upon your millinery. Ribbon is heaped at one side in a big, loose bow, without loops or ends apparently, just a shirring from the center; and silk is caught in a great swirl which, planted upon one side of the hat, serves to trim it. Don't be bashful with your bows. Stand them boldly on top, pull out the ends and edges and remember that ribbon is the thing.

Mrs. Potter Palmer has a hat trimmed with the new rosewood red silk; Miss Gram has a parasol, hat and gloves of pastel blue; Mrs. John Jacob Astor has a gown of saffron taffeta, trimmed with black; and there are dresses of turquoise, sapphire, amethyst and emerald, to match apparently the lovely sets of jewelry that are worn with them. With opals go one turquoise always, a touch of the true blue to take away the evil which was once supposed to linger around the opal. It looks odd, this great turquoise, set generally in the lace at the left side, yet charming when you understand it.

HELEN WARD.

MASTER BOOTH AND HIS SISTER, MYRTLE THEODORA, WITH THEIR MOTHER, THE FAMOUS VOLUNTEER LEADER.

THE BOOTH FAMILY, TAKEN IN ONE OF THOSE MOMENTS OF LEISURE WHICH MRS. BALLINGTON BOOTH CHARACTERIZES AS "MY HAPPIEST TIME."

ONE OF THE FALL NOVELTIES IS A VERY HEAVY RIBBON RUCHING, WHICH IS CARRIED DIAGONALLY FROM THE SHOULDER DOWN TO THE HEM OF THE SKIRT, AND IS FASTENED UNDER THE BELT, AND AGAIN UPON THE FRONT OF THE SKIRT BY A LARGE WINDMILL BOW.

THE COLUMBIA

Gave Proof of Superior Speed

IN THE LAST OF TRIAL RACES

All Doubts Have Been Removed

THE RIGGING AND MASTS ALL RIGHT

Yesterday's Race Was Almost a Procession

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Newport, R. I., Sept. 5.—In Monday's race, the second and last of the official trial races for the settlement of a defender of the America's cup, Columbia again demonstrated that she is the peer of Defender, the 1895 champion, by defeating her 10 minutes and seven seconds over a triangular course in an eight-knot breeze and a smooth sea.

The contest was a procession throughout, with the Columbia leading at the start by 13 seconds, and gaining on every leg of the course. The first leg was a distance of 10 miles, and from the moment Columbia crossed the line she steadily sailed away from her rival, going round the first mark three minutes and 36 seconds ahead.

The second leg was also a reach, a little broader than the first, but even if Defender did set her spinnaker a mile from the turn she dropped two minutes and 19 seconds more in the run to the second mark.

The third leg of the triangle was almost dead beat to the finish, the two boats making a long hitch clear up to the Narragansett shore. Columbia made two other short tacks before she fetched the line, but Defender, by holding longer in-shore, managed to reach the lightship without another tack. Still Columbia gained, showing that with sheets close hauled she is the fastest American sailing yacht afloat. On this last leg she added four minutes and 23 seconds to her lead, making a total for the entire course of 10 minutes and seven seconds.

There will be no more official races, that of Monday settling conclusively in the minds of the committee which of the two boats is best fitted to meet Shamrock.

In Saturday's race Columbia made a good gain on Defender, running down the wind, with spinnakers and ballooners set, despite the fact that Defender held the breeze longer than her rival, while on the windward work that day, the new boat also made many minutes over her rival. Yesterday the two boats were tested with sheets lifted, and at this kind of sailing Columbia proved that she is a wonder. So, having satisfied every one that she is the better boat at all points of sailing in moderate breezes, the committee did not deem it advisable to hold any more races.

What all the yachtsmen would like to see is a contest between the boats when they could carry only their lower sails. On the run of the New York Yacht club from this port to Vineyard Haven during the recent cruise in a half a gale, Defender practically defeated Columbia on time allowance, and there are many who think that the old boat is the fastest in a stiff breeze with lifted sheets. On the run to the Vineyard Columbia had a pine mast, which no doubt handicapped her to some extent, and what remains to be seen is whether she is improved in heavy weather by the steel mast as much as she is in moderate breezes.

Columbia's mainsail fitted a little better yesterday than it did on Saturday, due no doubt to the stretching it received in the first trial race and subsequent hauling out on the boom and gaff. Still there is an opportunity for much improvement, as there is a curl to the leach that some of the yachtsmen do not like. Columbia's clubtopsail was a bit better than in the previous race, but there was a fluttering at the head. All doubts as to the strength of the rigging and the steel mast must have been dispelled by the thorough tests which they received, both before and during the race. Fifteen minutes before the start, while jockeying for position, the Columbia was swung round with sheets flattened, so that she held down to an angle of nearly 45 degrees; still everything stood the strain.

There was little opportunity for shifting sails, although at one time the crew of Defender were kept pretty busy setting and taking in spinnaker. On the first leg both boats dropped their balloon staysails which they hoisted at the start, and substituted working staysails. As the shift was made simultaneously on both boats it gave the erroneous impression that something had gone wrong with those sails. Aside from changing jibtopsails two or three times Columbia's crew had little to do but lie out to windward.

Iselin expressed himself as being perfectly satisfied with the Columbia. He said that the new boat had more than come up to his expectations. Everyone who was on the Columbia were delighted with her work. It was said that they had got the Columbia about right now, and that there would be but few changes made before the cup races in October.

A BOY'S BRAVERY.

Fall River, Mass., Sept. 5.—John Gastare attempted to shoot Margaret Judge at her home at North Tiverton when her son, aged 15, jumped in front of his mother, and received the bullet in his right thigh. Gastare is still at large. The boy is not dangerously wounded.

PROBABLY A TOTAL LOSS.

Haverhill, Mass., Sept. 5.—Steamer Merrimack, which struck in the river Sunday night, will probably be a total loss. She lies on the rocks with about two feet of water on her lower deck at high tide. It is thought her back is broken.

Eye-sight by Absorption. Dr. Taylor.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

THE CROPS GOOD

Benefited by the Recent Moisture

WHAT THE RESULT WILL BE

Climatic Conditions Unfavorable in Some Places

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Boston, Sept. 5.—The New England section, climate and crop service, of the weather bureau, issues the following bulletin for the week ending Aug. 4:

The weather remained fair in about all sections of the district. There was, however, much cloudiness, especially in coast sections, and fog prevailed to a large extent. The unsettled weather culminated in showers on the afternoon or night of the 1st and morning of the 2d. These were wide spread, falling in parts of all the New England states. In many instances the amounts of rainfall were plenteous, thoroughly wetting the surface of the ground. A few sections reported no rain of account. The fair weather has been favorable to harvesting, and, where the ground was not too dry, to plowing and fall seeding. The weather was seasonably warm, and, in this respect was most favorable to vegetable growth and to maturing crops.

The temperature was practically a continuation of the conditions of the preceding week. The average for the week was 66 degrees, which is but one degree lower than for the preceding seven days. It was well distributed through the days and nights; except in sections where fog prevailed there was complaint of cool nights. No frosts occurred, so far as indicated by the reports at hand.

The average precipitation for the week was 1.01 inches, which was more than double that of the preceding week. It was, however, unevenly distributed. In some sections it was in the form of copious showers to heavy downpours, in others light sprinkles to seasonable showers, while in a few localities no rain fell. In sections favored with large amounts the drought was effectually broken, but for nearly the whole of the district rain is much needed. It would be of great benefit to late crops, grass, pastures, and to operate in connection with fall farming.

Considering the crop conditions of the district as a whole, they have materially improved during the past week. Showers occurred over nearly the whole of the district during Thursday or Friday, and, while in many sections the amounts were light, the small amount of water, combined with the moist, cloudy or foggy weather, proved of great benefit to growing crops. In a few localities, small areas, mostly on highlands, where the drought was unusually severe, crops, mostly late corn, were past help. But, in general, crops were revived and improved. In sections where the rainfall was heavy, parts of Massachusetts, New Hampshire and Vermont, the ground was well filled, and grass has made rapid growth and is reported as looking greener than at any time since last spring. In portions of the territory where no rain has fallen corn is drying up, without maturing, berries and fruits generally are small and damaged, and pastures have entirely failed as a source of feed for stock. The dry weather is also greatly delaying fall plowing and seeding. The scarcity of stock water in many sections continues as a matter of great inconvenience as well as resulting in a marked shrinkage in the milk supply. In the forests of Maine great and destructive fires are reported as raging, due to the long continued dry weather. Hay, corn and fruit are the crops that have suffered the most from the dry weather of the season.

TREASON CHARGED

Hurled Back in the Face of President

AT A MEETING AT BOSTON

By Hon. P. A. Collins and Others

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Boston, Sept. 5.—The Irish Nationalists of Boston and vicinity held a Labor day picnic in Brighton yesterday, a feature of which was the attack upon the president and the government's policy in the Philippines, by Patrick A. Collins and Gamaliel Bradford, the orators of the day. Mr. Bradford scored the imperialistic policy, saying in the course of his address: "If there is treason to the flag anywhere, I say that the name of the traitor is William McKinley. He has done more than haul down the flag. He has trailed it in the dirt. He has sunk it so low that it seems almost doubtful it can rise again to its former level."

A THREE-CORNERED CONTEST.

Philadelphia, Sept. 5.—The campaign for G. A. R. commander-in-chief is waxing warm. It is one of the fiercest contests that the G. A. R. has been engaged in for a long time. There are three candidates in the field—Acting Commander-in-chief T. C. Johnson of Cincinnati; Comrade Leo Rassieur of St. Louis, and Colonel Albert D. Shaw of Watertown, N. Y. The friends of each claim that their favorite is already a winner. A careful canvass, however, indicates that Colonel Shaw has a little the better of the contest.

M'KANE IS DYING.

New York, Sept. 5.—John Y. McKane, at one time the "King of Coney Island," who was discharged from Sing Sing a year ago after serving 4½ years for election frauds, is lying at the point of death at his home at Sheepshead Bay. It is stated that an attack of vertigo a few weeks ago left McKane in a very weak condition, and that the trouble finally developed into paralysis.

COURT DECISIONS

Many Recent Rulings For Publication

BOTH IMPORTANT AND INTERESTING

They Embrace Many Points of Law

Following are a number of court decisions of general interest, touching the interests of every class in the community:

After a judicial separation though the marriage is not dissolved, it is held in People e rel. Commissioners of Public Charities vs. Cullen (N. Y.) 44 L. R. A. 420, that the marriage relation is so far terminated or suspended that the husband cannot be guilty of the statutory offense of abandonment or desertion.

The benefit of a contract by a town with the street railway company is held in Adams vs. Union Railroad Co. (R. I.) 44 L. R. A. 273, to be available to a passenger in an action of trespass for being ejected for non-payment of fare after tendering the amount allowed by the contract.

An action of replevin for a corpse is held in Keyes vs. Konkel, (Mich.) 44 L. R. A. 242, to be not maintainable under the statutes providing for the replevin of goods and chattels and providing that judgment for defendant shall be for return of the property or its value.

A broker is held to be the procuring clause of a sale in Headley vs. Savings bank of Danbury (Conn.) 44 L. R. A. 321, when he called a person's attention to the property and gave him information as to how to obtain admission thereto, although without his knowledge, the owner subsequently took up the negotiation and completed the sale. An extensive collection of the authorities on the question when a real estat brokr may be considered the procuring cause of a sale is furnished in a note to this case.

A deposit in a savings bank in trust for the owner of the money and another person as joint owners subject to the order of either and the balance at the death of either to belong to the survivor, is held in Milholland vs. Whalen (Md.) 44 L. R. A. 205, to constitute a valid declaration of trust in favor of the survivor as to the balance of the fund remaining on the death of either, although the settler retains possession of the bank book.

Breaking and entering a dwelling house for the purpose of serving a writ of replevin, after admittance has been demanded and refused, is held in Kelley vs. Schuyler (R. I.) 44 L. R. A. 435, to constitute the officer a trespasser. The fact that a foreign insurance company had authorized service of process to be made on the secretary of state is held in Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Co. vs. Spratley (Tenn.) 44 L. R. A. 442, insufficient to prevent valid service from being made on an agent of the company, who has come into the state on business relating to the settlement of the loss.

The failure to furnish automatic car couplers in common use for freight cars is held in Troxler vs. Southern R. Co., (N. C.) 44 L. R. A., 313, reaffirming the decision in Greenlee vs. Southern R. Co. 41 L. R. A., 399 to constitute negligence per se, for which a railroad company is liable to an employe who is injured in attempting to couple cars having skeleton drawheads of unequal height.

The tortious act of a brakemen in throwing coal at a boy on the tender of an engine by which he knocks him off or frightens him so that he jumps off, causing him to be run over and killed by the engine is held in Pierce vs. North Carolina R. Co. (N. C.) 44 L. R. A. 316, to render the railroad company liable.

A deposit of money in a savings bank in the name of the depositor and a donee, making it payable to the order of either of the survivors and having the words, "Joint owners" stamped on the pass books is held in Whalen vs. Milholland (Md.) 44 L. R. A. 208, insufficent to make a perfect gift, where the donor keeps possession of the passbook and retains dominion over the funds, with the right to withdraw them at any time.

One who draws another person in front of him to serve as a shield to an impending explosion is held in Laidlaw V. Sage (N. Y.) 44 L. R. A. 216 not to be liable for injuries received by the latter from the explosion, unless it is shown that the injuries were caused or increased by such act.

The dissent or sealed verdict by one juror when the jury is polled, after sealing a verdict and separating, made on the ground that he did not agree to the verdict except because he though he was obliged to, is held, in Kramer V. Kister (Pa) 44 L. R. A. 432, to make a discharge of the jury necessary and prevent the rendition in the case on that trial.

A vote of a city board over which the mayor presides, on a motion which he has declared out of order and declined to put, but which is thereafter put by a member of the board and declared by him to be carried, without the mayor's request or any appeal from his decision, or any request by him to put the motion, is held, in state, ex rel. Southey V. Lashar (Conn.) L. R. A. 197 to be wholly void, although a majority of the members voted in the affirmative.

PHILIP LAKE

SENTENCED TO THE REFORMATORY IN LAWRENCE

The Lawrence American has the following of young Lake of this city:

The continued case of Philip Lake, the Lowell youth who went to one of the rooms in the Essex house one evening recently and took articles of clothing valued at nearly $160, came up in police court last Friday for disposition. By suggestion of counsel the young man retracted his former plea of not guilty and pleaded guilty to the two counts against him. Lawyer Carmichael of Lowell appeared for the young man. He said the father of the young man was unable to be present on account of an accident which befell him yesterday. Mr. Carmichael said that Lake was 20 years old and had been working steadily of late. At the time he took the articles from the Essex House he was intoxicated and did not know what he was doing. The court was informed that Lake was arrested in Lowell four years ago for breaking into a store with some other boys. The case was placed on file. Mr. Carmichael asked that this case be placed on file or that Lake be placed on probation for a long term. He thought this would be better than to send him away. Judge Dow believed it his duty to send the young man to the Concord reformatory and this he did. An appeal was taken so that Mr. Carmichael could have a talk with the young man's father. Bail was fixed at $100.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

FOR HEALTH EAT
Flaked Rice

NEEDS NO COOKING

A. G. POLLARD & CO.
MERRIMACK, PALMER AND MIDDLE STREETS.

OUR NEW
Outing Flannels
JUST OPENED.

Remnants Direct From the Mills

One Lot at 5c. Yard.

Consisting of an excellent quality of Flannel in stripes and checks, light and medium colors, long remnants from 5 yards to 15 yards, and worth at regular price 8c.

One Lot at 6¼c. Yard.

Embracing The "Swiss" Flannels in light grounds, stripes and checks, also a line of dark colorings, same grade, and the plain pink and blue baby outing; and then we have the remnants of the famous "Empire" Flannels in an elegant assortment of plaids and stripes of the handsomest designs ever shown in Lowell, and very qest qualities put on the market, worth on the piece 10 and 12 1-2c. all for 6 1-4c. per yard.

BASEMENT.

A. G. Pollard & Co.

SORE FEET
Caused by corns, bunions, or callouses, quickly cured by using WAKEFIELD'S FIR BALSAM SALVE. Price, 25c.
Goodale's Drug Store, cor. Central and Jackson Streets

Butterine.
Send us $1.50 and we will deliver 10 pounds Butterine, at your house, express paid.
T. E. INGHAM, Nashua, N. H

An American Smoke

Always Uniform, Always Good.
Upmann's Extra 5 Cigar.

Fifty Cents Per Box
TRADE MARK Palmo Tablets
HEALTH, POWER, ENERGY.
stop forever all weakening drains, feed the brain, replace wasted tissues, and send rich, flesh-building blood bounding through every part of the system, making every organ act, and causing you to glow and tingle with newly found strength. You're a new man, and can feel it! The greatest NERVE TONIC ever discovered. Palmo Tablets cure quickly and forever Nervous Debility, Varicocele, Atrophy, Loss of Memory, Sleeplessness, Dyspepsia, Kidney Diseases. 50c. a box; 12 boxes (with guarantee, good as gold) $5.00. Sent anywhere. HALSID DRUG CO., Cleveland, O.
Sold at Goodale's Drug Store, the best and cheapest place in Lowell for drugs and medicines. 217 CENTRAL STREET.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Extra high grade canopy top democrats, elegant trap, used four times; Jno Goddard; new and second-hand Concords, democrats, square wagons, phaetons, etc., low prices. Libby, 69 Robbins street.

BARBER SHOP on Bridge street must be sold, regardless of cost, terms easy. Apply to Joseph A. Legare, 61 Central st., room 9.

COTTAGES FOR SALE—Cottage of seven rooms, $1100; Cottage of seven rooms, $1500. Cottage of seven rooms, set tubs, bath room and furnace, 6250 feet of land, $2800. Cottage of nine rooms, $1800. If you want a house lot within fifteen minutes' walk from Centralville bridge for $50, come and see me at 1173 Bridge street. Telephone 853-3.

FOR SALE—Pool room and cigar store for sale at 189 Middlesex street.

FOR SALE—Best fitted and cleanest restaurant in Lawrence; first class location, beats all others, and is paying good money. Price reasonable. Anyone that wants a good business and make money this is the one. Address or apply to C. W. Howard, 561 Essex street.

FOR SALE—The entire outfit for preparing fried fish and chipped potatoes. We are going out of the business for good reasons and offer the outfit at a bargain. For full particulars apply to J. W. Robinson, 119 Tenney street, Methuen, Mass.

FOR SALE—A first-class cobbler's shop, including all kinds of tools, lasts, machines, etc. Apply at 114 Pleasant street.

MUST SELL my upright piano, stool, scarf, and 150 sheets of music; would prefer cash, but will sell on instalments. Address P. O. Box 187.

FOR SALE—Lot of land on Highland avenue 5000 feet, by Lewis B. Bunds, 311 Gorham street.

FOR SALE—Ten R.I.P.A.N.S for 5 cents at druggists. One gives relief.

FOR SALE—On Jewett street, 9-room house and pantry; small lot of land. Price $1600. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

FOR SALE—On July street, 7-room cottage house, all modern improvements, large lot of land. Price $2550. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

FOR SALE—Near Courthouse, 6-room house, good size lot of land. Price $1100. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

FOR SALE—Near Central street, 2-tenement house, 6 rooms to each tenement. Price $1600. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

FOR SALE—One of the best boarding and lodging houses in Lowell; must be sold on account of sickness. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

FOR SALE—Near Chelmsford street, cottage house of 7 rooms, large barn. Price $1550. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

MISCELLANEOUS.

GENERAL AGENCY—A good position is open for an experienced life insurance man in a well known company. Address, "Insurance," P. O. Box 3609, Boston, Mass.

A WONDERFUL WOMAN.

Madam Oler, the Clairvoyant. She differs from all other Mediums and Palmists as widely as the mid-day sun differs from the moon; her readings are wonderful. Her ability to aid you comes from a powerful and lofty source. Advice on business, love and marriage. Call and you will not be disappointed, at the Bon Marche, Rooms 69-69. Take the elevator from 0 to 0.

WAGONS—Inspection invited to my select stock of Concords, democrats, square wagons, panel sit 13 wagons, and an assortment of second hand phaetons, Stanhope buggies, wagons in good condition, all of which I will sell at bargains. J. F. Libby, 69 Robbins street.

PROF. DOUGLAS, Astrologer, reads the nativity and gives advice on all business affairs, by mail or in person. Parties corresponding should state age in full. 195 Merrimack street, Bascom Block, Room 10.

HIGH PRICE paid for second hand Furniture, Pianos, Organs and any other second-hand articles. Write for particulars to Abrahams & Quinn, 35 Haverhill street, Lawrence, Mass. Will call quick and pay cash.

WE WILL EITHER buy or store second-hand furniture at No. 50 Charles street. When we buy we pay the highest price and make a specialty of antique pieces. Will be on premises every day from 2 to 6 p. m. E. O'Hair, attorney.

RUBBER STAMPS—At wholesale prices. 1 inch one line stamps 10c; 1 1-2 inch 15c; 35c. ink pads 25c.; 25c. ink pads 15c.; 50c. linen markers 25c.; business stamps 15c. per line. J. M. Fellows, 138 Merrimack street.

CALL at 103 Merrimack street to buy or sell second-hand furniture. Telephone 676-1.

WATER CLOSETS and bath tubs from $5.00 up. All first class plumbing at lowest prices. J. H. Barry, 131 Market street.

MADAME ALVARDE

The popular card reader of Boston, has removed to 9 Gorham st., 2nd flight, opposite P.O.; where she can be consulted on business affairs, love, etc., lost articles found, names called. The Madame, born in a veil, has since earliest recollections, been gifted with power to reveal the past, present and future. Call and be convinced. Fees, Ladies, 25c.; gents, 50c. Hours, 10 a. m. to 9 p. m.

We Are Making Room for Our New
FALL STOCK
For that reason we sell our
Watches, Jewelry, Spectacles,
At 15 per cent. discount.
Don't loose that opportunity to save few dollars.
LECAULT & CO.,
RELIABLE JEWELERS.
70 Central St., cor Prescott.

HARRISON'S
Anti-Rust Paint
Is specially adapted for use on tin roofs.
C. B. COBURN & CO.
63 Market St.

DO NOT WAIT
Untill your eyes smart and burn, but come now and have the right glasses fitted so as to preserve your sight to good age. "A stitch in time."
GEO. G. ROGERS,
OPTICIAN.
138 Merrimack St.

WANTED.

WANTED—A middle aged woman as housekeeper, apply at 781 Broadway.

WANTED—Reliable domestic help of every nation, white or colored. Theo. Dou, 153 Merrimack street, opposite Bon Marche.

ASTROLOGY tell future, love, troubles, success and birthdates; only 10c. Prof. Macarthur, Danby, N. Y.

CALL AT GONZALES, the Cutler, 85 Gorham street, if you want a first-class razor or strop. He has the new Xavier razor which excels all others. Razors concaved and honed.

WANTED—Girl for folding and finishing; experienced. Greenwood & Payton Hosiery.

WANTED—Lady agents for medicine company. Salary and expenses at the start. No experience necessary. Call in person at once at 88 First street.

WANTED—Names of ruptured people. We cure rupture free to introduce our method. Dr. Spaire, 61 Main street, Westbrook, Me.

STENOGRAPHER and typewriter—A young man, competent stenographer and typewriter desires employment. Best of references. Address X, Sun office.

WANTED—Room with power for light manufacturing, about 20x30. Address P. O. Box 576, city.

WANTED—A second hand refrigerator or ice chest. Address B., Sun office.

WANTED—First class paper hangers and painters. 370 Gorham street.

LADIES—Chichester English Pennyroyal Pills (Diamond Brand) are the best, safe, reliable. Take no other. Send 4c. in stamps for particulars, "Relief for Ladies," in letter by return mail. At druggists. Chichester Chemical Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—Fox terrier, Saturday afternoon near Western ave., with two spots on right side, half brown head with brown diamond in centre. Collar with M. J. Graney, 291 First st., Ba 2513.

LOST—A sum of money, either in Flynn's market on Concord street, or between there and Sherman street. Reward at Miss Harnden's, corner Sherman and Pleasant streets.

LOST—Black and tan hound pup, 8 months old. Owner's name on collar. Return to John Southworth, 100 South street and receive reward.

LOST OR STOLEN—A dog, with a white breast and a few bits of white hair on tip of his tail; cross between a bull and hound; answers to the name of Skip. Reward at L. G. Nottul's Tobacco Store, 7 Thorndike street.

LOST—A sum of money between First Nat. Bank and Old Washington Tavern. The finder will be suitably rewarded at Sun office.

LOST—A pocketbook containing a sum of money, between Moore street and the Fair Grounds Saturday night. Reward at 42 Fay street.

LOST—A gold Greek letter pin, with name on back. Reward at 283 Pawtucket street.

FOUND—The best place in Lowell for ladies to buy hats, bonnets, sailors, etc. at moderate prices is at No. 616 Merrimack street. Mde. Maxime Lepine, formerly 837 Moody street. Call in and ask prices.

LOST—A valuable diamond shirt stud this forenoon, either on the electrics or on the street. Finder will be rewarded by returning same to owner, J. P. Dugdale, 48 Marlboro street.

TO LET.

TO LET—A pleasant tenement, conveniently located, in Belvidere. Rent low. Apply at 11 Willow street.

TO LET—Nice tenement of 5 rooms, convenient to mills and centre of city. Call at 224 Charles street.

TO LET—First floor, 25x50, with basement, very central location; good place for carriage or repair shop, plumber, hay and grain. Also a large basement on Dutton street, near freight depot. Apply at 469 Central street.

TO LET—A convenient 4-room tenement. Inquire at 79 Chestnut street.

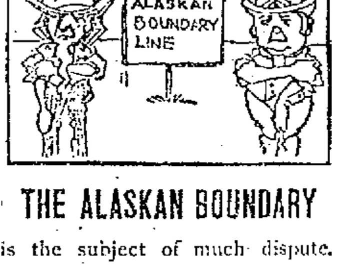
TO LET—Rooms with or without board, one large front room on first floor with gas, furnished or unfurnished. Price low. 102 Fayette street.

$19.60
TAX RATE FOR 1899.
Our rates same as usual on all Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry of all description, Silver and Silver plated ware, Gold and Gold filled Spectacles, etc., etc.
J. D. Grant
64 Merrimack Street.

STOCKS AND BONDS
E. C. Stanwood & Co.
BANKERS,
121 Devonshire St.
BOSTON, MASS.
Investment Bonds.
LISTS SENT ON APPLICATION.

For Women.
Dr Tolman's Monthly Regulator has brought happiness to hundreds of anxious women; have never had a single failure; longest cases relieved in 2 to 5 days without fail; no other remedy will do this; no pain, no danger, no interference with work; by mail or at office $2. write for further particulars. All letters truthfully answered. Dr. E. M. TOLMAN CO., 170 Tremont St., Boston.

FITS CURED
(From U. S. Journal of Medicine.)
Prof. W. H. Peeke, who makes a specialty of Epilepsy, has without doubt treated and cured more cases than any living Physician; his success is astonishing. We have heard of cases of 20 years' standing cured by him. He publishes a valuable work on this disease which he sends with a large bottle of his absolute cure, free to any sufferer who may send their P. O. and Express address. We advise anyone wishing a cure to address, Prof. W. H. PEEKE, F. D., 4 Cedar St., New York.



THE ALASKAN BOUNDARY
is the subject of much dispute. There is no dispute as to the superiority of our COAL. Give us a trial and be convinced.
D. T. SULLIVAN,
Coal, Wood, Lime, Etc.
984 Gorham St.
Branch Office, 227 Central street.
Telephone 713-2.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

THE SUN ON SALE IN BOSTON.

The five o'clock edition of The Sun is on sale at the news stand in the Union Station, Boston.

AT SUGAR AGAIN.

You may not think that we are selling sugar cheap because we are not advertising it. Take a little trouble and find out. Dickson Bros., The Big Tea Dealers, 68 Merrimack street.

V. A. MAREY,

Merchant-Tailor, Dyeing, Cleansing, Repairing, Pressing, etc. Goods called for and returned. 49 Cheever street, Lowell.

REDUCED RATES TO NOVA SCOTIA.

Autumn excursions to Nova Scotia and New Brunswick, via new Yarmouth Line. Beginning today, continuing for 30 days, return tickets to all points in the provinces $1.00 more than one way limited rate. For further information and tickets apply at Murphy's steamship agency, 18 Appleton street.

LOCAL NEWS.

Try Horne's coal.

BURN WILSON'S COAL.

Pelham. Pelham. Pelham.

Hot advertising—Stanley's coal.

F. A. M. Tobin, Printery. 'Phone, 8-43-2.

Elegant rubber tired hacks at O'Donnell's. Telephone, 394-4.

The Lowell school of shorthand and typewriting opens Tuesday, Sept. 5. Competent assistants in attendance. Everything new and up-to-date. For terms etc, apply to the principal, 21 Merrimack street.

$125.00 IN GOLD.

To the Editor:

On the 16th of September, the directors of the Traders' National bank will be ready to tell the ladies of Lowell and vicinity through the columns of the daily newspapers all about the new "Ladies' Department" of the bank, now being fitted up, which will be open for public inspection on the evening of Wednesday, September 20th and for business the following day.

The advantages of the National, Savings, Foreign Exchange and Deposit Box Departments, together with a description of the elegant banking and reception rooms can probably be told in a 300 word reading notice.

For the best written article sent in by any lady residing in Lowell or Middlesex county the bank will pay $50.00 in gold.

Second best, $35.00 in gold.
Third best, $25.00 in gold.
Fourth best, $15 in gold.

The writers of the articles must agree to cheerfully abide by the decision of a committee to be selected by the board of directors to pass upon the articles submitted.

The articles must be in possession of the bank before the close of business, Sept. 9.

Address Advertising Department, Trader's National bank, Lowell, Mass."

The name and address of the writer must be given on a slip of paper, attached to the article. The envelopes will be opened in the presence of the directors, Sept. 11th, each article and name numbered and the names placed in a sealed envelope. The articles will be handed to the committee without being read and the names of the writers will be unknown.

The four best articles selected by the committee will be published with the names of the writers; if no objections are offered.

Very truly yours,
William F. Hills, Cashier.
Lowell, Mass., Sept. 1st, 1899.

REPORT OF DEATHS

FOR THE WEEK ENDING SEPT 2, 1899.

AUGUST.

24—Frederick G. Mitchell, 47, cardiac paralysis.
25—Zon Paquette, 63, gen. debility.
Thomas McCaffrey, 21, R. R. acci.
Marie A. Poulin, 4 mos, chol. in.
George L. Cleary, 2 mos., chol. in.
Francis Conlin, 12 h., debility.
26—John Logue, 69, carcinoma of stom.
William Kirk, 45, drowning.
Ovila Paquette, 10 mos., chol. infan.
Alfred Toy, 1, entero colitis.
Gedeon Lefebvre, 4 mos., chol. inft.
——Brady, 0, prem. birth.
27—Frank Munroe, 64, cystitis.
William A. Lunas, 54, uræmia.
Michael Tracey, 40, heart disease.
Alice Plante, 1, chol. inft.
Florence M. Hackett, 10 mos. colitis.
Helene Girard, 8 mos., chol. inft.
Norah McCutcheon, 1 mo., enteritis.
Charles A. Belanger, 4 days., prem. birth.
Hannah Downey, 57, cer. hem.
28—Thomas Irvine, 39, consumption.
Joseph Boisvert, 34, mitral in.
Thomas Wagner, 6 mos., chol. inft.
Mary Viera, 2 mos., inanition.
29—Socrates G. Chagoreoly, 19, con.
Nathaniel D. Brown, 11 mos., enter.
Bridget Tighe, 61, cer. hemorrhage.
Philomene Chapul, 50, consumption.
William C. Bradley, 49, pleurisy.
30—Douglass Leggett, 4, an. stom.
Rosaire Paquin, 8 mos., chol. inft.
Joseph O'Hagen, 7 mos. meningitis.
Walter Kane, 4 mos., chol. inft.
Charles McNichol, 1 mo., enteritis.
31—Catherine O'Loughlin, 75, apoplexy.
Marguerite Lacombe, 73, cancer.
Amelia Fretus, 6 mos., enteritis.
James Bowler, 5 mos., enteritis.

SEPTEMBER.

1—Fanny Senior, 29, h. nephritis.
Melida Coutu, 1, chol. inft.
Edward McCann, 7 mos. chol. inft.
Cady Brunel, 4 mos. chol. inft.
Joseph A. Arneault, 1 mo, chol. inft.

GIRARD P. DADMAN, City Clerk.

REV. MR. EATON

FORMER LOWELL PASTOR DEAD AT CAMBRIDGE.

Rev. George Franklin Eaton, presiding elder of the Cambridge district, of the New England Methodist conference, died Sunday afternoon at his late home, 118 Oxford street, Cambridge. He had been ill since last Wednesday and his death was caused by complications of a diabetic nature. He was 62 years of age.

He was born at Hillsboro Bridge, N. H., and was admitted to the New Hampshire conference in 1860, his service having been extended over a period of thirty-nine years.

The district over which he has presided for several years is known among Methodists as the North district and included Charlestown, Cambridge, Somerville, Waltham and Woburn.

Don't let the little ones suffer from eczema or other torturing skin diseases. No need for it. Doan's Ointment cures. Can't harm the most delicate skin. At any drug store, 50 cents.

DENTIST 31 MERRIMACK ST.

JOSEPH F. CONVERY, president Trades and Labor Council.

LABOR'S GREAT DAY

(Continued.)

Carpenters' union with float, 100 men.
Marshal, O. M. Horton.
Building Laborers' union with carriage, 60 men.
Marshal, Terrence Gormley.
Second Regiment Band, Anda Drumm, leader, 25 pieces.
Leather Workers' union, 150 men.
Marshal, John Whalen.
Leather Shavers' union, 75 men.
Marshal, Henry J. Walsh.

JAMES O'LAUGHLIN Marshal Trades and Labor Council.

National Band, R. A. Griffiths, leader, 25 pieces.
Horseshoers' union, with float, 50 men.
Marshal, Thomas Saunders.
Iron Moulders' union, 125 men.
Marshal, George H. Keating.
Aids, William Donohoe, John Willman, William Willman and John Ward.
Boilermakers' union, with float, 50 men.
Marshal, Frank Currier.
Aid, John Cassidy.

O. W. HORTON, Marshal Carpenters' Division.

Stationary Firemen, 50 men.
Marshal, John B. Barrett.

THIRD DIVISION.

Marshal, Joseph A. Toney.
Talbot Mills band, George H. Halstead, leader, 25 pieces.
Woolen Spinners union, 75 men.
Marshal, Joseph A. Toney.
Loomfixers' union with float, 100 men.
Marshal, Joseph Jennery.
Cotton Weavers' union, 25 men.
Marshal, William L. Kinsella.
Carriages with ladies from Carders' and Pickers' union.
Carriages with Ladies from Cotton Weavers' union.
Cummings' Band, W. A. Cummings, leader, 25 pieces.
Mule Spinners' union, 150 men.
Marshal, Dennis Harrington.
Independent Drum Corps of Lawrence, 15 pieces.
Delegation of 75 Lawrence Mule Spinners.
Marshal, Patrick Daly.
Merchants' Floats.
P. Watson, baker; Duclo's studio, Lowell Co-operative Painting and Decorating company, Diamond Starch company.

The route of procession was as follows:

South, Middlesex, Thorndike, Fletcher, Adams, Cabot, Merrimack, Bridge, Sixth, countermarch, Bridge, Central, Charles, Summer to the South common to be reviewed by the chief marshal and dismissed.

THE MOTTOES.

One of the features of the parade was the excellent array of banners. The principal ones were inscribed as follows:

With the Trades and Labor Council:

"Trades and Labor council—this is our motto, 'High wages and love of country.'"

"The offspring of high wages is high civilization in every land."

"The voice of the people is the voice of God."

"A hold peasantry, their country's pride."

"Once destroyed can ne'er be supplied."

"We stand for a just cause."

"All wealth should belong to the producers."

"Workingmen of the world, unite! you have naught to lose but your chains and a world to gain."

With the Carpenters' union:

"Nobody can help one where one cannot help many."

"In union there is strength."

"We've got nine hours; this saw cuts for eight."

"We try to elevate our craft, also our pay; a good day's work for a fair day's pay."

With the Bricklayers' union:

"A man's a man for a' that."

"Man's inhumanity to man makes countless thousands mourn."

With the Wool Spinners' union:—

"We toil and spin, keep cool we must.
Our cause will win in spite of trust,
With Labor's host let all unite,
Defend your post, stand up for right;
We'll right the wrong through righteous laws,
Our union's strong and just our cause.
Then stand united, firm and true,
Each Labor Day your pledge renew."

With the Cotton Weavers' union:

"Welcome prosperity."

"Good treatment and fair wages."

PARADE NOTES.

One of the musical features was the gaily bedecked drum corps from South Lawrence which played inspiring music for the Lawrence mule spinners.

The parade went through its long line of march without a hitch or break, and the men walked like soldiers.

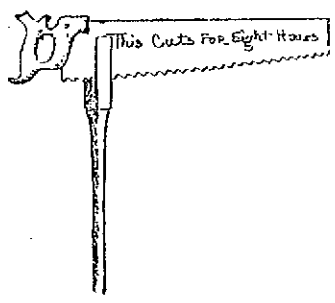
Many there are who think that the store clerks made a big mistake in failing to turn out.

Con. Desmond's blacksmithing forge float was one of the best things in line. That immense cabinet of nickel-plated horse shoes which appeared in the float was one prepared by Mr. Desmond while horseshoer at the Thorndale Stock Farm. It took the premium at the World's Fair.

The electrical workers had a float upon which was arranged an abundance of the various articles used in connection with their craft. In the middle was an electric light and gathered about it were electric fans, electric bells, electric wires and in fact everything that an electrician is called upon to handle. A number of men were on the float as well as marching behind it and each man wore a small electric bell attached to his coat.

One of the most attractive features was the Loomfixers' union float. It was an allegorical feature and called forth praise all along the route. Standing in the centre of the float was the goddess of liberty, impersonated by Mrs. Brown, and on the driver's seat was Uncle Sam impersonated by William Brick. The remaining parts were as follows: Sailors, George Shields and Philip Cinomars; soldiers, John J. Lapoint and J. B. Walker; Cuban, George Lemond; drummer boy, John J. Shields. Mrs. Brown made an ideal goddess and her associates were similarly well adapted to their parts.

The Carpenters' union was engaged in the construction of a small latticed summer house on their float and it was stated on a placard that the building would be sold at auction on the common after the parade. A big crowd attended the auction and the house brought $50.



A feature was the fine turnout of John J. Donnelly, in which rode his son, William Donnelly. It was in line with the blacksmiths and Mr. Donnelly's high-stepping horse wore a blanket on which was the motto "None but union men shoe me."

THE SPORTS.

The sports were started on the South common at 2 o'clock. There was a place about 300 feet long and 40 feet wide roped off and with the aid of a dozen policemen they succeeded in keeping it clear for a while but towards the end of the sports nearly everyone was inside of the ropes. There was about ten thousand people in all viewing the sports, the hill on Summer street being perfectly lined with people.

Most of these events were both exciting and interesting. The most interest was centered in the tug-of-war contest. The first heat brought out the Loomfixers and the Stationary Firemen and resulted in a victory for the Loomfixers. The second heat was between the Iron Moulders and the Stationary Firemen and this heat scored a second defeat for the Firemen. In the final heat the Iron Moulders and Loomfixers had it hot and heavy. The Loomfixers defeated their opponents by about two inches. The Loomfixers' team was composed of the following: Alphonse Dalphond, anchor; Arthur Lessler; Joseph Lafarriere, Joseph Lefebvre, Louis Boisonneau and Norbet Lessler.

The summary:

Puting 16-pound shot (open)— Won by Simon Dean, 36 feet, 2 1-2 inches; Charles Riley, 35 feet, 11 inches, second. First prize, $3; second, $2.

Throwing 56-pound weight (open).—Won by Simon Dean, 16 feet, 8 inches. Michael J. Roughan, 14 feet, 11 inches, second. First prize, $3; second, $2.

100 yards dash, professional—Won by Charles Hamilton, Edward McNally second. First prize, $5; second $3.

Hop, step and jump (open)—Won by A. Rourke, 39 feet, 11 inches; George Landers, second, 39 feet, 7 inches; J. Kane, third, 39 feet, 3 inches. First prize, $5; second, $3; third, $2.

100 yards' dash, amateur (union men only)—Won by Frank Charlton, George Landers, second. First prize $3, second, $2.

Three standing jumps (open)— Won by Charles Riley, 32 feet, 9 inches; George Landers, 32 feet, 5 inches. First prize, $3; second $2.

Standing broad jump (union men only)—Won by Charles Riley, 10 feet, 6 inches; Robert Hartley, 10 feet, 3 inches. First prize, $5; second $3.

100 yards' dash (union men over 225 pounds)—Won by Thomas Gray, Patrick Kane, second. First prize, briar pipe.

Boys' race (under 16 years)—Won by William Maloney, John McCarthy, second. First prize $3, second prize $2.

Tug-of-war (union men only) teams composed of six men—Won by Loomfixers' union, Iron Moulders, second; First prize, $15; second $10.

The committee on sports were as follows: Starter, John J. Mahoney; referee, James T. Murphy; committee, John Barrett, Daniel Moynihan, Albert W. Ham, H. J. McCarthy, Joseph Hibbard, Timothy J. Regan, William Fitzpatrick, James Coughlin, D. J. Morrow, William Kinsella and James Holleran.

THE BALL GAME.

The ball game between the Shamrocks and Silent club for a purse of $25 was won by the Shamrocks by a score of 24 to 23.

There were two bad accidents. Bill Leslie, who was catching for the Silent men, had his right hand split early in the game by a thrown ball and had to retire and in the eighth inning Umpire Gorman who was standing behind the bat, was hit on the point of the jaw by a foul tip, which knocked him completely off his feet and he was rendered unconscious for a time. He revived, however and the ambulance was sent for and he was taken to his home. Up to the time of the accident he was umpiring a fine game and deserves praise for his fair treatment. William Brunette finished the game as umpire.

Niland started in to twirl for the Shamrocks and did well up to the fifth inning when the heavy hitters of the Silent club got after him and scored 14 runs by good, clean hitting. He was taken out of the box and "Jigger" Murray went in and did fine work. Grimes pitched six innings for the Silent club and was relieved by J. J. Murray who finished the game and did good work but the poor playing of his team "queered" him.

The features of the game were the batting of Jordan and O'Connell for the Shamrocks and the fine fielding of O'Connell and Fahey. For the Silent club J. Murray and Hood did some terrific batting, while Lipsey and McCarthy played the best fielding game.

The batting order of both teams and the score by innings follows:

Shamrocks—O'Connell 1, Jordan 3, F. Murray (Capt.) 2, McCue 1, Fahey, ss, Jig. Murray, r, p, Kenney m, Hickey c, Niland, p, r.

Silent club—Leslie c, Scully c, J. Murray r, Reagan 1, Sullivan 2, McCarthy 3, Hood m, Lipsey, ss, J. J. Murray l, p, Grimes, p 1.

Shamrocks	4 0 7 2 3 1 2 3 2—24
Silent Club	0 0 2 2 14 3 1 1 0—23

See Page Four.

BILIOUSNESS

Do you get up with a headache?

Is there a bad taste in your mouth?

Then you have a poor appetite and a weak digestion. You are frequently dizzy, always feel dull and drowsy. You have cold hands and feet. You get but little benefit from your food. You have no ambition to work and the sharp pains of neuralgia dart through your body.

What is the cause of all this trouble?

Constipated bowels.

Ayer's PILLS

will give you prompt relief and certain cure.

Keep Your Blood Pure.

If you have neglected your case a long time, you had better take

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

also. It will remove all impurities that have been accumulating in your blood and will greatly strengthen your nerves.

Write the Doctor.

There may be something about your case you do not quite understand. Write the doctor freely: tell him how you are suffering. You will promptly receive the best medical advice. Address,
Dr. J. C. Ayer, Lowell, Mass.

DANIEL J. COSGROVE, Organizer of the Provision and Grocery Clerks.

HENRY J. WALSH, Secretary Labor Day Committee.

STEAMER MERRIMACK

STRUCK A ROCK ON TRIP UP THE RIVER.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

HAVERHILL, Sept. 5.—Senator Samuel W. George's steamboat Merrimack which plies between this city and Black Rock at the mouth of the Merrimack river, struck a rock about one and a half miles below Groveland bridge, on her trip up Sunday evening. She still lies on the rock and is rapidly filling with water. The extent of the damage to the boat is not known.

Senator George was on board at the time and Captain Stevens was in command. There were 250 passengers, largely women and children and there was some excitement. They were taken to the Haverhill shore in boats and later brought to this city in barges without accident. The water in the channel has been low for sometime and last night the boat struck lightly at the same point.

As I am about to sail for Europe on Sept 30th, I will sell at public auction on Thursday, Sept. 7th, my beautiful residence at No. 18 Bowers street; also all my household furniture including one Upright Sterling Piano, one imported Cathedral Gong Hall Clock, etc., In this lot is some very fine furniture.

J. D. GRANT.

CAR OFF TRACK.

One of the Lowell, Lawrence and Haverhill cars jumped the track on the Lawrence road near Downing's Landing about 2.30 o'clock Saturday afternoon. As a result traffic on the road was delayed about three hours. The car was imbedded in about two feet of sand. Although many of the passengers received a severe shaking up, nobody was badly injured.

VORINE WASHING POWDER

A Cake of Fine Toilet Soap in Every Package.

Great Inducements

Will be offered to cash customers for a Piano, SEPT. 1st and 2nd.

JACOB DOLL, 216 Merrimack St., Lowell, Mass.

COOK, TAYLOR & CO.

CENTRAL STREET.

Ready-Made Garment of All Kinds a Specialty.
Many of our Fall Styles are Ready.

Friday and Saturday

We Offer the Following Lot to Close Out:

SHIRT WAISTS 59c. down from $1 and $1.50. Some of the New Woolen and Velvet Waists are in. Ask to see them.

WASH SKIRTS 98c. reduced from $2 and $2.50. We are showing some handsome All Wool Wash Skirts at $4.49.

GOLF HATS. A regular $1.50 Hat to be closed out at 98c., pearl shades only.

New Fall Styles in Velvet Hats, buy one early only $4.49.
New Tailor-made Suits at $10, $10.98, $12.50 and $16.00.

COOK, TAYLOR & CO., Central St.

THE LEADER.
Among the newspapers of Lowell The Sun is unquestionably the leader. It leads in news, it leads in style, it leads in illustrations, it leads in circulation, it leads in enterprise, it leads in everything that goes to make a first-class newspaper.

THE LOWELL SUN

THEY MADE IT
The Sun is in every way the greatest newspaper in Lowell. It was not built up to its present proud eminence by any aristocracy of birth, wealth or corporate power. It was built up by the people, and to the cause of the people it is dedicated forever.

22ND YEAR. LOWELL, MASS. TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 5, 1899. 8 PAGES 1 CENT

NIGHT EDITION

SIX O'CLOCK.

INFANTRY BRIGADES

Have Been Ordered to Cape Colony

British Officers and Men Delighted at the Prospect of Actiye Service—Such are the Reports Received From South Africa

By Associated Press to The Sun.

LONDON, Sept 5.—The latest news received in this city from various points in South Africa is vague and contradictory. Nothing more is known regarding the status of the negotiations between Great Britain and the Transvaal than what was learned yesterday.

The officials of the British war office emphatically deny that the reserves have been called out or that any steps have been taken to that end.

The afternoon newspapers follow the lead of the morning papers in taking an extremely grave view of the situation, although the war office denial tends to allay the wildly alarmist reports current late last night.

The Boer organ here, the Standard and Diggers' News, to-day printed a dispatch from Pretoria saying that the tension there was apparently less severe and that it was believed that arrangements for the proposed conference at Cape Town would be completed although President Kruger of the Transvaal republic was unlikely to attend.

The opinion of those who regard the beginning of war between Great Britain and the Transvaal as only a matter of a short time, is voiced by the St. James Gazette, which says to-day:

"The news concerning the crisis is very grave. We learn that three more infantry brigades have been ordered to Cape Colony, including the Gordons of Dargal fame; one battalion of the Highland infantry, who fought in Crete; the Second battalion of the Black Watch and the Second battalion of the Cameronians. These regiments are under orders to be ready to leave at 24 hours' notice. The officers and men are delighted at the prospect of active service.

"In service circles war is considered absolutely certain. The admiralty has a number of transports to convey troops to Cape Colony. The Boers, who are procrastinating in their reply, have been making every preparation for war and are contemplating raiding the Natal frontier. Laign's Neck, which is the sole route from the Transvaal to Natal, is undefended."

Cape Town dispatches say that the Afrikander papers print what purports to be a semi-official account of the recent pour parlers.

But as these credit Mr. Conyngham Greene, the British agent in the South African republic with saying that Great Britain is willing to abandon the question of British suzerainty if the proposals made at the Bloemfontein conference by Sir Alfred Milner, the governor of Cape Colony and British high commissioner of South Africa, shall be accepted either at Cape Colony or here.

The second edition of the Times issued this morning, contains a dispatch from Pretoria under date of September 4, saying: "The predominant view is that the last dispatch opens up the way to a modus vivendi inasmuch as the proposals of Mr. Chamberlain relating to the seven years franchise have been practically complied with. This is the result of the influence of Herr Fischer (the special agent of the Orange Free State) with the Raad."

This dispatch, however, is at variance with the editorial views on the matter expressed by the Times this morning. The gravity of the news of the trouble in South Africa had a decidedly depressing effect upon the stock exchange today, all departments sympathizing.

A MONSTER PARADE

35,000 Members of the G. A. R. in Line

Pres. McKinley Rode Over the Route of Parade—Chorus of 3000 Children Sang Patriotic Airs as the Veterans Paraded

By Associated Press to The Sun.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 5.—This was the big day of the Grand Army encampment and the city was alive at an early hour. The presence in the city of President McKinley increased the interest and his ride over the route of the parade aroused the greatest enthusiasm among the throngs on the streets.

Shortly before 9 o'clock Admiral Sampson and the captains of his fleet made a formal call upon the president, Mr. McKinley receiving them in the reception room set apart for him during his stay at the Hotel Walton.

After the greetings were over, the presidential party, including the admiral and the captains entered carriages and started over the route for a drive. The president's carriage was drawn by four richly caparisoned bay horses that have been shown to advantage at horse shows in this city and in New York. With the president were Mayor Ashbridge and Gen. Louis Warner, chairman of the G. A. R. executive committee. As the president started up Broad street, a great wave of cheering was started that never stopped until the president had traversed the entire route of parade and back again. The stands along the route were crowded and their occupants would rise en masse and cheer the executive. The men of the North Atlantic squadron also received a generous hand. The presidential party drove down Chestnut street past the historic state house where the nation was born and as it swept by, the president took off his hat which was the signal for a wild outburst of enthusiasm.

The procession moved at 10 o'clock down Broad street, east side of city hall to Market, to Fourth, to Chestnut, to Broad, to Pine, where the parade was dismissed. The distance covered was five miles. Independence Hall was passed during the march and caps were lifted and colors dipped by the veterans. An interesting feature of the parade was the chorus of 3,000 school children. They occupied a portion of the grand stand on the north side of the city hall and sang patriotic airs as the veterans passed. Post No. 1, from Rockford, Ill., the oldest post in the G. A. R. headed the line. Gen. James W. Latta, of this city, was chief marshal.

Disabled veterans rode in carriages following the department of Pennsylvania at the end of the line. In order came the Departments of Illinois, Wisconsin, Ohio, New York, Connecticut, Massachusetts, New Jersey, Maine, Rhode Island, New Hampshire, Vermont, Potomac, Virginia, North Carolina, Maryland, Nebraska, Mich., Kansas, Minnesota, Missouri, Kentucky, West Virginia, Washington and Alaska and South Dakota. Thirty-five thousand men were in line.

ON LABOR'S HOLIDAY

How the Day Was Celebrated Elsewhere

Boston Had a Big Parade—Springfield, New York, Concord, N. H., Dover, N. H.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

BOSTON, Sept. 5.—Labor Day was celebrated yesterday by the toiling thousands of Boston and vicinity.

The parade in size was not equal to the showing in former years, but the organizations which participated were well prepared for the occasion, and the variety in uniforms made a picturesque feature of a most enjoyable event. There were close on 5,000 men in line, with 342 pieces of music. There were 16 organizations and 12 bands of music.

At the final review part of the parade left the line and went to their halls, leaving Chief Marshal Collins awaiting their arrival.

AT SPRINGFIELD.
By Associated Press to The Sun.

SPRINGFIELD, Sept. 5.—The parade of the various Springfield labor unions yesterday was the most imposing demonstration of organized labor ever seen in Western Massachusetts.

The parade was headed by a platoon of police in command of Sergt. Norris. Then came Marshal Maloney and Assistant Marshal McKay.

AT CONCORD, N. H.
By Associated Press to The Sun.

CONCORD, Sept. 5.—The Central labor union of this city had its ninth annual celebration at Contoocook river park yesterday. The attendance at the games and exercises was the largest in the history of the organization. All busines was suspended and the number of people at the park in the afternoon was numbered in the thousands. Cornelius E. Clifford of this city was the orator of the day and his address aroused the enthusiasm of the multitude.

AT LAWRENCE.

While there was no parade yesterday in Lawrence, the day was celebrated by a picnic under the auspices of the Central Labor union at the Riding Park. There was also a number of picnics, ball games, concerts and a bicycle race, which furnished amusement for the people.

The Christopher Columbus Society (Italian) of this city held a parade in the afternoon and a ball in the evening at Music Hall. The Umberto brass band led the procession and the Victor Emanuele Second society of Haverhill participated. In all about 150 men paraded.

IN NEW YORK.
By Associated Press to The Sun.

NEW YORK, Sept. 4.—Labor day was favored with a bright sun and brisk breeze and thousands took advantage of the fine weather to enjoy a day's outing. Business was practically stopped. In addition to the exchanges and banks, all the large department stores were closed. Flags were flying from all public buildings and in some instances there was a lavish display of bunting.

Although there was no big parade of labor organizations, there were lesser parades all over the city.

GOMPERS AT PHILADELPHIA.
By Associated Press to The Sun.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 5.—Labor day was fittingly celebrated here by two parades and other demonstrations. There was a general suspension of business, as all the government buildings, banks and other public institutions were closed. Among the speakers were Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor.

TEXTILE WORKERS.
By Associated Press to The Sun.

DOVER, N. H., Sept. 5.—Labor day was appropriately observed by the combined textile workers of Strafford county who had a parade in this city yesterday forenoon.

THE SUN EXTRA

THE CREW SAVED

Schoner Chromo Sunk In a Collision

WITH THE SCHOONER HATTIE P.

The Chromo Went Down Almost Instantly

CAPT. RUMILL NOTED A PROTEST

Wrecked Boat Almost Cut in Two

By Associated Press to The Sun.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Sept. 5.—Schooner Hattie P. from Yarmouth, N. S., is in port, with the crew of the wrecked schooner Chromo of Franklin, Maine. The latter was sunk in collision with the Hattie P., off Nauset, Cape Cod, last Thursday.

Last Thursday night the Chromo was off Cape Cod bound from New York for Swan's Island, with 186 tons of coal. She was 15 miles E. S. E. of Nauset. Just after passing a tow of barges, the schooner Hattie P., from Yarmouth, N. S., for Providence, loomed up, shoved her jib-boom into the rigging of the Chromo and the sharp cut-water of the British stove a deep gash just aft of the fore-rigging, cutting the Chromo almost in two.

The cook and one sailor jumped for the chains of the Hattie P., and climbed aboard her with alacrity. Captain Rumill and the mate lowered the boat hanging from the davits aft. They had barely got clear from the Chromo before she gave a lurch and went down.

The Chromo was 25 years old, hailing from Mt. Desert, Me. Captain Rumill has noted a protest.

FARMS DESERTED

Effect of War Scare in the Transvaal

By Associated Press to The Sun.

CAPE TOWN, Sept. 5—Arrangements are being completed for safeguarding telegraphic communication with the cape in case of war between Great Britain and the Transvaal. Refugees to the number of 147 have arrived here. A million cartridges have been forwarded to Pietermaritzburg, capital of the British territory of Natal. Many Dutch farmers are leaving Bechuanaland for the purpose of forming a laager across the frontier.

Miss Etta B. Gilman has returned after a vacation of three weeks.

Sidney M. Whitman of the Bon Marche is enjoying his vacation on a trip to New York and up the Hudson river.

Mr. W. R. Myers and wife of Eighteenth street will sail for Liverpool Wednesday on the steamship Canada, Dominion line. They will visit London, Manchester, Bedford and other places of interest.

RECORD BROKEN

For World's High Jump—Wefer's Speed

By Associated Press to The Sun.

LONG BRANCH, N. J., Sept. 5.—The athletic tournament of the St. James Catholic association of Red Bank, held at the Horse Show grounds at Hollywood park yesterday afternoon, attracted nearly 2,000 spectators. The attractions were B. J. Wefers, the champion 100-yard sprinter, and Fred Gerner, of the Long Branch Athletic club, champion high jumper on skates. Wefers and J. K. I. Cody, of Georgetown University, ran a 100-yard exhibition race which was won by Wefers in 10 3-5 seconds. Wefers then tried to break the world's record of 9 4-5 seconds for the 100-yard dash, but the best he did was 10 seconds. He also made an effort to lower the 220-yard record but failed in this, covering it in 23 3-5 seconds.

Gerner beat he world's record, 5 feet 3 1-2 inches for a standing high jump, held by G. H. Ewry of Chicago, by half an inch, clearing the tape at 5 feet, 4 inches.

ORDERS FOR 33D REGIMENT.
By Associated Press to The Sun.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 5.—The secretary of war has ordered the 33d regiment of volunteers from Fort Sam Houston, Texas, to San Francisco, for embarkation to the Philippines. The regiment is commanded by Colonel Hare.

DOUGLASS UPTON

Instantly Killed While Making For Hunting Grounds

By Associated Press to The Sun.

SPRINGFIELD, Sept. 5.—A rail fence in Suffield, Conn., over which Douglas Upson, 16, and two younger companions were climbing while on a hunting expedition yesterday broke and caused the discharge of a rifle which young Upson carried. The ball entered his body just above the heart and death was instantaneous. Albert Naylor, one of his comrades, hurried to Upson's home in Thompsonville, while Fred Barton, the third member of the party, remained with the body. The accident occurred in a lot about three miles from Thompsonville. Upson was the son of Lyman Upson, superintendent of the Hartford carpet mills at Thompsonville. His parents are nearly prostrated with grief. The body was brought to his parents' home this afternon. Upson attended school at Lakeville and was very fond of hunting.

DEWEY IS PLEASED.
By Associated Press to The Sun.

GIBRALTAR, Sept. 5.—Admiral Dewey, who has recovered from his indisposition, is much pleased at the cordial welcome that was accorded him here. The admiral is living ashore at the Bristol hotel. To-day he lunched with Mr. Horatio J. Sprague, the United States consul at Gibraltar.

DEAD MAN NAMED

For an Office by Governor Wolcott

THE LATE DR. DAVIS FOR MEDICAL EXAMINER

He Died Last April or Five Months Ago

By Associated Press to The Sun.

PROVINCETOWN, Sept. 5 — The people of lower Cape Cod are laughing heartily at the expense of Governor Wolcott.

The governor has nominated a dead man for the office of associate medical examiner in district 3, Barnstable county.

At the time of the Portland and other wreck horrors in November last the imperative need of associate medical examiners in the Cape district was apparent.

Dr. Samuel T. Davis of Orleans, the examiner for district 3, (the lower district) had no assistant. He did arduous work, conscientously and uncomplainingly, while the bodies of the wave-washed lay thick at widely separated points and others tumbled in upon the strand.

He was obliged to hasten from practically one end of the Cape to the other in his dual capacity of medical examiner in district 3 and associate in district 1.

The need of an associate with headquarters at Provincetown or Truro being apparent, Dr. F. S. Cate of Provincetown was duly appointed. Dr. Cate, however refused to serve and the name of Dr. J. C. Selby of Wellfleet was in January or February submitted for consideration.

Dr. Selby died in April.

On Wednesday of last week, nearly five months after Dr. Selby's death, Dr. Selby was nominated for the office.

There is crying need of associate medical examiners down this way but live ones are preferred to dead ones.

JOHN KELLY

SUFFERING FROM CHILLS FOUND IN ALLEY WAY.

John Kelly, aged about 45 years and who has been an inmate of the city farm for a long time was released from that institution yesterday. Kelly was found about 1.30 o'clock this afternoon by Officer John B. Crowley in the alleyway in the rear of the Hildreth building suffering from chills. He was in a pitiable condition and the ambulance was summoned and Kelly was removed to the city farm.

WOMAN MISSING

Search Parties Looking For Emily Clarke

MISSING SINCE YESTERDAY MORNING

Friends Fear That She is Dead

By Associated Press to The Sun.

HOLBROOK, Mass., Sept. 5.—A general alarm was given today and searching parties started out to look for Emily Clark, an aged woman who disappeared yesterday morning. Miss Clark had been living with her brother and when she went out yesterday morning it was thought she was going to the home of her neice nearby. When she did not return in the evening, inquiry was made and it was learned that she had disappeared. It is stated that Miss Clark has exhibited symptoms of mental feebleness for some time and it is hardly expected she will be found alive.

26TH. REGIMENT

Will Reach Lowell Early To-morrow Morning

The 26th regiment leaves Plattsburg, N. Y., this afternoon at 4 o'clock. They are traveling on a train made up of four sections, and it is expected that they will pass through Lowell on their way to Boston between 7 and 8 o'clock to-morrow morning. The parade in Boston is arranged to start from the Union station at 10 o'clock.

470 ARRESTS IN BOSTON.
By Associated Press to The Sun.

BOSTON, Sept. 5.—When the police records were compiled to-day it was found that 470 prisoners were awaiting trial, that being the number arrested since Saturday noon throughout the city.

ESPUS COMMITTED SUICIDE.
By Associated Press to The Sun.

BOSTON, Sept. 5.—Herman Espus committed suicide to-day by shooting through the breast with a revolver. Espus, who was 50 years old, was despondent at not being able to secure work.

Putnam & Son

THERE ARE NOTABLE

Changes in Boys' Clothing this season and the new ideas make our exhibition of Boys' Suits particularly striking.

The new suits are here for the entire younger generation and the stock is thoroughly representative of the best that's to be had in Boys' Clothing.

Juvenile Suits, Narrow or Sailor Collars; single or double breast vests. Sizes 3 years to 9. — $1.19 TO $7.95

Double Breast Suits, Jackets, plain or silk faced; short trousers. Sizes 8 years to 16, — $1.19 TO $7.95

Single Breast Sack Suits, Plain or silk faced; single or double breast vests, short trousers. Sizes 10 to 16 years, — $2.98 TO $8.98

Single Breast Sack Suits, Single or double breast vests, long trousers. Sizes 15 to 19 years. — $3.75 TO $15.95

Double Breast Sack Suits, Plain or silk faced, single or double breast vests, long trousers. Sizes 15 years to 19 years. — $5.75 TO $16.45

NEW GOLF CAPS, NEW GERMAN YACHT CAPS, NEW FALL TAMS, — 12½c. TO 44c.

PUTNAM & SON,

166 Central Street.

FIRST DAY OF EVERY MONTH
INTEREST BEGINS
On deposits made on or before
3rd DAY OF MONTH
4% PER ANNUM COMPOUNDED SEMI-ANNUALLY
TRADERS' NATIONAL BANK
Savings Department.
C. J. GLIDDEN, President.
W. F. HILLS, Cashier.
HOURS 8 to 4 Daily. Saturdays 8 to 1, 7 to 9.

J. F. O'DONNELL,
UNDERTAKER.

WE DO NOT EXPECT
a rushing business for the next month, but you can never have a better time to look over our finely selected stock of goods and we can take better care of you now than when the busy season commences. Call at 23 Palmer street.
Gorman & Sullivan, Fashionable Tailors.

REMOVAL NOTICE.
To my customers and the general public: I have moved my wood and coal business from Congress street to Gorham street, about three minutes' walk above Davis square, where I shall be pleased to wait on you. Thanking you for your past patronage, I respectfully solicit a continuance of the same. Orders by mail, telephone or in person will receive prompt and careful attention. Yours,
JOHN P QUINN.

Realizing That a Range
Is the most important article in furnishing a home, we have made of
RANGES A SPECIALTY
And not a side line.
REALIZING that a Range pleases every day or displeases every day, we have concentrated our best efforts, all the knowledge gained by years of experience, observation and study, in getting
THE BEST RANGE
And we honestly believe in and can clearly demonstrate to you that the
"CENTURY GRAND RANGE"
Is ahead of all others in quality, style, finish and improvements. Many have regretted not seeing it before buying. Don't make the same mistake. Come and see it before you buy.
The People's Favorite Furniture Store.
A. E. O'HEIR & CO., 14,16 and 18 Merrimack St.
Near Electric Car Waiting Room.

THE SUN LATEST! 5 O'CLOCK

KILLED BY A CAR

James F. Fallon of Lowell the Victim

WAS ASLEEP ON THE TRACKS

On a Dark Portion of the Road

HIS LEGS WERE BOTH CUT OFF

The Body Brought to Lowell for Burial

James F. Fallon, aged 36 years, single and living with his two sisters at 41 Bolt street, this city, met with a fatal accident between Hudson and Nashua Saturday night. He was run over by an electric car of the Nashua division of the Lowell and Suburban street railway company receiving injuries from which he died later at the Nashua Emergency hospital.

Fallon had worked Saturday up till noon in the Merrimack print works, and went to Nashua during the afternoon.

When the 9.55 p. m. car bound from Nashua to Lowell reached Nashua Junction Fallon got aboard but when the car cached the Hudson end of the red bridge, over the Merrimack river he got off.

Where he went or why he got off is not known but when the next Nashua bound car came along it ran over Fallon's legs which were stretched across one of the rails cutting them both off, one near the hip and the other below the knee.

The spot where the accident happened was about 80 rods from the place where he alighted from the car and was in a locality that was so dark that the motorman was unable to see the man on the track.

The ambulance was notified and the injured man removed to the hospital in Nashua, but it was found upon examination by the hospital physicians and surgeons that the injuries would prove fatal, and that the only thing that could be done would be to save the man from suffering any pain.

When the return to Nashua was made the ambulance was summoned and he was taken to the Emergency hospital, where after an hour's agony he passed away though not before he regained consciousness and requested that a Catholic priest be sent for. The latter arrived some time before the man breathed his last and the rites of his church having been administered, the man sank back in his cot with apparent satisfaction and died soon after.

The clergyman tried to obtain his name from him, but though struggle as he would he was too weak to reply and it was thus that no news of the accident reached the relatives in this city until Sunday afternoon.

The body was removed to the warerooms of Undertaker C. T. Lund where it was identified Sunday by Thomas Danahy, an employe at the city farm and Frank Quinn, an employe of the Hamilton Print works. They were well acquainted with the deceased and in Nashua Sunday from some unknown cause, as they expressed it, they became possessed of a desire to look upon the remains of the unknown.

The body was brought to Lowell Sunday night by Undertaker Rogers: Besides the two sisters with whom he lived, Fallon leaves three brothers.

TYPHOID CASES

REVEAL SOME AGENCY DIFFUSING INFECTION.

The board of health will investigate the cases of typhoid fever there are in the city and will discover, if it can, the source of the disease. There are ten cases in St. John's hospital and Dr. Stephen Johnson, who is the physician on duty there just now, thinks that it will not be very difficult to discover the source of the disease. One of the cases came from Lawrence and three. He thinks came from the vicinity of an infected well in East Merrimack street. All the tests responded immediately. One case he had in the Lowell General Hospital, of a young woman who died. She resided in Webster street and her father died of the disease some time ago. Her mother also had the disease so that it is very evident that infection is in that neighborhood. The doctor does not think, however, that there is any particular danger from the disease, the cases being isolated. Investigation will undoubtedly reveal a definite source of infection for the city is now free from danger in the excellence of the water supply it has.

BLACK HAWK

THE GREAT INDIAN CHIEF IS DEAD.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Sept. 5—A special from Black River Falls, Wis., says:

Black Hawk, the most noted of the chiefs of the Wisconsin Winnebago Indians is dead in the town of Brockway, aged 90 years. Black Hawk was always a friend of the whites and on several occasions prevented the Winnebagos from taking the warpath.

Headache

Biliousness, sour stomach, constipation and all liver ills are cured by

Hood's Pills

The non-irritating cathartic. Price 25 cents of all druggists or by mail of C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

WEIMAN HELD

Ordered in $600 to Superior Court

WAIVED EXAMINATION IN POLICE COURT

Two Liquor Cases Continued for Trial

FEW ARRESTS ON LABOR DAY

And Very Little Evidence of Drunkenness

Only five arrests were made for drunkenness Labor Day. The drunks were arraigned before Judge Hadley in the police court this morning. There were also five continued cases of drunkenness disposed of.

One simple drunk was released by the court.

Frank D. Green pleaded not guilty of drunkenness. He was found guilty by the court and fined $5 and besides was ordered to recognize in the sum of $100 to keep the peace for six months.

Samuel Sharo, for drunkenness, was sent three months to jail. It was the 17th time he has been before the court for drunkenness since 1884.

Of the other drunks, George A. Worthen, George W. McVicker, Ethelbert E. Joy, James Winn, James Farley and Elmer E. Chase were fined $3 each.

Arthur Decpteau for being drunk on Labor Day at Lakeview was fined $8.

The case of Herman Weiman, charged with breaking and entering and larceny, was called for trial. Weiman through his counsel, Lawyer Corbett, waived examination; the court thereupon ordered him held in $600 for superior court.

The case of John J. Hickey and Chas. H. Carr, the two Spanish war veterans who were arrested at Lakeview last night by Officer Donahue for disturbing the peace, was continued until Saturday for trial. The defendants were already under bail.

Charles Mitchel, charged with larceny, was also continued till Saturday for trial.

The case of Edward Duval, charged with illegal keeping of liquor, was put over until Sept. 13.

Clara Burke was charged with assault and battery upon an old man named Godfrey Hecteau. She pleaded not guilty and was defended by D. J. Donahue, Esq.

The assault occurred Monday afternoon in Middlesex street. The defendant lives with her sister, while Hecteau boards at a house next door. Hecteau claimed he was sitting on the front steps of his boarding house Monday afternoon, when for no cause, as he could see, the Burke woman rushed up to him and struck him over the head with a chair. She then knocked him down and proceeded to give him a good beating.

The defendant testified in her own behalf. She admitted she struck the old man over the head with the chair and then knocked him down and beat him. But she claimed that she had a good reason to do so. She claimed that Hecteau was fighting with her sister's little children and that provoked her, especially as her sister was sick and couldn't protect her children.

The court, however, found the defendant guilty and imposed a fine of $10. Lawyer Donahue said that her sister was sick and unable to do any work and that she had to depend upon the defendant to do the work. Mr. Donahue also said that the defendant could not pay the fine.

The court finally agreed to reduce the fine to $5 in view of the fact that she would have to go to jail. A $10 fine would mean 30 days in jail whereas a $5 fine would mean only 3 days' confinement. But the Burke woman didn't like the idea of going to jail at all and told the court she wanted to pay $10. She evidently thought that besides paying a $5 fine, she would have to go to jail anyway for eight days. She was finally made to understand, however, and the fine was $5.

A large number of drunks were before Judge Hadley Labor Day and were quickly disposed of, all being fined. John Sullivan, Frank H. Riley, Johanna A. Murphy, Alice Cyr, Daniel Ryan, James E. Platt, Michael Connors, Joseph F. Moore and James Lunny were assessed $5 each.

Lizzie F. Holland was fined $6. John Shugrue, James Dolan, Joseph Martin, and John Nolan were each taxed $10. Michael F. Sullivan was sentenced to ten days in jail. George A. Worthen, George W. McVicker, Ethelbert E. Joy and Samuel Sharo received bail and were continued.

William J. Sears, charged with illegally keeping liquor and Edward Duval charged with the illegal sale of liquor had their cases continued until today.

JAMES McCRACKEN

CHARGED WITH THE MURDER OF HIS WIFE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

TRENTON, Mo., Sept. 5- James McCracken, a druggist, of Galt., is under arrest charged with murder of his wife. Mrs. McCracken died very suddenly last week and the coroner after holding an inquest, placed the stomach and internal organs in the hands of a Kansas City chemist to discover if any poisonous substances were used. McCracken is a son of Judge McCracken and his arrest has created great excitement. His father furnished bond for his release.

ALBERT W. HAM, Chief of Staff of Labor Day Parade.

POLICE MATTERS

Several Liquor Seizures Made Saturday

AN ALLEGED HOLD UP

In Which a Milkman Was Robbed

The liquor squad was quite active Saturday night and made four seizures.

The biggest haul was made by Officers Gregg and McCann at the place of Mary Fraser, 209 Charles street, very near the Training school where the officers say there were about 15 men and several women congregated.

Two half barrels of ale and a jug of whiskey were seized.

At the place of Edgar B. Simonds, 1369 Gorham street, the officers got a half barrel of ale and a quantity of whiskey.

Inspector Donaldson went into the Cosmopolitan Drug Store, Merrimack street and Edward Duval, a clerk there will have to answer to the charge of selling alcohol without compliance with the law.

Officers McCann and Duncan served a warrant on William J. Sears, a clerk at the American House, who was wanted at the time of the seizure at that place.

Seven of the fourteen Saturday night drunks that were scooped in by the police, procured their "loads" in Lawrence.

It is reported that Frank Riley, a milkman, was held up by two highway men on Lane street early this morning. Riley struck one of the highwaymen with a milk can in trying to defend himself. He was overpowered, however, and was relieved of about $6 in money. The highwaymen managed to make their escape and are still at large.

NINE CASES SEIZED.

Officer Hadley seized nine cases of beer in the North Chelmsford grove yesterday afternoon. He failed to find an owner for the beer after being led a wild goose chase through the North Chelmsford woods.

AWAITING OWNERS.

There are two wheels in the police station awaiting their owners to claim them. They were found on different streets and taken to the station. The owners can have them by going to the police station and proving their ownership to them.

Mr. William Blaisdell of Willow St. has gone to the Grand Army Encampment at Philadelphia and will visit Gettysburg before returning.

The Beauty of it.

You can see for yourself the superiority of

KEYSTONE Silver White GELATINE

Examine it. Compare it with any other kind and you will understand why it's used by the leading cooks of the country.

If your grocer cannot supply you send us his name and we will mail you a sample package free, with recipes by the most noted chefs. A full size box mailed for 15 cents.

Keystone Carbon Works, Detroit, Mich. The largest makers of gelatine in the world.

DR. WALKER, DENTIST.

SPECIAL SESSION

Of the Board of Aldermen Next Saturday

NO DECISION BETWEEN DEM. COMMITTEE

Opinion of City Solicitor to be Obtained

A special meeting of the board of aldermen was held at City Hall Saturday evening. The meeting was held in compliance with an order of the mayor.

Four members were absent when the roll was called. They were: Aldermen Miskella, Pierce, Dinon and McNulty. The latter made his appearance just as the meeting was about to adjourn.

The matter of the Humphrey and Willard street sewers was first taken up and in compliance with the mayor's order, the sewer committee submitted a report, which was favorable. In accordance wth the custom it was laid over for seven days.

Mayor Crowley read the petitions of the two democratic city committees for polling stations for caucuses on the night of September 14. In the absence of Solicitor Quin, who was expected to be present to give an opinion upon the merits of the petitions, Mayor Crowley appointed a committee consisting of Aldermen Derby, Taylor and Libby to retire and after a conference, submit a report.

The committee left the room and listened to arguments by Chairmen O'Connor and Donehue, representing respectively the committees of 1898 and 1899. The committee returned with a report submitted by Alderman Deryb to the effect that it was a matter for Solicitor Quin to give an opinion upon.

The mayor read a communication from the Trades and Labor council requesting the city government to review the Labor day parade before city hall at 9.30 o'clock Monday morning. It was voted to comply.

The following jurors were drawn to serve in the September term of the superior court: John A. Faulkner, Wilford G. Bowen, Patrick P. Monahan, William L. Davis, Patrick McGilly, Warren Fox.

O. W. Mayberry was appointed surveyor of lumber by a unanimous vote after which the meeting adjourned.

When you want plumbing or piping done, call on Sweeney & Welch, 202 Middlesex street, or Telephone 588-5.

At South Framingham yesterday A. C. Dugdale won second place in the first trial heat of the one- mile novice.

Eye-sight by Absorption, Dr. Taylor.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

$100 Reward $100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers, that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

Address, F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Omega Oil

Old People

How I do wish that more old people would read the advertisements of Omega Oil, and then go to the drug store and buy a bottle! Of course a good many folks don't believe Omega Oil is any good, but they'd think different after trying it. It really does do an old fellow like me a lot of good. It cures rheumatism. It puts strength into weak backs, lame shoulders, and tired legs and arms. It takes stiffness out of the joints. It beats anything you ever saw for sore feet. I guess that little Swiss green herb that they put into Omega Oil is just about the greatest stuff in the world for pain.

The Omega Chemical Co., Boston, Mass.

(56)

$1000 LESS THAN COST

7 room cottage on Ludlam street, going out of city, very cheap—$1000.

Navy Yard, 7 room cottage on electrics, $1000. Small amount down will buy this place.

Near Navy Yard and Lakeview avenue, cottage, 7 rooms, gas and sewer, large back yard for garden; good place to keep hens; $1400, easy terms.

New cottage in Pawtucketville, near electrics $1850.

Farm, 8 acres, 1 1-2 miles from Chelmsford Centre, with good new house and barn, $2000.

Farm, 5 acres, Tyngsborough, near electrics, $1000, very low price.

Lodging and Boarding houses for sale.

Milk Route for Sale, $275.

Fire Insurance in best companies.

A. J. & H. W. J. HOWE, Real Estate.

Courier-Citizen Bld'g. Telephone 841-4.

LADIES Who Have Used Them Recommend as the BEST DR. KING'S Star Crown Brand PENNYROYAL PILLS.

Immediate relief, no danger, no pain. Used for years by leading specialists. Hundreds of testimonials. A trial will convince you of their intrinsic value in case of suppression. Send ten cents for sample and book. All Druggists or by mail $1.00 box.

KING MEDICINE CO., Box 1930, BOSTON, MASS.

DR. DONEHUE DENTIST

JOHN W. McEVOY, 127 Central St. Opposite American House, COUNSELLOR-AT-LAW.

LOTHROP & CUNNINGHAM, 182 Merrimack Street. PHOTOGRAPHERS

W. A. LEW, 49 John Street. CLOTHING CLEANSED, DYED AND PRESSED.

J. M. KINGSBURY, No. 173 Bridge St. MEATS AND PROVISIONS

ELIZABETH WRIGHT SHAW

315 Pawtucket Street.

Violinist and Teacher of Vocal Music

Experience of 15 years. Italian method. Will receive pupils after September 1st. Also teacher of OBJECT DRAWING, Water color and Pastel Painting. Miniatures on Ivory. Photographs finished in Water Color or Crayon.

Boys' Russet Shoes

Regular $1.50 Line to Close Out,

$1.00 A Pair.

J. J. LONERGAN, 215 DUTTON ST.

USE THE Telephone AND SAVE TIME TRAVEL TROUBLE AND Money

You can telephone 100 words in one minute easily.

TRY IT.

A message by telephone brings immediate answer.

NIGHT RATE one half the day rate, except where the day rate is 15 cents or less. Very convenient for social conversation.

NEW ENGLAND TELEPHONE & TELEGRAPH CO.

Chichester's English Diamond Brand. PENNYROYAL PILLS

Original and Only Genuine. Safe. Always reliable. Ladies ask Druggist for Chichester's English Diamond Brand in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with Blue Ribbon. Take no other. Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations. At Druggists, or send 4c. in stamps for particulars, testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Name Paper. Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Square, PHILADA., PA. Sold by all Local Druggists. Sold by Geo. C. Goodwin & Co., Boston, Mass. General Agents.

DAILY BARGAINS.

$100 UPRIGHT PIANO.

Seven and one-third octaves. Used but little. Condition fine.

GEORGE A. GARDNER

10 PRESCOTT STREET.

IF YOU WANT THE VERY BEST

Business and Shorthand education that money can buy, secure a limited (50) Graduating Scholarship to commence at once, day or evening, at the

N. E. BUSINESS UNIVERSITY,

Rumela Building, Merrimack Sq., Lowell, Mass.

LAKEVIEW PARK

FAMILY DAY RESORT

Bowling, Dancing, Boating, Fishing, Carousel, Swings.

A Rare Collection of Birds, Beasts and reptiles at the

MOUNTAIN ROCK ZOO

Unsurpassed Accommodations for Private Dinner in the Pavilion, conducted by the D. L. Page Co.

THE LAKEVIEW THEATRE

JAMES GILBRIGHT, Manager for Grant & Flynn.

WEEK OF SEPT. 4.

IDA MARIE ROGERS

Lowell's Favorite

AS

KITTY STARLIGHT

IN

Grant & Flynn's Comedy

THE Dazzler

Orchestra (Reserved) ..... 20 cents
Parquet ..... 10 cents
Balcony ..... 5 cents

FARE 5 CENTS.

Star Theatre, 812-314 Middlesex Street, FRANK KNIGHT, Proprietor.—This Week.

Strongest Bill Yet.

The Sheehans Vocalists and Minics.

Miss Kaniocki, Tony and Grace, Music, Mirth and Magic.

Widden, the Hobo Juggler.

Miss Cortie Brown, Vocalist.

A Great Show.

Admission 5c. Reserved Seats 5c. extra.

GOING AWAY?

Hope you'll have a good time and we know you will, if you . . . . .

Take One of Our

CAMERAS!

We carry a full line of

Eastman's Kodaks,

and all kinds of supplies. Also all the leading makes of Cameras.

ONE OF OUR

Hammocks

will make things easy for you. Prices from

75c to $6.00.

The Thompson Hardware Co.

SOLE AGENTS.

Just Think

A handsomely decorated Toilet Set in three colors, blue, brown and pink at the extremely low price of

$1.98 a set

O'Brien Bros.

Tea Dealers,

FISKE BUILDING.

227 Central Street. Tel. Con.

CLOSING OUT SALE OF BUILDING LOTS. AT HALF PRICE,

Over New Moody Street Bridge

On the

EMERY LAND

Several new modern houses to be sold at a sacrifice. EASY TERMS.

A. J. RYAN, Agent.

3 HILDRETH BUILDING.

Grand Closing Out Sale

Of Summer Millinery.

Everything must go this month for just what it brings. We want the money and room, you want the goods. Come and get them.

HEAD & SHAW, "THE MILLINERS," 169 MERRIMACK ST.

AT BASKET BALL

The P. A. C. Club Defeated the Everetts

IN A ONE SIDED CONTEST

At Associate Hall Last Evening

The basket ball season in Lowell was opened last night with a game at Associate hall between the first team of the Pawtucketville Athletic club and the Everetts. It resulted in an easy victory for the local team, they winning by a score of 17 to 8.

The game was devoid of any remarkable plays such as usually characterize a big game. The P. A. C. secured a good lead in the first half and were never headed. The game was witnessed by a large and enthusiastic crowd. It was the first time that the Everetts have played together this season and were thus handicapped, inasmuch as the P. A. C., had been preparing for the game for fully a month and had all the tricks down to a science. However, had the Everetts been in proper trim, the result would in all likelihood have been different, as the playing of the local team was not very fast. The line-up and summary follow:

P. A. C.	Everetts
Hanlon, lf	rg, Temple
Dion ((capt.) rf	lg Parker
Allard, c	c, W. Knox (capt.)
McMenmon, lg	rf, A. Knox
Halloran, rg	lf, Galbraith

Score—P. A. C., 17; Everetts 8.

Goals caged— By Allard, 2, Dion 3; Hanlon, 3; McMenmon, Galbraith 3. Points on fouls—Hanlon, A. Knox, 2; Fouls called on W. Knox, Galbraith, Allard, Dion 2. Referees—Hugh Thomas, and Cloutier. Timekeepers—Joseph (Everetts). Time—20 minute halves.

After the game the floor was cleared and dancing began and was enjoyed until midnight, the Cadet orchestra furnishing music for the merry prancers.

The following had charge of the lemonade table: President, Roscoe W. Hodge; matron, Mrs. R. J. Lang, assisted by Agnes Tighe, Mary Brown, Nellie Halloran, Etta Tighe, Agnes Conners, Beatrice White, Mamie Finnegan, Alice Goyett, Florence Crotty, Mary Kelley, Rena Raymond, Kittie Flynn, May Lang, Lilla Welsh, Mamie Pevey, May Clancy, Maude Tierney, Mabel Halpin, Abbie Monahan, Mary F. Brown, Laura Clancy, Bertha Dempsey, Josie Condon, Lula Lavigne, Lizzie Mangan, Anna Horan and Minnie Winn.

The following was the committee who had charge of the affair: General manager, John Thomas; assistant general manager, James T. Brown; assistant floor director, Joseph A. Fitzgerald; chief aids, John D. O'Hearn, John J. Carroll, Charles Riley, James J. Brown, aids, John J. Cogger, Ernest Bailey, John Dion, William Marley, Hugh J. Thomas, Mose Russell, Roscoe W. Hodge, Leon Sullivan, Peter Donnelly, John J. Brown, Timothy O'Sullivan, Joseph Rogers, John J. Giblin, William Mitchell, Thomas Fitzgerald, John Bradley; chairman reception committee, Fred F. Welsh.

MORTALITY OF LOWELL

FOR THE WEEK ENDING SEPT. 2, 1899.

Population, 88,641; total deaths, 43; deaths under five, 23.

Death rate for the week ending Sept. 2, 1899, 25.33 against 20.58 and 16.43 for previous two weeks.

Infectious diseases reported for the week ending Sept. 2, 1899, Typhoid fever, 3; diphtheria 3.

BOARD OF HEALTH.

LOWELL MEN WON

SEVERAL PRIZES AT NASHUA YESTERDAY.

There was a large number of local riders who rode at Nashua yesterday and a good many of them succeeded in landing prizes.

In the mile novice race the local riders were Frank Lane, Cyrille Parent, John Morin, but they did not win anything.

In the two mile handicap Patrick Keegan of this city took first prize, time, 5 min. 1 -25s and Charles Connors took third. In this race M. O'Brien also of this city, got a bad fall, when it looked as if he was to win a prize, but luck did not favor him and he tumbled.

In the one-mile open Patrick Keegan took first prize and M. O'Brien third. Time, 2.21 3-5.

Charles Connors took first prize in the five mile handicap with L. Dion second; George Gagnon third. Time, 12.13 3-5.

The P. A. C. tandem team did a mile in 2.05.

J. V. KEYES & CO.

Wednesday morning, Sept. 6, we will commence a great clearance sale of our entire stock to make room for our line of specialties Oct. 1.

The balance of September we will give some of the best values ever offered on dress goods, both black and colored. Every piece in stock will go in at nearly 50 cents on the dollar. All of our 12½c, 15c and 17c wash goods including ginghams and percales go at 6 1-4 cents per yard. This department will be entirely closed out. Dress linings will go at the same reduction. Our specialties after October 1 will include black dress goods, colored dress goods, (specially suitable for tailor-made), silks, silk poplins, linings, dress furnishings, table linens, petticoats and black dress skirts. We intend to have the finest lining department in the city. If you want a skirt or dress pattern, now is the time to get it at this special sale. Will commence Wednesday morning, Sept. 6. J. V. Keyes & Co.

The Black Goods House of Lowell.
J. V. Keyes. J. S. Banford.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP

Has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic and is the best remedy for diarrhoea. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind. Twenty-five cents a bottle

KNIVES AND GUNS

Freely Used in New York Fight

CHINAMEN ENGAGE IN FIERCE BATTLE

Twenty-one of Them Were Arrested

By Associated Press to The Sun.

NEW YORK, Sept. 5.—Riots were numerous in New York city Sunday, the result of which will be several deaths. There were a number of suicides and attempts at suicides and altogether the ambulance surgeons had a busy day by reason of the numerous shooting and stabbing affrays that took place.

Policeman Patrick O'Keefe, attached to the East 126th street station, was shot through the head and chest by Michael Farrelli in Farrelli's saloon in Second avenue. O'Keefe will die. Farrelli was arrested after a long chase and a desperate fight in which he made further effort to do murder. A mob of several thousand people gathered after the shooting and made a determined effort to lynch the Italian.

A number of detectives and a police reserve of 20 men were ordered out. They beat back the mob and one of them sprang at Farrelli and kicked him senseless. The police then marched the prisoner to the station. The mob of wildly excited men, women and children surged all about the police escort. Twice the police had to draw their weapons and force them back and there were hand-to-hand fights all along the line. Later Farrelli was taken to the hospital.

The prisoner's wife, Mary Farelli was arrested for inciting the murder, she having given her husband a revolver and told him to fire upon the police when they attempted to raid the place.

There was a riot in Chinatown Sunday night, the result of a feud of long standing between the Oriental Benevolent society and the Chu Chung society. The streets in that vicinity were blocked with a mob of more than a thousand Chinese and others and a number of the Mongolians used revolvers and black-jacks. When the rioting was at its height, 40 policemen and a number of detectives put in an appearance and did a lot of clubbing before the mob was dispersed and the prisoners marched to the police station. Charley Lee, a Chinese, was stabbed in the abdomen and will die. Roundsman William McCluskey was shot through the thigh. Ching Lou was stabbed in the arm and taken to the hospital while two other Chinese who were shot were taken away by their friends.

Twenty-one Chinese were arrested.

Thomas J. Larkin, who served through the campaign with the Eighth regiment, U. S. V., was shot Sunday night by his brother, Richard Larkin, at their home in East Thirtieth street. The wounded man is now in Bellevue hospital with a chance of recovery. Larkin was intoxicated when he did the shooting which was the result of jealousy because of his brother's popularity.

There were several other affrays in which Gian Saule, an Italian, was stabbed fatally, and Bernard Rafferty had his skull broken.

SONS OF VETERANS

HELD A PICNIC AT DEWEY GROVE SATURDAY.

The Sons of Veterans held a successful picnic at Dewey Grove Saturday afternoon about 200 attending.

The sports included: ball game between teams made up of Andover and Lowell Sons of Veterans. The Lowell team won by a score of 8 to 5. Other sports followed and resulted as follows:

100 yards dash—J. Cunningham, prize silver drinking cup.

Broad jump—J. Cunningham, prize, silver napkin ring.

Three-legged race—Cunningham and Smith, prize, set of gold studs.

Tug-of-war—Married and single men from the Sons of Veterans, prize box of cigars, won by married men.

The guessing contest was won by Miss Dickerson, prize, dress suit case.

The nail-driving contest for ladies was won by Miss S. A. Pickering, prize, breast pin.

Egg race for ladies—Won by Mamie Vinal; second prize, Miss Boyle, sleeve buttons.

McElroy's orchestra furnished music during the afternoon and evening.

The committee in charge were: S. A. Pickering, chairman; Walter Atwood, William Cannon and A. R. Pickering.

A GREEK FUNERAL.

CHAGAROOLY—The funeral of Socratis G. Chagarooly, who died at the Corporation hospital Tuesday, Aug. 29, took place Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock from the rooms of Undertaker Molloy. The Cadet band was in attendance and the body was accompanied to the place of burial in the Edson cemetery by most of the male members of the local Greek colony, about 600 being in line as well as 30 carriages filled with relatives and friends from New Bedford, Boston and this city. Rev. Abbe Sideras officiated, the usual Greek service being observed at the grave. The active pall bearers were Lewis Papas, John Vasos, Mike Poolos, Lewis Sgourdas, Lewis Michales and Evangelos Brosturis and the honorary bearers were: Harris Niarchos, Peter Limitakas, Peter Moudis, Nichles Letos, John Sanaresand Peter Priandasilakos. Among the floral tributes were a large wreath from the Economu sisters; six bouquets from Otto Foster; sprays of asters and ferns and forget-me-nots, E. F. Faulkner; crescent inscribed "Brother," from brothers; large piece emblematic of faith, hope and charity, inscribed 'Countryman," from friends; standing cross on base, inscribed "Nephew," from an uncle; standing anchor on base, inscribed "Friend," from George Vozelas. Deceased was 19 years old and came from New Bedford on a visit. He was here only a few days, when he became sick. He comes of a family well known among the Greeks and leaves three brothers residing in this city, all well-to-do.

LIVERITA
THE UP-TO-DATE
LITTLE LIVER PILL
CURES
Biliousness, Constipation, Dyspepsia, Sick-Headache and Liver Complaint.
SUGAR COATED.
40 PILLS LIVERITA 10 CENTS
100 PILLS 25 CTS.
Sold by all druggists or sent by mail.
Nervita Medical Co., Chicago
For sale by Ellingwood & Co., Druggists, Lowell, Mass.

GUILD COMES UP

Entertains the Workingmen's Club at Supper

ALSO VISITED THE SOUTH COMMON

Was Not Allowed to Speak There

With the sun beating relentlessly upon his broad expanse of countenance until the perspiration that would not be stayed rose in huge drops upon his forehead; with his eyes upon a crowd of brawny athletes tugging like mad in the cleats but his thoughts upon a public office which was once thought to be a dignified one, unhappy Curtis Guild stretched himself on the greensward of the South common yesterday afternoon and for an hour or more tried his best to look pleasant, while several hard-working strikers rushed here and there amid the crowd crying "Come here, till I introduce you to Curtis Guild, candidate for lieutenant governor."

Guild appeared upon the common while the sports were at their height, accompanied by Agent Taft of the B. & M. and a few others of the "also there" class, while George W. Poore put in an appearance later.

His presence happily didn't break up the sports, for as on July 4 no one knew him. Curtis, with that affable way of his, however, was no stranger, for he appeared to know every one there and many were wondering if he was an ex-mule spinner or a weaver. He was in town to boom himself through a bluff labor club which tendered him a reception and banquet at his own expense, 'tis said. The reception, like Col. Guild's appearance in the common, was not a striking success, and even an attempt to have a speech on the common, a gorgeous scheme from the fertile brain of one Mr. Rafferty, didn't materialize, and Col. Guild left the common after about an hour, hot, tired and more or less happy.

Of course there was a fair-sized attendance at the banquet in Odd Fellows' hall; as free feed will ever attract a crowd, and after the spread there were speeches. Among those present were: Curtis Guild, Jr., Alexander Ray, president and chairman of the evening; George W. Poore, Edward White, Hon. Frederick Lawton, Daniel Lawler, ex-Mayor J. W. Bennett, James McCaffrey, Rev. N. W. Matthews, John Wood, Alderman Geo. H. Taylor, James McDowell, representing the Lincoln club; Councilman Hatch, Timothy Harrington, Councilman Saunders, Thomas Ferris, Representative George Varney, George McElroy, James P. Ramsay, candidate for senator; William Campbell, T. W. Adams, John Bassett, Charles H. Hanson, senatorial candidate; A. R. Boutillier, A. G. Thompson, Charles W. Bell.

THE CRICKETERS

Mohair Reserves and Buntings Both Defeated

The cricket results Saturday were as follows:

Billericas 29, Zions 24;
Mohairs 49, Andover, 48.

The St. John's cricket club defeated the reserve team of the Mohair's yesterday afternoon in a two-inning game on the Chelmsford street grounds.

Tillotson, Pye, Ankers and Taylor did the playing for the visitors, while Humphries, Harrison, Smith and Haslem did good work for the home team.

The score was St. John's, 97; Mohair Reserves 94.

BUNTINGS LOSE.

The Lynns defeated the U. S. Buntings yesterday in a two-innings match on the Wigginville grounds. The score resulted 90 to 75 in favor of the Lynn team.

The Lowell team went to Sanford, Me., yesterday and succeeded in defeating the Sanfords of that place. The match was between past and present Sanford cricketers, as every member of the Lowell eleven had been residents of Sanford previous to their removal to this city a few years ago.

The game resulted in the score of 94 to 36 in favor of Lowell.

A Close Out ON OIL STOVES AS FOLLOWS:

A 50c. Oil Stove for 39c.

A $1 Oil Stove for 85c.

A $1.75 Oil Stove for $1.49.

A $7.00 blue flame, Oil Stove, for $5.95.

An $8.00 blue flame, wickless oil stove for $6.50.

This is an opportunity you should not miss. All these goods will be advanced next season, so remember this is the last chance you will have.

We have left 1 Refrigerator, 1 Baby carriage and 3 Go-Carts, going, almost gone. Do you want one? If you do say so quick.

GAYNOR & CO.

25 Prescott Street,

Telephone, 652-5.

Scottish Sovereign Remedies Cure

Dyspepsia Has No Terrors Any More.

Mackintosh Scottish Remedy Co.:

Gentlemen—It affords me great pleasure to report to you the great benefit I have received from your wonderful Dyspepsia Remedy. I have been a great sufferer from Dyspepsia, gastric and intestinal indigestion. At times I was on the verge of nervous prostration, and life seemed a burden. I was so depressed in spirits that a sharp word from a friend would cause me to shed tears. I was so weak and melancholy I often thought—am I a sufferer this way all the rest of my life? Meeting a friend one morning, he advised me to try the Scottish Remedies. After using for three days I noticed a change coming over me—nature seemed to be taking on new forces, and life was returning again. My tired and nervous system was so much better from the delightful sleep I commenced to have that I would awake in the morning feeling rested, and life no longer a burden. I cannot give you praise enough for your wonderful Indigestion Remedy, and allow me to thank you heartily and accept my gratitude for my renewal health. Yours with success,

JOHN D. MORGAN,
68 Rossiter street, Dorchester.
April, 1899.

A Special Remedy for Every Trouble.

Each Remedy 25c.

FOR SALE AT ALL DRUGGISTS

Or at the Office of the Company with Free Medical Treatment,

339 WASHINGTON ST., BOSTON.

My bill for linens and flannels is reduced about one-half since I used Marseilles White Soap.

W. E. Livingston receives shipments almost daily of the best grades of freshly mined coal. Place your orders with him today for the coming winter.

A LAST APPEAL

"Maw, if yer will make me go to church, take me around de back streets, will yer?"

DYSPEPTIC PEOPLE

should try Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. Don't expect one spoonful to cure you, but give it a chance to get at your over-worked stomach, lazy liver and impure blood. After a while you'll find your nerves strong and your digestion perfect. Use it faithfully, be you man or woman, and it will surely cure you. See that a private REVENUE STAMP covers the neck of the bottle.

DON'T EXPECT A SUBSTITUTE TO HELP YOU.

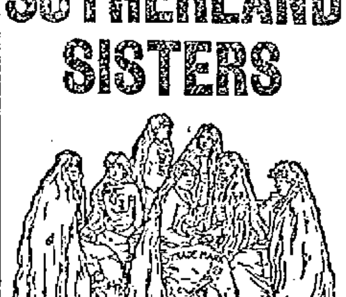
Hostetter's Stomach Bitters

COOK WANTED—Call at 96 Manson street between 7 and 8 o'clock in the evening.

TO LET—Some first-class tenements in all parts of the city. Apply to A. G. Beharrell, Room 8, Bon Marche Block.

THE OLD reliable Prudential Insurance Co., wants agents and collectors. Inquire at Room 34 Hildreth Building.

SEVEN SUTHERLAND SISTERS



Hair Grower and Scalp Cleaner

For Over 14 Years

these highly meritorious preparations have stood at the head of all hair restoratives. More than 3,000,000 bottles have been used by the American people, and thousands of testimonials bear witness to their excellence, while there were never any complaints when directions were followed.

Ask your druggist about it.

BI-METALLISTS

Outdoor Speaking Enjoyed by Immense Audiences

JUDGE JAMES P. TARVIN'S ADDRESS

Gov. Altgeld Says Croker is Shrewd

By Associated Press to The Sun.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Sept. 5.—The first of a series of meetings arranged by the New England Bi-Metallic league in the interest of bi-metallism was held at Crescent park Sunday afternoon. The speaking was done in the open air and was materially interrupted by the noisy money-making schemes which abound at that resort. Mayor George Greene of Woonsocket, called to order and Col. A. C. Drinkwater of Braintree, Mass., presided. The first speaker was Hon. Homer S. Cummings of Stamford Conn., who was followed by Judge James P. Tarvin of Kentucky, who said in part:

ALTGELD'S VIEWS.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Sept. 5.—Hon. John P. Altgeld, ex-governor of Illinois, and one of the principal speakers at the bi-metallic league meeting here Sunday said last night in regard to the attitude of Richard Croker towards the Chicago platform: "Mr. Croker is a shrewd and wily politician. If he declared for Mr. Bryan, it was because he saw which way the tide was turning.' Mr. Altgeld denied his reported statement that Croker with Bryan would be an entangling alliance, which would not be for the best interests of the democratic party. "If Mr. Croker wants to drop his political methods and come in company for a while,' said Mr. Altgeld, "we are ready to receive him. There is always room for penitents."

Mr. Altgeld referred to Mayor Carter Harrison as troubled with presidential aspirations for a period and carrying on flirtations with several states. "The leaders came together,' said he, "and decided there was no room for 'trimmers.' Notice was served on all Chicago platform democrats to stand no trifling. As a farmer attempts to drive his cattle through a gap in the fence, so we tried to lead all democrats on the Bryan side."

"Do you think you got Mr. Gorman of Maryland, through the gap?" was asked.

"We're not trying to," was the reply. "We don't need Mr. Gorman. He is a wise man and will look out for himself."

Following is a brief abstract of the speech delivered at the democratic silver meeting at Crescent Park, Narragansett Pier, Rhode Island, Saturday, Sept. 2, 1899, by James P. Tarvin, of Covington, Ky.:

"It is well settled that the Chicago platform of 1896 will not be mutilated; that the democratic national convention of 1900 will adopt that platform without any omission; and that independent bimetallism at 16 to 1 will continue to receive the support of the democratic organization of the country. It becomes every day better understood that the only democrats in this land are those who accept and believe in, and are ready to vote for the Chicago platform of 1896 as a whole. And it becomes every day better understood that those who have advocated the mutilation of that platform in 1900 are enemies of the democratic organization of the country and are the allies of those representing the interests of the organized wealth of the land. The efforts of the political bosses in New York City, in Chicago and elsewhere to obstruct and to defeat those who declare for the laborer and producer before the holders of capital and organizers of trusts, have failed and miserably failed; and there is nothing left for them but to choose between the pretense of party loyalty and an open transfer to republicanism.

We will go forth in 1900 declaring for free coinage of gold, for free coinage of silver; for the unlimited coinage of gold and the unlimited coinage of silver; and for the free and unlimited coinage of both, at the rate of 16 parts of silver to one part of gold; declaring for the money of nature and the money of centuries of usage in all lands, instead of the bastard and fraudulent coinage of legislation.

The history of coinage, the history of gold and of silver, and the relation of one to the other prior to 1873 will be well and fully discussed in this and every other state before the election of November, 1900.

In 1873 silver was demonetized; and half the money of the country was taken away by legislation; and that condition has practically and virtually continued from then until today. In that period of 26 years, we have seen a growth of wealth beyond all precedent; we have seen the multiplication of evidences of wealth on every hand; have seen the birth of inventions and of devices of comfort and luxury far beyond anything ever known before; we have seen the accumulation of fortunes equal or surpassing those of any age or any clime or any people; we have seen the growth of a government daily becoming stronger; we have seen the corporation take the place of the individual, and driving him from business and means of livelihood; we have seen the corporations grow into the trust; we have seen the riches of the land, the creation of the labor of the land, pass from the hands of the many to the hands of the few; we have seen the numbers of masters decrease and the number of servants increase; we have seen independence wane and servitude develop; we have see the birth, the growth and the degradation of the tramp; we have seen the growth of homes of scarlet, and have seen the wanton come to fill the streets; we have seen the suffering of men and the shame of women. We are presented today with the spectacle of a country of enormous wealth, produced and being produced by the labor of the millions and belonging to and enjoyed by the thousands; we have seen legislation concentrate wealth, make tramps and criminals of men, and suicides and prostitutes of women.

The demonetization of silver was a part only of this legislation, but it was an important and a vital part. The The protective tariff laws, the laws making government bonds payable in coin, the general incorporation laws were also parts of this legislation, and all of it tended to concentrate labor, the fruit of labor, to enable the favored few to accumulate, and to monopolize the fruits of the land without labor of their own, and because of the labor of others.

The repeal of this legislation will relieve no man of labor. The repeal of this legislation cannot and ought not to alter the inflexible law that labor is the only source of the fruits of labor. But the repeal of this legislation will affect the distribution of the fruit of labor, after they have been earned. The believers in Independent Bimetallism at 16 to 1 contend and contend only, that the restoration of silver, and a return to the money of usage, will tend to insure to every man the fruit of his own labor and will tend to distribute the fruits of labor in proportion to the labor that is done.

Every man is entitled to the benefit of his own labor, and no man is entitled to the benefit of any other man's labor. That is the democracy of today, and that is the meaning of the Chicago platform of 1896

In 1900 those of us who so believe will have that platform to stand upon. The voice of the people has been heard and the sentiment of the people cannot be misunderstood. If the democratic organization should depart from this the democratic party would come third on the count of the votes in November, 1900. But it will not depart. The hopeless and absurd failure of the attempts that have been made to lead the party away, are insignificant. We will have again the platform made by the people in 1899, and there will not be a dissenting voice when William J. Bryan is placed on the platform to again lead the common and obscure people of this land in a contest against the control of the government by those representing the money power of the union.

"You see, madam, Ivory Soap is really the most economical. The cake is so large that it easily divides into two cakes of the ordinary size. There is twice as much soap as you get in the usual cake of toilet soap. Then it is very economical in use, for although it lathers quickly, it is always firm and hard, even in hot water. As it floats, you can not lose it or leave it to waste in the bowl. We sell it to all of our best trade for general use."

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MATRIMONIAL.

Miss Mary Walworth Edwardes, a member of the Kirk Street Congregational church choir, was married in New York on Aug. 3 to Jean Sears Millard. The groom is the son of a New York business man who when he died left to his son $200,000. He is a member of the 1901 class of Harvard.

Cramps, Colic, Colds, Croup, Coughs, Toothache, DIARRHEA, DYSENTERY, and all BOWEL COMPLAINTS. A Sure, Safe, Quick Cure for these troubles is Pain Killer. (PERRY DAVIS'.) Used Internally and Externally. Two Sizes, 25c. and 50c. bottles.

Now Open,
HOTEL BELVIDERE
Large Sample Rooms
FOR DRUMMERS.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

PROBATE COURT.

Middlesex, ss.

To the heirs at law, next of kin and all other persons interested in the estate of Margaret A. Morris, late of Lowell in said County, deceased.

Whereas a certain instrument purporting to be the last will and testament of said deceased has been presented to said Court, for probate, by Mary E. Wilcox, who prays that letters testamentary may be issued to her, the executrix therein named, without giving a surety on her official bond.

You are hereby cited to appear at a Probate Court, to be held at Lowell, in said County of Middlesex, on the nineteenth day of September, A. D. 1899, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any you have, why the same should not be granted.

And said petitioner is hereby directed to give public notice thereof, by publishing this citation once in each week, for three successive weeks, in the Lowell Sun, a newspaper published in Lowell, the last publication to be one day at least before said court.

Witness, Charles J. McIntire, Esquire, First Judge of said Court, this twenty-fifth day of August, in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety nine.

W. E. ROGERS, Assistant Register.

ALLAN LINE.

NEW YORK to GLASGOW
Via Londonderry.

From company's Pier, foot West 21st St., New York.

Numidian, Sept. 9, Oct. 7; State of Nebraska, Sept. 9, Oct. 11; Mongolian, Sept. 23, Oct. 28.

First Cabin, $45 to $55 single, $85 to $117 round trip. Second cabin, $30 single, $57 return. Steerage, $23.50; prepaid, $24.

Glasgow and Boston, via Londonderry and Galway; Second Cabin, $30 prepaid; Steerage, $24 prepaid.

For descriptive circulars, plans of steamers and other information, apply to H. & A. Allen, 29 State street, Boston, or

Dennis Murphy, 18 Appleton St.

SCHOOL SHOES! FOR THE CHILDREN.

Now is the time to prepare them for school.

Our Boys' Misses' and Children's Shoes, we carry a complete stock in their line. Our clerks have all grown up in the shoe business, which is a guarantee to give your children the Shoe that nature intended for them. Bring your children to Lowell's Fitters of feet and save money.

High Grade Repairing.

SUNLIGHT
Shoe Store
100 CENTRAL ST.
W. S. GRADY

DR. MARTEL'S BOOK,
"Relief for Women"
Sent free, in plain, sealed envelope. Write to-day for this Book, containing Particulars and Testimonials of DR. MARTEL'S French Female Pills. Praised by thousands of satisfied ladies as safe, always reliable and without an equal. Sold by all druggists in metal box, French flag on top in Blue, White and Red. Take no other. French Drug Co., 381 & 383 Pearl St., New York City.

Music Hall

Elaborate and complete production of Joseph Arthur's Greatest Success,

BLUE JEANS.

Presented by an exceptionally strong company of twenty-five people headed by

Lester Wallack, Jr.

A CARLOAD OF SCENERY

Thursday, Friday and Saturday, Sept. 7, 8 and 9, Saturday matinee.

Prices: 10, 15, 20, 25, 35, 50c.

NASHUA, N. H.
FAIR
Sept. 19, 20, 21 and 22, 1899
A HOT TIME ASSURED.

Fine Horse Racing,
Vaudeville,
Tent Shows and the
Best Fakir's Row ever Seen
in this Section of
the Country,
Balloon Ascensions,
Parachute Jumps and
Concerts Daily.

Admission, - 50c

THE LOWELL SUN

JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Proprietor.

SUN BUILDING, LOWELL, MASS.

Member of the Associated Press

$2.00 Per Year. 25c. Per Month

THEY ALL USE IT

All the prominent merchants in Lowell use The Sun as an advertising medium. They know that it is the cheapest medium in the city on the basis of circulation.

It leads all the other papers in Lowell in circulation.

What is more, it leads any two of them in circulation.

In fact the circulation of The Sun is almost as large as the combined circulation of all the other papers in Lowell put together.

This has been proven by expert examination of the books of all the local papers.

MAYOR CROWLEY TALKS.

"I am perfectly satisfied with the way the police department is enforcing the liquor law.—I have not received a single complaint from anyone regarding the lack of vigilance on the part of the police.—Mr. Harrington of The Sun is a very foolish man.—All of his articles are foolish.—He would rather publish the wrong than the right of anything.—The man is bereft of his senses, if he ever had any.—The ravings of this man Harrington amount to nothing in the eyes of the people."—*Mayor Crowley.*

The above expressions ought to secure the "rum vote" for His Honor, the mayor, without fail.

LABOR DAY CELEBRATION.

The celebration of Labor Day cast all former events of the kind in the shade. It was an ideal celebration on one of the grandest days that it is possible to imagine. The parade reflected great credit upon the various crafts and showed a very distinct improvement in appearance over the bodies of men who turned out on former occasions of this kind. The various features were well designed, timely and appropriate, the mottoes moderate and expressive of the demands of organized labor. A pleasing feature of the parade was the number of ladies and children who brought up the rear. It was right that all should be represented. But perhaps the most gratifying feature of all, the one that most of all indicates the rise of the toilers was the total absence of anything approaching intoxication, either in the line or on the street. Never in the history of Lowell was there such a celebraton with such a total absence of drunkenness. Upon this, as well as upon the general success of the observance, the committees in charge and Chief Marshal Mahoney are to be congratulated.

THE CITIZEN'S MANOEUVRES.

The Citizen without an iota of truth to sustain its contention, persists in trying to make it appear that the contest in the democratic city committee is directed against Mayor Crowley's nomination and that The Sun is a factor in the fight for the purpose of defeating Mayor Crowley. The Sun has taken no part in the controversy which is purely a question of law and not of who will be the next democratic nominee for mayor. But this is as near as the Citizen usually gets to the facts when it undertakes to discuss democratic politics. Just now it is throwing ponderous bouquets at Mayor Crowley but when he becomes again a candidate, it will be amusing to note with what dexterity the Citizen will show its non-partisanship by attacking Mayor Crowley's administration and by booming the republican candidate. As for The Sun it has not expressed any preference as to a candidate for mayor and will leave the matter entirely to the voters, despite the Citizen's false statements to the contrary. But everybody knows just why the Citizen is at present paying such obsequious deference to Mayor Crowley.

EFFECT OF STATE POLICE SYSTEM IN FALL RIVER.

It will be remembered that a young girl driven to the point of death by ill-treatment in a Fall River hotel, together with the excitement of being brought into police court, told a pitiful story that caused the arrest of her betrayer. In commenting upon the case Judge McDonough spoke as follows of the hotel in which the girl was led to her ruin:

"For weeks there has been a continual string of moral lepers from that establishment into this court, adulterers, lewd and lascivious fornicators and the like. They use the black jack on the guests. The house is a moral death trap, an excrescence on the body politic of Fall River, and it ought to be wiped out as soon as possible, the sooner the better for the city."

That is a nice state of affairs in a city that has a board of police appointed by the governor. Fall River could not be entrusted with the management of its own police department. The state steped in and appointed the police officials. The condition brought to light in the Fall River police court and so severely commented upon by Judge McDonough is a result of this police regime. The citizens are powerless to remove the police board and they might almost as well appeal to the Shah of Persia as to ask the governor for their removal. It is further claimed that these brothels exist in Fall River with the knowledge and connivance of the police, which makes the matter still worse.

LIPTON'S RUSE.

Sir Thomas Lipton is endeavoring to make friends among the Irish residents here by a copious diffusion of Blarney. There are undoubtedly good reasons for this. The Englishmen cannot be persuaded that the Irish citizens in this country did not work some scheme on their challenging boats by which the victory for the cup defender was made certain. Sir Thomas may have a conjecture that by using the name "Shamrock" for his boat and the talisman "Erin" for his tug boat and by telling the Irish citizens that if he should win the cup, the first place he will exhibit it will be in "Royal Cork," he will win favor with Irish citizens. All this sounds strange from a man of thoroughly English sympathies but it certainly has some meaning. If he had such an admiration for things Irish, why did he exclude Irishmen from his crew. Irishmen should stand a unit in opposition to the Shamrock and in favor of the Columbia.

The Manchester Union asks this very pertinent question: "If it takes 40,000 men seven months and $100,000,000 to take possession of 300 square miles of the Island of Luzon, how many men, how many months, and how much money will it require to take and hold the entire island consisting of 51,200 square miles, for all time? And after that calculation has been made there is a chance to figure as to the whole area of the Philippine Islands of about 115,000 square miles."

That is a simple mathematical problem, the answer to which will indicate the success of the administration in the expansion policy. It might be mentioned that the United States troops have been beaten back and that the taking of more territory does not imply its permanent possession.

Lawrence is to stop dumping its garbage in piles in the outskirts of the city. It is to have a crematory and is even now investigating prices and qualities. Lowell has had a crematory but somehow it did not last long nor give much satisfaction while in use. Now we are back where we started. We must get a new crematory or a new method of disposing of the garbage.

The only kind of a war of conquest that would be endorsed by the Irish residents would be one waged to wrest Ireland from England.

OYSTER SEASON

DEALERS LOOKING FOR AN UNUSUALLY GOOD YIELD THE COMING MONTHS.

The embargo on oysters was lifted on Sept. 1, and for eight months thereafter the oyster season will be one of the busiest in every coast city from Maine to Texas.

This season has been an unusually propitious one. There appears to have been no disturbances either by the elements or by predatory enemies, and oyster dealers look forward, not only to a large supply, but to fat and luscious bivalves. The oyster spawns in July and August, and one oyster will yield 16,000,000. These first rise to the surface, but later sink and attach themselves to any hard substance they meet. A very small percentage ever reach maturity.

There was a time, and that not long ago, when to most of the people living away from the coast fresh oysters were unknown. Prior to the improved methods of packing and the introduction of the artificial refrigeration, only that partly cooked variety known as "cove oysters" was obtainable in places remote from the seaboard. But nowadays tub oysters are to be had in almost every hamlet and as far west as Denver one may eat from the shell oysters as fresh and palatable as those put on the table within sight of the waters whence they were taken.

BLEW OUT GAS

MAN NARROWLY ESCAPES DEATH AT WASHINGTON HOUSE.

Joseph Desto came from a place where modern methods of lighting are not used, and as a result nearly lost his life at the Washington House Sunday morning. Desto was found in his room unconscious and the gas turned on almost full force. The ambulance was called and the man was removed to St. John's hospital. After persistent efforts on the part of the doctors there, Desto was restored to consciousness. He blew out the gas, although he was shown how to turn it off by one of the clerks. He belonged in Presque Isle.

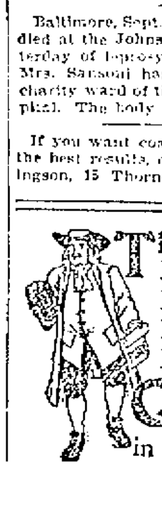
HALF-HEARTED STRIKE.

London, Sept. 5.—The strike of the sailors and firemen, which was begun yesterday in a half-hearted fashion, will apparently have only the slightest effect in dislocating the shipping industry. Already The Daily Chronicle, which is the principal labor organ, is urging the ship owners to be generous because "sailors are admittedly unable to organize like other workmen, and their lot is not rosy."

VICTIM OF LEPROSY.

Baltimore, Sept. 5.—Mrs. Mary Sansoni died at the Johns Hopkins hospital yesterday of leprosy. Since April 27, 1897, Mrs. Sansoni has been in an isolated charity ward of the Johns Hopkins hospital. The body will be cremated.

If you want coal that will burn with the best results, order it of W. E. Livingston, 15 Thorndike street.



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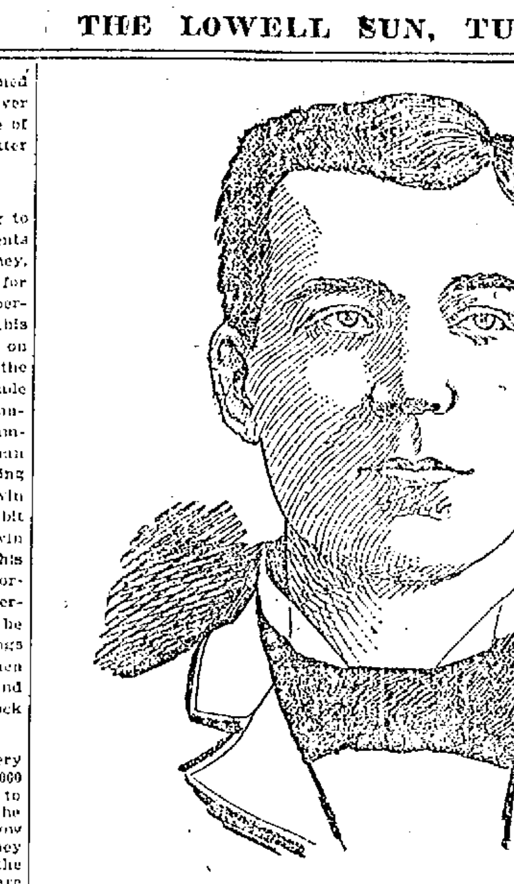


THOMAS F. CONNOLLY, Who Spoke on the Common Last Evening.

BIG LABOR RALLY

Closed the Celebration on South Common

ORGANIZER MALONEY PRINCIPAL SPEAKER

Delivered a Stirring and Timely Address

THOMAS F. CONNOLLY ALSO SPOKE

Persident Convery Acted as Chairman of Meeting

Labor day's celebration closed in the evening with a band concert and a grand labor rally at which thousands were present.

President Joseph F. Convery of the Trades and Labor council presided and the speakers were Thomas F. Connolly of Lowell, J. F. Maloney of Lynn, organizer of the Socialist Labor party, and Daniel A. White of Boston, a member of the Iron Moulders' International union. All three made vigorous speeches and they were frequently interrupted with applause.

In calling the rally to order, Mr. Convery alluded to the fact that while all the unions in Lowell have large memberships they are not as large as they should be and he hoped more people who work at the various crafts will join the branches before the next Labor Day. He announced with regret that Mayor Crowley would not be able to be present and speak on account of a meeting of the board of aldermen. In closing he referred to a statement of the mayor that the labor unions of Lowell ought to be proud of the fine showing they had made.

MR. CONNOLLY'S ADDRESS.

Then Mr. Thomas F. Connolly was introduced and he spoke in part as follows: "I wish to say that the holding of such a rally as this on Labor Day is a new departure from which we expect grand results in the future. Meetings of this kind are not difficult to arrange and it is possible to reach many more people than by hall meetings. That means that we shall have many more such gatherings as this in the future. We have been told that Lowell is behind in the organized labor movement, but after such meetings as this I feel that we shall be able to remove such an impression. Today the laboring men have owned the city of Lowell and throughout the nation the workingman has been king. This is his holiday and all labor has ceased. If the workingman has the power to rule one day, why cannot he rule every day of the year? It is because during the rest of the year he pays little attention to the movement of organization. There is no man or woman who will not admit that organized labor is a benefit to all. All measures by which you are benefited originally in organized labor. There are many questions which now take up the time of the labor unions and one of them is shortening the working day. In closing, Mr. Connolly referred to the effect upon the workingmen of the introduction of various machines and also to the efforts being put forward in favor of an eight hour law by amendment of the constitution.

MR. MALONEY'S ADDRESS.

The speech of the evening was that of Organizer Maloney of Lynn who was next introduced. Mr. Maloney is a forceful speaker and throughout his remarks had his hearers spellbound. He received great applause at frequent intervals and retired amid great cheering.

Mr. Maloney in opening, expressed the hope that the laboring people will be mindful of their interests not only on Labor Day in the future but on every other day of the year. When we consider the labor question, we cannot commence one or two years back, he continued, or we cannot go back to the time when the blacks were freed or the time that Washington commanded the army. The question of wealth producing and oppression dates back to the beginning of history. When your schoolboy reads in his book of the slave and the aristocrat of olden times we find that the slaves in those days produced all the wealth. They fought all the battles and were sneered at and despised by the aristocrats, not because of the color of their skin, but because they belonged to a class which had always done the work and carried the others on their backs. It was because they belonged in the same class that you do, the wealth producers. That was their only indictment and they were uncultured, uneducated and mentally undeveloped. We find that the slave of that period got just enough one day to keep him until the next.

There is another class of serfdom which belonged to the middle ages and which was not owned by the individuals, but belonged to the land. They worked three days and were obliged to give the next three days to their employers. They were thus obliged to support a bloodsucking class of society. Consequently all the serf got was just enough to maintain him and to bring up his children so that they might take his place when he was obliged to give up. He was obliged to fight battles from the cradle to the grave. Another branch of serfdom is that caused by capitalism or wage slavery. The slave of olden times produced by his hands and had no machine to aid him. Under the present system of capitalism, where you are not owned body and soul, your master owns the land and building and machinery and owns you for ten or twelve hours every day. Your wages are regulated by the competition among the wage earners. The more men there are idle, the lower your wages go and vice versa. With the machines of the present day, you do more in a day than the serf did in a month and you get just enough for yourself to bring up your children. Your work makes multi-millionaires of your employers.

The average wealth that a man produces according to the census of 1890 is $10 a day and the average wage that he receives is less than $1.25 a day. We learn from the city directory that the Amoskeag mills of Manchester, N. H., have 5000 men and women on their pay roll. The money spent for wages each month is given at $150,000. The result is that the average pay earned by each employe is 72 cents a day or $15.75 a month.

These are your American capitalists who are going to pass laws for your benefit. Not on your life. In that same factory, while some men may get 25 a day, there are children working for 10, 20, and 30 cents a day. These are the children of the class that you belong to. Those capitalists are the men who go to Europe and get titled foreigners for their daughters to marry. You don't get wages enough to buy back what you produce. When overproduction comes there is sure to follow a panic and the great parties blame each other. The capitalist does not care whether you die or not or whether your children are educated or not. The capitalist uses the wage-earners no better than they were used on the other side of the water. Your labor power is sold to them.

Go to Quality Hill and see the fine houses that the capitalists live in and then go to Little Canada and Winter street and William street, and see the difference. The capitalists are the people that live on your back. The speaker made a passing reference to Col. Guild and the interests that he represents and touched upon the Philippino question. He criticized Henry Cabot Lodge for inconsistency. In closing he said that the capitalist belongs to a class that is of no use to the wage-earners outside of stealing the results of their labors, no more necessary than a flea is to a dog's happiness.' He predicted the triumphant victory of organized labor in the years to come.

Mr. White was then introduced and after praising Mr. Maloney's address he explained in an interesting manner how the iron moulders' union of Boston had by organization increased since 1885, the minimum wages of members of the craft from $9 a week to $16.50. In the beginning there was but a small union on account of the preceding hard times. Then men were obliged to work as many hours as the bosses saw fit to have them. If anyone protested he was sure to receive his discharge and another man who was waiting would quickly take his place. In September, 1895, almost every iron moulder in Boston was in the union and then began a gradual improvement in our condition. We gradually got up to $2.50 a day and then to $2.75.

I, as a moulder, have been able to participate in all those good things and have been able to carry home to my family the increased wages brought about by the organization of the union. Every union can do the same thing if you will all work together. The moulders of various cities are better off than ever before. The bricklayers in Boston were working for $1.75 a day in 1881 and 1882 and through organization they have got up to 45 cents an hour for every hour they work. In closing, the speaker enlarged upon the benefits that are sure to come from organization.

Mr. Convery brought the meeting to a close by thanking the crowd for their attention and also thanking the mayor and city government for the appropriation made.

Do You Know Uneeda Biscuit ?

Get acquainted to-day. Don't wait until to-morrow. Ask your grocer for a package. Taste them. Never sold in bulk. Put up in 5 cent packages. Take no imitations.

BOXING GOSSIP.

Mike Sears may be matched to box Joe Bernstein before one of the big New York clubs this month. Billy Hoche may join Mike with his stable of boxers, in which event the little Lynn feather would get a chance to meet some of the good ones in his class the winter over in Gotham, "Nothing would suit me better than to box Bernstein, or Dave Sullivan, for that matter, for a suitable purse and neither of them will have anything on me when the battle is over," says the Shoe City boxer. The Hawthorne A. C. made Sears an offer to meet Sullivan the latter part of this month, but if the match with Bernstein is arranged it will be boxed about Sept. 23 in Brooklyn or New York. Sears leaves for Montreal for a short barnstorming trip this week, where he will spar lads in his class.

California seems to be sending out all the great pugilists nowadays. There is Jim Corbett, Jim Jeffries, the champion, Tom Sharkey, Jim Kennedy and the latest prize ring star from the Golden state is Jim Jeffords. Jeffords, from all appearances, is a coming world beater. Only last week he met and defeated the once famous Peter Jackson, who in his prime was considered one of the greatest heavyweight fighters the world has ever seen, and Monday night he knocked out Nick Burley of California in two minutes. Burley is well known in the east having fought several battles here a few years ago. A man who has never been heard of, who defeats two men of Jackson and Burley's calibre in such a short time certainly will bear watching.

Joe Flaherty, the well-known local lightweight, wants to meet Joe Mullen of Boston, who is said to be matched with Tim Kearns. Flaherty has already defeated Mullen twice, but he don't mind doing the trick again, he says, if Mullen is willing to meet him. Joe may go to Worcester soon and open a boxing school there. He is said to be a great favorite in that city.

George Dixon will in all likelihood be matched to meet Will Curley, the English featherweight, who is coming to this country shortly. Curley is under contract to Billy Brady to box before the Coney Island Sporting club, in which Brady is interested. Dixon and Curley will meet at this club some time this month.

The victor in the coming Flaherty-Gardner fight will be matched to meet Ben Jordan, the English featherweight champion, and the winner of this contest will then be matched to meet the victor of the Dixon-Curley bout for the featherweight championship of the world. In this event Flaherty stands more than an equal chance of yet being the world's champion, which is the goal of his ambition.

Tommy Ryan, the Syracuse welterweight, and Kid McCoy, who aspired one time to be a heavyweight, do not speak as they pass by. This state of affairs has lasted for some time, according to those who say they know. Some go so far as to say that the feeling between them is almost as bitter as that between Corbett and Fitzsimmons. Rumor has it that Corbett will be in Jack Moffatt's corner when the latter goes against Ryan at Dubuque to-night. When Ryan saw McCoy go down and out at Chicago the other night and while the seconds were being counted, he remarked: "I told you so." There is nothing so aggravating to McCoy as to have his rival utter that time-worn gag. but on top of that Ryan let go the following interview, which will make the kid happier still: "McCoy is romping around the country meeting stiffs that a healthful featherweight would scoff at. He ducks this one and takes on that one, but when a man with an earnest desire and ample backing comes along he begins to impose impossible weights and other conditions. He once got a decision over me when I had a kneecap upon which I could hardly stand. If I am fortunate enough to win the decision over Moffatt, any reputable club offering a suitable purse can consider me signed, if the Hoosier accepts."

Certainly a match between McCoy and Ryan would be interesting. Manager Wilson of the Hawthorne A. C. of Buffalo has been striving for some time to have them meet before his organization and settle their long-standing argument. Perhaps he may be successful, though some people maintain that Ryan and McCoy are averse to facing each other in the same ring.

Beecham's pills for constipation 10¢ and 25¢. Get the book at your druggist's and go by it.

Annual sales more than 6,000,000 boxes.

JAS. MORAN WON

Two Firsts and One Second Prize

INGRAHAM GETS TWO FIRSTS

Moran Establishes Track Record of 2.16

The Spindle City Wheelmen held their ninth race meet at the Fair Grounds Saturday, which proved to be a successful one despite the bad condition of the weather. The attendance was unusually large for such a dreary and wet day. The track was in poor condition, some of the places on the back stretch being all mud. The home stretch was the best part of the track, and that was not in a decent condition, it being very heavy.

James Moran of Chelsea, the champion amateur rider of the world, and J. B. Ingraham, of Lynnfield, took the cream of the prizes. Everything seemed to come their way and they found no difficulty in winning their events. Moran won the half mile open, one-mile handicap and got second in the five mile handicap. Ingraham won his match race with Moran and the five mile handicap.

Ingraham's trainer did not think there woud be any races on account of the rain, and therefore he did not come to Lowell. Upon Ingraham's arrival on the track he found no trainer or wheel.

On the whole Ingraham made a very good showing, he having to ride on four different wheels during the meet.

In the competition races with the out of town riders, the local men failed to get a first prize. Horace Lefebvre did some good riding; he won a second and a fourth.

There were but eight starters in the novice race and it was run off in one heat. It was a regular drag from the beginning, Morin winning, with McLaughlin, about three wheellengths behind. Just as the bunch was crossing the tape, W. T. Shore swerved his wheel and took a tumble he was not hurt, however.

In the first heat of the one-mile handicap Moran and Ingraham were on scratch, with Keegan on the 60-yard mark next. The scratch men paced each other and at the end of the first lap, they caught the limit men and after that the race belonged to them; Moran finishing first with Ingraham a close second.

Hargraves was the only scratch man in the second heat, and the limit men made it hot for him, but he succeeded in catching them. He finished fifth in the heat. He appeared to ride easy when he knew he would get a place.

In the final heat of the mile handicap there were three scratch men. Coming down the home stretch Hargraves and Ingraham got shut out, Moran winning first.

The one-half mile open was the next event run off. It was scheduled to be run off in two heats, but on account of there being only seven starters it was decided to run it off in one heat. This race was pretty hot from beginning to end.

Ingraham dropped out on the back stretch on account of the strange wheel he was riding, and Moran and Hargraves had it neck and neck down the home stretch, Moran winning out by some inches.

There were five tandem teams entered in the Australian tandem pursuit race, but only three rode. The Haverhill team were not there and Keegan and O'Brien, who were going to ride the other tandem, did not feel like riding on the heavy track. The P. A. C.'s, S. C. W. and the Vixen tandem were the three starters. The S. C. W. team was passed by the P. A. C.'s at 2 1-4 miles and the P. A. C. 's overtook the Vixens at the end of five miles.

The five mile handicap was the most exciting race of the day. Moran, Ingraham and Hargraves' rode from scratch and the next man was 200 yards ahead of them. They kept plugging all the time, changing pace now and then. On the beginning of the third mile Ingraham made one of his long sprints and caught the limit men. He rode around the bunch and held them back until Moran and Hargraves caught up. On the three quarters pole the sprint was started, Ingraham, Moran and Hargraves crossing the tape in the order named, with H. Lefebvre in fourth place.

In the final heat of the one-mile handicap Moran lowered the one-mile competition record of the track to 2.16.

The summary:

One mile novice won by J. Morin, Lowell; J. McLaughlin, Lowell, second; time 2.42 3-5.

One mile handicap—First trial heat won by J. Moran, Chelsea, scratch; J. F. Ingraham, Lynnfield, scratch, second; P. Keegan, Lowell, 60 yards, third; E. A. Lynde, Lowell, 120 yards, fourth; T. S. Murphy, Lowell, 90 yards, fifth; time 2.20. Second trial heat won by P. Dion, West Chelmsford, 120 yards, M. F. O'Brien, Lowell, 65 yards, second; . Lefebvre, Lowell, 130 yards, third; W. A. Mitchell, Lowell, 110 yards, fourth; C. N. Hargraves, Saxonville, scratch, fifth; time 2.21 2-5. Final heat won by J. Moran, scratch; . Lefebvre, 130 yards, second; W. A. Mitchell, 110 yards, third; time, 2.16.

One-half mile open won by J. Moran, Chelsea; C. N. Hargraves, Saxonville, second; M. O'Brien, Lowell, third; time 1.10 1-5.

One-mile scratch race between James Moran and J. F. Ingraham. Best two heats out of three. First heat won by J. F. Ingraham, time 2.20. Second and final heat won by J. F. Ingraham, time 2.35 3-5.

Australian tandem pursuit race, won by P. A. C. tandem, McIntosh and Hoyle, distance 5 miles, time 11.47 2-5.

Five-mile handicap, won by J. F. Ingraham, Lynfield, scratch; James Moran, Chelsea, scratch, second; C. N. Hargraves, Saxonville, scratch, third; H. Lefebvre, Lowell, 275 yards, fourth; time 13.13.

Twelfth School Year

Isaac Pitman School of Shorthand.

F. BLANCHE HARD, Principal

We open the fall term at REDUCED RATE. Call or send for catalogue for 1900. Hundreds of graduates placed in business houses by school. Both Miss Hard and her instructors members of the Eastern Commercial Teachers Association. The high standard of this school assures graduates of good positions. Typewriting, up-to-date methods, all day sessions. Fall term Tuesday, September 5. Day and evening.

31 Hildreth Building.

OLD COMMITTEE

Is the Legal One Says Solicitor Qua

OPINION RENDERED TO BOARD OF ALDERMEN

On Democratic City Committee Dispute

At last night's special meeting of the board of aldermen, City Solicitor Qua gave a verbal opinion to the board that the democratic city committee, known as the committee of 1898, is the present legal organization and is entitled to the use of the polling stations on the night of Sept. 14.

The meeting was the second of the day, Solicitor Qua failing to appear at the first and when requested by Mayor Crowley to give an opinion on the question, was loath to do so, saying: "Let them fight it out themselves."

But finally he rendered the decision as above and spoke in part as follows:

"In the first place, I fail to see why it is necessary for this board to determine which is the legal committee. It is for the board to decide where caucuses will be held, not to debate upon the legality of either committee. Suppose the board thinks one of the committees is entitled legally to the polling stations, there is nothing to stop the other committee from also taking possession'

"There is another reason which makes me hesitate. In a situation of this kind, a man cannot very well give an opinion without being accused of partiality.

"I assume that there was a committee organized under the law of 1898. This committee should have called caucuses to elect their successors in December of the same year. As it was, their successors were not elected until the spring of the present year. It may have been a wrong and wicked thing to do, but I cannot find that because of their neglect they are now out of office. According to the law they remain in office until the first of the year, when the committee elected in the past spring assumes the right of office. No matter how dishonest it may have been this failure in December of 1898 to call caucuses for the election of their successors, the law points to but one conclusion."

Alderman Derby moved that the superintendent of lands and buildings be instructed to prepare the polling stations. Voted. It was said that ward five is without a polling place. Supt. Gillow will be authorized to look up a place. Aldermen Derby, Taylor and Miskella were appointed a committee to designate polling stations for state and city elections. Adjourned.

CO. C'S SHOOT.

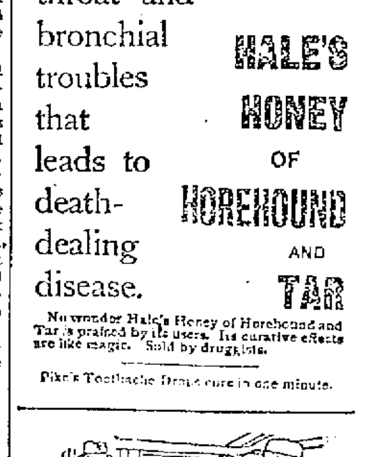
Several members of Co. C went to the rifle range in Dracut Saturday and held a practice shooting match. The following is the score of the men who attended: Gannon, 200 yards, 46-48; McQuesten, 200 yards, 38; Chandler, 20 yards, 93; Chandler, 500 yards, 40; McQuesten, 500 yards, 41.

it's neglect of throat and bronchial troubles that leads to death-dealing disease.

HALE'S HONEY OF HOREHOUND AND TAR

No wonder Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar is praised by its users. Its curative effects are like magic. Sold by druggists.

Pike's Toothache Drops cure in one minute.



DIAMOND DUTY.

Is so small now that it really doesn't pay to smuggle in stones.

We have just received a consignment of diamonds, set and unset.

Every one of them is of fine quality, clear, lustrous, and of splendid color. All sizes. The prices range from $12 to $250, according to size and brilliancy, but all are remarkably good value.

HARRIS'S

10 APPLETON STREET.

THE SUN EXTRA! 6 O'CLOCK

LABOR'S GREAT DAY

The Grandest Celebration in Local History

JOHN J. MAHONEY Chief Marshal Parade.

Parade Replete With Entertaining Features Was Witnessed by a Multitude—Fine Sports and Labor Rally

No event in the history of local organized labor has ever approached the complete success of the celebration in which thousands joined yesterday, in honor of labor's great holiday.

To begin with, the weather was atmospheric perfection, a cool breeze tempering the heat of the bright sun to the supreme delight of the hosts of the marching toilers and their admiring friends. Early in the morning the crowds began to gather on the streets, each incoming electric car bringing a large contingent from the neighboring cities and town. There were no celebrations in either Nashua or Lawrence but hundreds came here from those cities, as did two bands from up the river and a drum corps and a union from the lower city.

The general program was an excellent one and each detail was carried out to the letter, an enduring tribute to the efforts of Messrs. Mahoney, Convery, and the tireless toilers whose indefatigable efforts met with grand results.

Nothing marred the completeness of labor's celebration and the little matters of regret in connection with the affair, the non-appearance of the store clerks in the parade and the attempt of a so-called Workingmen's club to take advantage of the celebration for political purposes failed even to ruffle the smoothness with which the day passed into history.

There was a parade which has never been equalled in this city, a first class program of sports attended by a countless multitude and an evening celebration out-doors which was well attended and enthusiastically received.

The parade demonstrated conclusively that labor was never better organized than it is today. Heretofore in our local labor day parades, the textile crafts predominated in line. Yesterday they were there in the fulness of their numbers but they were only a fair sized part of the parade, for the other trades unions were there in variety and numbers, the grocers, carpenters, leather workers, iron moulders, horseshoers, shavers, electrical workers and others, all tastefully uniformed, contributing the major portion of the procession. Then there was music galore, six bands and a crackerjack drum corps furnishing most inviting music to the marchers. The floats were numerous, well conceived and finely executed and on the whole he who had formed the opinion that labor parades are nothing more than so many men marching the streets in their working clothes was most agreeably disappointed and deeply impressed by the spectacle presented by Lowell's toilers on their holiday.

THE PARADE.

The parade started shortly after 9 o'clock.

The first division was formed on South street, the right resting on Sumner street, and the second division formed on Highland street, the right resting on South street.

The third division formed on Thorndike street, the right resting on Highland street. The merchants' floats formed in the rear of the third division.

The formation was as follows:

Platoon of police, Lieut. Webster in command.

Chief Marshal, John J. Mahoney, white sash, Typographical Union.

Chief of staff, Albert M. Ham, red sash, Shavers' Union.

Aids—Blue sash, James P. Collins, Carders' and Pickers' Union; William J. Galvin, Carpenters' Union; Daniel F. Coughlan, Wool Spinners' Union; Michael P. Connelly, International Brotherhood of Stationary Firemen's Union; Daniel Moynihan, Building Laborers' Union; Timothy J. Reagan, Horseshoers' Union; D. J. Morrow, Loomfixers' Union; George Doslist, Loomfixers' Union; Michael Duggan, Mule Spinners' Union; John H. Griffin, Electrotype Finishers' Union; Owen McArdel, Iron Moulders' Union; John J. Linane, Boilermakers' Union; James Gilligan, Shavers' Union; William Lee, Leather Workers' Union; George J. Gray, Typographical Union; Peter Berniee, Grocers' and Provision Clerks; Alex. George, Bricklayers' Union.

Carriage containing Aldermen Derby and McNulty, and Councilman Markham of the city council; Labor Day committee and President Joseph F. Convery of the Trades and Labor Council.

FIRST DIVISION.

Marshal, James O'Loughlin.

Borjes' Military Band, E. J. Borjes, Leader, 25 pieces.

Trades and Labor Council, 50 men.

Marshal, Patrick Gormley.

Bricklayers' Union, 50 men.

Marshal, Robert M. Graham.

Provision and Grocery Clerks, 75 men.

Marshal, Andrew McDonald.

Electrical workers with float, 50 men.

SECOND DIVISION.

Marshal, Orrin M. Horton.

Aids, Frank Keppler, David Decelle.

Lowell Cadet Band, John Hanlon, leader, 25 pieces.

(Continued to Page Eight.)

TRARIEUX'S SPEECH

Leading Feature of Dreyfus Trial Today

The Former Minister of Justice Declares His Belief in Dreyfus' Innocence and Begs That an Innocent Man be Not Punished—He Cites the Case of Admiral Byng as a Warning

By Associated Press to The Sun.

RENNES, Sept. 5.—M. Cernuschi, the political refugee and reputed scion of the Servian royalty who appeared yesterday before the Dreyfus court martial as a witness for the prosecution, was not examined by the court during the time it sat behind closed doors on this, the second day of the fifth week of Captain Alfred Dreyfus' trial on the charge of treason in communicating army secrets to a foreign government.

When the open session of the court martial began, M. Labori presented a formal application to the court for an order upon Major Carriere, the government commissary, to request that interested foreign governments, through diplomatic channels, communicate to the court various documents relating to the bordereau. M. Labori explained the purpose of the application by citing the fact that the court was now in an extremely delicate situation and added that he had pointed out to Major Carriere, Col. Schwartzkoppen and Signor Panizzardi as witnesses he deemed necessary to summon. M. Labori said he thought this step would worry nobody and that it was in conformity with precedents.

Major Carriere replied that he did not think the government could ask another government for the restoration of documents. He suggested that the defense should obtain and submit the papers semi-officially to the court. He saw no objection to hearing Col. Schwartzkoppen and Signor Panizzardi if they consented to come.

M. Paineologue said that while M. Labori's request appeared quite logical and just, there were diplomatic considerations which made it inadmissible for the government to take such initiative as was proposed by counsel for the defense. Col. Jouaust said they could decide the matter later and meanwhile proceeded with the taking of evidence.

The first witness who was called to the bar today was the reporter, Bassett, whom the Matin sent to London to interview Major Count Ferdinand Walsin Esterhazy. He deposed that Esterhazy confessed to him that he wrote the bordereau under orders from Col. Sandherr, who was then chief of the secret intelligence bureau. The order, Esterhazy said, was to catch the traitor at the headquarters of the general staff, whom Esterhazy afterwards said was Captain Dreyfus.

Major Carriere here burst out with an extraordinary protest against Major Esterhazy's insinuations against Col. Sandherr. "I protest," he cried, "in the name and memory of Col. Sandherr against the insinuations introduced against him."

M. Labori, however, ignored this protest, which he styled a "ridiculous pretension."

M. Labori then called upon General Roget to testify regarding letters he had received from Maj. Esterhazy since the opening of this hearing.

General Roget today looked the ghost of his former aggressive self. His face was careworn and showed little of that fighting spirit which first characterized his appearance upon the stage. He replied that he only opened one letter from Major Esterhazy, which he had forwarded to Col. Jouaust. General Roget added that he had declined to receive other letters.

M. Labori then asked Col. Jouaust to have the letters read.

Col. Jouaust declined, but M. Labori insisted so firmly that Col. Jouaust, after wrangling a while, gave way and consented that the letters should be read later. Col. Jouaust explained that he opposed the reading of the letters because they only contained personal attacks upon various parties and would only lead to a prolongation of the trial.

General Roget then read the one Esterhazy letter which he admitted having opened. In this letter Major Esterhazy said he could not prove the existence of the alleged syndicate organized in the interest of Dreyfus and he complained that the general staff had refused to give him a full hearing.

M. Labori then put a series of questions intended to bring out the fact that the general staff had made use of Major Esterhazy even after he was known to be unreliable. General Roget said that he had not considered Major Esterhazy's avowals to be of any value.

M. Labori sought to question General Roget more closely on his statement that none of the generals of the general staff had any relations with Major Esterhazy, but Col. Jouaust declined to allow further discussion. This led to another scene between the president of the court martial and counsel for the defense. M. Labori declared that General Roget, who came here more as a public prosecutor than as a witness, refused to reply to probing questions.

A little later, M. Labori pushed the question on General Billot on what is known as the liberating document.

General Zurlinden then came upon the platform dressed in the uniform of his rank. He spoke a few words respecting the general staff's belief in Major Esterhazy.

M. Demange asked General Roget his opinion of Major Esterhazy.

"I have an absolute conviction," replied General Roget amid cries of "Oh" from the audience, "that Major Esterhazy is a stranger to treason."

General Roget then delivered a short discourse in reply to the statement of M. des Fonds-Lamothe on Saturday that the phrase in the bordereau, "I am going to the manoeuvres," showed that Dreyfus could not be the author of the bordereau. General Roget maintained that M. Lamothe was wrong.

Captain Dreyfus arose and in a clear voice emphatically insisted that the circular of May 17, 1894, announcing that the probationers would not go to the manoeuvres, was written in the clearest language, which the court would see if it were read. He reiterated that he had never asked to go the manoeuvres, for he was absolutely convinced that such a request would not be granted.

M. Deffes, a reporter for the Temps, testified that he saw Major Esterhazy in London and that the latter confessed that he was the author of the bordereau. The witness added that he raised the question of the letters of Madame Boulanc and brought away the impression that Esterhazy wrote the "Uhlan" letter.

M. Trarieux, formerly minister of justice, was the next witness called. He made a long deposition in favor of Dreyfus, reviewing the history of the case and his own part in connection therewith.

M. Trarieux' deposition closed the public session. He made a very telling speech describing how his original belief in the guilt of Dreyfus was first shaken and then completely changed to conviction of innocence by subsequent developments and the noble conduct of M. Scheurer-Kestner, formerly vice president of the senate. The letters exchanged between General Gonse and Lieut. Col. Picquart also strengthened his conviction. M. Trarieux spoke of the machinations against Picquart and said he accused nobody. He believed however that the chiefs were deceived. M. Trarieux recounted a conversation with a foreign ambassador, who declared, in a tone of the greatest sincerity, that Dreyfus never had relations with him nor with any officer of his country, while the ambassador added he possessed documents proving the guilt of Major Esterhazy. M. Trarieux delivered a very impressive passage, recalling the execution of the English admiral Byng on the charge of treason, who was afterwards found to have been unjustly condemned. M. Trarieux said that Frenchmen might well dread to have such a blood stain upon their history as the execution of Admiral Byng which marred the history of England. M. Trarieux said that General Roget and Captain Cuignet were wrong in the conclusion they had drawn from the correspondents of of agents "A" and "B" that Dreyfus was guilty. He reiterated that the ambassador to whom he had previously referred had affirmed that Major Esterhazy was the traitor; and the former minister of justice declared in an emphatic tone which made a deep impression upon his hearers that no parallel ought to be drawn between a model officer like Dreyfus and Major Esterhazy, who had not even the soul of a Frenchman.

M. Trarieux on alluding to the bordereau was interrupted by Major Carriere, who said that while he opposed direct official application to foreign governments for documents mentioned in the bordereau, yet, if by a side wind the documents could be produced, he would personally be very much pleased. This is practically an invitation to Germany to volunteer to communicate the documents in question.

At the conclusion of M. Trarieux' testimony which was a veritable speech for the defence and which apparently made an impression upon the judges, the court martial went behind closed doors and examined the secret espionage dossier.

The court also deliberated upon M. Labori's request that application be made to Germany for the documents described in the bordereau. The decision was unanimously reached to reject the application on the ground that the court was incompetent to invite the government to take diplomatic steps to obtain the documents in question. It was also decided to hear M. Cernuschi behind closed doors tomorrow.

There will be a session of the registrars at city hall Saturday night from 7 until 9 o'clock.

George E. Conley, member of the state board of education has been visiting Lowell.

A MOB'S THREAT

Compelled Mormon Elder to Withdraw a Charge

OF MURDEROUS ASSAULT ON A FARMER

Who Had Kicked and Beaten Him

By Associated Press to The Sun.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., Sept. 5.—A mounted armed mob of some 200 men took charge of a court, sheriff and litigants yesterday at Johnson Springs, Va., and by main force put a stop to the proceedings. For a time a wholesale lynching appeared inevitable.

Elder Joseph E. Wuflin, a Mormon, was murderously assaulted some nights ago from ambush, brutally beaten with clubs and kicked while unconscious on the ground. Fleming Ridley, a white farmer, was arrested as a leader in the attack on the charge of assault with attempt to murder. He was arraigned for trial yesterday and soon after his men surrounded the court house and detailed a committee to notify the court that the proceedings must stop. A second committee of determined regulators took charge of Elder Wuflin and threatened to lynch him unless he withdrew the prosecution and agreed to leave the country. Fearing they would carry their threats into execution, he withdrew the case. The prisoner had been liberated by the mob. Wuflin remarked that there was no justice in Virginia whereupon members of the mob replied: "No law for Mormons except to kill them."

SPANISH OFFICERS ACQUITTED

By Associated Press to The Sun.

MADRID, Sept. 5—The trial of Captain Diaz Moreau, who commanded the Spanish cruiser Cristobal Colon at the battle of Santiago de Cuba and General Pareze, who was on board the Colon on charges arising from the destruction of the Spanish fleet off Santiago on July 3 last year, was concluded yesterday. Both the accused officers were acquitted.

DEATHS.

McCLUSKEY — Mary McCluskey, aged 45 years, died Sunday at her late home, 3 Mellen's yard, off Fayette street. Deceased is survived by a husband, Hugh Mellen. The funeral will take place this afternoon at 4 o'clock.

LEONARD—Mary, aged 1 year and 4 months, daughter of Michael and Mary Leonard, died last night at the home of her parents, 183 Concord street. The funeral will take place tomorrow afternoon.

KELLY—John Joseph, infant son of Arthur and Jennie Kelly, died yesterday at the home of her parents, 679 Market street.

HAYES—Mary Hay s, aged 65 years, an old resident of North Billerica, died Sunday at the home of her son-in-law, Patrick Mahoney on Talbot avenue. She is survived by several children.

LAROCHE—Reta, aged 8 months, child of Leon and Val da Laroche, died yesterday at the home of her parents, 168 Fletcher street.

BURKE—Michael Burke, an old resident of this city, died Sunday night at the Corporation hospital. He is survived by a wife.

The funeral will take place this afternoon at 2:30 o'clock from J. F. O'Donnell's office.

LAKEVIEW THEATRE.

The Dazzler, that bright comedy that always pleases Lowell people, has proven the season's star attraction at the Lakeview theatre. Labor Day and evening it was necessary to put chairs in the aisles, so great was the demand for seats. The company is led by Ida Marie Rogers, a Lowell lady, who as Kittie Starlight, has a part all her own that gives her great opportunities to display her cleverness. Miss Rogers is just as winning as ever she was in her baby songs and was repeatedly encored by the audience. For a musical team, nothing yet seen here can beat Boulden and Griffin. They are musical comedians of the highest class and fill in a specialty that is well worth a trip to Lakeview to see.

Emile Huesel is a very funny little Dutchman who is a great fun maker, and also has a fund of stories and jokes that will make you laugh. Agnes Evans sings all the latest coon songs in clever style and is clearly a big favorite with Lakeview patrons. The play is on every afternoon and evening this week and if you want to laugh, don't fail to see the Dazzler.

PERSONAL.

Misses Lizzie Reynolds of Dutton street and Annie V. Maguire of Centralville, left Sunday for a few weeks vacation. During their trip they will attend the G. A. R. encampment at Philadelphia, after which they will leave for Shenandoah and other points of interest.

Master Willie Shea of Hudson street will spend this week at Framingham.

Mr. and Mrs. P. L. Gregoire have returned from Paris.

Misses Bessie and Sadie Mossure of the Oaklands and Miss Ettie Mackey of Lundberg street are spending ten days vacation on the beautiful coast of Maine.

Dr. and Mrs. William H. Pepin and their son have returned from their vacation spent at Shefford Mountain, Quebec, and Lake Memphonagog, Vt.

A. E. Lewin, foreman of the piano stool factory, left last Saturday morning to visit his mother, who has been seriously ill in the Maine general hospital.

Misses Helen F. and Rose B. Creahan of Tyler Park have returned from their vaation spent at Dame cottage, Juniper Point, as the guest of their uncle, Mr. Robert J. Thomas.

Miss Nellie Riley for the coming two weeks will be the guest of Mrs. David Ready of Walker street.

The Misses Annie and Mary Flynn are enjoying the sea breezes of Crescent Beach.

TOM DOLAN DEAD

Former Lowell Sporting Man Passed Away

"Tom" Dolan, who for many years was one of Lowell's most popular residents and a local leader in sporting circles passed away at his home, Bandan street, New York city, Saturday night. He is survived by a widow and a host of friends.

"Tom" Dolan who was known to every one in Lowell of the past generation was a native of New York. In 1873 he came to this city, having completed an honorable army record in the civil war, in which he had the distinction of being the youngest drummer boy to enlist from his native state. He joined Post 42, G. A. R., and started up what was known as the Army and Navy Billiard Parlors, in a hall over A. G. Pollard's present store on Merrimack street, where he soon became famous as a sporting man. Next he opened the celebrated Pawtucket Fruit and Flower Gardens across the river in Pawtucketville. After a brief career there he purchased a saloon on Merrimack street near Tremont, and engaged in business there until 1876, when he went out to the Black Hills.

Returning from the Black Hills, he opened the "Big Six" saloon on Bridge street, and later established the present Rockingham saloon in Central street. In 1887 he went back to New York and engaged in the liquor business, but for several years had been the victim of paralysis.

He was the man who brought John L. Sullivan and Hanlon, the oarsman, to Lowell for the first time and had on exhibition for a time in his saloon the shell in which Hanlon won the world's championship on the Thames. He was the backer of Dan Driscoll, the oarsman of former years, when the latter was in his prime. He was a hale fellow well met and was one of the most popular men in town in his day.

FUNERALS.

FALLON—The funeral of James Fallon took place this morning at 9 o'clock from the Sacred Heart church, where a requiem high mass was celebrated by Rev. John P. Reynolds, O. M. I. The funeral was very largely attended by relatives and friends of the deceased. The pall bearers were Michael, Kiern, Charles, Patrick and Frank Fallon of this city and Thomas Fallon of Peabody. Interment was in the Catholic cemetery under the direction of Undertaker Rogers.

VINALL—The funeral of Mrs. Sarah Vinall took place yesterday afternoon at 2 o'clock from her late residence, 11 Simpson Place. Rev. Mr. Hewett officiated. The pall bearers were Henry Runels, George Farnin, Thomas Collins, George Poor. Interment was in the Edson cemetery under the direction of Undertaker Weinbeck.

HANSON—The funeral of Emma Hanson took place yesterday afternoon at 4 o'clock from her late residence, 20 New Fletcher street. Rev. J. Gullaus officiated. There was singing by Miss Carlson, Miss Parson and Mr. Bernlaon. The pall bearers were A. Johnson, E. Anderson, W. Gillinson, S. Nelson, O. Bernston, J. Mattson. Interment was in the Edson cemetery under the direction of Undertaker J. A. Weinbeck.

MITCHELL—The funeral of W. J. Mitchell took place at 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon from his late home, 218 Lincoln street. Rev. J. N. Craig officiated and the bearers were friends of the deceased who were fellow employes with the Boston and Maine railroad.

LATHAM—The funeral of William Latham took place yesterday afternoon at 4 o'clock from his late home, 20 Fulton Place. Services were held at the grave in St. Patrick's cemetery. Rev. Richard S. Burke officiating. A delegation from the Iron Moulders' union of which he was a member were present, also friends from Boston, Fitchburg and Lawrence. The bearers were Frank Cunniff, John Iverson, William Murphy, Fred Moran, Lewis Bushey and James Everett. Undertaker Molloy had charge.

DEXTER—The funeral of John S. Dexter took place from his late residence in Tewksbury Saturday afternoon at 1 o'clock with prayers at the house and services at the Talbot chapel, Lowell cemetery at 2 o'clock. Rev. J. H. Yeoman of Tewksbury officiated and the pall bearers were Henry Dexter, Edwin Dexter, Joel Phelps and H. N. Lathrop. The interment was in the Lowell cemetery under the direction of J. A. Weinbeck.

GIBSON—The funeral of Mrs. Flora D. Gibson took place from her late residence, 648 Westford street, Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Rev. Mr. Hewett officiated and the pall bearers were George King, Frank Hill, Miles G. Gardner, S. S. Mayberry. The interment was in the Edson cemetery under the direction of J. A. Weinbeck.

ROARK—The funeral of Joseph H. Roark took place yesterday from the home of his parents, Daniel and Mary A., 134 Lakeview avenue. Burial was in the Catholic cemetery. Undertaker Molloy in charge.

JOHNSON IN CHARGE

By Associated Press to The Sun.

CHICAGO, Sept. 5—The Chronicle says: J. G. Johnson of Kansas is to be the active manager of the work of the national democratic committee in all of its branches. Mr. Johnson is slated to assume charge of permanent headquarters that will be opened in Chicago immediately after the conference to be held at the Auditorium a week from Monday next.

THE WEATHER.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

BOSTON, Sept. 5.—Forecast for Boston and vicinity: Fair weather tonight generally fair and warmer Wednesday; south to southwest winds.

SHOOT AND CLAM BAKE.

Co. C. had a shoot and clam bake at the Dracut grange yesterday afternoon. Lieut. Keyes of Troop F and Lieut. Rose and Capt. Livingston qualified with revolvers. Remarks were made and the afternoon was pleasantly spent.

WITHOUT A PRIZE.

The Vixens and Butler Vets competed in the muster at Essex yesterday afternoon, but neither succeeded in winning a prize. The Vixens beat the Butler Vets, however

A LONE DEMOCRAT

Appointed to Make Out the Tax Bills

WITH EIGHT REPUBLICANS ABOUT HIM

Supt. Gillow's Scheme to Save Money

The public hearing room at city hall to-day is occupied by the men who make out the annual taxbills and it is the old rule of things at city hall, whenever anything comes along with only a few dollars in it, the democrats are rarely considered at all.

Ex-Councilman Thomas J. Garvey of ward 2 is the only democrat making out the bills, while the eight republicans are ex-City Messenger C. Frank Going, ex-Supt. of Commons John W. W. Tilton, ex-Assessor Robert Reed, ex-Assessor Richard Charlton, James H. Pinder, Wilfred Caisse, Jr., Eugene Maynard and Eugene Puffer. City Treasurer Coburn is said to have selected the men.

The common council will meet tonight.

Supt. Gillow has just finished a job of kalsomining in some of the schoolhouses, hiring his own kalsominers to do the job instead of going to an outside firm as heretofore. He claims to have made a considerable saving by the change.

LOWELL PARTIES

Inquired for Through Supt. of Police

The superintendent of police has received a letter from Calumet, Mich., in which information is sought as to the whereabouts of Jeremiah Lowney, who is supposed to be in Lowell.

A letter has also been received by the same official inquiring as to the whereabouts of Ellen Hughes, 65 years of age, married and who is supposed to be working in one of the mills here.

ANNUAL SHOOT.

The annual shoot of the Lowell Rod and Gun club was held at Chelmsford Centre yesterday afternoon. It was also the 21st reunion of the club. In the shoot several good scores were made. Refreshments were served.

BYERS BEATEN

Knocked Out by Tommy West

THE BOUT TAME FOR SIX ROUNDS

But West Finished His Man in the Seventh

By Associated Press to The Sun.

CONEY ISLAND, Sept. 5.—Tommy West, the Brooklyn middleweight, showed last night at the Coney Island club that he can hit a tremendous blow when the right time comes along. He was against George Byers, the unusually clever and strong colored man from Boston. The two did little slugging for six rounds but during that time West brought his large opponent down to his size with body punches.

West knocked the Boston man out in the seventh round.

CONNOLLY WON.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

HARTFORD, Sept. 5.—More than 1000 people witnessed the 20-round boxing contest at the Coliseum last night between Eddie Connolly of St. John and Tom Broderick of Yonkers. From the start to finish, Connolly did all the fighting his opponent acting on the defensive. Connolly received the decision at the end of the twentieth round. The 20-round contest between George Siddons of New Orleans and Marty McCue of New York did not take place, McCue telegraphed the Empire club that he could not be present.

DR. COREY DEAD.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

SEABROOK, N. H., Sept. 5.—Rev. Charles H. Corey, D. D., president of the Richmond (Va.) Theological Seminary, died here today, of Bright's disease.

BANKERS' ASSOCIATION.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, Sept. 5.—The 25th annual conference of the American Bankers' association was called to order here today with 1200 or 1500 bankers representing all sections of the country present. The amount of capital represented by the delegates in round numbers is given at $5,000,000,000.

Mr. and Mrs. D. A. Parthenias and Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Hoole leave today via Portland for Sebago Lakes where they will enjoy the next fortnight.

LATEST STYLES

—: IN :—

Fall and Winter Goods

Arriving daily for your inspection at

LOUIS ALEXANDER

IMPORTER TAILOR

35 Central St.

Paul O. Kalie, Assistant.

MATRIMONIAL.

M'CABE—EGAN.

Miss Mary Egan, a popular young lady of this city was united in marriage to Mr. John McCabe, a prominent business man of Lawrence, at St. Peter's parochial residence in this city Sunday evening. The bride was attended by her sister, Miss Lizzie Egan, and Mr. John Sweeny acted as best man. The happy young couple departed on the 8:45 train for New York with best wishes from their many friends. After a short wedding tour they will reside at 6 Burns street, this city.

FORMER LOWELL LADS.

Walter La Berre and Curtis Des Roches, formerly of Lowell but now residing in Worcester, were the guests of Charles O. Des Roches of 79 Appleton street Saturday, Sunday and Monday. Last evening they both left Lowell for the Sherbrooke fair, Sherbrooke, Can, where they intend to stay the rest of the week.

Prior to coming to Lowell they had finished an extended tour through the British Island and in sunny France they had an opportunity of seeing some of the sights which will be on exhibition in 1900.

THE LOWELL SUN
JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Proprietor.
SUN BUILDING, LOWELL, MASS.
Member of the Associated Press
$2.00 Per Year. 25c. Per Month

THEY ALL USE IT

All the prominent merchants in Lowell use The Sun as an advertising medium. They know that it is the cheapest medium in the city on the basis of circulation.

It leads all the other papers in Lowell in circulation.

What is more, it leads any two of them in circulation.

In fact the circulation of The Sun is almost as large as the combined circulation of all the other papers in Lowell put together.

This has been proven by expert examination of the books of all the local papers.

MAYOR CROWLEY TALKS.

"I am perfectly satisfied with the way the police department is enforcing the liquor law.—I have not received a single complaint from anyone regarding the lack of vigilance on the part of the police.—Mr. Harrington of The Sun is a very foolish man.—All of his articles are foolish.—He would rather publish the wrong than the right of anything.—The man is bereft of his senses, if he ever had any.—The ravings of this man Harrington amount to nothing in the eyes of the people."—*Mayor Crowley.*

The above expressions ought to secure the "rum vote" for His Honor, the mayor, without fail.

LABOR DAY CELEBRATION.

The celebration of Labor Day cast all former events of the kind in the shade. It was an ideal celebration on one of the grandest days that it is possible to imagine. The parade reflected great credit upon the various crafts and showed a very distinct improvement in appearance over the bodies of men who turned out on former occasions of this kind. The various features were well designed, timely and appropriate, the mottoes moderate and expressive of the demands of organized labor. A pleasing feature of the parade was the number of ladies and children who brought up the rear. It was right that all should be represented. But perhaps the most gratifying feature of all, the one that most of all indicates the rise of the toilers was the total absence of anything approaching intoxication, either in the line or on the street. Never in the history of Lowell was there such a celebration with such a total absence of drunkenness. Upon this, as well as upon the general success of the observance, the committees in charge and Chief Marshal Mahoney are to be congratulated.

THE CITIZEN'S MANOEUVRES.

The Citizen without an iota of truth to sustain its contention, persists in trying to make it appear that the contest in the democratic city committee is directed against Mayor Crowley's nomination and that The Sun is a factor in the fight for the purpose of defeating Mayor Crowley. The Sun has taken no part in the controversy which is purely a question of law and not of who will be the next democratic nominee for mayor. But this is as near as the Citizen usually gets to the facts when it undertakes to discuss democratic politics. Just now it is throwing ponderous bouquets at Mayor Crowley but when he becomes again a candidate, it will be amusing to note with what dexterity the Citizen will show its non-partisanship by attacking Mayor Crowley's administration and by booming the republican candidate. As for The Sun it has not expressed any preference as to a candidate for mayor and will leave the matter entirely to the voters, despite the Citizen's false statements to the contrary. But everybody knows just why the Citizen is at present paying such obsequious deference to Mayor Crowley.

EFFECT OF STATE POLICE SYSTEM IN FALL RIVER.

It will be remembered that a young girl driven to the point of death by ill-treatment in a Fall River hotel, together with the excitement of being brought into police court, told a pitiful story that caused the arrest of her betrayer. In commenting upon the case Judge McDonough spoke as follows of the hotel in which the girl was led to her ruin:

"For weeks there has been a continual string of moral lepers from that establishment into this court, adulterers, lewd and lascivious fornicators and the like. They use the black jack on the guests. The house is a moral death trap, an excrescence on the body politic of Fall River, and it ought to be wiped out as soon as possible, the sooner the better for the city."

That is a nice state of affairs in a city that has a board of police appointed by the governor. Fall River could not be entrusted with the management of its own police department. The state stepped in and appointed the police officials. The condition brought to light in the Fall River police court and so severely commented upon by Judge McDonough is a result of this police regime. The citizens are powerless to remove the police board and they might almost as well appeal to the Shah of Persia as to ask the governor for their removal. It is further claimed that these brothels exist in Fall River with the knowledge and connivance of the police, which makes the matter still worse.

LIPTON'S RUSE.

Sir Thomas Lipton is endeavoring to make friends among the Irish residents here by a copious diffusion of Blarney. There are undoubtedly good reasons for this. The Englishmen cannot be persuaded that the Irish citizens in this country did not work some scheme on their challenging boats by which the victory for the cup defender was made certain. Sir Thomas may have a conjecture that by using the name "Shamrock" for his boat and the talisman "Erin" for his tug boat and by telling the Irish citizens that if he should win the cup, the first place he will exhibit it will be in "Royal Cork," he will win favor with Irish citizens. All this sounds strange from a man of thoroughly English sympathies but it certainly has some meaning. If he had such an admiration for things Irish, why did he exclude Irishmen from his crew. Irishmen should stand a unit in opposition to the Shamrock and in favor of the Columbia.

The Manchester Union asks this very pertinent question: "If it takes 40,000 men seven months and $100,000,000 to take possession of 300 square miles of the island of Luzon, how many men, how many months, and how much money will it require to take and hold the entire island consisting of 51,200 square miles, for all time? And after that calculation has been made there is a chance to figure as to the whole area of the Philippine Islands of about 115,000 square miles."

That is a simple mathematical problem, the answer to which will indicate the success of the administration in the expansion policy. It might be mentioned that the United States troops have been beaten back and that the taking of more territory does not imply its permanent possession.

Lawrence is to stop dumping its garbage in piles in the outskirts of the city. It is to have a crematory and is even now investigating prices and qualities. Lowell has had a crematory but somehow it did not last long nor give much satisfaction while in use. Now we are back where we started. We must get a new crematory or a new method of disposing of the garbage.

The only kind of a war of conquest that would be endorsed by the Irish residents would be one waged to wrest Ireland from England.

OYSTER SEASON

DEALERS LOOKING FOR AN UNUSUALLY GOOD YIELD THIS COMING MONTHS.

The embargo on oysters was lifted on Sept. 1, and for eight months thereafter the oyster season will be one of the busiest in every coast city from Maine to Texas.

This season has been an unusually propitious one. There appears to have been no disturbances either by the elements or by predatory enemies, and oyster dealers look forward, not only to a large supply, but to fat and luscious bivalves. The oyster spawns in July and August, and one oyster will yield 10,000,000. These first rise to the surface, but later sink and attach themselves to any hard substance they meet. A very small percentage ever reach maturity.

There was a time, and that not long ago, when to most of the people living away from the coast fresh oysters were unknown. Prior to the improved methods of packing and the introduction of the artificial refrigeration, only that partly cooked variety known as "cove oysters" was obtainable in places remote from the seaboard. But nowadays tub oysters are to be had in almost every hamlet and as far west as Denver one may eat from the shell oysters as fresh and palatable as those put on the table within sight of the waters whence they were taken.

BLEW OUT GAS

MAN NARROWLY ESCAPES DEATH AT WASHINGTON HOUSE.

Joseph Desto came from a place where modern methods of lighting are not used, and as a result nearly lost his life at the Washington House Sunday morning. Desto was found in his room unconscious and the gas turned on almost full force. The ambulance was called and the man was removed to St. John's hospital. After persistent efforts on the part of the doctors there, Desto was restored to consciousness. He blew out the gas, although he was shown how to turn it off by one of the clerks. He belonged in Presque Isle.

HALF-HEARTED STRIKE.

London, Sept. 5.—The strike of the sailors and firemen, which was begun yesterday in a half-hearted fashion, will apparently have only the slightest effect in dislocating the shipping industry. Already The Daily Chronicle, which is the principal labor organ, is urging the ship owners to be generous because "sailors are admittedly unable to organize like other workmen, and their lot is not rosy."

VICTIM OF LEPROSY.

Baltimore, Sept. 5.—Mrs. Mary Sansoni died at the Johns Hopkins hospital yesterday of leprosy. Since April 27, 1897, Mrs. Sansoni has been in an isolated charity ward of the Johns Hopkins hospital. The body will be cremated.

If you want coal that will burn with the best results, order it of W. E. Livingston, 15 Thorndike street.

The Easy Food
Easy to Buy,
Easy to Cook,
Easy to Eat,
Easy to Digest.
Quaker Oats
At all grocers
in 2-lb. pkgs. only

THOMAS F. CONNOLLY, Who Spoke on the Common Last Evening.

BIG LABOR RALLY

Closed the Celebration on South Common

ORGANIZER MALONEY PRINCIPAL SPEAKER

Delivered a Stirring and Timely Address

THOMAS F. CONNOLLY ALSO SPOKE

Persident Convery Acted as Chairman of Meeting

Labor day's celebration closed in the evening with a band concert and a grand labor rally at which thousands were present.

President Joseph F. Convery of the Trades and Labor council presided and the speakers were Thomas F. Connolly of Lowell, J. F. Maloney of Lynn, organizer of the Socialist Labor party, and Daniel A. White of Boston, a member of the Iron Moulders' International union. All three made vigorous speeches and they were frequently interrupted with applause.

In calling the rally to order, Mr. Convery alluded to the fact that while all the unions in Lowell have large memberships they are not as large as they should be and he hoped more people who work at the various crafts will join the branches before the next Labor Day. He announced with regret that Mayor Crowley would not be able to be present and speak on account of a meeting of the board of aldermen. In closing he referred to a statement of the mayor that the labor unions of Lowell ought to be proud of the fine showing they had made.

MR. CONNOLLY'S ADDRESS.

Then Mr. Thomas F. Connolly was introduced and he spoke in part as follows: "I wish to say that the holding of such a rally as this on Labor Day is a new departure from which we expect grand results in the future. Meetings of this kind are not difficult to arrange and it is possible to reach many more people than by hall meetings. That means that we shall have many more such gatherings as this in the future. We have been told that Lowell is behind in the organized labor movement, but after such meetings as this I feel that we shall be able to remove such an impression. Today the laboring men have owned the city of Lowell and throughout the nation the workingman has been king. This is his holiday and all labor has ceased. If the workingman has the power to rule one day, why cannot he rule every day of the year? It is because during the rest of the year he pays little attention to the movement of organization. There is no man or woman who will not admit that organized labor is a benefit to all. All measures by which you are benefited originally in organized labor. There are many questions which now take up the time of the labor unions and one of them is shortening the working day. In closing, Mr. Connolly referred to the effect upon the workingmen of the introduction of various machines and also to the efforts being put forward in favor of an eight hour law by amendment of the constitution.

MR. MALONEY'S ADDRESS.

The speech of the evening was that of Organizer Maloney of Lynn who was next introduced. Mr. Maloney is a forceful speaker and throughout his remarks had his hearers spellbound. He received great applause at frequent intervals and retired amid great cheering.

Mr. Maloney in opening, expressed the hope that the laboring people will be mindful of their interests not only on Labor Day in the future but on every other day of the year. When we consider the labor question, we cannot commence one or two years back, he continued, or we cannot go back to the time when the blacks were freed or the time that Washington commanded the army. The question of wealth producing and oppression dates back to the beginning of history. When your schoolboy reads in his book of the slave and the aristocrat of olden times we find that the slaves in these days produced all the wealth. They fought all the battles and were sneered at and despised by the aristocrats, not because of the color of their skin, but because they belonged to a class which had always done the work and carried the others on their backs. It was because they belonged in the same class that you do, the wealth producers. That was their only indictment and they were uncultured, uneducated and mentally undeveloped. We find that the slave of that period got just enough one day to keep him until the next.

There is another class of serfdom which belonged to the middle ages and which was not owned by the individuals, but belonged to the land. They worked three days and were obliged to give the next three days to their employers. They were thus obliged to support a bloodsucking class of society. Consequently all the serf got was just enough to maintain him and to bring up his children so that they might take his place when he was obliged to give up. He was obliged to fight battles from the cradle to the grave. Another branch of serfdom is that caused by capitalism of wage slavery. The slave of olden times produced by his hands and had no machine to aid him. Under the present system of capitalism, where you are not owned body and soul, your master owns the land and building and machinery and owns you for ten or twelve hours every day. Your wages are regulated by the competition among the wage earners. The more men there are idle, the lower your wages go and vice versa. With the machines of the present day, you do more in a day than the serf did in a month and you get just enough for yourself to bring up your children. Your work makes multi-millionaires of your employers.

The average wealth that a man produces according to the census of 1890 is $10 a day and the average wage that he receives is less than $1.25 a day. We learn from the city directory that the Amoskeag mills of Manchester, N. H., have 9000 men and women on their pay roll. The money spent for wages each month is given at $150,000. The result is that the average pay earned by each employe is 72 cents a day or $18.75 a month.

These are your American capitalists who are going to pass laws for your benefit. Not on your life. In that same factory, while some men may get $5 a day, there are children working for 10, 20, and 30 cents a day. These are the children of the class that you belong to. These capitalists are the men who go to Europe and get titled foreigners for their daughters to marry. You don't get wages enough to buy back what you produce. When overproduction comes there is sure to follow a panic and the great parties blame each other. The capitalist does not care whether you die or not or whether your children are educated or not. The capitalist uses the wage-earners no better than they were used on the other side of the water. Your labor power is sold to them.

Go to Quality Hill and see the fine houses that the capitalists live in and then go to Little Canada and Winter street and William street, and see the difference. The capitalists are the people that live on your back. The speaker made a passing reference to Col. Guild and the interests that he represents and touched upon the Philippine question. He criticized Henry Cabot Lodge for inconsistency. In closing he said that the capitalist belongs to a class that is of no use to the wage-earners outside of stealing the results of their labors, no more necessary than a flea is to a dog's happiness. He predicted the triumphant victory of organized labor in the years to come.

Mr. White was then introduced and after praising Mr. Maloney's address, he explained in an interesting manner how the iron moulders' union of Boston had by organization increased since 1885, the minimum wages of members of the craft from $9 a week to $16.50. In the beginning there was but a small union on account of the preceding hard times. Then men were obliged to work as many hours as the bosses saw fit to have them. If anyone protested he was sure to receive his discharge and another man who was waiting would quickly take his place. In September, 1895, almost every iron moulder in Boston was in the union and then began a gradual improvement in our condition. We gradually got up to $2.50 a day and then to $2.75.

I, as a moulder, have been able to participate in all those good things and have been able to carry home to my family the increased wages brought about by the organization of the union. Every union can do the same thing if you will all work together. The moulders of various cities are better off than ever before. The bricklayers in Boston were working for $1.75 a day in 1881 and 1882 and through organization they have got up to 45 cents an hour for every hour they work. In closing, the speaker enlarged upon the benefits that are sure to come from organization.

Mr. Convery brought the meeting to a close by thanking the crowd for their attention and also thanking the mayor and city government for the appropriation made.

Do You Know Uneeda Biscuit?

Get acquainted to-day. Don't wait until to-morrow. Ask your grocer for a package. Taste them. Never sold in bulk. Put up in 5 cent packages. Take no imitations.

BOXING GOSSIP.

Mike Sears may be matched to box Joe Bernstein before one of the big New York clubs this month. Billy Roche may join Mike with his stable of boxers, in which event the little Lynn feather would get a chance to meet some of the good ones in his class the winter over in Gotham. "Nothing would suit me better than to box Bernstein, or Dave Sullivan, for that matter, for a suitable purse and neither of them will have anything on me when the battle is over," says the Shoe City boxer. The Hawthorne A. C. made Sears an offer to meet Sullivan the latter part of this month, but if the match with Bernstein is arranged it will be boxed about Sept. 23 in Brooklyn or New York. Sears leaves for Montreal for a short barnstorming trip this week, where he will spar lads in his class.

California seems to be sending out all the great pugilists nowadays. There is Jim Corbett, Jim Jeffries, the champion, Tom Sharkey, Jim Kennedy and the latest prize ring star from the Golden state is Jim Jeffords. Jeffords, from all appearances, is a coming world beater. Only last week he met and defeated the once famous Peter Jackson, who in his prime was considered one of the greatest heavyweight fighters the world has ever seen, and Monday night he knocked out Nick Burley of California in two minutes. Burley is well known in the east having fought several battles here a few years ago. A man who has never been heard of, who defeats two men of Jackson and Burley's calibre in such a short time certainly will bear watching.

Joe Flaherty, the well-known local lightweight, wants to meet Joe Mullen of Boston, who is said to be matched with Tim Kearns. Flaherty has already defeated Mullen twice, but he don't mind doing the trick again, he says, if Mullen is willing to meet him. Joe may go to Worcester soon and open a boxing school there. He is said to be a great favorite in that city.

George Dixon will in all likelihood be matched to meet Will Curley, the English featherweight, who is coming to this country shortly. Curley is under contract to Billy Brady to box before the Coney Island Sporting club, in which Brady is interested. Dixon and Curley will meet at this club some time this month.

The victor in the coming Flaherty-Gardner fight will be matched to meet Ben Jordan, the English featherweight champion, and the winner of this contest will then be matched to meet the victor of the Dixon-Curley bout for the featherweight championship of the world. In this event Flaherty stands more than an equal chance of yet being the world's champion, which is the goal of his ambition.

Tommy Ryan, the Syracuse welterweight, and Kid McCoy, who aspired one time to be a heavyweight, do not speak as they pass by. This state of affairs has lasted for some time, according to those who say they know. Some go so far as to say that the feeling between them is almost as bitter as that between Corbett and Fitzsimmons. Rumor has it that Corbett will be in Jack Moffatt's corner when the latter goes against Ryan at Dubuque to-night. When Ryan saw McCoy go down and out at Chicago the other night and while the seconds were being counted, he remarked: "I told you so." There is nothing so aggravating to McCoy as to have his rival utter that time-worn gag, but on top of that Ryan let go the following interview, which will make the kid happier still: "McCoy is romping around the country meeting stiffs that a healthful featherweight would scoff at. He ducks this one and takes on that one, but when a man with an earnest desire and ample backing comes along he begins to impose impossible weights and other conditions. He once got a decision over me when I had a kneecap upon which I could hardly stand. If I am fortunate enough to win the decision over Moffatt, any reputable club offering a suitable purse can consider me signed, if the Hoosier accepts."

Certainly a match between McCoy and Ryan would be interesting. Manager Wilson of the Hawthorne A. C. of Buffalo has been striving for some time to have them meet before his organization and settle their long-standing argument. Perhaps he may be successful, though some people maintain that Ryan and McCoy are averse to facing each other in the same ring.

Beecham's pills for constipation 10¢ and 25¢. Get the book at your druggist's and go by it.

Annual sales more than 6,000,000 boxes.

JAS. MORAN WON

Two Firsts and One Second Prize

INGRAHAM GETS TWO FIRSTS

Moran Establishes Track Record of 2.16

The Spindle City Wheelmen held their ninth race meet at the Fair Grounds Saturday, which proved to be a successful one despite the bad condition of the weather. The attendance was unusually large for such a dreary and wet day. The track was in poor condition, some of the places on the back stretch being all mud. The home stretch was the best part of the track, and that was not in a decent condition, it being very heavy.

James Moran of Chelsea, the champion amateur rider of the world, and J. F. Ingraham, of Lynnfield, took the cream of the prizes. Everything seemed to come their way and they found no difficulty in winning their events. Moran won the half mile open, one-mile handicap and got second in the five mile handicap. Ingraham won his match race with Moran and the five mile handicap.

Ingraham's trainer did not think there would be any races on account of the rain, and therefore he did not come to Lowell. Upon Ingraham's arrival on the track he found no trainer or wheel.

On the whole Ingraham made a very good showing, he having to ride on four different wheels during the meet.

In the competition races with the out of town riders, the local men failed to get a first prize. Horace Lefebvre did some good riding; he won a second and a fourth.

There were but eight starters in the novice race and it was run off in one heat. It was a regular drag from the beginning, Morin winning, with McLaughlin, about three wheellengths behind. Just as the bunch was crossing the tape, W. T. Shore swerved his wheel and took a tumble he was not hurt, however.

In the first heat of the one-mile handicap Moran and Ingraham were on scratch, with Keegan on the 60-yard mark next. The scratch men paced each other and at the end of the first lap, they caught the limit men and after that the race belonged to them; Moran finishing first with Ingraham a close second.

Hargraves was the only scratch man in the second heat, and the limit men made it hot for him, but he succeeded in catching them. He finished fifth in the heat. He appeared to ride easy when he knew he would get a place.

In the final heat of the mile handicap there were three scratch men. Coming down the home stretch Hargraves and Ingraham got shut out, Moran winning first.

The one-half mile open was the next event run off. It was scheduled to be run off in two heats, but on account of there being only seven starters it was decided to run it off in one heat. This race was pretty hot from beginning to end.

Ingraham dropped out on the back stretch on account of the strange wheel he was riding, and Moran and Hargraves had it neck and neck down the home stretch, Moran winning out by some inches.

There were five tandem teams entered in the Australian tandem pursuit race, but only three rode. The Haverhill team were not there and Keegan and O'Brien, who were going to ride the other tandem, did not feel like riding on the heavy track. The P. A. C.'s, S. C. W. and the Vixen tandem were the three starters. The S. C. W. team was passed by the P. A. C.'s at 2 1-4 miles and the P. A. C.'s overtook the Vixens at the end of five miles.

The five mile handicap was the most exciting race of the day. Moran, Ingraham and Hargraves' rode from scratch and the next man was 200 yards ahead of them. They kept plugging all the time, changing pace now and then. On the beginning of the third mile Ingraham made one of his long sprints and caught the limit men. He rode around the bunch and held them back until Moran and Hargraves caught up. On the three quarters pole the sprint was started, Ingraham, Moran and Hargraves crossing the tape in the order named, with H. Lefebvre in fourth place.

In the final heat of the one-mile handicap Moran lowered the one-mile competition record of the track to 2.16.

The summary:

One mile novice won by J. Morin, Lowell; J. McLaughlin, Lowell, second; time 2.42 3-5.

One mile handicap—First trial heat won by J. Moran, Chelsea, scratch; J. F. Ingraham, Lynnfield, scratch, second; P. Keegan, Lowell, 60 yards, third; E. A. Lynde, Lowell, 120 yards, fourth; T. S. Murphy, Lowell, 90 yards, fifth; time 2.20. Second trial heat won by P. Dion, West Chelmsford, 120 yards, M. F. O'Brien, Lowell, 65 yards, second; . Lefebvre, Lowell, 130 yards, third; W. A. Mitchell, Lowell, 110 yards, fourth; C. N. Hargraves, Saxonville, scratch, fifth; time 2.24 2-5. Final heat won by J. Moran, scratch; . Lefebvre, 130 yards, second; W. A. Mitchell, 110 yards, third; time, 2.16.

One-half mile open won by J. Moran, Chelsea; C. N. Hargraves, Saxonville, second; M. O'Brien, Lowell, third; time 1.10 1-5.

One-mile scratch race between James Moran and J. F. Ingraham. Best two heats out of three. First heat won by J. F. Ingraham, time 2.20. Second and final heat won by J. F. Ingraham, time 2.55 3-5.

Australian tandem pursuit race, won by P. A. C. tandem, McIntosh and Hoyle, distance 5 miles, time 11.47 2-5.

Five-mile handicap, won by J. F. Ingraham, Lynfield, scratch; James Moran, Chelsea, scratch, second; C. N. Hargraves, Saxonville, scratch, third; H. Lefebvre, Lowell, 275 yards, fourth; time 12.13.

Twelfth School Year

Isaac Pitman School of Shorthand.

F. BLANCHE HARD, Principal.

We open the fall term at REDUCED RATE. Call or send for catalogue for 1899. Hundreds of graduates placed in business houses by this school. Both Miss Hard and her instructors members of the Eastern Commercial Teachers' Association. The high standard of this school assures graduates of good positions. Typewriting, up-to-date methods, all day and evening. Fall term Tuesday, September 5. Day and evening.

31 Hildreth Building.

OLD COMMITTEE

Is the Legal One Says Solicitor Qua

OPINION RENDERED TO BOARD OF ALDERMEN

On Democratic City Committee Dispute

At last night's special meeting of the board of aldermen, City Solicitor Qua gave a verbal opinion to the board that the democratic city committee, known as the committee of 1898, is the present legal organization and is entitled to the use of the polling stations on the night of Sept. 14.

The meeting was the second of the day, Solicitor Qua failing to appear at the first and when requested by Mayor Crowley to give an opinion on the question, was loath to do so, saying: "Let them fight it out themselves."

But finally he rendered the decision as above and spoke in part as follows:

"In the first place, I fail to see why it is necessary for this board to determine which is the legal committee. It is for the board to decide where caucuses will be held, not to debate upon the legality of either committee. Suppose the board thinks one of the committees is entitled legally to the polling stations, there is nothing to stop the other committee from also taking possession'

"There is another reason which makes me hesitate. In a situation of this kind, a man cannot very well give an opinion without being accused of partiality.

"I assume that there was a committee organized under the law of 1898. This committee should have called caucuses to elect their successors in December of the same year. As it was, their successors were not elected until the spring of the present year. It may have been a wrong and wicked thing to do, but I cannot find that because of their neglect they are now out of office. According to the law they remain in office until the first of the year, when the committee elected in the past spring assumes the right of office. No matter how dishonest it may have been this failure in December of 1898 to call caucuses for the election of their successors, the law points to but one conclusion."

Alderman Derby moved that the superintendent of lands and buildings be instructed to prepare the polling stations. Voted. It was said that ward five is without a polling place. Supt. Gillow will be authorized to look up a place. Aldermen Derby, Taylor and Miskella were appointed a committee to designate polling stations for state and city elections. Adjourned.

CO. C'S SHOOT.

Several members of Co. C went to the rifle range in Dracut Saturday and held a practice shooting match. The following is the score of the men who attended: Gannon, 200 yards, 46-48; McQuesten, 200 yards, 38; Chandler, 20 yards, 93; Chandler, 500 yards, 40; McQuesten, 500 yards, 41.

it's neglect of throat and bronchial troubles that leads to death-dealing disease.

HALE'S HONEY OF HOREHOUND AND TAR

No wonder Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar is praised by its users. Its curative effects are like magic. Sold by druggists.

Pike's Toothache Drops cure in one minute.

DIAMOND DUTY.

Is so small now that it really doesn't pay to smuggle in stones.

We have just received a consignment of diamonds, set and unset.

Every one of them is of fine quality, clear, lustrous, and of splendid color. All sizes. The prices range from $12 to $360, according to size and brilliancy, but all are remarkably good value.

HARRIS'S

10 APPLETON STREET.

THE SUN EXTRA! 6 O'CLOCK

LABOR'S GREAT DAY

The Grandest Celebration in Local History

JOHN J. MAHONEY Chief Marshal Parade.

Parade Replete With Entertaining Features Was Witnessed by a Multitude—Fine Sports and Labor Rally

No event in the history of local organized labor has ever approached the complete success of the celebration in which thousands joined yesterday, in honor of labor's great holiday.

To begin with, the weather was atmospheric perfection, a cool breeze tempering the heat of the bright sun to the supreme delight of the hosts of the marching toilers and their admiring friends. Early in the morning the crowds began to gather on the streets, each incoming electric car bringing a large contingent from the neighboring cities and town. There were no celebrations in either Nashua or Lawrence but hundreds came here from those cities, as did two bands from up the river and a drum corps and a union from the lower city.

The general program was an excellent one and each detail was carried out to the letter, an enduring tribute to the efforts of Messrs. Mahoney, Convery, and the tireless toilers whose indefatigable efforts met with grand results.

Nothing marred the completeness of labor's celebration and the little matters of regret in connection with the affair, the non-appearance of the store clerks in the parade and the attempt of a so-called Workingmen's club to take advantage of the celebration for political purposes failed even to ruffle the smoothness with which the day passed into history.

There was a parade which has never been equalled in this city, a first class program of sports attended by a countless multitude and an evening celebration out-doors which was well attended and enthusiastically received.

The parade demonstrated conclusively that labor was never better organized than it is today. Heretofore in our local labor day parades, the textile crafts predominated in line. Yesterday they were there in the fulness of their numbers but they were only a fair sized part of the parade, for the other trades unions were there in variety and numbers, the grocers, carpenters, leather workers, iron moulders, horseshoers, shavers, electrical workers and others, all tastefully uniformed, contributing the major portion of the procession. Then there was music galore, six bands and a crackerjack drum corps furnishing most inviting music to the marchers. The floats were numerous, well conceived and finely executed and on the whole he who had formed the opinion that labor parades are nothing more than so many men marching the streets in their working clothes was most agreeably disappointed and deeply impressed by the spectacle presented by Lowell's toilers on their holiday.

THE PARADE.

The parade started shortly after 9 o'clock.

The first division was formed on South street, the right resting on Sumner street, and the second division formed on Highland street, the right resting on South street.

The third division formed on Thorndike street, the right resting on Highland street. The merchants' floats formed in the rear of the third division.

The formation was as follows:

Platoon of police, Lieut. Webster in command.

Chief Marshal, John J. Mahoney, white sash, Typographical Union.

Chief of staff, Albert M. Ham, red sash, Shavers' Union.

Aids—Blue sash, James P. Collins, Carders' and Pickers' Union; William J. Galvin, Carpenters' Union; Daniel F. Coughlan, Wool Spinners' Union; Michael P. Connelly, International Brotherhood of Stationary Firemen's Union; Daniel Moynihan, Building Laborers' Union; Timothy J. Reagan, Horseshoers' Union; D. J. Morrow, Loomfixers' Union; George Deslid, Loomfixers' Union; Michael Duggan, Mule Spinners' Union; John H. Griffin, Electrotype Finishers' Union; Owen McArdel, Iron Moulders' Union; John J. Lleane, Boilermakers' Union; James Gilligan, Shavers' Union; William Lee, Leather Workers' Union; George J. Gray, Typographical Union; Peter Bernlee, Grocers' and Provision Clerks; Alex. George, Bricklayers' Union.

Carriage containing Aldermen Derby and McNulty, and Councilman Markham of the city council Labor Day committee and President Joseph F. Convery of the Trades and Labor Council.

FIRST DIVISION.

Marshal, James O'Loughlin.
Borjes' Military Band, E. J. Borjes, Leader, 25 pieces.
Trades and Labor Council, 50 men.
Marshal, Patrick Gormley.
Bricklayers' Union, 50 men.
Marshal, Robert M. Graham.
Provision and Grocery Clerks, 75 men.
Marshal, Andrew McDonald.
Electrical workers with float, 50 men.

SECOND DIVISION.

Marshal, Orrin M. Horton.
Aids, Frank Keppler, David Derelle.
Lowell Cadet Band, John Hanlon, leader, 25 pieces.

(Continued to Page Eight.)

MATRIMONIAL.

M'CABE—EGAN.

Miss Mary Egan, a popular young lady of this city was united in marriage to Mr. John McCabe, a prominent business man of Lawrence, at St. Peter's parochial residence in this city Sunday evening. The bride was attended by her sister, Miss Lizzie Egan, and Mr. John Sweeney acted as best man. The happy young couple departed on the 8:45 train for New York with best wishes from their many friends. After a short wedding tour they will reside at 6 Burns street, this city.

FORMER LOWELL LADS.

Walter La Berre and Curtis Des Roches, formerly of Lowell but now residing in Worcester, were the guests of Charles O. Des Roches of 79 Appleton street Saturday, Sunday and Monday. Last evening they both left Lowell for the Sherbrooke fair, Sherbrooke, Can, where they intend to stay the rest of the week.

Prior to coming to Lowell they had finished an extended tour through the British Island and in sunny France they had an opportunity of seeing some of the sights which will be on exhibition in 1900.

TRARIEUX'S SPEECH

Leading Feature of Dreyfus Trial Today

The Former Minister of Justice Declares His Belief in Dreyfus' Innocence and Begs That an Innocent Man be Not Punished—He Cites the Case of Admiral Byng as a Warning

By Associated Press to The Sun.

RENNES, Sept. 5.—M. Cernuschi, the political refugee and reputed scion of the Servian royalty who appeared yesterday before the Dreyfus court martial as a witness for the prosecution, was not examined by the court during the time it sat behind closed doors on this, the second day of the fifth week of Captain Alfred Dreyfus' trial on the charge of treason in communicating army secrets to a foreign government.

When the open session of the court martial began, M. Labori presented a formal application to the court for an order upon Major Carriere, the government commissary, to request that interested foreign governments, through diplomatic channels, communicate to the court various documents relating to the bordereau. M. Labori explained the purpose of the application by citing the fact that the court was now in an extremely delicate situation and added that he had pointed out to Major Carriere, Col. Schwartzkoppen and Signor Panizzardi as witnesses he deemed necessary to summon. M. Labori said he thought this step would worry nobody and that it was in conformity with precedents.

Major Carriere replied that he did not think the government could ask another government for the restoration of documents. He suggested that the defense should obtain and submit the papers semi-officially to the court. He saw no objection to hearing Col. Schwartzkoppen and Signor Panizzardi if they consented to come.

M. Pameologue said that while M. Labori's request appeared quite logical and just, there were diplomatic considerations which made it inadmissible for the government to take such initiative as was proposed by counsel for the defense. Col. Jouaust said they could decide the matter later and meanwhile proceeded with the taking of evidence.

The first witness who was called to the bar today was the reporter, Dassett, whom the Matin sent to London to interview Major Count Ferdinand Walsin Esterhazy. He deposed that Esterhazy confessed to him that he wrote the bordereau under orders from Col. Sandherr, who was then chief of the secret intelligence bureau. The order, Esterhazy said, was to catch the traitor at the headquarters of the general staff, whom Esterhazy afterwards said was Captain Dreyfus.

Major Carriere here burst out with an extraordinary protest against Major Esterhazy's insinuations against Col. Sandherr. "I protest," he cried, "in the name and memory of Col. Sandherr against the insinuations introduced against him."

M. Labori, however, ignored this protest, which he styled a "ridiculous pretension."

M. Labori then called upon General Roget to testify regarding letters he had received from Maj. Esterhazy since the opening of this hearing.

General Roget today looked the ghost of his former aggressive self. His face was careworn and showed little of that fighting spirit which first characterized his appearance upon the stage. He replied that he only opened one letter from Major Esterhazy, which he had forwarded to Col. Jouaust. General Roget added that he had declined to receive other letters.

M. Labori then asked Col. Jouaust to have the letters read.

Col. Jouaust declined, but M. Labori insisted so firmly that Col. Jouaust, after wrangling a while, gave way and consented that the letters should be read later. Col. Jouaust explained that he opposed the reading of the letters because they only contained personal attacks upon various parties and would only lead to a prolongation of the trial.

General Roget then read the one Esterhazy letter which he admitted having opened, in this letter Major Esterhazy said he could not prove the existence of the alleged syndicate organized in the interest of Dreyfus and he complained that the general staff had refused to give him a full hearing.

M. Labori then put a series of questions intended to bring out the fact that the general staff had made use of Major Esterhazy even after he was known to be unreliable. General Roget said that he had not considered Major Esterhazy's avowals to be of any value.

M. Labori sought to question General Roget more closely on his statement that none of the generals of the general staff had any relations with Major Esterhazy, but Col. Jouaust declined to allow further discussion. This led to another scene between the president of the court martial and counsel for the defense. M. Labori declared that General Roget, who came here more as a public prosecutor than as a witness, refused to reply to probing questions.

A little later, M. Labori pushed the question on General Billot on what is known as the liberating document.

General Zurlinden then came upon the platform dressed in the uniform of his rank. He spoke a few words respecting the general staff's belief in Major Esterhazy.

M. Demange asked General Roget his opinion of Major Esterhazy.

"I have an absolute conviction," replied General Roget amid cries of "Oh" from the audience, "that Major Esterhazy is a stranger to treason."

General Roget then delivered a short discourse in reply to the statement of M. des Fonds Lamothe on Saturday that the phrase in the bordereau, "I am going to the manoeuvres," showed that Dreyfus could not be the author of the bordereau. General Roget maintained that M. Lamothe was wrong.

Captain Dreyfus arose and in a clear voice emphatically insisted that the circular of May 17, 1894, anouncing that the probationers would not go to the manoeuvres, was written in the clearest language, which the court would see if it were read. He reiterated that he had never asked to go the manoeuvres, for he was absoutely convinced that such a request would not be granted.

M. Deffes, a reporter for the Temps, testified that he saw Major Esterhazy in London and that the latter confessed that he was the author of the bordereau. The witness added that he raised the question of the letters of Madame Boulanc and brought away the impression that Esterhazy wrote the "Uhlan" letter.

M. Trarieux, formerly minister of justice, was the next witness called. He made a long deposition in favor of Dreyfus, reviewing the history of the case and his own part in connection therewith.

M. Trarieux' deposition closed the public session. He made a very telling speech describing how his original belief in the guilt of Dreyfus was first shaken and then completely changed to conviction of innocence by subsequent developments and the noble conduct of M. Scheurer-Kestner, formerly vice president of the senate. The letters exchanged between General Gonse and Lieut. Col. Picquart also strengthened his conviction. M. Trarieux spoke of the machinations against Picquart and said he accused nobody. He believed however that the chiefs were deceived. M. Trarieux recounted a conversation with a foreign ambassador, who declared, in a tone of the greatest sincerity, that Dreyfus never had relations with him nor with any officer of his country, while the ambassador added he possessed documents proving the guilt of Major Esterhazy. M. Trarieux delivered a very impressive passage, recalling the execution of the English admiral Byng on the charge of treason, who was afterwards found to have been unjustly condemned. M. Trarieux said that Frenchmen might well dread to have such a blood stain upon their history as the execution of Admiral Byng which marred the history of England. M. Trarieux said that General Roget and Captain Cuignet were wrong in the conclusion they had drawn from the correspondents of agents "A" and "B" that Dreyfus was guilty. He reiterated that the ambassador to whom he had previously referred had affirmed that Major Esterhazy was the traitor; and the former minister of justice declared in an emphatic tone which made a deep impression upon his hearers that no parallel ought to be drawn between a model officer like Dreyfus and Major Esterhazy, who had not even the soul of a Frenchman.

M. Trarieux on alluding to the bordereau was interrupted by Major Carriere, who said that while he opposed direct official application to foreign governments for documents mentioned in the bordereau, yet, if by a side wind the documents could be produced, he would personally be very much pleased. This is practically an invitation to Germany to volunteer to communicate the documents in question.

At the conclusion of M. Trarieux' testimony which was a veritable speech for the defence and which apparently made an impression upon the judges, the court martial went behind closed doors and examined the secret espionage dossier.

The court also deliberated upon M. Labori's request that application be made to Germany for the documents described in the bordereau. The decision was unanimously reached to reject the application on the ground that the court was incompetent to invite the government to take diplomatic steps to obtain the documents in question. It was also decided to hear M. Cernuschi behind closed doors tomorrow.

There will be a session of the registrars at city hall Saturday night from 7 until 9 o'clock.

George E. Conley, member of the state board of education has been visiting Lowell.

A MOB'S THREAT

Compelled Mormon Elder to Withdraw a Charge

OF MURDEROUS ASSAULT ON A FARMER

Who Had Kicked and Beaten Him

By Associated Press to The Sun.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., Sept. 5.—A mounted armed mob of some 200 men took charge of a court, sheriff and litigants yesterday at Johnson Springs, Va., and by main force put a stop to the proceedings. For a time a wholesale lynching appeared inevitable.

Elder Joseph E. Wuflin, a Mormon, was murderously assaulted some nights ago from ambush, brutally beaten with clubs and kicked while unconscious on the ground. Flemming Ridley, a white farmer, was arrested as a leader in the attack on the charge of assault with attempt to murder. He was arraigned for trial yesterday and soon after his men surrounded the court house and detailed a committee to notify the court that the proceedings must stop. A second committee of determined regulators took charge of Elder Wuflin and threatened to lynch him unless he withdrew the prosecution and agreed to leave the country. Fearing they would carry their threats into execution, he withdrew the case. The prisoner had been liberated by the mob. Wuflin remarked that there was no justice in Virginia whereupon members of the mob replied: "No law for Mormons except to kill them."

SPANISH OFFICERS ACQUITTED

By Associated Press to The Sun.

MADRID, Sept. 5—The trial of Captain Diaz Moreau, who commanded the Spanish cruiser Cristobal Colon at the battle of Santiago de Cuba and General Pareze, who was on board the Colon on charges arising from the destruction of the Spanish fleet off Santiago on July 3 last year, was concluded yesterday. Both the accused officers were acquitted.

DEATHS.

McCLUSKEY — Mary McCluskey, aged 45 years, died Sunday at her late home, 3 Mellen's yard, off Fayette street. Deceased is survived by a husband, Hugh Mellen. The funeral will take place this afternoon at 4 o'clock.

LEONARD—Mary, aged 1 year and 4 months, daughter of Michael and Mary Leonard, died last night at the home of her parents, 183 Concord street. The funeral will take place tomorrow afternoon.

KELLY—John Joseph, infant son of Arthur and Jennie Kelly, died yesterday at the home of her parents, 579 Market street.

HAYES—Mary Hayes, aged 65 years, an old resident of North Billerica, died Sunday at the home of her son-in-law, Patrick Mahoney on Talbot avenue. She is survived by several children.

LAROCHE—Reta, aged 8 months, child of Leon and Valida Laroche, died yesterday at the home of her parents, 466 Fletcher street.

BURKE—Michael Burke, an old resident of this city, died Sunday night at the Corporation hospital. He is survived by a wife.

The funeral will take place this afternoon at 2:30 o'clock from J. F. O'Donnell's office.

LAKEVIEW THEATRE.

The Dazzler, that bright comedy that always pleases Lowell people, has proven the season's star attraction at the Lakeview theatre. Labor Day and evening it was necessary to put chairs in the aisles, so great was the demand for seats. The company is led by Ida Marie Rogers, a Lowell lady, who as Kittie Starlight, has a part all her own that gives her great oportunities to display her cleverness. Miss Rogers is just as winning as ever she was in her baby songs and was repeatedly encored by the audience. For a musical team, nothing yet seen here can beat Boulden and Griffin. They are musical comedians of the highest class and fill in a specialty that is well worth a trip to Lakeview to see.

Emile Huegel is a very funny little Dutchman who is a great fun maker, and also has a fund of stories and jokes that will make you laugh. Agnes Evans sings all the latest coon songs in clever style and is clearly a big favorite with Lakeview patrons. The play is on every afternoon and evening this week and if you want to laugh, don't fail to see the Dazzler.

PERSONAL.

Misses Lizzie Reynolds of Dutton street and Annie V. Maguire of Centralville, left Sunday for a few weeks vacation. During their trip they will attend the G. A. R. encampment at Philadelphia, after which they will leave for Shenandoah and other points of interest.

Master Willie Shea of Hudson street will spend this week at Framingham.

Mr. and Mrs. P. L. Gregoire have returned from Paris.

Misses Bessie and Sadie Mossure of the Oaklands and Miss Ettie Mackey of Lundberg street are spending ten days vacation on the beautiful coast of Maine.

Dr. and Mrs. William H. Pepin and their son have returned from their vacation spent at Shefford Mountain, Quebec, and Lake Memphonagog, Vt.

A. E. Lewin, foreman of the piano stool factory, left last Saturday morning to visit his mother, who has been seriously ill in the Maine general hospital.

Misses Helen F. and Rose B. Crealin of Tyler Park have returned from their vaution spent at Dame cottage, Juniper Point, as the guest of their uncle, Mr. Robert J. Thomas.

Miss Nellie Riley for the coming two weeks will be the guest of Mrs. David Brady of Walker street.

The Misses Annie and Mary Flynn are enjoying the sea breezes of Crescent Beach.

TOM DOLAN DEAD

Former Lowell Sporting Man Passed Away

"Tom" Dolan, who for many years was one of Lowell's most popular residents and a local leader in sporting circles passed away at his home, Bandan street, New York city, Saturday night. He is survived by a widow and a host of friends.

"Tom" Dolan who was known to every one in Lowell of the past generation was a native of New York. In 1873 he came to this city, having completed an honorable army record in the civil war, in which he had the distinction of being the youngest drummer boy to enlist from his native state. He joined Post 42, G. A. R., and started up what was known as the Army and Navy Billiard Parlors, in a hall over A. G. Pollard's present store on Merrimack street, where he soon became famous as a sporting man. Next he opened the celebrated Pawtucket Fruit and Flower Gardens across the river in Pawtucketville. After a brief career there he purchased a saloon on Merrimack street near Tremont, and engaged in business there until 1876, when he went out to the Black Hills.

Returning from the Black Hills, he opened the "Big Six" saloon on Bridge street, and later established the present Rockingham saloon in Central street. In 1887 he went back to New York and engaged in the liquor business, but for several years had been the victim of paralysis.

He was the man who brought John L. Sullivan and Hanlon, the oarsman, to Lowell for the first time and had on exhibition for a time in his saloon the shell in which Hanlon won the world's championship on the Thames. He was the backer of Dan Driscoll, the oarsman of former years, when the latter was in his prime. He was a hale fellow well met and was one of the most popular men in town in his day.

FUNERALS.

FALLON—The funeral of James Fallon took place this morning at 9 o'clock from the Sacred Heart church, where a requiem high mass was celebrated by Rev. John P. Reynolds, O. M. I. The funeral was very largely attended by relatives and friends of the deceased. The pall bearers were Michael, Kiern, Charles, Patrick and Frank Fallon of this city and Thomas Fallon of Peabody. Interment was in the Catholic cemetery under the direction of Undertaker Rogers.

VINALL—The funeral of Mrs. Sarah Vinall took place yesterday afternoon at 2 o'clock from her late residence, 11 Simpson Place. Rev. Mr. Hewett officiated. The pall bearers were Henry Runels, George Farnin, Thomas Collins, George Poor. Interment was in the Edson cemetery under the direction of Undertaker Weinbeck.

HANSON—The funeral of Emma Hanson took place yesterday afternoon at 4 o'clock from her late residence, 20 New Fletcher street. Rev. J. Gullans officiated. There was singing by Miss Carlson, Miss Parson and Mr. Bernison. The pall bearers were A. Johnson, H. Anderson, W. Gillinson, S. Nelson, O. Bernston, J. Mattson. Interment was in the Edson cemetery under the direction of Undertaker J. A. Weinbeck.

MITCHELL—The funeral of W. J. Mitchell took place at 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon from his late home, 218 Lincoln street. Rev. J. N. Craig officiated and the bearers were friends of the deceased who were fellow employes with the Boston and Maine railroad.

LATHAM—The funeral of William Latham took place yesterday afternoon at 4 o'clock from his late home, 20 Fulton Place. Services were held at the grave in St. Patrick's cemetery. Rev. Richard S. Burke officiating. A delegation from the Iron Moulders' union of which he was a member were present, also friends from Boston, Fitchburg and Lawrence. The bearers were Frank Cunniff, John Iverson, William Murphy, Fred Moran, Lewis Hushey and James Everett. Undertaker Molloy had charge.

DEXTER—The funeral of John S. Dexter took place from his late residence in Tewksbury Saturday afternoon at 1 o'clock with prayers at the house and services at the Talbot chapel, Lowell cemetery at 2 o'clock. Rev. J. H. Yeoman of Tewksbury officiated and the pall bearers were Henry Dexter, Edwin Dexter, Joel Phelps and H. N. Lathrop. The interment was in the Lowell cemetery under the direction of J. A. Weinbeck.

GIBSON—The funeral of Mrs. Isora D. Gibson took place from her late residence, 648 Westford street, Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Rev. Mr. Hewett officiated and the pall bearers were George King, Frank Hill, Miles G. Gardner, S. S. Mayberry. The interment was in the Edson cemetery under the direction of J. A. Weinbeck.

ROARK—The funeral of Joseph H. Roark took place yesterday from the home of his parents, Daniel and Mary A., 114 Lakeview avenue. Burial was in the Catholic cemetery. Undertaker Molloy in charge.

JOHNSON IN CHARGE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

CHICAGO, Sept. 5—The Chronicle says: J. G. Johnson of Kansas is to be the active manager of the work of the national democratic committee in all of its branches. Mr. Johnson is slated to assume charge of permanent headquarters that will be opened in Chicago immediately after the conference to be held at the Auditorium a week from Monday next.

THE WEATHER.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

BOSTON, Sept. 5.—Forecast for Boston and vicinity: Fair weather tonight generally fair and warmer Wednesday; south to southwest winds.

SHOOT AND CLAM BAKE.

Co. C. had a shoot and clam bake at the Dracut grange yesterday afternoon. Lieut. Keyes of Troop F and Lieut. Rose and Capt. Livingston qualified with revolvers. Remarks were made and the afternoon was pleasantly spent.

WITHOUT A PRIZE.

The Vixens and Butler Vets competed in the rouster at Essex yesterday afternoon, but neither succeeded in winning a prize. The Vixens beat the Butler Vets, however.

A LONE DEMOCRAT

Appointed to Make Out the Tax Bills

WITH EIGHT REPUBLICANS ABOUT HIM

Supt. Gillow's Scheme to Save Money

The public hearing room at city hall to-day is occupied by the men who make out the annual taxbills and it is the old rule of things at city hall, whenever anything comes along with only a few dollars in it, the democrats are rarely considered at all.

Ex-Councilman Thomas J. Garvey of ward 2 is the only democrat making out the bills, while the eight republicans are ex-City Messenger C. Frank Going, ex-Supt. of Commons John W. W. Tilton, ex-Assessor Robert Reed, ex-Assessor Richard Charlton, James H. Pinder, Wilfred Caisse, Jr., Eugene Maynard and Eugene Puffer. City Treasurer Coburn is said to have selected the men.

The common council will meet tonight.

Supt. Gillow has just finished a job of kalsomining in some of the schoolhouses, hiring his own kalsominers to do the job instead of going to an outside firm as heretofore. He claims to have made a considerable saving by the change.

LOWELL PARTIES

Inquired for Through Supt. of Police

The superintendent of police has received a letter from Calumet, Mich., in which information is sought as to the whereabouts of Jeremiah Lowney, who is supposed to be in Lowell.

A letter has also been received by the same official inquiring as to the whereabouts of Ellen Hughes, 65 years of age, married and who is supposed to be working in one of the mills here.

ANNUAL SHOOT.

The annual shoot of the Lowell Rod and Gun club was held at Chelmsford Centre yesterday afternoon. It was also the 21st reunion of the club. In the shoot several good scores were made. Refreshments were served.

BYERS BEATEN

Knocked Out by Tommy West

THE BOUT TAME FOR SIX ROUNDS

But West Finished His Man in the Seventh

By Associated Press to The Sun.

CONEY ISLAND, Sept. 5.—Tommy West, the Brooklyn middleweight, showed last night at the Coney Island club that he can hit a tremendous blow when the right time comes along. He was against George Byers, the unusually clever and strong colored man from Boston. The two did little slugging for six rounds but during that time West brought his large opponent down to his size with body punches.

West knocked the Boston man out in the seventh round.

CONNOLLY WON.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

HARTFORD, Sept. 5—More than 1000 people witnessed the 20-round boxing contest at the Coliseum last night between Eddie Connolly of St. John and Tom Broderick of Yonkers. From the start to finish, Connolly did all the fighting his opponent acting on the defensive. Connolly received the decision at the end of the twentieth round. The 20-round contest between George Siddons of New Orleans and Marty McCue of New York did not take place, McCue telegraphed the Empire club that he could not be present.

DR. COREY DEAD.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

SEABROOK, N. H., Sept. 5.—Rev. Charles H. Corey, D. D., president of the Richmond (Va.) Theological Seminary, died here today, of Bright's disease.

BANKERS' ASSOCIATION.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, Sept. 5—The 26th annual conference of the American Bankers' association was called to order here today with 1200 or 1300 bankers representing all sections of the country present. The amount of capital represented by the delegates in round numbers is given at $5,000,000,000.

Mr. and Mrs. D. A. Parthenias and Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Hoole leave today via Portland for Sebago Lakes where they will enjoy the next fortnight.

LATEST STYLES
—: IN :—
Fall and Winter Goods
Arriving daily for your inspection at
LOUIS ALEXANDER
IMPORTER AND TAILOR
Paul O. Kable, Assistant.

TIPS FROM TILLMAN

For the People of New England to Consider

Must Not Think They Have a Monopoly of Brains—Race Problem Should be Settled Before We Tackle Another at the Antipodes

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Providence, R. I., Sept. 5.—The second meeting of the New England Bimetallic league at Crescent Park was a much greater success than that of Sunday in point of attendance, weather and surroundings. Representative Democrats from all the New England states occupied the platform beside the announced speakers.

It was a representative labor audience, as the holiday and the other attractions of Crescent Park drew the laboring men of the district to the spot, and their attention to the arguments was evinced by the frequent applause which greeted salient ponts.

Mayor Greene of Woonsocket opened the session and introduced as presiding officer John E. Conley of Providence. H. C. Kent of Lancaster, N. H., General Warner of Marietta, O., and Rev. Robert E. Bisbee of East Pepperell, Mass., argued in favor of the remonetization of silver, after which resolutions declaring for free silver, against militarism and urging the nomination of W. J. Bryan for president, were unanimously adopted.

There was a burst of enthusiasm when Senator Tillman of South Carolina was introduced, and his address was punctuated with cheers throughout. He alluded to his southern home, and stated that the Spanish war was worth all it cost if it has proved nothing else than the south will fight for the Stars and Stripes as eagerly as will the north. He argued that unless the policy of the government is changed soon, the republic is doomed, and it will become a government of oppression of the many by the few. He praised New England highly for what it had done for the country, but called attention to the fact that there were people enough south and west of the Potomac and the Mississippi to elect a president without the aid of New England.

He claimed that the people of New England were greatly fooled by the newspapers. He said he represented the "man with the hoe," so he could not be blamed for presenting the opinions of the farmers.

New England now has no agriculture so its people cannot realize how matters look to the farmers who have to till the soil for a living. He claimed the farmer is discriminated against in Washington and robbed of his rights. That New England was driven to manufactures instead of agriculture was to its credit, because it realized that in the latter industry it could not compete with the west and south.

Mr. Tillman said that he did not blame New England for the policy of wanting America for Americans, but he claimed that the people of the south and west wanted all of the Americans to have a finger in the pie. The price of the western products is regulated by the volume of money, said he, and these people have been legislated against in the interest of the English and the eastern bondholders. The west and south is hedged in by the east and compelled to sell their products at the market prices of Europe, which are lower than those of the east.

He explained the methods of forming trusts, and said that the day when the wages in America fall to the level of Europe is not far distant if the present policy of combinations is continued. If the protective tariff which protects trusts, but not the people, is continued, the result will be that the western farmers will become so poor that they cannot buy the products of the east and the goose that laid the golden egg will be killed. He argued that in this event the people of New England will have only their own blind greed and desire to get a dishonest dollar to blame for it.

The senator alluded to the attitude of the present administration toward the colored people of the country and reviewed the result of the civil war, stating that there were a half million graves in this country dedicated to the cause of freedom and equality for every man, and half of them were those of southerners. He referred, amid cheering, to the oppression of the Filipinos, who are fighting for the same principles as did the American people in 1776. In reference to Hawaii he claimed that the sugar stock and contract labor stock there was owned in New England, and the New England senators who voted for annexation did nothing toward freeing the contract slaves and poor negroes there from their bondage.

He said that while he believed, and always will, that the negro is not the equal of the white man, still he believed in giving him his legal rights, barring the political side. He said the negro did not know enough to vote, and in South Carolina the white people had succeeded in disenfranchising them until they can read and write.

In reference to the Philippine question Mr. Tillman asked if it was right to free Cuba because Spain was shooting Cubans to death, how it was to be reconciled with the fact that the United States, who now owned the Philippines, was now shooting the Filipinos to death. He said that the arguments now used by the administration are the same as those used by George III. in the last century. He said that he believed the president is honest in his belief that he is doing his duty, but claimed that he only looked at the one fact that the United States bought the islands from Spain. He asked where the honor was in the Philippines war, and, as the New England people had been accused of having a love for the almighty dollar, he asked where the money was in it for them.

He argued that until the American nation had settled one race problem here, it had no right to tackle another across the Pacific. He claimed that in New England the negro was hedged in by certain rules, but in the south he has full swing. If the people of New England object to the way those in the south treat the negro in the manner of lynching him for ravishing women, they can do nothing about it, and he claimed that if New England would not do the same under similar conditions he would blush to own a relationship. He stated that the negro in the south never was and never would be capable of voting. He said that although the south had been outlawed by legislation since the war, yet it had paid its own proportionate share of the pensions to the soldiers who had shot the confederates to death.

He said New England had need to wake up to the fact that it was not the whole United States, and had not a monopoly of brains. He said his lesson learned from the Spanish war was that he will not in the future allow any New Englander to step on his toes and patronize him. The south and South Carolina did its full duty then and will at any time send as many men in proportion to its population as any state to any war of decency and honor, but it will not send a regiment to the Philippines.

MISS ATKINSON IS CHAMPION.

Chicago, Sept. 5.—By defeating Miss Myrtle McAleer of Pittsburg in the championship round of the woman's western championship tennis tournament at Kenwood Country club, Miss Juliette P. Atkinson of Brooklyn retained her title of champion of the west in singles. The play throughout was exciting and brilliant.

PLEADED NOT GUILTY.

Wakefield, R. I., Sept. 5.—Andrew Weeden, who is charged with murdering his wife, Mary Weeden, at Narragansett Pier, Aug. 26 last, was brought before the district court here yesterday. He pleaded not guilty. The case was continued until Sept. 11.

WORK FOR HIGH COURT.

Paris, Sept. 5.—President Loubet has issued a decree assembling the senate on Sept. 18 as a high court. It is understood that the trials will include charges both of conspiracy and attempts against the internal safety of the state.

CREW PROBABLY LOST.

Goderich, Ont., Sept. 5.—Schooner Lisgar of Toronto has been lost about 60 miles from here. She went down under stress of weather. It is feared the crew are all lost.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

The Chinese foreign office has offered the Italians mining rights in the Ning-Hai district, but the grant is entirely unsatisfactory to Italy and is likely to cause complications.

The British foreign office denies the statement cabled to a New York newspaper that concessions on the Alaskan boundary question have been decided upon.

Prominent tobacco merchants at Havana say the enormous decrease of $7,000,000 in the tobacco output of Cuba for 1898 was due principally to the war. The constant tendency to decrease, however, is due, according to the tobacco merchants, to increased taxes placed by foreign governments upon Havana cigars.

The navy department has no apprehension as to the safety of the training ship Monongahela, which is said to be overdue at Annapolis.

The duel between the editors of El Porvenir and Cubano Libre, which was to have taken place at Santiago, did not occur, both parties having been arrested. The pugnacious journalists were liberated after a short detention.

The Dublin corporation has granted a site near the rotunda in Upper Sackville street for the proposed statue of Charles Stewart Parnell.

The war department has given instructions for the removal of the United States troops garrisoning Fort St. Phillip and Jackson barracks near New Orleans. This action is purely precautionary and results from the difficulty experienced in getting the troops out of Key West.

Dr. Bosse, Prussian minister of public instruction, and Baron Von Der Recke Von Der Horst, minister of the interior, have been relieved of their portfolios at their own request.

Patrick Moran, aged 37, was knocked down by a railroad shifter at Nashua, N. H. Both legs were later amputated at the hospital. He will die.

WAITING FOR AN ANSWER.

Pretoria, Sept. 5.—In the course of an interview yesterday State Secretary Reitz said the Transvaal government was waiting until Saturday's dispatch reached the imperial authorities before making its contents public. Without entering into details, he could say that in his judgment, the proposals of the government offered Mr. Chamberlain an opportunity of coming to a settlement regarding the franchise and other outstanding questions. He could also say that the Transvaal would take part in the suggested conference and was now awaiting the imperial government's reply in order to arrange the details as to a place of meeting.

AGED WOMAN KILLED.

Bangor, Me., Sept. 5.—Mrs. Mary E. Morrill of Brewer, aged 82, was killed last evening by a Maine Central train. She leaves a husband, son and one sister.

SPRUNG A SURPRISE

Prosecution in Dreyfus Case Produces New Witness

Testimony Viewed With Suspicion—The Military Clique Getting Some Hard Knocks

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Rennes, Sept. 5.—Monday's session of the Dreyfus court martial opened rather badly for Captain Dreyfus, as a surprise was sprung upon the defence in the advent of an Austrian political refugee, Eugene Cernuschi, who came out with a flatfooted denunciation of the accused, which, even though it may eventually prove a pure fairy tale, is bound for the moment to exercise a malignant influence upon the French people, who have not seen Cernuschi, and are thus unable to form a personal opinion of the man who launched these direct accusations against Captain Dreyfus.

against him. Nobody even suspects that he is what he claims to be, a scion of the royal Servian house. On the contrary, one would take him to be a groom dressed in his best Sunday suit.

Cernuschi's testimony, which was in the form of a letter to the president of the court-martial, Colonel Jouaust, was most unequivocal. He claimed that, on three distinct occasions, twice in France and once at Geneva, he was told by a high placed foreign officer that Dreyfus had communicated treasonable documents to a foreign power. In the third instance Cernuschi said that the officer showed him documents emanating from Dreyfus, and that this officer left France hurriedly two days prior to the arrest of Captain Dreyfus. The allusion was evidently to Colonel Schwartzkoppen, the military attache of the German embassy in Paris in 1894, whose movements were coincident with those described as the movements of the officer of Cernuschi's deposition.

Now this evidence is of transcendent importance to the prosecution, and it is incredible, unless Cernuschi is proved to be a humbug, that the government commissary, Major Carriere, should have admitted that he had received a letter from him offering important testimony and thrown it aside on the ground of its coming from a political refugee. The deposition evoked expressions of incredulity. One suspicious feature was the fact that, although the witness said he could not speak French fluently, his letter to Colonel Jouaust, asking an opportunity to testify, was drawn up in perfect French. He explained that he had been assisted by his wife in writing the letter.

This introduction of a foreigner as a witness for the prosecution gave Maitre Labori an opportunity to submit the most important request he has made throughout the trial, a request which, if granted by Colonel Jouaust, though this is extremely doubtful, would certainly have momentous consequences. Maitre Labori announced his intention, in view of the step taken by the prosecution in calling foreign evidence, to ask that inquiry should be made through the regular diplomatic channels as to whether the documents mentioned in the bordereau were actually communicated, and if so by whom. This involves an application to the German government, which the court-martial is scarcely likely to approve. In any case the application means the lengthening of the trial for several weeks.

Cernuschi will be heard today behind closed doors. At the same time there will probably be an examination of the secret dossier to which Captain Guignet referred yesterday, and which Maitre Labori immediately asked to have produced in court. This dossier consists of 12 or 14 documents, and it is difficult to see why, if they had any value, the etat major have not had them produced earlier. The etat major are not in the habit of holding back documents calculated to prove of the slightest service to their cause, as is shown in the case of the note concerning M. Hadamard's doubts of the innocence of his cousin, which was incorrect, but was nevertheless included in the secret dossier; while the important document stating on the authority of the French minister in Rome that an Italian military attache paid Esterhazy 200,000 francs was studiously omitted from the secret dossier. It is perfectly evident that the Italian attache did not pay Esterhazy such a sum on account of, as the French say, his beautiful eyes; and the document was the best evidence that Esterhazy is the traitor. Nevertheless, the etat major carefully kept it out of view.

M. Painleve, the distinguished mathematician, cornered General Gonse on the latter's falsified version of M. Hadamard's remarks concerning Captain Dreyfus, and the manner in which Gonse squirmed and his woe-begone appearance almost aroused pity for him.

General Roget also appeared to begin to feel at last the cruel strokes the etat major have been receiving of late. He showed naught of his cruel, brazen front yesterday. On the contrary, his face was quite livid when he left the stage after a very poor display, and he quitted the courtroom as soon as the proceedings were over, excusing himself to his brother generals, Mercier and others of a higher grade, on the ground of feeling unwell.

The session ended with an exposure by M. Hennion, chief of the Paris detectives, of the disgraceful tactics of the etat major in suppressing his report in favor of Captain Dreyfus and inserting a document more or less unfavorable to him.

BOSTONS WON

By Sharp Fielding in Yesterday's Game

THE SCORE 7 TO 4 WITH BALTIMORE

Other Games in Which Surprises Appear

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Boston, Sept. 5.—Boston won by heady work on the bases. Willis was wild and was hit hard, especially in the ninth, but sharp fielding by the Bostons kept their opponent's score down. Crisham was presented with a diamond ring in the second inning and responded by striking out. Smith was put out of the game in the fifth for striking Umpire McGarr. Attendance, 5700.

Boston.	AB	R	BH	PO	A	E
Hamilton, c. f.	2	0	1	1	0	0
Tenney, 1 b.	4	0	0	8	0	0
Long, s. s.	2	0	1	3	2	0
Stahl, r. f.	4	0	0	2	0	0
Collins, 3 b.	4	0	1	1	0	0
Duffy, l. f.	3	1	0	3	0	0
Lowe, 2 b.	4	1	2	0	5	0
Bergen, c.	4	2	1	9	1	0
Willis, p.	3	0	1	0	5	0
Totals	30	4	7	27	13	0

Baltimore.	AB	R	BH	PO	A	E
Fultz, 3 b.	5	0	2	0	3	1
Holmes, l. f.	4	0	3	1	0	0
Demont, 2 b.	4	0	1	4	1	0
Brodie, c. f.	4	0	1	4	0	0
Keister, s. s.	4	1	0	2	2	1
Sheckard, r. f.	4	0	2	1	0	0
Crisham, 1 b.	4	0	1	6	0	0
Smith, c.	2	0	0	2	1	0
Robinson, c.	2	0	1	3	1	1
Howell, p.	3	0	0	1	3	0
*Harris	0	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	36	1	11	24	11	3

*Batted for Howell in the fourth.

Boston ....0 0 1 2 0 0 1 0 —4
Baltimore ....0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—1

Earned runs—Boston, 2. Two-base hit—Holmes. Three-base hits—Sheckard, Lowe. Stolen bases—Long, Keister, Hamilton. Double plays—Keister, Demont and Crisham. First on balls—By Willis, 1; by Howell, 6. Struck out—By Willis, 5; by Howell, 3. Umpires—Snyder and McGarr.

At St. Louis— r bh e
Louisville ......1 4 0 1 6 1 2 0 0—14 18 3
St. Louis ......0 0 0 0 0 0 2 0 0— 2 7 5
Batteries — Phillippi and Zimmer; Young, McBride and Schreck.

r bh e
St. Louis ......0 0 0 2 0 0 0 0—2 6 3
Louisville ......0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0—1 3 2
Batteries—Powell and Schreck; Woods and Zimmer. Called on account of darkness.

At Cincinnati— r bh e
Cincinnati ......1 0 2 2 0 0 1 0 —6 10 1
Cleveland ......0 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0—3 12 1
Batteries—Hawley and Peitz; Hughey and McAllister.

r bh e
Cincinnati ......1 0 0 4 2 0 1 0 —8 9 2
Cleveland ......0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0—1 4 6
Batteries—Taylor and Wood; Schmidt and Duncan.

At Chicago— r bh e
Pittsburg ......0 0 0 0 0 2 3 0 2—7 13 3
Chicago ......0 1 0 0 0 0 1 0 0—2 9 1
Batteries—Tannehill and Schriver; Griffith and Chance.

r bh e
Chicago ......0 1 0 1 0 0 2 0 0—4 12 6
Pittsburg ......1 1 0 0 2 0 0 0 0—4 9 3
Batteries — Taylor, Donahue and Chance; Chesbro and Bowerman. Called on account of darkness.

At New York— r bh e
Brooklyn ......0 0 0 0 1 0 0 4 0—5 6 5
New York ......0 2 2 0 0 0 0 0 0—4 10 5
Batteries—Hughes and Farrell; Seymour and Wilson.

At Brooklyn— r bh e
Brooklyn ......0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 2—3 7 2
New York ......0 0 0 0 0 0 0 2 0—2 7 0
Batteries—Kennedy and McGuire; Gettig and Wilson.

At Philadelphia— r bh e
Philadelphia ..0 0 0 0 0 1 1 0 0 1—3 6 1
Washington ..0 2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—2 9 4
Batteries—Platt and McFarland; McFarland and Roach.

r bh e
Philadelphia ..0 3 0 0 7 3 0 4 —17 13 2
Washington ..0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0— 0 6 5
Batteries—Fraser and McFarland; Weyhing and Roach.

WHO GETS THE PENNANT?

Newport, R. I., Sept. 5.—This city claims the New England championship pennant in the second series, which ended yesterday, on the ground that Manchester did not have any postponed games to play with Portland, and that the two games between Manchester and Portland yesterday finished the schedule of the Manchester team. It is also claimed that four games played in Manchester yesterday afternoon were outside the schedule and could not be figured in the final standings and relative positions of the club when their schedules were finished. The pennant is claimed by the management of the Newport team by the following table:

	Won.	Lost.	Per C.
Newport	17	8	.680
Manchester	16	9	.640
Portland	12	14	.461
Taunton	5	19	.263

Manchester, N. H., Sept. 5.—Manchester's claim to the pennant is based on the following standing:

	Won.	Lost.	Per C.
Manchester	20	9	.690
Newport	17	8	.680
Portland	12	18	.400
Taunton	5	19	.263

N. Y. DEMOCRATS

Endorsed the Chicago Platform in Mass Meeting

New York, Sept. 5.—The Chicago platform Democrats held a meeting last night in Cooper Union. John P. Altgeld, Former Judge Tarvin and Congressman Lentz were the speakers. Each one declared for the nomination of William J. Bryan and against the policy of President McKinley in the Philippines. Resolutions were read fully endorsing the Chicago platform; pledging the earnest efforts of those present to the nomination and election of William J. Bryan to the presidency in 1900; declaring that the war against the Philippines is a grossly immoral assault on American principles of government and a brutal attempt to crush a weak people, who are bravely contending for the exercise of God-given rights of self-government; condemning the action of President McKinley in relation to the Philippines; holding that all trusts are destructive of industrial and individual liberty; favoring the abolition of all special privileges and governmental ownership and operation of all monopolies; recognizing that the liberty of the American people is being destroyed.

BOAT UPSET.

Torrington, Conn., Sept. 5.—Michael Lynch, a farmhand, and Arthur Ahern, who resided with his parents here, were drowned in Battam lake yesterday by the upsetting of a boat. The drowned men were each about 25 years of age.

ANOTHER POLAR EXPEDITION.

London, Sept. 5.—A dispatch to The Daily Chronicle from Christiana says that Baron Von Toll, a Russian, has purchased a sealing vessel and will undertake an expedition into the north polar regions next spring.

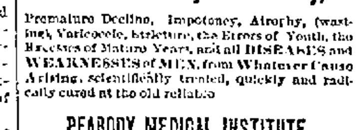
DO IT YOURSELF.

It is easy to tell whether your Kidneys are diseased. Take a bottle or glass tumbler and fill it with urine. If there is a sediment—a powder-like substance—after standing a day and night, there is something wrong with the Kidneys. Other sure signs of disease are a desire to urinate often, pain in the back, or if your urine stains linen.

There is no question that Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy is the best and surest medicine in the world for diseases of the Kidneys, Liver, Bladder and Blood, Rheumatism, Dyspepsia and Chronic Constipation. It quickly relieves and cures inability to hold urine and the necessity of getting up a number of times during the night. It puts an end to that scalding pain when passing urine and corrects the bad effects of whiskey and beer. It is sold for one dollar a bottle at all drug stores.

Send your full post office address to the DR. DAVID KENNEDY CORPORATION, Rondout, N. Y., and mention this paper. They will then mail you a trial bottle of Favorite Remedy and a valuable medical pamphlet free, giving full directions for its use. Every reader of this paper can depend upon the genuineness of this liberal offer, and all sufferers from the diseases mentioned above should take advantage of it at once.

Exhausted Vitality.



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Nervous and Physical Debility,

Premature Decline, Impotency, Atrophy, (wasting), Varicocele, Stricture, the Errors of Youth, the Excesses of Mature Years, and all DISEASES and WEAKNESSES of MEN, from Whatever Cause Arising, scientifically treated, quickly and radically cured at the old reliable

PEABODY MEDICAL INSTITUTE,

No. 4 Bulfinch St., (opposite Revere House), Boston, Mass. Established in 1860. This renowned Institution publishes the staunch and far famed, popular and unequaled Medical Treatise entitled

THE SCIENCE OF LIFE; or SELF PRESERVATION,

a Book For Every Man, married or single, young, middle aged or old. It is a private Treasure Casket on the above named and kindred subjects. It contains 370 pages, 12 mo., 125 invaluable prescriptions for Acute and Chronic diseases, each one of which is worth more than five times the price of the book and should be in the possession of every sensible prudent man for ready reference. It is the Grand Prize Essay, for which was awarded the Gold Medal by the National Medical Association. Price, only $1, by mail, double sealed and strictly private, guaranteed as represented in every instance. The distinguished author and Chief Consulting Physician to the Peabody Institute graduated from the Harvard Medical College, class 1864, and was Surgeon to the 5th Regt. Mass. Volunteers during the war of the Rebellion. The first assistant Physician to the Institute graduated from the old College of Physicians and Surgeons, class 1795. These Physicians Cure Where Others Fail. After many years of careful study and extensive research they guarantee a positive cure in every case of Rheumatism treated. Consultation in person or by mail, 9 to 6. Sundays 10 to 1. The Diagnostician or Know Thyself Manual, a Vade Mecum of Medical Science for All, price 50 cents, but sent free, sealed, to every male reader of this paper ef this date, mentioning this paper, enclosing 6c. for postage.

"The Peabody Medical Institute has many imitators, but no equals."—Boston Herald.

After a

Bath

Dr. H. C. Bullock, of Hartford, says: You will find Comfort Powder the best in the world. It makes a delicate covering over the sensitive skin, cures heat eruptions, chafing, and roughness.

Comfort Powder

renders the flesh sweet, smooth, and healthy. It should be in every house for every mother, father, and babe. Please try it.

Toilet Stores, 25c. and 50c. Sample free.
COMFORT POWDER CO., HARTFORD, CT.

Boston & Maine Railroad

Corrected to June 26, 1899. Trains leave Merrimack Street Depot, Lowell, as follows:
For Boston, 5.43, 6.25, †6.42, *7.45, *8.50, †9.15, *9.40, 11 a m; 1.40, †3.00, 4.25, †5.41 p m. SUNDAYS, 8.45 a m.

Trains leave Middlesex Street Station Lowell as follows:
For Boston, 5.45, 6.28, †6.45, w6.50, 7.01, *7.20, *7.25, 7.31, *7.48, †7.59, w*8.03, *8.57, †9.12, w2.25, *2.55, w10.57, 11.03, *11.15 a m; w12.05, 12.36, w1.45, 1.48, w2.30, w3.10, 3.02, *3.47, w5.55, *4.01, 4.24, w5.15, 5.22, *5.45, w6.15, *6.22, 7.00, *7.15, 8.44, w9.50 p m. SUNDAYS, 7.20, 7.25, 8.15, 8.45, 9.10, a m.; 12.05, 4.05, 4.25, 5.58, 8.45 p. m.
For Lawrence, and Haverhill, 6.28, w6.50, z7.31, w8.50, w9.25, 10.05, w10.50 a m; w12.05, w2.30, 3.45, 4.18, w5.15, w6.15, w7.00, w9.25, w11.25 p. m. SUNDAYS 8 15 a m, 12.36, 5.30, 8.45 p m.
For stations between Reading and Boston, western division, 6.50, 9.25, 10.50 a. m.; 12.05, 12.45, 2.20, 3.55, 5.15, 7.00, 9.25 p. m. SUNDAYS, 8 15 a. m.; 12.05, 4.05, 5.30, 8.45 p. m.
For Salem, Mass., w6.25, 7.31 a m; w12.05, 1.28 w5.15, 5.53 p m.
For Newburyport, Amesbury and Portsmouth, 6.53 a m; 12.05, 2.30, 2.31, 3.56, 6.15 p m.
For Haverhill, 6.28, 6.50, z7.33, 8.50, 9.25, 10.50 a m; 12.05, 2.30, 3.19, 4.16, 5.10, 6.15, 7.00, 9.25, †11.25 p m. SUNDAYS, 8.15 a m; 12.05, 5.30, 7.25 p m.
For Haverhill, Newburyport, Hampton, North Hampton, Portsmouth and stations on York Beach, R. R., 2.30 p. m., July 8 to Sept. 8 inclusive.
For Exeter and Dover 6.28, 6.50, z7.31, 8.50 a m; 12.05, 3.55, 5.15 p m. SUNDAYS, x8.15, 5.30 p. m.
For Rochester and Alton Bay, 8.50 a m; 12.05, 3.55 p m.
For Somersworth, N H, Saco, Old Orchard, and Portland, 6.28, 6.50, z7.31, 8.50 a m; 12.05, 3.55, 5.15 p m. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p m.
For Lewiston, Augusta, Bath, Waterville, 6.50, 8.50 a m; 12.05, 5.15 p m. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p m.
For Bangor, Belfast Skowhegan and Rockland, 6.50 a m; 5.15 p m. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p m.
For St John's, N B, Halifax, N S., Montreal and Quebec, 6.50 a. m.; 5.15 p. m. (5.15 does not run Saturdays.) SUNDAYS, 5.30 p m.
For Eastport and St John, (via steamer from Portland) on Mondays, and Friday at 12.05 p m.
For Castine, Deer Isle, Sedgewick, Bar Harbor, Jonesport and Machiasport, (via steamer Frank Jones from Portland,) Tuesday and Friday at 5.15 p. m.

For Woburn, 6.28, 7.01, 7.31, *7.48, 11.03 a m; 1.48, 4.28, 5.11, p m. SUNDAYS, 8.45 a m; 4.25, 5.58 p m.
For stations between Winchester and Boston, Southern Division; 5.46, 6.23, 7.31, 7.48, 9.56, 11.03 a. m.; 1.40, 4.24, 5.22, 8.44 p. m. SUNDAYS, 7.20, 8.45, 9.10 a. m.; 4.25, 5.58 p. m.
For Ayer Junction and Way-Stations—7.10 a m; 12.05, 5.01 and 5.42 p m. SUNDAYS, 2.15 p m.
For Amherst, Milford and Wilton—9.12 a m; 1.00, 8.41, 5.40 p m. SUNDAYS, 2 p m.
For Greenfield, Peterboro, Bennington, Hillsboro and Keene—9.12 a m and 3.41 p m. SUNDAYS to Hillsboro, 2 p m.
For Nashua, Manchester and Concord—7.40, 9.12, *9.30, *10.00 a. m.; *12.12, 1.00, *1.40, *1.51, 3.41, *5.10, 6.27, *8.10, *8.40 p m. SUNDAYS, 10.00 a m (to Nashua only), 3.08 a m; 2.00, 6.02, 8.10, 8.40 p m.
For Franklin, Lebanon and White River Junction—9.12, *9.40 a m; *12.12, *1.40, 5.40, ‡*8.10 p m.
For Warner, Bradford, Sunapee, Newport, (N H) Claremont and Claremont Junction—7.40, 9.12 a. m.; 1.40 p m; 3.41 p m Saturday only till August 27th inclusive.
For St Johnsbury, and Lyndonville, via Wells River—*9.40 a m, *1.40, *‡8.40 p m.
For Montpelier, Essex Junction, Burlington, St Albans, St Johns and Montreal via the Central Vermont Line, *9.40 a m; *12.12, *‡8.10 p m.
For Montreal and Quebec, via Montreal and Boston Air Line—*9.40 a m; ‡*8.40 p m.
QUEBEC EXPRESS, via Plymouth and Sherbrook—*1.40, ‡*8.40 p m.
References: *Express; ‡Daily. w Via Western Division. †Wednesdays and Saturdays only. § Via Bedford. z Via Wilmington Junction. x To Exeter only.
D. J. FLANDERS, General Passenger and Ticket Agent. H. C. TAFT, Gen Agt., Lowell.

BLOOD POISON

Primary, Secondary and Tertiary BLOOD POISON permanently cured in 15 to 35 days. You can be treated at home for same price under same guarantee. If you prefer to come here we will contract to pay railroad fare and hotel bills, and no charge if we fail to cure. If you have taken mercury, iodide, potash, and still have aches and pains, Mucous patches in mouth, sore throat, pimples, copper colored spots, ulcer on any part of the body, hair or eyebrows falling out, it is this secondary BLOOD POISON we guarantee to cure. We solicit the most obstinate cases and challenge the world for a case we cannot cure. This disease has always baffled the skill of the most eminent physicians; $500,000 capital behind our unconditional guarantee. Absolute proofs sent sealed on application. Address COOK REMEDY CO., 1882 Masonic Temple, Chicago, Ill.

CLEARANCE SALE OF
Ladies' and Gents' Clothing
At 25c on the Dollar.

Same prices also, if you don't have all the money to pay down. We give you easy weekly terms, while you can be dressed stylish.

LOWELL CO-OPP. SUPPLY CO.
26 Central Street,
Up One Flight Open Evenings

FOR SALE.

A fine, well built double house, modern improvements, fine garden, lots of fruit trees, 11,900 square feet of land, excellent opportunities for more buildings, a first class investment. For sale on account of owner going away. Inquire at

96 South Whipple Street.

Lanterns 50c.

W. T. S. Bartlett
The Up-Town Hardware Store,
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J. F. ROGERS,
UNDERTAKER,
OFFICE—216 Central Street.
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Telephone connection. Hacks furnished for all occasions.

Everybody Has a Desire to Dress Neat and Clean.

And no matter how careful we are sometimes get our clothing soiled and that makes us look shabby. It is not necessary to purchase a new suit of clothes on that account. Bring your suit to the

BAY STATE
Dye Works
On Prescott Street,

and they will cleanse them for you, removing all stains and for a small cost will make them look as good as new. Remember the place

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BAY STATE DYE WORKS.

Hammocks

All sizes and styles. 50c. to $6.00 each. Hammocks, hooks, ropes, etc.

Ice Cream Freezers

The White Mountain; in all sizes. 1 to 25 quarts.

Ice Cracks, Picks, Lemon Squeezers.

BARTLETT & DOW
216 CENTRAL STREET.

"GLORIA"

IS NOT A MEDICINE.

As we understand Nature's laws,
Nothing can happen without a cause.
If you are slow, almost a dunce,
Then begin to drink GLORIA at once.
Does this seem funny, it may to you,
But little things change our lives all through.
Drink the GLORIA, it quickens the brain
And brings back wandering thoughts again.
No doubt, if normal conditions rule,
You've no occasion to feel like a fool.
If GLORIA gives vigor and life to man
Hasn't it done about all it can.

5 Cents a Glass.

S. Bartlett, Agt., 160 Middlesex St.

Peter J. Brady, Grocer.

NEW STORE:
Cor. Gorham and South Highland Streets.

Choice Teas, Coffees, and Spices

Try our New Brands of Flour, the Best in the City, "The King Arthur," "Crown of Gold," and "Banquet."

We have just received Samples of Suitings for for the Fall and Winter Trade, and in our judgment, they are the finest looking goods that have ever come to the city.

Call at A. M. BERTRAND,
The Fashionable Tailor,
24 MIDDLE STREET.
No trouble to show goods.

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Price of Gas with the discount off for prompt payment, is

$1.00 ONE THOUSAND FEET.

First-class Cooking Stoves set up and rented at a low rate per year, piping included. Coke broken, screened and delivered at $4.50 per chaldron, $2.25 per half chaldron, cash. No charge made for the use of meters. No charge made for running supply pipes from street mains to consumer's cellar. Orders when left at office promptly attended to.

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Undertaker and Funeral Director
169 WORTHEN STREET.

Telephone connection 464-4. Calls night or day promptly attended to. Carriages furnished for weddings and christenings.

PETER WATSON
BAKERS,

Are working night and day to supply the demand for their celebrated Cream Bread and Cake. It is admitted by everybody that has used it, to be the best on the market. Watson's bakery supplies can be had at almost any well regulated grocery store. Call for Watson's and take no other.

PETER WATSON'S Home Made Bakeries,
52 to 60 Charles St.,
46 Lawrence St.

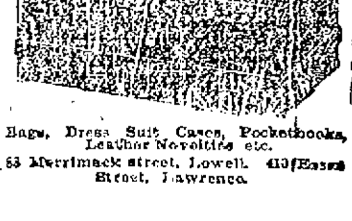
THE
STANDARD BOTTLING CO.

is doing the largest business that they have ever done since they have been in business. There is one good reason for this, and that is that their

Carbonated Drinks
AND
Moxie Nerve Food

are the correct thing to have in the house when the weather is so warm. Just order a case, and see if you will not say that it is the best investment you have made this summer. The Standard Botling goods are the best on the market. You can order by telephone.

BUY OF THE MAKER, P. F. Devine



Bags, Dress Suit Cases, Pocketbooks, Leather Novelties etc.
63 Merrimack street, Lowell. 410 Essex Street, Lawrence.

THE COLUMBIA

Gave Proof of Superior Speed

IN THE LAST OF TRIAL RACES

All Doubts Have Been Removed

THE RIGGING AND MASTS ALL RIGHT

Yesterday's Race Was Almost a Procession

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Newport, R. I., Sept. 5.—In Monday's race, the second and last of the official trial races for the settlement of a defender of the America's cup, Columbia again demonstrated that she is the peer of Defender, the 1895 champion, by defeating her 10 minutes and seven seconds over a triangular course in an eight-knot breeze and a smooth sea.

The contest was a procession throughout, with the Columbia leading at the start by 13 seconds, and gaining on every leg of the course. The first leg was a distance of 10 miles, and from the moment Columbia crossed the line she steadily sailed away from her rival, going round the first mark three minutes and 36 seconds ahead.

The second leg was also a reach, a little broader than the first, but even if Defender did set her spinnaker a mile from the turn she dropped two minutes and 19 seconds more in the run to the second mark.

The third leg of the triangle was almost dead beat to the finish, the two boats making a long hitch clear up to the Narragansett shore. Columbia made two other short tacks before she fetched the line, but Defender, by holding longer in-shore, managed to reach the lightship without another tack. Still Columbia gained, showing that with sheets close hauled she is the fastest American sailing yacht afloat. On this last leg she added four minutes and 22 seconds to her lead, making a total for the entire course of 10 minutes and seven seconds.

There will be no more official races, that of Monday settling conclusively in the minds of the committee which of the two boats is best fitted to meet Shamrock.

In Saturday's race Columbia made a good gain on Defender, running down the wind, with spinnakers and balloonersset, despite the fact that Defender held the breeze longer than her rival, while on the windward work that day, the new boat also made many minutes over her rival. Yesterday the two boats were tested with sheets lifted, and at this kind of sailing Columbia proved that she is a wonder. So, having satisfied every one that she is the better boat at all points of sailing in moderate breezes, the committee did not deem it advisable to hold any more races.

What all the yachtsmen would like to see is a contest between the boats when they could carry only their lower sails. On the run of the New York Yacht club from this port to Vineyard Haven during the recent cruise in a half a gale, Defender practically defeated Columbia on time allowance, and there are many who think that the old boat is the fastest in a stiff breeze with lifted sheets. On the run to the Vineyard Columbia had a pine mast, which no doubt handicapped her to some extent, and what remains to be seen is whether she is improved in heavy weather by the steel mast as much as she is in moderate breezes.

Columbia's mainsail fitted a little better yesterday than it did on Saturday, due no doubt to the stretching it received in the first trial race and subsequent hauling out on the boom and gaff. Still there is an opportunity for much improvement, as there is a curl to the leach that some of the yachtsmen do not like. Columbia's clubtopsail was a bit better than in the previous race, but there was a fluttering at the head. All doubts as to the strength of the rigging and the steel mast must have been dispelled by the thorough tests which they received, both before and during the race. Fifteen minutes before the start, while jockeying for position, the Columbia was swung round with sheets flattened, so that she held down to an angle of nearly 45 degrees; still everything stood the strain.

There was little opportunity for shifting sails, although at one time the crew of Defender were kept pretty busy setting and taking in spinnaker. On the first leg both boats dropped their balloon staysails which they hoisted at the start, and substituted working staysails. As the shift was made simultaneously on both boats it gave the erroneous impression that something had gone wrong with those sails. Aside from changing jibtopsails two or three times Columbia's crew had little to do but lie out to windward.

Iselin expressed himself as being perfectly satisfied with the Columbia. He said that the new boat had more than come up to his expectations. Everyone who was on the Columbia were delighted with her work. It was said that they had got the Columbia about right now, and that there would be but few changes made before the cup races in October.

A BOY'S BRAVERY.

Fall River, Mass., Sept. 5.—John Gastare attempted to shoot Margaret Judge at her home at North Tiverton when her son, aged 15, jumped in front of his mother, and received the bullet in his right thigh. Gastare is still at large. The boy is not dangerously wounded.

PROBABLY A TOTAL LOSS.

Haverhill, Mass., Sept. 5.—Steamer Merrimack, which struck in the river Sunday night, will probably be a total loss. She lies on the rocks with about two feet of water on her lower deck at high tide. It is thought her back is broken.

Eye-sight by Absorption. Dr. Taylor.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

THE CROPS GOOD

Benefited by the Recent Moisture

WHAT THE RESULT WILL BE

Climatic Conditions Unfavorable in Some Places

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Boston, Sept. 5.—The New England section, climate and crop service, of the weather bureau, issues the following bulletin for the week ending Aug. 4:

The weather remained fair in about all sections of the district. There was, however, much cloudiness, especially in coast sections, and fog prevailed to a large extent. The unsettled weather culminated in showers on the afternoon or night of the 1st and morning of the 2d. These were wide spread, falling in parts of all the New England states. In many instances the amounts of rainfall were plenteous, thoroughly wetting the surface of the ground. A few sections reported no rain of account. The fair weather has been favorable to harvesting, and, where the ground was not too dry, to plowing and fall seeding. The weather was seasonably warm, and, in this respect was most favorable to vegetable growth and to maturing crops.

The temperature was practically a continuation of the conditions of the preceding week. The average for the week was 66 degrees, which is but one degree lower than for the preceding seven days. It was well distributed through the days and nights; except in sections where fog prevailed there was complaint of cool nights. No frosts occurred, so far as indicated by the reports at hand.

The average precipitation for the week was 1.01 inches, which was more than double that of the preceding week. It was, however, unevenly distributed. In some sections it was in the form of copious showers to heavy downpours, in others light sprinkles to seasonable showers, while in a few localities no rain fell. In sections favored with large amounts the drought was effectually broken, but for nearly the whole of the district rain is much needed. It would be of great benefit to late crops, grass, pastures, and to operate in connection with fall farming.

Considering the crop conditions of the district as a whole, they have materially improved during the past week. Showers occurred over nearly the whole of the district during Thursday or Friday, and, while in many sections the amounts were light, the small amount of water, combined with the moist, cloudy or foggy weather, proved of great benefit to growing crops. In a few localities, small areas, mostly on highlands, where the drought was unusually severe, crops, mostly late corn, were past help. But, in general, crops were revived and improved. In sections where the rainfall was heavy, parts of Massachusetts, New Hampshire and Vermont, the ground was well filled, and grass has made rapid growth and is reported as looking greener than at any time since last spring. In portions of the territory where no rain has fallen corn is drying up, without maturing, berries and fruits generally are small and damaged, and pastures have entirely failed as a source of feed for stock. The dry weather is also greatly delaying fall plowing and seeding. The scarcity of stock water in many sections continues as a matter of great inconvenience as well as resulting in a marked shrinkage in the milk supply. In the forests of Maine great and destructive fires are reported as raging, due to the long continued dry weather. Hay, corn and fruit are the crops that have suffered the most from the dry weather of the season.

TREASON CHARGED

Hurled Back in the Face of President

AT A MEETING AT BOSTON

By Hon. P. A. Collins and Others

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Boston, Sept. 5.—The Irish Nationalists of Boston and vicinity held a Labor day picnic in Brighton yesterday, a feature of which was the attack upon the president and the government's policy in the Philippines, by Patrick A. Collins and Gamaliel Bradford, the orators of the day. Mr. Bradford scored the imperialistic policy, saying in the course of his address: "If there is treason to the flag anywhere, I say that the name of the traitor is William McKinley. He has done more than haul down the flag. He has trailed it in the dirt. He has sunk it so low that it seems almost doubtful it can rise again to its former level."

A THREE-CORNERED CONTEST.

Philadelphia, Sept. 5.—The campaign for G. A. R. commander-in-chief is waxing warm. It is one of the fiercest contests that the G. A. R. has been engaged in for a long time. There are three candidates in the field—Acting Commander-in-chief T. C. Johnson of Cincinnati; Comrade Leo Rassleur of St. Louis, and Colonel Albert D. Shaw of Watertown, N. Y. The friends of each claim that their favorite is already a winner. A careful canvass, however, indicates that Colonel Shaw has a little the better of the contest.

M'KANE IS DYING.

New York, Sept. 5.—John Y. McKane, at one time the "King of Coney Island," who was discharged from Sing Sing a year ago after serving 4½ years for election frauds, is lying at the point of death at his home at Sheepshead Bay. It is stated that an attack of vertigo a few weeks ago left McKane in a very weak condition, and that the trouble finally developed into paralysis.

COURT DECISIONS

Many Recent Rulings For Publication

BOTH IMPORTANT AND INTERESTING

They Embrace Many Points of Law

Following are a number of court decisions of general interest, touching the interests of every class in the community:

After a judicial separation though the marriage is not dissolved, it is held in People e rel. Commissioners of Public Charities vs. Cullen (N. Y.) 44 L. R. A. 420, that the marriage relation is so far terminated or suspended that the husband cannot be guilty of the statutory offense of abandonment or desertion.

The benefit of a contract by a town with the street railway company is held in Adams vs. Union Railroad Co. (R. I.) 44 L. R. A. 273, to be available to a passenger in an action of trespass for being ejected for non-payment of fare after tendering the amount allowed by the contract.

An action of replevin for a corpse is held in Keyes vs. Konkel, (Mich.) 44 L. R. A. 242, to be not maintainable under the statutes providing for the replevin of goods and chattels and providing that judgment for defendant shall be for return of the property or its value.

A broker is held to be the procuring clause of a sale in Headley vs. Savings bank of Danbury (Conn.) 44 L. R. A. 321, when he called a person's attention to the property and gave him information as to how to obtain admission thereto, although without his knowledge, the owner subsequently took up the negotiation and completed the sale. An extensive collection of the authorities on the question when a real estat brokr may be considered the procuring cause of a sale is furnished in a note to this case.

A deposit in a savings bank in trust for the owner of the money and another person as joint owners subject to the order of either and the balance at the death of either to belong to the survivor, is held in Milholland vs. Whalen (Md.) 44 L. R. A. 205, to constitute a valid declaration of trust in favor of the survivor as to the balance of the fund remaining on the death of either, although the settler retains possession of the bank book.

Breaking and entering a dwelling house for the purpose of serving a writ of replevin, after admittance has been demanded and refused, is held in Kelley vs. Schuyler (R. I.,) 44 L. R. A. 436, to constitute the officer a trespasser. The fact that a foreign insurance company had authorized service of process to be made on the secretary of state is held in Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Co. vs. Spratley (Tenn.) 44 L. R. A. 442, insufficient to prevent valid service from being made on an agent of the company, who has come into the state on business relating to the settlement of the loss.

The failure to furnish automatic car couplers in common use for freight cars is held in Troxler vs. Southern R. Co., (N. C.) 44 L. R. A., 313, reaffirming the decision in Greenlee vs. Southern R. Co. 41 L. R. A., 399 to constitute negligence per se, for which a railroad company is liable to an employe who is injured in attempting to couple cars having skeleton drawheads of unequal height.

The tortious act of a brakemen in throwing coal at a boy on the tender of an engine by which he knocks him off or frightens him so that he jumps off, causing him to be run over and killed by the engine is held in Pierce vs. North Carolina R. Co. (N. C.) 44 L. R. A. 316, to render the railroad company liable.

A deposit of money in a savings bank in the name of the depositor and a donee, making it payable to the order of either of the survivors and having the words, "Joint owners" stamped on the pass books is held in Whalen vs. Milholland (Md.) 44 L. R. A. 208, insufficient to make a perfect gift, where the donor keeps possession of the passbook and retains dominion over the funds, with the right to withdraw them at any time.

One who draws another person in front of him to serve as a shield to an impending explosion is held in Laidlaw V. Sage (N. Y.) 44 L. R. A. 216 not to be liable for injuries received by the latter from the explosion, unless it is shown that the injuries were caused or increased by such act.

The dissent or sealed verdict by one juror when the jury is polled, after sealing a verdict and separating, made on the ground that he did not agree to the verdict except because he though he was obliged to, is held, in Kramer V. Kister (Pa) 44 L. R. A. 432, to make a discharge of the jury necessary and prevent the rendition in the case on that trial.

A vote of a city board over which the mayor precides, on a motion which he has declared out of order and declined to put, but which is thereafter put by a member of the board and declared by him to be carried, without the mayor's request or any appeal from his decision, or any request by him to put the motion, is held, in state, ex rel. Southey V. Lashar (Conn.) L. R. A. 197 to be wholly void, although a majority of the members voted in the affirmative.

PHILIP LAKE

SENTENCED TO THE REFORMATORY IN LAWRENCE

The Lawrence American has the following of young Lake of this city:

The continued case of Philip Lake, the Lowell youth who went to one of the rooms in the Essex house one evening recently and took articles of clothing valued at nearly $165, came up in police court last Friday for disposition. By suggestion of counsel the young man retracted his former plea of not guilty and pleaded guilty to the two counts against him. Lawyer Carmichael of Lowell appeared for the young man. He said the father of the young man was unable to be present on account of an accident which befell him yesterday. Mr. Carmichael said that Lake was 20 years old and had been working steadily of late. At the time he took the articles from the Essex House he was intoxicated and did not know what he was doing. The court was informed that Lake was arrested in Lowell four years ago for breaking into a store with some other boys. The case was placed on file. Mr. Carmichael asked that this case be placed on file or that Lake be placed on probation for a long term. He thought this would be better than to send him away. Judge Dow believed it his duty to send the young man to the Concord reformatory and this he did. An appeal was taken so that Mr. Carmichael could have a talk with the young man's father. Bail was fixed at $100.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

FOR HEALTH EAT

Flaked Rice

NEEDS NO COOKING

A. G. POLLARD & CO.

MERRIMACK, PALMER AND MIDDLE STREETS.

OUR NEW

Outing Flannels

JUST OPENED.

Remnants Direct From the Mills

One Lot at 5c. Yard.

Consisting of an excellent quality of Flannel in stripes and checks, light and medium colors, long remnants from 5 yards to 15 yards, and worth at regular price 8c.

One Lot at 6¼c. Yard.

Embracing The "Swiss" Flannels in light grounds, stripes and checks, also a line of dark colorings, same grade, and the plain pink and blue baby outing; and then we have the remnants of the famous "Empire" Flannels in an elegant assortment of plaids and stripes of the handsomest designs ever shown in Lowell, and very qest qualities put on the market, worth on the piece 10 and 12 1-2c. all for 6 1-4c. per yard.

BASEMENT.

A. G. Pollard & Co.

SORE FEET

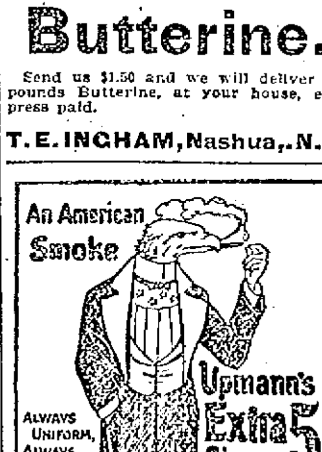
Caused by corns, bunions, or callouses, quickly cured by using WAKEFIELD'S FIR BALSAM SALVE. Price, 25c.

Goodale's Drug Store, cor. Central and Jackson Streets

Butterine.

Send us $1.50 and we will deliver 10 pounds Butterine, at your house, express paid.

T. E. INGHAM, Nashua, N. H



HEALTH, POWER, ENERGY. stop forever all weakening drains, feed the brain, replace wasted tissues, and send rich, flesh-building blood bounding through every part of the system, making every organ act, and causing you to glow and tingle with newly found strength. You're a new man, and can feel it. The greatest NERVE TONIC ever discovered. Palmo Tablets cure quickly and forever Nervous Debility, Varicocele, Atrophy, Loss of Memory, Sleeplessness, Dyspepsia, Kidney Diseases, 50c. a box; 12 boxes (with guarantee, good as gold), $5.00. Sent anywhere. HALSIO DRUG CO., Cleveland, O.

Sold at Goodale's Drug Store, the best and cheapest place in Lowell for drugs and medicines, 217 CENTRAL STREET.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Extra high grade canopy top democrats, elegant trap, used four times; fine Goddard; new and second-hand Concords, democrats, square wagons, phaetons, etc., low prices, Libby, 69 Robbins street.

BARBER SHOP on Bridge street must be sold, regardless of cost, terms easy. Apply to Joseph A. Lazaro, 51 Central st., room 6.

COTTAGES FOR SALE—Cottage of seven rooms, $1100; Cottage of seven rooms, $1500, Cottage of seven rooms, set tubs, bath room and furnace, 6350 foot of land, $2400. Cottage of nine rooms, $1800. If you want a house lot within fifteen minutes' walk from Centralville bridge for $50, come and see me at 1123 Bridge street. Telephone 838-3.

FOR SALE—Pool room and cigar store for sale at 180 Middlesex street.

FOR SALE—Best fitted and cleanest restaurant in Lawrence; first class; location beats all others, and is paying good money. Price reasonable. Anyone that wants a good business and make money this is the one. Address or apply to C. W. Howard, 521 Essex street.

FOR SALE—The entire outfit for preparing fried fish and chipped potatoes. We are going out of the business for good reasons and offer the outfit at a bargain. For full particulars apply to J. W. Robinson, 119 Tenney street, Methuen, Mass.

FOR SALE—A first-class cobbler's shop, including all kinds of tools, lasts, machines, etc. Apply at 114 Pleasant street.

MUST SELL my upright piano, stool, scarf, and 150 sheets of music; would prefer cash, but will sell on instalments. Address P. O. Box 487.

FOR SALE—Lot of land on Highland avenue 5000 feet, by Lewis D. Gunn, 911 Gorham street.

FOR SALE—Ten R.I.P.A.N.S for 5 cents at druggists. One gives relief.

FOR SALE—On Jewett street, 9-room house and pantry; small lot of land. Price $1600. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

FOR SALE—On July street, 7-room cottage house, all modern improvements, large lot of land. Price $2250. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

FOR SALE—Near Centralville, 6-room house, good size lot of land. Price $1100. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

FOR SALE—Near Central street, 2-tenement house, 6 rooms to each tenement. Price $1900. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

FOR SALE—One of the best boarding and lodging houses in Lowell; must be sold on account of sickness. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

FOR SALE—Near Chelmsford street, cottage house of 7 rooms, large barn. Price $1750. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

MISCELLANEOUS.

GENERAL AGENCY—A good position is open for an experienced life insurance man in a well known company. Address, "Insurance," P. O. Box 3199, Boston, Mass.

A WONDERFUL WOMAN.

Madam Oler, the Clairvoyant. She differs from all other Mediums and Palmists as widely as the mid-day sun differs from the moon. Her readings are wonderful. Her ability to aid you comes from a powerful and lofty source. Advice on business, love and marriage. Call and you will not be disappointed, at the Bon Marche, Rooms 62-63. Take the elevator from 9 to 9.

WAGONS—Inspection invited to my select stock of Concords, democrats, square wagons, panel side wagons, and an assortment of second hand phaetons, Stanhope buggies, wagons in good condition, all of which I will sell at bargains. J. F. Libby, 69 Robbins street.

PROF. DOUGLAS, Astrologer, reads the nativity and gives advice on all business affairs, by mail or in person. Parties corresponding should state age in full. 195 Merrimack street, Bascom Block, Room 10.

HIGH PRICE paid for second hand Furniture, Pianos, Organs and any other second-hand articles. Write for particulars to Abrahams & Quinn, 85 Haverhill street, Lawrence, Mass. Will call quick and pay cash.

WE WILL EITHER buy or store second-hand furniture at No. 60 Charles street. When we buy we pay the highest price and make a specialty of antique pieces. Will be on premises every day from 8 to 6 p. m. E. O'Heir, attorney.

RUBBER STAMPS—At wholesale prices. 1 inch one line stamps 10c.; 1 1-2 inch 15c.; 85c. ink pads 25c.; 25c. ink pads 15c.; 60c. linen markers 25c.; business stamps 15c. per line. J. M. Fellows, 137 Merrimack street.

CALL at 451 Merrimack street to buy or sell second-hand furniture. Telephone 508-4.

WATER CLOSETS and bath tubs from $5.00 up. All first class plumbing at Lowest prices. J. H. Barry, 438 Market street.

MADAME ALVARDE

The popular card reader of Boston, has removed to 45 Gorham st., 2nd flight, opposite P.O., where she can be consulted on business affairs, love, etc., lost articles found, names called. The Madame, born in a veil, has since earliest recollections, been gifted with power to reveal the past, present and future. Call and be convinced. Fees, Ladies, 25c.; gents, 50c. Hours, 10 a. m. to 9 p. m.

We Are Making Room for Our New

FALL STOCK

For that reason we sell our Watches, Jewelry, Spectacles, At 15 per cent. discount.

Don't loose that opportunity to save few dollars.

LEGAULT & CO., RELIABLE JEWELERS.

70 Central St., cor Prescott.

HARRISON'S

Anti-Rust Paint

Is specially adapted for use on tin roofs.

C. B. COBURN & CO.

63 Market St.

DO NOT WAIT

Untill your eyes smart and burn, but come now and have the right glasses fitted so as to preserve your sight to good age. "A stitch in time."

GEO. G. ROGERS, OPTICIAN.

138 Merrimack St.

WANTED.

WANTED—A middle aged woman as housekeeper, apply at 781 Broadway.

WANTED—Reliable domestic help of every nation, white or colored. Theo. Bon, 168 Merrimack street, opposite Bon Marche.

ASTROLOGY tell future, love, trouble, success and birthdates; only 25c. Prof. MacArthur, Danby, N. Y.

CALL AT GONZALES, the Cutler, 128 Gorham street, if you want a first-class razor or strop. He has the new Xavier razor which excels all others. Razors concaved and honed.

WANTED—Girl for folding and finishing; experienced. Greenwood & Payson Hosiery.

WANTED—Lady agents for medicine company. Salary and expenses at the start. No experience necessary. Call in person at once at 53 First street.

WANTED—Names of ruptured people. We cure rupture free to introduce our method. Dr. Speirs, 51 Main street, Westbrook, Me.

STENOGRAPHER and typewriter—A young man, competent stenographer and typewriter desires employment. Best of references. Address X., Sun office.

WANTED—Room with power for light manufacturing, about 20x30. Address P. O. Box 976, city.

WANTED—A second hand refrigerator or ice chest. Address R., Sun office.

WANTED—First class paper hangers and painters. 270 Gorham street.

LADIES—Chichester English Pennyroyal Pills (Diamond Brand) are the best, safe, reliable. Take no other. Send 4c. in stamps for particulars, "Relief for Ladies," in letter by return mail. At druggists. Chichester Chemical Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—Fox terrier, Saturday afternoon near Western ave., with two spots on right side, half brown head with brown diamond in centre. Collar with M. J. Graney, 250 First st., Bo. 2315.

LOST—A sum of money, either in Flynn's market on Concord street, or between there and Sherman street. Reward at Miss Hurnden's, corner Sherman and Pleasant streets.

LOST—Black and tan hound pup, 8 months old. Owner's name on collar. Return to John Southworth, 100 South street and receive reward.

LOST OR STOLEN—A dog, with a white breast and a few bits of white hair on tip of his tail; cross between a bull and hound; answers to the name of Skip. Reward at L. L. Noliu's Tobacco Store, 7 Thorndike street.

LOST—A sum of money between First Nat. Bank and Old Washington Tavern. The finder will be suitably rewarded at Sun office.

LOST—A pocketbook containing a sum of money, between Moore street and the Fair Grounds Saturday night, Reward at 49 Fay street.

LOST—A gold Greek letter pin, with name on back. Reward at 281 Pawtucket street.

FOUND—The best place in Lowell for ladies to buy hats, bonnets, sailors, etc. at moderate prices is at No. 616 Merrimack street, Mde. Maxime Lepine, formerly 837 Moody street. Call in and ask prices.

LOST—A valuable diamond shirt stud this forenoon, either on the electrics or on the street. Finder will be rewarded by returning same to owner, J. P. Dugdale, 48 Marlboro street.

TO LET.

TO LET—A pleasant tenement, conveniently located, in Belvidere. Rent low. Apply at 11 Willow street.

TO LET—Nice tenement of 5 rooms, convenient to mills and centre of city. Call at 231 Church street.

TO LET—First floor, 25x50, with basement, very central location; good place for carriage or repair shop, plumber, hay and grain. Also a large basement on Dutton street, near freight depot. Apply at 468 Central street.

TO LET—A convenient 4-room tenement. Inquire at 70 Chestnut street.

TO LET—Rooms with or without board, one large front room on first floor with gas, furnished or unfurnished. Price low. 202 Fayette street.

$19.60

TAX RATE FOR 1899.

Our rates same as usual on all Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry of all description, Silver and Silver plated ware, Gold and Gold filled Spectacles, etc., etc.

J. D. Grant

64 Merrimack Street.

STOCKS AND BONDS

E. C. Stanwood & Co.

BANKERS,

121 Devonshire St.

BOSTON, MASS.

Investment Bonds.

LISTS SENT ON APPLICATION.

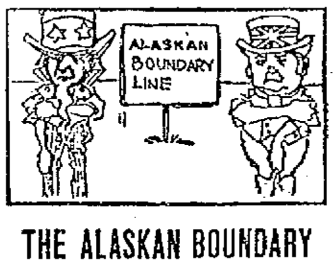
For Women.

Dr. Tolman's Monthly Regulator has brought happiness to hundreds of anxious women; have never had a single failure; longest cases relieved in 2 to 5 days without fail; no other remedy will do this; no pain, no danger, no interference with work; by mail or at office $2. write for further particulars. All letters truthfully answered. Dr. E. M. TOLMAN CO., 170 Tremont St., Boston.

FITS CURED

(From U. S. Journal of Medicine.)

Prof. W. H. Peeke, who makes a specialty of Epilepsy, has without doubt treated and cured more cases than any living Physician; his success is astonishing. We have heard of cases of 20 years' standing cured by him. He publishes a valuable work on this disease which he sends with a large bottle of his absolute cure, free to any sufferer who may send their P.O. and Express address. We advise anyone wishing a cure to address, Prof. W. H. PEEKE, F. D., 4 Cedar St., New York.



THE ALASKAN BOUNDARY

is the subject of much dispute. There is no dispute as to the superiority of our COAL. Give us a trial and be convinced.

D. T. SULLIVAN,

Coal, Wood, Lime, Etc.

984 Gorham St.

Branch Office, 227 Central street.

Telephone 713-2.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

THE SUN ON SALE IN BOSTON.

The five o'clock edition of The Sun is on sale at the news stand in the Union Station, Boston.

AT SUGAR AGAIN.

You may not think that we are selling sugar cheap because we are not advertising it. Take a little trouble and find out. Dickson Bros. The Big Tea Dealers, 68 Merrimack street.

V. A. MARET,

Merchant-Tailor, Dyeing, Cleansing, Repairing, Pressing, etc. Goods called for and returned. 49 Cheever street, Lowell.

REDUCED RATES TO NOVA SCOTIA.

Autumn excursions to Nova Scotia and New Brunswick, via new Yarmouth Line. Beginning today, continuing for 30 days, return tickets to all points in the provinces $1.00 more than one way limited rate. For further information and tickets apply at Murphy's steamship agency, 18 Appleton street.

LOCAL NEWS.

Try Horne's coal.

BURN WILSON'S COAL.

Pelham. Pelham. Pelham.

Hot advertising—Stanley's coal.

F. A. M. Tobin, Printery. 'Phone, 8-43-2.

Elegant rubber tired hacks at O'Donnell's. Telephone, 394-4.

The Lowell school of shorthand and typewriting opens Tuesday, Sept. 5. Competent assistants in attendance. Everything new and up-to-date. For terms etc, apply to the principal, 81 Merrimack street.

$125,00 IN GOLD.

To the Editor:

On the 16th of September, the directors of the Traders' National bank will be ready to tell the ladies of Lowell and vicinity through the columns of the daily newspapers all about the new "Ladies' Department" of the bank, now being fitted up, which will be open for public inspection on the evening of Wednesday, September 20th and for business the following day.

The advantages of the National, Savings, Foreign Exchange and Deposit Box Departments, together with a description of the elegant banking and reception rooms can probably be told in a 300 word reading notice.

For the best written article sent in by any lady residing in Lowell or Middlesex county the bank will pay $50.00 in gold.

Second best, $35.00 in gold.
Third best, $25.00 in gold.
Fourth best, $15 in gold.

The writers of the articles must agree to cheerfully abide by the decision of a committee to be selected by the board of directors to pass upon the articles submitted.

The articles must be in possession of the bank before the close of business, Sept. 9.

Address Advertising Department, Trader's National bank, Lowell, Mass."

The name and address of the writer must be given on a slip of paper, attached to the article. The envelopes will be opened in the presence of the directors, Sept. 11th, each article and name numbered and the names placed in a sealed envelope. The articles will be handed to the committee without being read and the names of the writers will be unknown.

The four best articles selected by the committee will be published with the names of the writers; if no objections are offered.

Very truly yours,
William F. Hills, Cashier.
Lowell, Mass., Sept. 1st, 1899.

REPORT OF DEATHS

FOR THE WEEK ENDING SEPT 2, 1899.

AUGUST.

24—Frederick G. Mitchell, 47, cardiac paralysis.
25—Zoa Paquette, 63, gen. debility.
Thomas McCaffrey, 21, R. R. accl.
Marie A. Poulin, 4 mos, chol. in.
George L. Cleary, 2 mos., chol. in.
Francis Conlin, 12 h., debility.
26—John Logue, 69, carcinoma of stom.
William Kirk, 45, drowning.
Ovila Paquette, 10 mos., chol. infan.
Alfred Toy, 1, entero colitis.
Gedeon Lefebvre, 4 mos., chol. inft.
——Brady, 0, prem. birth.
27—Frank Munroe, 64, cystitis.
William A. Luneas, 54, uræmia.
Michael Tragey, 40, heart disease.
Alice Plante, 1, chol. inft.
Florence M. Hackett, 10 mos, eclam
Helene Girard, 8 mos., chol. inft.
Norah McCutcheon, 1 mo., enteritis.
Charles A. Belanger, 4 days., prem. birth.
Hannah Downey, 57, cer. hem.
28—Thomas Irvine, 39, consumption.
Joseph Boisvert, 34, mitral in.
Thomas Wagner, 6 mos., chol. inft.
Mary Viera, 2 mos., inanition.
29——Socrates G. Chagoroody, 19, con.
Nathaniel D. Brown, 11 mos., enter.
Bridget Tighe, 61, cer. hemmorhage.
Philomene Chaput, 59, consumption.
William C. Bradley, 49, pleurisy.
30—Douglass Legatt, 4, an. stom.
Rosaire Paquin, 8 mos., chol inft.
Joseph O'Hagen, 7 mos. meningitis.
Walter Kane, 4 mos., chol. inft.
Charles McNichol, 1 mo., enteritis.
31—Catherine O'Loughlin, 75, apoplexy.
Marguerite Lacombe, 73, cancer.
Amelia Fretus, 6 mos., enteritis.
James Bowles, 5 mos., enteritis.

SEPTEMBER.

1—Fanny Senior, 29, h. nephritis.
Melida Coutu, 1, chol. inft.
Edward McCann, 7 mos. chol. inft.
Cady Brunet, 4 mos. chol. inft
Joseph A. Arneault, 1 mo. chol. inft.

GIRARD P. DADMAN, City Clerk.

REV. MR. EATON

FORMER LOWELL PASTOR DEAD AT CAMBRIDGE.

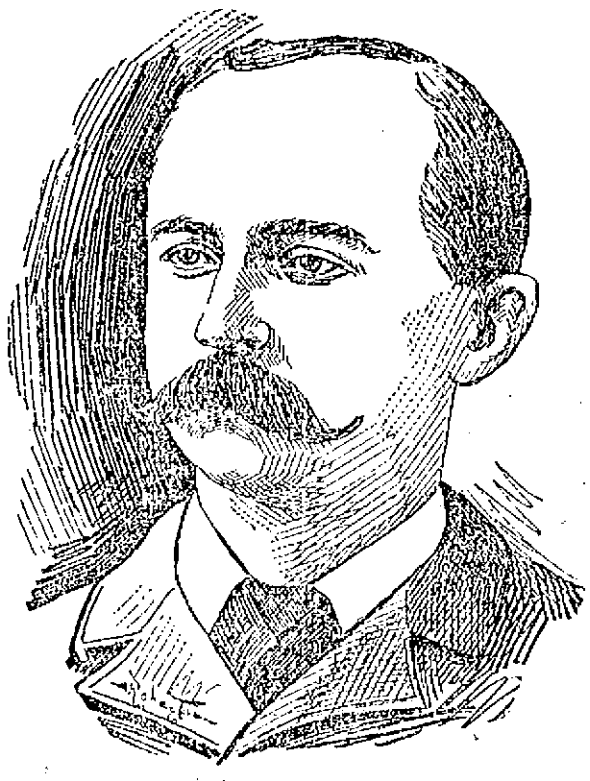
Rev. George Franklin Eaton, presiding elder of the Cambridge district, of the New England Methodist conference died Sunday afternoon at his late home 115 Oxford street, Cambridge. He had been ill since last Wednesday and his death was caused by complications of a diabetic nature. He was 62 years of age.

He was born at Hillsboro Bridge, N. H., and was admitted to the New Hampshire conference in 1860, his service having been extended over a period of thirty-nine years.

The district over which he has presided for several years is known among Methodists as the North district and included Charlestown, Cambridge, Somerville, Waltham and Woburn.

Don't let the little ones suffer from eczema or other torturing skin diseases. No need for it. Doan's Ointment cures. Can't harm the most delicate skin. At any drug store, 50 cents.

DR. SHAW'S DENTIST 31 MERR. ST.



JOSEPH F. CONVERY, president Trades and Labor Council.

LABOR'S GREAT DAY

(Continued.)

Carpenters' union with float, 100 men.
Marshal, O. M. Horton.
Building Laborers' union with carriage, 60 men.
Marshal, Terrence Gormley.
Second Regiment Band, Anda Drumm, leader, 25 pieces.
Leather Workers' union, 150 men.
Marshal, John Whalen.
Leather Shavers' union, 75 men.
Marshal, Henry J. Walsh.
Marshal, Joseph A. Toney.
Loomfixers' union with float, 100 men.
Marshal, Joseph Jemmery.
Cotton Weavers' union, 25 men.
Marshal, William L. Kinsella.
Carriages with ladies from Carders' and Pickers' union.
Carriages with Ladies from Cotton Weavers' union.
Cummings' Band, W. A. Cummings, leader, 25 pieces.
Mule Spinners' union, 150 men.
Marshal, Dennis Harrington.
Independent Drum Corps of Lawrence.

JAMES O'LAUGHLIN Marshal Trades and Labor Council.

National Band, R. A. Griffiths, leader, 25 pieces.
Horseshoers' union, with float, 60 men.
Marshal, Thomas Saunders.
Iron Moulders' union, 125 men.
Marshal, George H. Keating.
Aids, William Donohoe, John Willman, William Willman and John Ward.
Boilermakers' union, with float, 50 men.
Marshal, Frank Currier.
Aid, John Cassidy.
15 pieces.
Delegation of 75 Lawrence Mule Spinners.
Marshal, Patrick Daly.
Merchants' Floats.
P. Watson, baker; Duclo's studio, Lowell Co-operative Painting and Decorating company, Diamond Starch company.

The route of procession was as follows:

South, Middlesex, Thorndike, Fletcher, Adams, Cabot, Merrimack, Bridge, Sixth, countermarch, Bridge, Central Charles, Summer to the South common to be reviewed by the chief marshal and dismissed.

THE MOTTOES.

One of the features of the parade was the excellent array of banners. The principal ones were inscribed as follows:

With the Trades and Labor Council:

"Trades and Labor council—this is our motto, 'High wages and love of country.'"

"The offspring of high wages is high civilization in every land."

"The voice of the people is the voice of God."

"A hold peasantry, their country's pride."

Once destroyed can ne'er be supplied.

"We stand for a just cause."

"All wealth should belong to the producers."

"Workingmen of the world, unite! you have naught to lose but your chains and a world to gain."

With the Carpenters' union:

"Nobody can help one where one cannot help many."

"In union there is strength."

"We've got nine hours; this saw cuts for eight."

"We try to elevate our craft, also our pay; a good day's work for a fair day's pay."

With the Bricklayers' union:

"A man's a man for a' that."

"Man's inhumanity to man makes countless thousands mourn."

With the Wool Spinners' union:—

"We toil and spin, keep cool we must,
Our cause will win in spite of trust,
With Labor's host let all unite,
Defend your post, stand up for right;
We'll right the wrong through righteous laws,
Our union's strong and just our cause.
Then stand united, firm and true,
Each Labor Day your pledge renew."

With the Cotton Weavers' union:

"Welcome prosperity."
"Good treatment and fair wages."

PARADE NOTES.

One of the musical features was the gaily bedecked drum corps from South Lawrence which played inspiring music for the Lawrence mule spinners.

The parade went through its long line of march without a hitch or break, and the men walked like soldiers.

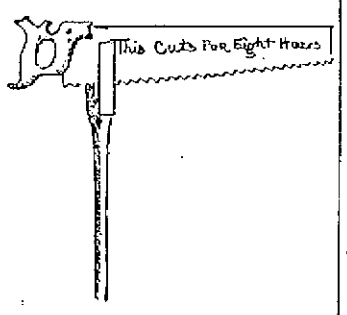
Many there are who think that the store clerks made a big mistake in failing to turn out.

Con. Desmond's blacksmithing forge float was one of the best things in line. That immense cabinet of nickel-plated horse shoes which appeared in the float was one prepared by Mr. Desmond while horseshoer at the Thorndale Stock Farm. It took the premium at the World's Fair.

The electrical workers had a float upon which was arranged an abundance of the various articles used in connection with their craft. In the middle was an electric light and gathered about it were electric fans, electric bells, electric wires and in fact everything that an electrician is called upon to handle. A number of men were on the float as well as marching behind it and each man wore a small electric bell attached to his coat.

One of the most attractive features was the Loomfixers' union float. It was an allegorical feature and called forth praise all along the route. Standing in the centre of the float was the goddess of liberty, impersonated by Mrs. Brown, and on the driver's seat was Uncle Sam impersonated by William Brick. The remaining parts were as follows: Sailors, George Shields and Philip Chumara; soldiers, John J. Lapoint and J. B. Walker; Cuban, George Lemond; drummer boy, John J. Shields. Mrs. Brown made an ideal goddess and her associates were similarly well adapted to their parts.

The Carpenters' union was engaged in the construction of a small latticed summer house on their float and it was stated on a placard that the building would be sold at auction on the common after the parade. A big crowd attended the auction and the house brought $60.



A feature was the fine turnout of John J. Donnelly, in which rode his son, William Donnelly. It was in line with the blacksmiths and Mr. Donnelly's high-stepping horse wore a blanket on which was the motto "None but union men shoe me."

THE SPORTS.

The sports were started on the South common at 2 o'clock. There was a place about 300 feet long and 40 feet wide roped off and with the aid of a dozen policemen they succeeded in keeping it clear for a while but towards the end of the sports nearly everyone was inside of the ropes. There was about ten thousand people in all viewing the sports, the hill on Summer street being perfectly lined with people.

Most of these events were both exciting and interesting. The most interest was centered in the tug-of-war contest. The first heat brought out the Loomfixers and the Stationary Firemen and resulted in a victory for the Loomfixers. The second heat was between the Iron Moulders and the Stationary Firemen and this heat scored a second defeat for the Firemen. In the final heat the Iron Moulders and Loomfixers had it hot and heavy. The Lomfixers defeated their opponents by about two inches. The Loomfixers' team was composed of the following Alphonse Dalphond, anchor; Arthur Lessler, Joseph Lafarriere, Joseph Lefebvre, Louis Boisonneau and Norbet Lessler.

The summary:

Putting 16-pound shot (open)— Won by Simon Dean, 36 feet, 2 1-2 inches; Charles Riley, 35 feet, 11 inches, second. First prize, $3; second, $2.

Throwing 56-pound weight (open).—Won by Simon Dean, 16 feet, 8 inches. Michael J. Roughan, 14 feet, 11 inches, second. First prize, $3; second, $2.

100 yards dash, professional—Won by Charles Hamilton, Edward McNally second. First prize, $5; second $3.

Hop, step and jump (open)—Won by A. Rourke, 39 feet, 11 inches; George Landers, second, 39 feet, 7 inches; J. Kane, third, 39 feet, 3 inches. First prize, $5; second, $3; third, $2.

100 yards' dash, amateur (union men only)—Won by Frank Charlton, George Landers, second. First prize $3, second, $2.

Three standing jumps (open)— Won by Charles Riley, 32 feet, 9 inches; George Landers, 32 feet, 6 inches. First prize, $3; second $2.

Standing broad jump (union men only)—Won by Charles Riley, 10 feet, 6 inches; Robert Hartley, 10 feet, 3 inches. First prize, $5; second $3.

100 yards' dash (union men over 225 pounds)—Won by Thomas Gray, Patrick Kane, second. First prize, briar pipe.

Boys' race (under 16 years)—Won by William Maloney, John McCarthy, second. First prize $3, second prize $2.

Tug-of-war (union men only) teams composed of six men—Won by Loomfixers' union, Iron Moulders, second; First prize, $15; second $10.

The committee on sports were as follows: Starter, John J. Mahoney; referee, James T. Murphy; committee, John Barrett, Daniel Moynihan, Albert W. Ham, H. J. McCarthy, Joseph Hibbard, Timothy J. Regan, William Fitzpatrick, James Coughlin, D. J. Morrow, William Kinsella and James Holleran.

THE BALL GAME.

The ball game between the Shamrocks and Silent club for a purse of $25 was won by the Shamrocks by a score of 24 to 23.

There were two bad accidents. Bill Leslie, who was catching for the Silent men, had his right hand split early in the game by a thrown ball and had to retire and in the eighth inning Umpire Gorman who was standing behind the bat, was hit on the point of the jaw by a foul tip, which knocked him completely off his feet and he was rendered unconscious for a time. He revived, however and the amubulance was sent for and he was taken to his home. Up to the time of the accident he was umpiring a fine game and deserves praise for his fair treatment. William Brunette finished the game as umpire.

Niland started in to twirl for the Shamrocks and did well up to the fifth inning when the heavy hitters of the Silent club got after him and scored 14 runs by good, clean hitting. He was taken out of the box and "Jigger" Murray went in and did fine work. Grimes pitched six innings for the Silent club and was relieved by J. J. Murray who finished the game and did good work but the poor playing of his team "queered" him.

The features of the game were the batting of Jordan and O'Connell for the Shamrocks and the fine fielding of O'Connell and Fahey. For the Silent club J. Murray and Hood did some terrific batting, while Lipsey and McCarthy played the best fielding game.

The batting order of both teams and the score by innings follows:

Shamrocks—O'Connell 1, Jordan 3, F. Murray (Capt.) 2, McCue 1, Fahey, ss, Jig. Murray, r. p, Kenney m, Hickey c, Niland, p, r.

Silent club—Leslie c, Scully c, J. Murray p, Reagan 1, Sullivan 2, McCarthy 3, Hood m, Lipsey, ss, J. J. Murray l, p, Grimes, p.

Shamrocks	4 0 7 2 3 1 2 3 2—24
Silent Club	0 0 2 2 4 3 1 1 0—23

See Page Four.

STEAMER MERRIMACK

STRUCK A ROCK ON TRIP UP THE RIVER.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

HAVERHILL, Sept. 6.—Senator Samuel W. George's steamboat Merrimack which plies between this city and Black Rock at the mouth of the Merrimack river, struck a rock about one and a half miles below Groveland bridge, on her trip up Sunday evening. She still lies on the rock and is rapidly filling with water. The extent of the damage to the boat is not known.

Senator George was on board at the time and Captain Styckny was in command. There were 250 passengers, largely women and children and there was some excitement. They were taken to the Haverhill shore in boats and later brought to this city in barges without accident. The water in the channel has been low for sometime and last night the boat struck lightly at the same point.

As I am about to sail for Europe on Sept 30th, I will sell at public auction on Thursday, Sept. 7th, my beautiful residence at No. 18 Bowers street; also all my household furniture including one Upright Sterling Piano, one imported Cathedral Gong Hall Clock, etc., In this lot is some very fine furniture.

J. D. GRANT.

CAR OFF TRACK.

One of the Lowell, Lawrence and Haverhill cars jumped the track on the Lawrence road near Downing's Landing about 2.30 o'clock Saturday afternoon. As a result traffic on the road was delayed about three hours. The car was imbedded in about two feet of sand. Although many of the passengers received a severe shaking up, nobody was badly injured.

HENRY J. WALSH, Secretary Labor Day Committee.

O. W. HORTON, Marshal Carpenters' Division.

Stationary Firemen, 50 men.
Marshal, John B. Barrett.

THIRD DIVISION.

Marshal, Joseph A. Toney.
Talbot Mills band, George H. Halstead, leader, 25 pieces.
Woolen Spinners union, 75 men.

DANIEL J. COSGROVE, Organizer of the Provision and Grocery Clerks.

BILIOUSNESS

Do you get up with a headache?

Is there a bad taste in your mouth?

Then you have a poor appetite and a weak digestion. You are frequently dizzy, always feel dull and drowsy. You have cold hands and feet. You get but little benefit from your food. You have no ambition to work and the sharp pains of neuralgia dart through your body.

What is the cause of all this trouble?

Constipated bowels.

Ayer's Pills

will give you prompt relief and certain cure.

Keep Your Blood Pure.

If you have neglected your case a long time, you had better take

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

also. It will remove all impurities that have been accumulating in your blood and will greatly strengthen your nerves.

Write the Doctor.

There may be something about your case you do not quite understand. Write the doctor freely: tell him how you are suffering. You will promptly receive the best medical advice. Address, Dr. J. C. Ayer, Lowell, Mass.

IVORINE WASHING POWDER

A Cake of Fine Toilet Soap in Every Package.

Great Inducements

Will be offered to cash customers for a Piano, SEPT. 1st and 2nd.

JACOB DOLL, 216 Merrimack St., Lowell, Mass.

COOK, TAYLOR & CO.

CENTRAL STREET.

Ready-Made Garment of All Kinds a Specialty.
Many of our Fall Styles are Ready.

Friday and Saturday

We Offer the Following Lot to Close Out:

SHIRT WAISTS 59c, down from $1 and $1.50. Some of the New Woolen and Velvet Waists are in. Ask to see them.

WASH SKIRTS 98c, reduced from $2 and $2.50. We are showing some handsome All Wool Wash Skirts at $4.49.

GOLF HATS, A regular $1.50 Hat to be closed out at 98c., pearl shades only.

New Fall Styles in Velvet Hats, buy one early only $4.49.
New Tailor-made Suits at $10, $10.98, $12.50 and $16.00.

COOK, TAYLOR & CO., Central St.